Part 2. Troubleshooting

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2.1. Error codes check

2.1.1. Error codes via remote controller

2.1.1.1. Error codes via wired remote controller BRC1E

2.1.1.1.1 How to retrieve error codes

The following message will be displayed on the screen when a malfunction or a warning occurs during operation.



	Operation Status	Display	
Abnormal shut-down	The system stops operating.	The operation lamp (green) starts to blink. The message "Error: Press Menu button" will appear and blink at the bottom of the screen.	Cool Set temperature 28°C Error: Press Menu Button
Warning	The system continues its operation.	The operation lamp (green) remains on. The message "Warning: Press Menu button" will appear and blink at the bottom of the screen.	Cool Set temperature 28°C Warning: Press Menu Button



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If an error or warning is present, it will be displayed on the user interface screen: for more information about troubleshooting, refer to "Error code based troubleshooting" on page 27.

2.1.1.1.2 How to reset error codes

In "Error code based troubleshooting" on page 27 you find a description of how to reset the specific error or warning.

2.1.1.1.3 History of error codes

Step	Control Type	Method	Example display	Button location
1	BRC1E51 BRC1E52 BRC1E53	If the backlight is switched off press once any button so that the backlight is activated.	Cool Set to 28°C	
2	BRC1E51 BRC1E52 BRC1E53	Press and hold the Cancel button for 4 seconds or longer in the Basic screen. The Field Settings menu is displayed. Press and hold the Cancel button for 4 seconds or longer in the Basic screen. The Service Settings menu is displayed.	Cool Set to 28°C	Press and hold the Cancel button for 4 seconds or longer while the backlight is lit.
3	BRC1E51	Select <i>Error Record</i> and press the Menu/Enter button. The Error Record menu is displayed.	Field setting 2/2 Error record Indoor status display Outdoor status display Fan forced operation ON Main/Sub changeover Filter element sign OFF Image: Comparison of the setting	Press the Menu/Enter button.
	BRC1E52 BRC1E53	Select <i>Error History</i> and press the Menu/Enter button. The error History menu is displayed.	Service Settings 2/3 Indoor Unit Airnet Address Outdoor Unit Airnet Address Error History Indoor Unit Status Outdoor Unit Status Outdoor Unit Status Forced Fan ON € Return Setting	
4	BRC1E51	Select <i>Remote controller record</i> and press the Menu/Enter button. The error codes and unit No. can be con- firmed in the RC Error record screen.	Error record Remote controller record Indoor unit record	Press the Menu/Enter button.
	BRC1E52 BRC1E53	Select <i>RC Error History</i> and press the Menu/Enter button. The error codes and unit No. can be confirmed in the RC Error History screen.	Error History RC Error History Indoor Unit Error History CReturn Setting	



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5	BRC1E51	In the Remote Controller record screen the last 10 items are dis- played in order.	Remote controller record 1/3 Unit Error Date 01 02 03 04 04 1 2	 Latest record Unit no.
	BRC1E52 BRC1E53	In the RC Error History screen the last 10 items are displayed in order.	RC Error History 1/3 Unit Error Date Time 01 /-/- 02 /-/- 03 /-/- 04 /-/- 04 /-/- 04 /-/- 04 /-/- 04 /-/- 1 2 2 1	
6	BRC1E51 BRC1E52 BRC1E53	Press the Cancel button in the Remote Controller record screen 3 times. The Basic screen returns. Press the Cancel button in the RC Error History screen 3 times. The Basic screen returns.	Cool Set to 28°C	Press the Cancel button for 3 times. The basic screen returns.



INFORMATION

The indoor unit error history of each indoor unit can be independently consulted. The last 5 items are displayed in order of appearance.

2.1.1.2. Error codes via wireless remote controller BRC7

2.1.1.2.1 How to retrieve error codes

If the unit stops due to an error, the operation indicating LED on the indoor unit flashes.

The error code can be determined through the wireless remote controller by following the procedure described below.

If an error or warning is present, it will be displayed on the screen: for more information about troubleshooting, refer to "Error code based troubleshooting" on page 27.



1	Press the INSPECTION/TEST button to select "inspection". The equipment enters the inspection mode. The "Unit" indication is displayed and the Unit No. display shows flashing "0" indication.	ON/OFF
2	Set the Unit No.	
	Press the UP or DOWN button and change the Unit No. display until the buzzer (*1) is generated from the indoor unit.	
	*1 Number of beeps	CODE 3 DOWN 6.
	3 short beeps: Conduct all of the following operations.	
	1 short beep: Conduct steps 3 and 4.	
	Continue the operation in step 4 until a buzzer remains ON. The continuous buzzer indicates that the error code is confirmed.	
	Continuous beep: No abnormality.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
3	Press the MODE selector button.	
	The left "0" (upper digit) indication of the error code flashes.	
4	Error code upper digit diagnosis	
	Press the UP or DOWN button and change the error code upper digit until the error code matching buzzer (*2) is generated.	E1)
	 The upper digit of the code changes as shown below when the UP and DOWN buttons are pressed. 	
	*2 Number of beeps	
	Continuous beep: Both upper and lower digits matched. (Error code confirmed)	
	2 short beeps: Upper digit matched.	
	1 short beep: Lower digit matched.	
5	Press the MODE selector button.	
	The right "0" (lower digit) indication of the error code flashes.	
6	Error code lower digit diagnosis	
	Press the UP or DOWN button and change the error code lower digit until the continu- ous error code matching buzzer (*2) is generated.	
	 The lower digit of the code changes as shown below when the UP and DOWN buttons are pressed. 	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	



Normal status Enters inspection mode from normal status when the INSPECTION/ TEST button is



2.1.1.2.2 How to reset error codes

In "Error code based troubleshooting" on page 27 you find a description of how to reset the specific error or warning.



2.1.2. Error codes via outdoor unit

2.1.2.1. How to retrieve error codes

Troubleshooting by 7-Segment display on the main PCB "A1P"



7-segment display - Main PCB A1P					
Malfunction code		n code	Malfunction		
Main		Sub	Contents	Location	
Е	0	02	Input Err Open	RWEYQ-T9	
	2	01	Earth leakage activated	RWEYQ-T9	
		06	Earth leakage input open		
	3	01	High pressure switch open	RWEYQ-T9	
		02	High pressure abnormal	RWEYQ-T9	
		13	Stop valve closed		
		18	High pressure abnormal		
	4	01	Low pressure abnormal	RWEYQ-T9	
	9	01	Coil expansion valve subcool defect	RWEYQ-T9	
		47	Coil expansion valve main defect	RWEYQ-T9	
F	3	01	Discharge temperature abnormal high RWEYQ-		
	6	02	Discharge temperature abnormal low		
Н	9	01	Air sensor out of range	RWEYQ-T9	

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7-segment display - Main PCB A1P						
Malfun	Malfunction code Malfunction					
Main		Sub	Contents	Location		
J	3	16	Discharge thermistor open circuit	RWEYQ-T9		
		17	Discharge thermistor short circuit			
	4	01	Gas thermistor heat-exchanger - out of range	RWEYQ-T9		
	5	01	Thermistor accumulator inlet - out of range	RWEYQ-T9		
		02	Thermistor compressor suction - out of range			
	6	01	Thermistor liquid heat-exchanger - out of range	RWEYQ-T9		
	7	06	Thermistor liquid stop-valve - out of range	RWEYQ-T9		
	9	01	Thermistor gas out sub-cool - out of range			
	Α	06	High pressure sensor - open circuit			
		07	High pressure sensor - short circuit			
	С	06	Low pressure sensor - open circuit			
		07	Low pressure sensor - short circuit			
L	С	14	Communication error control & inverter board	RWEYQ-T9		
Р	1	01	Power supply unbalance (> 4%)	RWEYQ-T9		
	J	01	Capacity setting mixmatch inverter board	RWEYQ-T9		
U	1	01	Reverse phase detection	RWEYQ-T9		
		04	Reverse phase detection			
	2	01	Inverter charge DC voltage not possible			
		02	Phase missing inverter			
	3	03	Test run not performed			
	4	01	Communication error Outdoor-indoor			
		03	Communication error Outdoor-indoor			
		04	Test run abnormal ended			
	7	01	Warning faulty wiring (at Q1Q2 terminals)			
		02	Malfunction due to faulty wiring			
		11	Exceed number or capacity index indoor units			
	9	01	System error (check indoor malfunction code)			
	А	03	> 1x RDXYQ detected same F1F2-Indoor	RWEYQ-T9		
		18	Combination to non-compatible indoor unit (only R410A type indoor)			
	Н	01	Auto address indoor (F1F2) malfunction	RWEYQ-T9		

For more information about troubleshooting, refer to "Error code based troubleshooting" on page 27.

2.1.2.2. How to reset error codes

- When a problem is solved:
 - System will restart automatically, except for error code JC, JA, L1~L9, U1,UA, UF.
 - Indoor unit operation should be switched off and on again for error JC, JA, L1~L9.
 - Power supply to switch off and delay 10 seconds on again for error U1, UA, UF.



2.1.2.3. History of error codes and warnings

As described in above procedure, the latest error or warning codes can be consulted in Monitor mode:

2.1.2.3.1 Control board equipped with 7-segment display (RWEYQ-T9)

Mode 1 - code	Description
17	Last error - forced off
18	2nd last error - forced off
19	3rd last error - forced off

2.1.2.3.2 Content of retry

Through the outdoor PCB, the content of retry can be determined.

Here, you can find the errors that were created before they were displayed on the indoor control device.

2.1.2.3.3 Control board equipped with 7-segment display (RWEYQ-T9)

Mode 1 - code	Description
23	Last error - retry
24	2nd last error - retry
25	3rd last error - retry

The procedure to identify the retry code is similar to retrieving the error code.

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2.2. Error code based troubleshooting

Overview of error codes:

Error code BS and outdoor	
Error code indoor units	
Error code VRV IV-Water cooled unit	
"E2" – Earth leakage detection	
"E3" – Discharge pressure abnormality	
"E4" – Suction pressure abnormality	
"E5" – Compressor motor lock	
"E9" – Electronic expansion valve abnormality	40
"F3" – Discharge pipe temperature abnormality	41
"F4" – Wet operation caution	
"F6" – Refrigerant overcharge detection during test-run	42
"H3" – Discharge pressure switch abnormality	43
"H9" – Air temperature abnormality	
"HJ – Faulty watercircuit	
"J3" – Discharge temperature abnormality	
"J4" – Gas temperature PHE-H ₂ O abnormality	
"J5" – Suction accumulator inlet temperature abnormality	46
"J6" – Liquid Sub-cool heat-exchanger temperature	46
"J7" – Liquid temperature abnormality	47
"J9" – Purge receiver + gas out SCHEX temperature abnormality	47
"JA" – High pressure sensor abnormality	48
"JC" – Low pressure sensor abnormality	48
"L1" – Main board abnormality	49
"L2" – Power Supply quality abnormality	49
"L5" – Output overcurrent detection	
"L8" – Inverter overcurrent	51
"L9" – Stall prevention	51
"LC" – Transmission system abnormality	
"P1" – Ripple DC voltage diode module to power transistors	
"P4" – Overheat power module	53
"PJ" – Capacity setting mixmatch inverter board	53
System	54
"U0" – Refrigerant shortage	54
"U1" – Reverse phase or open phase	
"U2" – DC voltage DM <-> PM not permanent available	
"U3" – Test run failed	
"U4" – Transmission abnormality between outdoor and indoor unit	
"U7" – Transmission between systems abnormality	57
"U9" – Systems abnormality	
"UF" – Wiring and piping mismatch	
"UH" – Auto-address failure	60
Others	60



2.2.1. Error code BS and outdoor

Main	in Sub error code		Error codes related to BSQAA				
Error	Main	Sub1	Sub2	Status outdoor	Reset	Cause	Solution
A3	01			Forced stop	Auto recovery	BS unit control board faulty	Check power to BS unit board, check LED "HAP" is blinking, change board
F9		01		Forced stop	Power reset BS unit	coil Y2E (EVH) BS unit open circuit	check winding expansion valve coil Y2E (gas HP) in BS unit con- nected to indoor showing error
		02		Forced stop	Power reset BS unit	coil Y3E (EVL) BS unit open circuit	check winding expansion valve coil Y3E (gas LP) in BS unit con- nected to indoor showing error
		05		Forced stop	Power reset BS unit	coil Y1E (EVSC) BS unit open circuit	check winding expansion valve coil Y1E (liquid sub-cool) in BS unit connected to indoor showing error
Main	Sul	o error c	ode	Error codes rela	ted to RWEY	2- Т9	
Error	Main	Sub1	Sub2	Status outdoor	Reset	Cause	Solution
E1		1		Forced stop	BRC	Main board abnormal- ity	Check power supply stable
		2		Forced stop	Power reset	Main board defect	Replace board
E2	01	02	03	Forced stop	BRC	Earth leak detection	Repair part cause earth leakage
	06	07	08	Forced stop	BRC	Open circuit detection	Re-connect device
E3	01	03	05	Forced stop	BRC	HP switch opened	Check cause HP actuation
	13	14	15	Forced stop	BRC	HP liquid check test-run	Open stop valve(s)
E4	01	02	03	Forced stop	BRC	LP sens detects below 0,07MPa during opera- tion	Check cause of abnormal low pressure during operation
E5	1	2	3	Forced stop	BRC	inverter compressor lock	Check compressor nr. 1 motor winding
E6	11	13	16	Forced stop	BRC	inverter board com- pressor abnormal	Replace inverter board compres- sor nr.1
	17	19	21	Forced stop	BRC	inverter board com- pressor damaged	Replace inverter board compres- sor nr.1
E9	01	05	08	Forced stop	Power reset	Motor faulty expansion valve Y2E - Sub-cool liquid	check winding expansion valve coil Y2E. Replace coil or main board A1P
	03	06	09	Forced stop	Power reset	Motor faulty expansion valve Y1E - main liquid	check winding expansion valve coil Y1E.Replace coil or main board A1P
	04	07	10	Forced stop	Power reset	Motor faulty expansion valve Y3E - purge receiver	check winding expansion valve coil Y3E.Replace coil or main board A1P
F3	01	03	05	Forced stop	BRC	high temperature dis- charge pipe thermistor R12T	Check discharge thermistors, operation expansion valves, refrig- erant charge
	02	04	06	Forced stop	BRC	Cross gas pipes at BS unit	Change field pipe connections
	20	21	22	Forced stop	BRC	high temperature com- pressor body thermis- tor R13T	Check compressor body thermis- tor, operation expansion valves, refrigerant charge
F4		01		Forced stop	Power reset	Liquid back alarm	verify heat-exchange efficiency



Main	Sub error code		ode	Error codes related to RWEYQ-T9			
Error	Main	Sub1	Sub2	Status outdoor	Reset	Cause	Solution
F6		02		Forced stop	Power reset	Refrigerant over- charge by high pres- sure sensor	Verify following sensor, replace if faulty:R12T,S1NPH. Verify refrigerant charge.
H3	2	4	6	Forced stop	BRC	Connection malfunc- tion main board-inverter	Check communication main board to inverter pcb compressor.
H9	01	02	03	Forced stop	Auto recovery	R1T= air thermistor: out of range	Check resistance R1T=air ther- mistor, sub board A1P, connector X11A pin1+2
HJ	01	02	03	Forced stop	Power reset	insufficient water flow through PHE-H ₂ O. When PHE-H ₂ O evap- orator Tevapo below 0°C	Adjust water flow rate, or correct field wiring flow switch input, or adjust operation of valve(s) in water circuit.
	06	13	14	Forced stop	BRC	fault detection opera- tion of (optional) modu- lation water valve.	Correct wring to (optional) modu- lating water valve.
	15	16	17	Forced stop	BRC	R9T= thermistor H ₂ O inlet (optional): out of range	Check resistance R9T=thermistor H ₂ O inlet, main board A1P, termi- nal X2M nr.7+8
	18	19	20	Forced stop	BRC	R10T= thermistor H ₂ O outlet (optional): out of range	Check resistance R10T=thermis- tor H ₂ O outlet, main board A1P, terminal X2M nr.9+10
J3	17	23	29	Forced stop	BRC	R12T Discharge pipe thermistor: out of range	Check resistance R12T=discharge thermistor, main board A1P, con- nector X19A pin1+2
	48	50	52	Forced stop	BRC	R13T compressor body thermistor: out of range	Check resistance R13T= com- pressor body thermistor, main board A1P, connector X19A pin3+4
J4	02			Forced stop	BRC	R4T Thermistor gas PHE-H ₂ O: out of range.	Check resistance R4T= thermis- tor gas PHE-H ₂ O, main board A1P, connector X30A pin3+4
J5	01	03	05	Forced stop	BRC	R3T= thermistor accu- mulator inlet: out of range	Check resistance R3T= thermis- tor accumulator inlet, main board A1P, connector X30A pin1+2
J6	01	02	03	Forced stop	BRC	R7T thermistor liquid PHE-H ₂ O: out of range	Check resistance R7T= thermis- tor liquid PHE-H ₂ O,main board A1P, connector X30A pin9+10
J7	01	02	03	Forced stop	BRC	R6T= thermistor liquid receiver↔SCHex: out of range	Check resistance R6T= thermis- tor liquid receiver↔SCHex, main board A1P, pcb connector X30A pin7+8
	06	07	08	Forced stop	BRC	R8T= thermistor liquid SCHex⇔stop valve: out of range	Check resistance R8T= thermis- tor liquid SCHex↔ Stop valve, main pcb A1P, connector X29A pin5+6
	18	19	20	Forced stop	BRC	R11T= thermistor Y2E⇔SCPHE: out of range	Check resistance R11T= thermis- tor Y2E⇔SCPHE, main pcb A1P, connector X18A pin1+3



Main	ain Sub error code		Error codes related to RWEYQ-T9				
Error	Main	Sub1	Sub2	Status outdoor	Reset	Cause	Solution
J9	17			Forced stop	BRC	R2T= thermistor gas outlet ZDP circuit: out of range	Check resistance R2T= thermis- tor gas outlet ZDP circuit, sub board A4P, connector X12A pin1+2
JA	01	02	03	Forced stop	BRC	S1NPH = high pres- sure sensor: out of range	Check voltage S1NPH = high pressure sensor, main board A1P, connector X32A: check 5VDC pin 4+3, input pin 1+3
JC	01	02	03	Forced stop	BRC	S1NPL = low pressure sensor: out of range	Check voltage S1NPL = low pres- sure sensor, main board A1P, con- nector X31A: check 5VDC pin 4+3, input pin 2+3
L1	1	7	11	Forced stop	BRC	Inverter pcb A3P mal- function	Replace A3P inverter board
	2	8	12	Forced stop	BRC	pcb A3P current detec- tion primary circuit	Check possible causes overcur- rent inverter circuit compressor
	3	9	13	Forced stop	BRC	pcb A3P current detec- tion secondary circuit	Check possible causes overcur- rent inverter circuit compressor nr.1
	4	10	14	Forced stop	BRC	pcb A3P transistor error	Power transistor check, replace A3P inverter pcb
	5	15	16	Forced stop	BRC	pcb A3P hardware fault	Replace A3P inverter board
	36	38	40	Forced stop	BRC	pcb A3P Eeprom fault	Replace A3P inverter board
	47	49	51	Forced stop	BRC	pcb A3P 16VDC abnormal	Check voltage A3P inverter board, replace A3P
L2	01	02	03	Warning	Power reset outdoor	50Hz zero crossing error during test-run	Adjust power supply quality fre- quency 50 Hz ± 3%
	04	05	06	Warning	Power reset outdoor	50Hz zero crossing error during normal operation	Adjust power supply quality fre- quency 50 Hz ± 3%
L4	01	02	03	Forced stop	BRC	A3P= inverter board, high fin temperature	Check air circulation + operation fan M1F+M2F, sub board A4P, connector X3A output 230VAC
L5	3	5	7	Forced stop	BRC	A3P= inverter board, short circuit current	Check inverter circuit + compres- sor + HP-LP< 0,3 MPa prior to start compressor
L8	3	6	7	Forced stop	BRC	pcb A3P overcurrent after start-up operation	Check inverter circuit + compres- sor
L9	1	5	6	Forced stop	BRC	pcb A3P overcurrent during start-up opera- tion	Check inverter circuit + compres- sor + HP-LP< 0,3 MPa prior to start compressor
LC	01			Forced stop	BRC	Transmission error between A1P - A3P	Check connection A1P main board ↔A3P inverter board ↔A4P auxiliary board
P1	01	02	03	Warning	Auto recovery	Unbalance power sup- ply > 4% inverter board A3P	Check power supply unbalance maximum 2% X1M main termi- nals↔ A2P Noise filter↔A3P Inverter board
P4	01	04	05	Warning	Auto recovery	A3P fin thermistor faulty	Replace inverter board A3P



Main	Sub error code		Error codes related to RWEYQ-T9				
Error	Main	Sub1	Sub2	Status outdoor	Reset	Cause	Solution
PJ	4	5	6	Forced stop	power reset	Incorrect type of inverter board	Adjust horsepower setting main board, or change inverter board correct type
UO				Warning	Auto recovery	Refrigerant shortage detection - warning	Recover and recharge correct refrigerant charge, replace not correct operating expansion valve(s)
		5		Warning	Auto recovery	Refrigerant shortage detection - abnormality	Recover and recharge correct refrigerant charge, replace not correct operating expansion valve(s)
		6		Warning	Auto recovery	Refrigerant shortage detection - heating	Recover and recharge correct refrigerant charge, replace not correct operating expansion valve(s)
U1	1	5	7	Forced stop	Power Reset outdoor	Reverse phase detec- tion L1-L3	Check presence of phase L3 at pcb A1P, correct phase sequence at terminal X1M
	4	6	8	Forced stop	Power Reset outdoor	Reverse phase detec- tion L1-L3 power-on	Check presence of phase L3 at pcb A1P, correct phase sequence at terminal X1M
U2	01	08	11	Forced stop	Auto recovery	pcb A3P low voltage	Check voltage to A3P, closed con- tact A7P terminals L31+L32
	02	09	12	Forced stop	Auto recovery	pcb A3P phase miss- ing	Check phases to A3P, change A3P
	03	10	13	Forced stop	Auto recovery	Capacitor(s)- DC cir- cuit inverter not charg- ing	Check phases to A3P, change A3P
U3	02			Forced stop	Restart test-run	Test-run interrupted manually	Restart test-run outdoor
	03			Forced stop	Restart test-run	Test-run not per- formed yet	Start test-run outdoor
	04			Forced stop	Restart test-run	test-run end abnormal	Check indoor unit error code
	05			Forced stop	Restart test-run	test-run abort initial transmission	check communication-restart test-run outdoor
	06			Forced stop	Restart test-run	test-run abort normal transmission	check communication-restart test-run outdoor
	07			Forced stop	Restart test-run	test-run abort trans- mission abnormal	check communication-restart test-run outdoor
	08			Forced stop	Restart test-run	test-run abort trans- mission all units	check communication-restart test-run outdoor
U4	01			Forced stop	Auto recovery	communication error F1F2 between outdoor & indoor	Check communication between outdoor units, power supply out- door
	03			Forced stop	Auto recovery	communication error because of faulty part at Indoor unit	check indoor units indicating error related to indoor unit (error start with A or C).



Main	Sub	o error c	ode	Error codes related to RWEYQ-T9				
Error	Main	Sub1	Sub2	Status outdoor	Reset	Cause	Solution	
U7		01		Forced stop	Auto recovery	Error DTA104A61,62	(refer to option handbook)	
		02		Forced stop	Auto recovery	error initialisation DTA104A61,62	Check dip switch settings DTA104A61,62 (refer to option handbook)	
	03	04	05	Forced stop	Auto recovery	communication error outdoor unit	Check communication between main outdoor unit and sub outdoor units.	
		06		Forced stop	Auto recovery	Multi address abnor- mality	Check address each outdoor unit in same multi-outdoor system	
		07		Forced stop	Auto recovery	More than 3 units in multi combination (Q1Q2)	Change installation to maximum 3 outdoor units same system	
		11		Forced stop	Auto recovery	Test run detects > 64 indoor units same out- door or index >200%	change installation to maximum 64 indoor units and limit connec- tion ratio outdoor / indoor max.200%	
		24		Caution	Power reset DTA104	Duplication address setting multiple optional boards DTA104A61,62.	Change to unique address on each optional board DTA104A61,62 in same F1F2 OUT/D bus.	
U9		01		Forced stop	Auto recovery	Minimum 1 indoor unit detects system error (UA,U4,UH,A0)	Follow troubleshooting error code shown on indoor controllers other than U9	



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Main	Sub error code		Error codes related to RWEYQ-T9				
Error	Main	Sub1	Sub2	Status outdoor	Reset	Cause	Solution
UA		0		Forced stop		CT address outdoor duplication	Change installation with only R410A type indoor units
		03		Forced stop		Mix of R22,R407C and R410A indoor units detected.	Change installation with only R410A type indoor units
		16		Forced stop	Auto recovery	More than 64 indoor units detected same system	change installation to have maxi- mum 64 indoor units to same sys- tem
		17		Forced stop	Auto recovery	Local setting abnor- mality	Verify and return field settings out- door to factory value.
		18		Forced stop		Outdoor unit not com- patible to indoor units (refrigerant type)	Change installation with only R410A type indoor units connect to this outdoor unit(s)
		19		Forced stop	Auto recovery	Local set alarm	Verify and return field settings out- door to factory value.
		20		Forced stop	Auto recovery	Outdoor unit not com- patible in multi-combi- nation	Change outdoor unit(s) to have correct combination.
		21		Alarm	Auto recovery	BPMK units detected	change installation without BPMK units.
		22		Alarm	Auto recovery	Single installation abnormality	Change installation only pub- lished combination is used.
		23		Alarm	Auto recovery	BS unit too high index indoor connected	Change installation BS unit within published index.
		25		Alarm	Auto recovery	BS main bus zone alarm	Change field wring between out- door and BS units to have correct communication.
		26		Alarm	Auto recovery	BS branch bus zone alarm	Change field wring between BS units to have correct communica- tion.
		28		Alarm	Auto recovery	Other than BS-Q-A detected	Only use BS-Q-A to VRV4 heat-recovery system
		29		Alarm	Auto recovery	BS unit too low index indoor connected	Change installation BS unit within published index.
		38		Forced stop	Auto recovery	Altherma Hydro unit detected	Only hydro units LT model HXY-A7 and HT model HXHD125 con- tactable
		39		Forced stop	Auto recovery	incorrect combination units	Change installation only pub- lished combination is used.
		43		Forced stop	Auto recovery	incorrect combination	Change installation only pub- lished combination is used.
		50		Forced stop	Auto recovery	HT hydro unit con- nected to BS unit	change installation HT hydro unit without BS unit
		51		Forced stop	Auto recovery	Only Hydro units detected.	System must detected minimum 50% indoor units connected to BS unit(s)
		53		Forced stop	Power reset	pcb BS unit wrong dip switch setting	Check dip switches BS unit
UH	01			Forced stop	Auto recovery	Auto address F1f2 bus inconsistency	Wait till initialisation outdoor is end, Perform cross wiring check.



Main	Sub error code		Error codes rela	ted to RWEY	Q-Т9		
Error	Main	Sub1	Sub2	Status outdoor	Reset	Cause	Solution
UF		01		Forced stop	Auto recovery	Test run outdoor - Auto address F1f2 bus inconsistency	Wait till initialisation outdoor is end, Perform cross wiring check.
		05		Forced stop	perform test-run	Test run detect stop valves closed or incor- rect.	Open stop valves, verify field pip- ing among outdoor unit(s) and BS unit(s)
		11		Forced stop	perform test-run	connection ratio exceed allowed upper%	Remove number of indoor units to be within allowed connection ratio



2.2.2. Error code indoor units

INFORMATION

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The Error code indoor unit table listed below is only for your information, as some error codes are directly related to the indoor unit and not to the outdoor unit.

For details refer to the "ESIE15-11 Service Manual VRV4 indoor units".

Main	Sub error code	Error codes related to FXQ-M/N/P/A				
Error	Main	Status outdoor	Reset	Cause	Solution	
A3		Cool thermo off	Auto recovery	Float switch open dur- ing thermo on (cooling)	Check float switch status, drain pipe no blockage, drain pipe raiser < 600 mm.	
A6	01	Thermo off	BRC1	Fan motor locked	Rpm counter no signal from motor to indoor main board when output.	
	10	Thermo off	BRC1	Fan motor overcurrent	Check motor power circuit. Replace fan motor / indoor board.	
	11	Thermo off	BRC1	Fan motor locked	Rpm counter no signal at off con- dition.	
AH	03	Warning	BRC1	Communication error main PCB / self clean- ing PCB	Check wire harness connections.	
	04	Warning	BRC1	Dust detection sensor error	Check wire harness connections.	
	05	Warning	BRC1	Dust collection error	Check for clogging by dust between brush-arm and dust col- lector box.	
	06	Warning	BRC1	Air filter rotation error	Check rotation mechanism air fil- ter.	
	07	Warning	BRC1	Damper rotation error	Check rotation mechanism damper.	
	08	Warning	BRC1	Filter cleaning time error	Filter auto cleaning program could not be performed 24 hr operation.	
	09	Warning	BRC1	Auto self cleaning disa- bled	Check field settings to enable auto filter cleaning.	
AF		Thermo off	BRC1	Float switch open dur- ing thermo off	Check for drain water returning from other indoor, expansion valve correct closing thermo off.	
AJ	01	Thermo off	Auto recovery	Capacity adaptor miss- ing	Add corresponding capacity adap- tor onto spare part PCB	
	02	Thermo off	Power reset	Incorrect expansion valve motor	Use correct expansion valve motor (between gear type and direct drive).	
C1	01	Thermo off	Auto recovery	Communication error main PCB / inverter PCB fan motor	Check for communication between main PCB and inverter PCB fan motor.	
	02	Thermo off	Auto recovery	Communication error main PCB / auxiliary PCB	Check for communication between main PCB and inverter PCB fan motor.	
C4	02	Thermo off	Auto recovery	Coil thermistor short circuit	Check coil thermistor resistance.	
	03	Thermo off	Auto recovery	Coil thermistor open circuit	Check wire harness connections coil thermistor.	
C5	02	Thermo off	Auto recovery	Gas thermistor short circuit	Check gas thermistor resistance.	
	03	Thermo off	Auto recovery	Gas thermistor open circuit	Check wire harness connections gas thermistor.	
C6	01	Thermo off	Auto recovery	Faulty combination main PCB - inverter PCB fan motor	Change inverter PCB fan motor correct type.	



Main	Sub error code	Error codes related to FXQ-M/N/P/A				
Error	Main	Status outdoor	Reset	Cause	Solution	
C9	02	Thermo off	Auto recovery	Air thermistor short cir- cuit	Check air thermistor resistance.	
	03	Thermo off	Auto recovery	Air thermistor open cir- cuit	Check wire harness connections air thermistor.	
CJ	02	Thermo off	Auto recovery	Air thermistor BRC short circuit	Check air thermistor BRC resistance.	
	03	Thermo off	Auto recovery	Gas thermistor open circuit	Check wire soldering air thermis- tor BRC	
CE	01	Thermo off	Auto recovery	No signal from optional presence sensor	Check wire harness connections	
	02	Thermo off	Auto recovery	No signal from optional floor temperature sen- sor	Check wire harness connections	
	03	Thermo off	Auto recovery	Faulty signal from optional floor tempera- ture sensor	Check pins connector no short cir- cuit	
	04	Thermo off	Auto recovery	High temperature detection or electric noise floor temperature sensor	Check resistance floor tempera- ture sensor	
U4	01	Thermo off	Auto recovery	Communication error indoor - BS unit	Check communication between BS unit and indoor unit(s)	
U9		Thermo off	Auto recovery	Communication error other indoor unit - BS unit	Check other indoor units with error other than U9	
UA	13	Thermo off	Power reset	Indoor unit refrigerant type not compatible to outdoor unit	Change system lay out - remove this indoor unit from system	
	15	Thermo off	Power reset	Outdoor unit is not compatible to self cleaning panel (up to VRVII)	Mount standard decoration panel	



2.2.3. Error code VRV IV-Water cooled unit

2.2.3.1. "E2" - Earth leakage detection

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Main board "A1P" detects earth leakage detection power supply unit higher than (see"Safety devices" on page 164).	Unit will stop operating.	Power Reset
Connector unplugged from X101A on main board "A1P".		Reconnect plug to X101A.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Earth leakage of electric component in unit.	 Check by megger: the different coils (of solenoid valves & 4 way-valves), fan motors (for cooling inverter). compressor motor. 	Replace the faulty part; depending on check, related coil fan motor for cooling inverter, compressor.
Connector or wire broken of the current core.	Resistance current core 45~50 ohm.	Replace current core when open circuit.
Faulty main PCB "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals on main board. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals. (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Refrigerant overcharge.	Check for refrigerant overcharge. Refer to the name plate for the correct charge.	Charge the correct refrigerant amount when required.
Humidity in refrigerant. (ice formation in expansion valve)	Check for humidity in the refrigerant.	In case of suspicion of humidity, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refriger- ant.

2.2.3.2. "E3" – Discharge pressure abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
High pressure switch opens due to meas- ured pressure higher than (see "Safety devices" on page 164).	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic reset when high pressure drops below (see "Safety devices" on page 164) and user interface operation
High pressure control (measured pres- sure higher than (see "Safety devices" on page 164) occurs (see "Safety devices" on page 164) times within (see "Safety devices" on page 164) minutes).		==> off ==> on.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Insufficient water flow through H ₂ O plate heat-exchanger.	Check by flow meter and manometer on water inlet and outlet. Compare to pub- lished graph (see "Performance Charac- teristics" on page 166).	Adjust the water flow by the (local installed) water pump.
Water inlet temperature above upper limit.	Water inlet temperature should be below 45°C.	Adjust the control of the (local installed) water circuit to drop water inlet tempera- ture between 10 & 45°C.



Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Blocked H ₂ O plate heat exchanger (condenser).	 Are the heat exchangers clean? Check by flow meter and manometer on water inlet and outlet. Compare to published graph (see "Performance Characteristics" on page 166). 	Clean heat exchangers.
Faulty high pressure sensor.	Check high pressure sensor (see "High pressure sensor S1NPH" on page 74).	Replace high pressure sensor when required (see "Replacing high pressure sensor" on page 123)
Faulty high pressure switch.	Check high pressure switch.	Replace high pressure switch.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals. (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Refrigerant overcharge.	Check for refrigerant overcharge. Refer to the nameplate for the correct charge.	Charge the correct refrigerant amount when required.
Humidity in refrigerant. (ice formation in expansion valve)	Check for humidity in the refrigerant.	In case of suspicion of humidity, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refriger- ant.
None condensable gas (e.g air or nitro- gen) in refrigerant.	Check for none condensable gas in refrigerant	In case of suspicion of none condensable gas, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refrigerant.
Refrigerant is contaminated.	Check for none condensable gas in refrigerant.	In case of suspicion of none condensable gas, recover, vacuum and recharge refrigerant.
Stop valve is closed.	Check if stop valve is open.	Open stop valve when required.

2.2.3.3. "E4" – Suction pressure abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
When refrigerant pressure is below (see "Safety devices" on page 164) for 5 min- utes (see "Safety devices" on page 164).	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic reset when low pressure drops raises above (see "Safety devices" on page 164) & operation indoor on ==> off ==> on.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Blocked H ₂ O plate heat exchanger (evaporator).	Are the heat exchangers clean?	Clean heat exchangers.
Insufficient water flow through H ₂ O plate heat-exchanger.	Check by flow meter and manometer on water inlet and outlet. Compare to pub- lished graph (see "Performance Charac- teristics" on page 166).	Adjust the water flow by the (local installed) water pump.
Water inlet temperature below lower limit.	 Water inlet temperature should be continuous. Pure water: above 15°C. Brine solution: above -5°C. 	 Adjust the control of the (local installed) water circuit to raise water inlet temperature above: Pure water: above 15°C. Brine solution: above -5°C.
Blocked H ₂ O plate heat exchanger (condenser).	 Is the H₂O plate heat exchanger clean? Check by flow meter and manometer on water inlet and outlet. Compare to published graph (see "Performance Characteristics" on page 166). 	Clean H ₂ O plate heat exchangers.
Refrigerant shortage.	Check for refrigerant shortage. Refer to the nameplate for the correct charge.	Charge the correct refrigerant amount when required.



Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Expansion valve evaporator not opening. Evaporator = • Indoor cooling mode • H ₂ O PHE heating mode.	Check operation expansion valves.	Replace faulty part expansion valve (coil or body).
Abnormal drop of low pressure, caused by inadequate refrigerant, abnormal refriger- ant piping system or faulty electronic expansion valve.	 Check for possible blockage Blockages can be checked by measuring the refrigerant/pipe temperature. Sudden drop in temperature could indicate a blockage (remark: this is not valid for the expansion valve). 	Replace the blocked part.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Bad contact through pressure sensor cable.	Check if pressure sensor connector is properly connected to the outdoor PCB board.	Connect or replace sensor cable when required.
Faulty low pressure sensor.	Check low pressure sensor (see "Low pressure sensor S1NPL" on page 76).	Replace low pressure sensor when required (see "Replacing low pressure sensor" on page 128).

2.2.3.4. "E5" – Compressor motor lock

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Compressor overload is detected (see "Safety devices" on page 164).	Unit will stop operating.	Manual reset via user interface.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty discharge pipe thermistor (crank- case heater never energized).	Check discharge pipe thermistor (see "Thermistors" on page 83).	Replace discharge pipe thermistor when required.
Faulty overload protection inverter board "A3P".	 Check resistor inverter board "A3P" not open circuit. Perform "power transistor check" (see "How to activate inverter test" on page 163) to confirm 6 transistors output is present (use inverter analyser instead of U/V/W compressor). 	Replace inverter board "A3P" (see "Replacing inverter board A3P" on page 139).
Faulty expansion valve.	Check the expansion valve (see "Elec- tronic expansion valve" on page 89).	Replace the expansion valve body (see "Replacing expansion valve body" on page 121) or motor (see "Replacing expansion valve coil" on page 122) when required.
Faulty 4-way valve coil.	Check the 4-way valve coil (see "4-way valve" on page 67).	Replace the 4-way valve coil (see"Replac- ing 4-way valve coil" on page 113).
Refrigerant circuit is clogged.	Check for possible blockage (oil return cir- cuit from oil separator to suction pipe).	Replace blocked part when required.
Faulty 4-way valve body, blocked.	Check the 4-way valve body (see "4-way valve" on page 67).	Replace the 4-way valve body when required (see "Replacing 4-way valve body" on page 111).
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).



Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty inverter board "A3P".	 Check inverter board "A3P" (see "Inverter board A3P" on page 78). Check if the alive led is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. 	 Restore the power to main board "A1P" to reset "standby" mode of inverter board "A3P". Replace the inverter board "A3P" if reset power "A1P" fails (see "Replacing inverter board A3P" on page 139).
Refrigerant overcharge.	Check for refrigerant overcharge. Refer to the nameplate for the correct charge.	Charge the correct refrigerant amount when required.
Refrigerant shortage.	Check for refrigerant shortage. Refer to the nameplate for the correct charge.	Charge the correct refrigerant amount when required.
Humidity in refrigerant (ice formation in expansion valve).	Check for humidity in the refrigerant.	In case of suspicion of humidity, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refriger- ant.
Non condensable gas.(e.g. air, nitrogen) in refrigerant circuit.	Check for non condensable gas in refrigerant.	In case of suspicion of non condensable gas, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refrigerant.
Stop valve is closed.	Check if stop valve is open.	Open stop valve when required.

2.2.3.5. "E9" - Electronic expansion valve abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
No continuity of expansion valve coil	Unit will stop operating.	Power reset unit.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty expansion valve. Refer to sub-code for location.	Check the expansion valve (see "Elec- tronic expansion valve" on page 89).	Replace the expansion valve body (see "Replacing expansion valve body" on page 121) or motor (see "Replacing expansion valve coil" on page 122) when required.
Wet operation.	 Check for wet operation. Wet operation can be detected by checking the suction superheat. If the suction superheat is 0°C then liquid refrigerant is returned to the compressor.) 	In case wet operation was detected, confirm the cause:Refrigerant overcharge.Faulty expansion valve.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Faulty thermistor.	Check thermistors Stop unit for 15 min- utes. Use monitoring device to check all thermistors show same value 2°C (except R12T discharge thermistor & R13T body thermistor)	Replace thermistor when required (see "Replacing thermistor" on page 110).
Faulty or disturbance of the power supply (imbalance > 10%). Power drop. Short circuit.	Check if the power supply is conform to the regulations. No fluctuations in fre- quency.	Adjust power supply when required. Power reset RWEYQ-T.
Faulty low pressure sensor.	Check pressure sensor (see "Low pressure sensor S1NPL" on page 76).	Replace pressure sensor when required (see "Replacing low pressure sensor" on page 128).
External factory (e.g. electrical noise) (cause when error is reset after power reset, and error happens again after a while).	Check for source which could cause elec- trical interference.	Avoid electrical interference.



2.2.3.6. "F3" – Discharge pipe temperature abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Discharge or body temperature is too high:	Unit will not stop operating.	Automatic reset when temperature drops below C°C.
 If the discharge temperature detected is above A°C, D times within E min. 		Refer to "Product specific information" on page 163 for values of C.
 If within E min the discharge temperature or body temperature detected E times above B°C for F min. 	Unit will stop operating.	Manual reset via remote controller.
Refer to "Product specific information" on page 163 for values of A, B, D, E, F.		

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Refrigerant shortage.	Check for refrigerant shortage. Refer to the nameplate for the correct charge.	Charge the correct refrigerant amount when required.
Humidity in refrigerant (ice formation in expansion valve).	Check for humidity in the refrigerant.	In case of suspicion of humidity, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refriger- ant.
Non condensable gas (e.g. air, nitrogen) in refrigerant.	Check for non condensable gas in refrig- erant.	In case of suspicion of non condensable gas, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refrigerant.
Stop valve is closed.	Check if stop valve is open.	Open stop valve when required.
Faulty 4-way valve coil.	Check the 4-way valve coil (see "4-way valve" on page 67).	Replace the 4-way valve coil (see "Replacing 4-way valve coil" on page 113).
Faulty expansion valve body.	Check the expansion valve (see "Elec- tronic expansion valve" on page 89).	Replace the expansion valve body (see "Replacing expansion valve body" on page 121) or motor (see "Replacing expansion valve coil" on page 122) when required.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Faulty discharge pipe thermistor.	Check discharge pipe thermistor (see "Thermistors" on page 83).	Replace discharge pipe thermistor when required.
Faulty high pressure sensor.	Check high pressure sensor ("High pres- sure sensor S1NPH" on page 74).	Replace high pressure sensor when required (see "Replacing high pressure sensor" on page 123).
Faulty air thermistor "R1T". (used for correction of discharge temperature).	Check air thermistor "R1T" (see "Thermistors" on page 83).	Replace air thermistor "R1T" when required.
Faulty compressor (internal bypass).	Check if low compression ratio and low current to compressor at high frequency step.	Replace compressor.



2.2.3.7. "F4" - Wet operation caution

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Discharge superheat is < 10°.	System keeps running.	Discharge superheat > 15°C.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Refrigerant Overcharge.	Check for refrigerant overcharge. Refer to the nameplate for the correct charge.	Charge the correct refrigerant amount when required.
None condensable gas in refrigerant resulting in high discharge pressure & low discharge temperature.	Check for none condensable gas in refrig- erant.	In case of suspicion of none condensable gas, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refrigerant.
Faulty expansion valve body.	Check the expansion valve (see "Elec- tronic expansion valve" on page 89).	Replace the expansion valve body (see "Replacing expansion valve body" on page 121) or motor (see "Replacing expansion valve coil" on page 122) when required.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Faulty discharge pipe thermistor.	Check discharge pipe thermistor (see "Thermistors" on page 83).	Replace discharge pipe thermistor when required.
Faulty high pressure sensor.	Check high pressure sensor ("High pres- sure sensor S1NPH" on page 74).	Replace high pressure sensor when required (see "Replacing high pressure sensor" on page 123).
Faulty air thermistor "R1T". (used for correction of discharge temperature)	Check air thermistor "R1T" (see "Thermis- tors" on page 83)	Replace air thermistor "R1T" when required.
Indoor room temperature too low.	Check indoor room temperature does not drop below 20°C.	Warm up the rooms above 20°C.

2.2.3.8. "F6" – Refrigerant overcharge detection during test-run

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Discharge superheat is < 10° when sole- noid valve hot-gas "Y5" is closed.	Test-run is interrupted.	1 x BS3 "Return".

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Refrigerant Overcharge.	Check for refrigerant overcharge. Refer to the nameplate for the correct charge.	Charge the correct refrigerant amount when required.
None condensable gas in refrigerant resulting in high discharge pressure & low discharge temperature.	Check for none condensable gas in refrig- erant.	In case of suspicion of none condensable gas, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refrigerant.
Faulty expansion valve body.	Check the expansion valve (see "Elec- tronic expansion valve" on page 89).	Replace the expansion valve body (see "Replacing expansion valve body" on page 121) or motor (see "Replacing expansion valve coil" on page 122) when required.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Faulty discharge pipe thermistor.	Check discharge pipe thermistor (see "Thermistors" on page 83).	Replace discharge pipe thermistor when required.



Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty high pressure sensor.	Check high pressure sensor ("High pres- sure sensor S1NPH" on page 74).	Replace high pressure sensor when required (see "Replacing high pressure sensor" on page 123).
Faulty air thermistor "R1T". (used for correction of discharge temperature)	Check air thermistor "R1T" (see "Thermis- tors" on page 83).	Replace air thermistor "R1T" when required.
Indoor room temperature too low.	Check indoor room temperature does not drop below 20°C.	Warm up the rooms above 20°C.

2.2.3.9. "H3" – Discharge pressure switch abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
High pressure switch opens due to meas- ured pressure higher than (see "Safety devices" on page 164).	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic reset when high pressure drops below (see "Safety devices" on page 164) and user interface operation
High pressure control (measured pres- sure higher than (see "Safety devices" on page 164) occurs (see "Safety devices" on page 164) times within (see "Safety devices" on page 164) minutes.		==> off ==> on.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Insufficient water flow through H ₂ O plate heat-exchanger.	Check by flow meter and manometer on water inlet and outlet. Compare to pub- lished graph (see "Performance Charac- teristics" on page 166).	Adjust the water flow by the (local installed) water pump.
Water inlet temperature above upper limit.	Water inlet temperature should be below 45°C.	Adjust the control of the (local installed) water circuit to drop water inlet tempera- ture between 10 & 45°C.
Blocked H ₂ O plate heat exchanger (condenser).	 Are the heat exchangers clean? Check by flow meter and manometer on water inlet and outlet. Compare to published graph (see "Performance Characteristics" on page 166). 	Clean heat exchangers.
Faulty high pressure sensor.	Check high pressure sensor (see "High pressure sensor S1NPH" on page 74).	Replace high pressure sensor when required (see "Replacing high pressure sensor" on page 123).
Faulty high pressure switch.	Check high pressure switch.	Replace high pressure switch.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals. (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Refrigerant overcharge.	Check for refrigerant overcharge. Refer to the nameplate for the correct charge.	Charge the correct refrigerant amount when required.
Humidity in refrigerant. (ice formation in expansion valve)	Check for humidity in the refrigerant.	In case of suspicion of humidity, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refriger- ant.
None condensable gas (e.g. air or nitro- gen) in refrigerant.	Check for none condensable gas in refrig- erant	In case of suspicion of none condensable gas, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refrigerant.
Refrigerant is contaminated.	Check for none condensable gas in refrigerant.	In case of suspicion of none condensable gas, recover, vacuum and recharge refrigerant.
Stop valve is closed.	Check if stop valve is open.	Open stop valve when required.



2.2.3.10. "H9" – Air temperature abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Thermistor air "R1T" out of range (<-47°C or > 108°C).	Forced stop.	 Thermistor air "R1T" in of range (> -47°C & < 108°C) + User interface on ==> off ==> on.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Thermistor air "R1T" wire broken or short circuit.	Check wires on connector X11A pin 1+2 auxiliary board A4P.	Replace thermistor air "R1T".
Faulty thermistor air "R1T".	Check thermistor air "R1T" (see "Thermis- tors" on page 83).	Replace thermistor air "R1T" when required.
Faulty SUB PCB "A4P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if main board "A4P" receives power 16VDC on connector X10A. 	 Adjust the power to the SUB PCB "A4P". Replace SUB PCB "A4P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing SUB PCB A4P" on page 146).
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if output on connector X37A on the main board "A1P" is 16VDC. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).

2.2.3.11. "HJ – Faulty watercircuit

Tr	gger	Effect	Reset
•	Evaporation < 0°C when H ₂ O plate heat-exchanger is used as evaporator.	Unit will stop operating	Reset power supply.
•	Fault detection (optional) modulating water valve.		 User interface on ==> off ==> on. Remove cause.
•	Fault (optional) water thermistor.		Replace faulty thermistor.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Blocked H ₂ O plate heat exchanger (evap- orator).	Are the heat exchangers clean?	Clean heat exchangers.
Insufficient water flow through H ₂ O plate heat-exchanger.	Check by flow meter and manometer on water inlet and outlet. Compare to pub- lished graph (see "Performance Charac- teristics" on page 166).	Adjust the water flow by the (local installed) water pump.
Water inlet temperature below lower limit.	 Water inlet temperature should be continuous: Pure water: above 15°C. Brine solution: above -5°C. 	 Adjust the control of the (local installed) water circuit to raise water inlet temperature above: Pure water: above 15°C. Brine solution: above -5°C.
Blocked H ₂ O plate heat exchanger (con- denser).	Is the H ₂ O plate heat exchanger clean? Check by flow meter and manometer on water inlet and outlet. Compare to pub- lished graph (see "Performance Charac- teristics" on page 166).	Clean H ₂ O plate heat exchanger.
Expansion valve evaporator not opening. Evaporator = H_2O Plate heat-exchanger in heating mode.	Check operation expansion valves.	Replace faulty part expansion valve (coil or body).
Incorrect field wiring to (optional) modulating H_2O valve.	At power-on of A1P: valve switching sequence close ==> open ==> close.	Correct field wiring to (optional) modulat- ing H ₂ O valve.



Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty (optional) modulating H ₂ O valve.	At power-on of A1P: valve switching sequence close ==> open ==> close.	Replace (optional) modulating H ₂ O valve.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Thermistor water inlet (R9T) or outlet (R10T) not correct mounted to water pipe.	Check firm contact thermistor to water piping (local installation).	Fix thermistor firmly to water pipe.
Faulty H_2O flow sensor. (part of optional modulating H_2O valve)	Check H ₂ O flow sensor.	Replace H ₂ O flow sensor.

2.2.3.12. "J3" – Discharge temperature abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
 Warning: Thermistor discharge pipe "R12T"- thermistor body compressor "R13T" < 20°C, Discharge pipe abnormal detection: >165°C when compressor = 0Hz, -20°C when compressor > 0hHz. 	 Warning on user interface, units keeps running. Forced stop. 	 Thermistor discharge pipe "R12T"-thermistor body "R13T" 15°C. User interface on ==> off ==> on.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Thermistor "R12T" or "R13T" not fixed to compressor.	 Check thermistor discharge pipe "R12T" inserted into sensor holder + insulation. Check thermistor body compressor "R13T" inserted into clip body of compressor. 	 Insert thermistor discharge pipe "R12T into holder of discharge pipe. Mount insulation. Insert thermistor body compressor "R13T" into clip of body of compressor.
Faulty thermistor discharge pipe "R12T".	Check thermistor discharge pipe (see "Thermistors" on page 83).	Replace thermistor discharge pipe "R12T" when required.
Faulty thermistor body compressor "R13T".	Check thermistor body compressor (see "Thermistors" on page 83).	Replace thermistor body compressor "R13T" when required.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Faulty compressor	Check compression > 3 and current > 5 Amp.	Replace compressor.

2.2.3.13. "J4" – Gas temperature PHE-H₂O abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Thermistor gas temperature PHE-H ₂ O "R4T" out of range (<-47°C or >108°C)	Forced stop.	 Thermistor Gas PHE-H₂O "R4T" in range (> -47°C & < 108°C). User interface on ==> off ==> on.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Thermistor gas temperature PHE-H ₂ O "R4T" wire broken or short circuit.	Check wires on connector X30A pin 3+4.	Replace thermistor gas temperature PHE-H ₂ O "R4T".



Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty thermistor gas temperature PHE-H ₂ O "R4T"	Check thermistor gas temperature PHE-H ₂ O "R4T" (see "Thermistors" on page 83).	Replace thermistor gas temperature PHE-H ₂ O "R4T" when required.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).

2.2.3.14. "J5" – Suction accumulator inlet temperature abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Thermistor suction accumulator inlet "R3T" out of range (<-47°C or >108°C)	Forced stop.	 Thermistor suction accumulator inlet "R3T" in range (> -47°C & < 108°C). User interface on ==> off ==> on.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Thermistor suction accumulator inlet "R3T" wire broken or short circuit.	Check wires on connector X30A pin 1+2.	Replace thermistor suction accumulator inlet "R3T".
Faulty thermistor suction accumulator inlet "R3T".	Check thermistor suction accumulator inlet "R3T" (see "Thermistors" on page 83).	Replace thermistor suction accumulator inlet "R3T" when required.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).

2.2.3.15. "J6" – Liquid Sub-cool heat-exchanger temperature

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Thermistor liquid sub cool heat exchanger "R7T" out of range (<-47°C or >108°C)	Forced stop.	 Thermistor liquid sub cool heat exchanger "R7T" in range (> -47°C & < 108°C). User interface on ==> off ==> on.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Thermistor liquid sub cool heat exchanger "R7T" wire broken or short circuit.	Check wires on connector X30A pin 9+10.	Replace thermistor liquid sub cool heat exchanger "R7T".
Faulty thermistor liquid sub cool heat exchanger "R7T".	Check thermistor liquid sub cool heat exchanger "R7T" (see "Thermistors" on page 83).	Replace thermistor liquid sub cool heat exchanger "R7T" when required.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).



2.2.3.16. "J7" – Liquid temperature abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
 Thermistor between: liquid receiver <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R6T" out of range (<-47°C or > 108°C). liquid stop valve <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R8T" out of range (<-47°C or > 108°C). liquid expansion valve "Y2E" <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R11T" out of range (<-47°C or > 108°C). 	Forced stop.	 Thermistor liquid in range (> -47°C & < 108°C): liquid receiver <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R6T" + liquid stop valve <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R8T"+ liquid expansion valve "Y2E" <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R11T". User interface on ==> off ==> on.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Thermistor liquid wire broken or short cir- cuit.	 Check wires on connector: X30A pin 7 + 8 ("R6T") X29A pin 5+ 6 ("R8T") X18A pin 1+ 3 ("R11T") 	 Replace thermistor liquid: liquid receiver <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R6T" liquid stop valve <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R8T" liquid expansion valve "Y2E" <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R11T".
Faulty thermistor liquid.	 Check (see "Thermistors" on page 83): liquid receiver <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R6T" liquid stop valve <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R8T" liquid expansion valve "Y2E" <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R11T". 	 Replace thermistor liquid when required. liquid receiver <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R6T" X30A pin 7+8. liquid stop valve <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R8T" X29A pin 5+6. liquid expansion valve "Y2E <-> Sub-cool heat-exchanger "R11T" X18A pin 1+3.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).

2.2.3.17. "J9" – Purge receiver + gas out SCHEX temperature abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Thermistor purge receiver + gas outlet sub cool heat exchanger "R5T" out of range (<-47°C or >108°C)	Forced stop.	 Thermistor purge receiver + gas outlet sub cool heat exchanger "R5T" in range (> -47°C & < 108°C). User interface on ==> off ==> on.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Thermistor purge receiver + gas outlet sub cool heat exchanger "R5T" wire bro- ken or short circuit.	Check wires on connector X30A pin 5+6.	Replace thermistor purge receiver + gas outlet sub cool heat exchanger "R5T".
Faulty thermistor purge receiver + gas outlet sub cool heat exchanger "R5T".	Check thermistor purge receiver + gas outlet sub cool heat exchanger "R5T" (see "Thermistors" on page 83).	Replace thermistor purge receiver + gas outlet sub cool heat exchanger "R5T" when required.



Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).

2.2.3.18. "JA" – High pressure sensor abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
High pressure sensor detects an abnor- mal value for 3 minutes during operation compressor (> 4,5 MPa or < -0,05 MPa).	Unit will stop operating.	Manual reset via user interface.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
High pressure sensor connector discon- nected.	Connection plug of high pressure sensor is mounted (on correct connector).	Connect plug of high pressure sensor to (correct) connector.
Faulty high pressure sensor.	Check high pressure sensor (see "High pressure sensor S1NPH" on page 74).	Replace high pressure sensor when required (see "Replacing high pressure sensor" on page 123).
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Operation outside operation range	Water inlet temperature 10~45°C	Correct (local installed) water circuit to improve water supply temperature within published operation range.

2.2.3.19. "JC" – Low pressure sensor abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Low pressure sensor detects an abnormal value for 3 minutes during operation com- pressor. (> 1,7 MPa or < -0,05 MPa).	Unit will stop operating.	Manual reset via user interface.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Low pressure sensor connector discon- nected.	Connection plug of low pressure sensor is mounted (on correct connector).	Connect plug of low pressure sensor to (correct) connector.
Faulty low pressure sensor.	Check low pressure sensor (see "Low pressure sensor S1NPL" on page 76).	Replace low pressure sensor when required (see "Replacing low pressure sensor" on page 128).
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Operation outside operation range	Water inlet temperature 10~45°C	Correct (local installed) water circuit to improve water supply temperature within published operation range.



2.2.3.20. "L1" - Main board abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Main board "A1P" detects current/voltage	Unit will stop operating.	Manual reset via user interface.
errors.		Power reset RWEYQ-T.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Blown fuse.	Check fuse on main board "A1P".	Replace fuse if blown.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Faulty inverter board "A3P".	 Check inverter board "A3P". Check if the alive led is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. 	 Adjust the power to the inverter board "A3P". Replace inverter board "A3P".
Faulty compressor "M1C"	 Check compressor (see "Compressor" on page 87). Check connections and wiring of the compressor. Check expansion valve (liquid back issue) (see "Electronic expansion valve" on page 89). Check the refrigerant charge. Refer to the nameplate for correct charge. 	 Replace compressor when required (see "Replacing compressor" on page 114). Investigate reason of breakdown. Replace expansion valve when required (see "Replacing expansion valve body" on page 121). Fix possible leak.
Faulty or disturbance of the power supply (imbalance > 10%). Power drop. Short cir- cuit.	Check if the power supply is conform to the regulations. No fluctuations in fre- quency.	Adjust power supply when required. Power reset via compressor module.
Faulty capacity setting on main board "A1P".	 Check if the correct capacity setting is made. Check if the correct spare part is installed. 	Adjust capacity setting when required.
External factor (e.g. electrical noise). (cause when error is reset after power reset, and error happens again after a while).	Check for source which could cause elec- trical interference.	Avoid electrical interference. Respect minimum distance to other elec- tric appliance (refer to installation man- ual).

2.2.3.21. "L2" – Power Supply quality abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Main board "A1P" detects trouble "zero crossing": power supply main board "A1P" checks L1-N sinus cross each half period sinus (10 milli-seconds if 50Hz power sup- ply).	Unit stops 3 minutes and retry. (infinitive cycle).	Guard timer 3 minutes.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Power supply incorrect frequency.	Check power supply is 50 or 60 Hz \pm 3%.	Correct power supply (especially if use of power generator)
External factory (e.g. electrical noise). (cause when error is reset after power reset, and error happens again after a while).	Check for source which could cause elec- trical interference.	Avoid electrical interference. Respect min- imum distance to other appliance (refer to installation manual).



Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals. (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141)
Faulty inverter board "A3P".	 Check inverter board "A3P". Check if the alive led is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. 	 Adjust the power to the inverter board "A3P". Replace inverter board "A3P".

2.2.3.22. "L5" - Output overcurrent detection

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Inverter board "A3P" detects overcurrent to power transistor	Unit will stop operating.	Manual reset via user interface.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Refrigerant circuit is clogged.	Check for possible blockage.	Replace blocked part when required.
Humidity in refrigerant (ice formation in expansion valve).	Check for humidity in the refrigerant.	In case of suspicion of humidity, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refriger- ant.
Non condensable gas (e.g. air, nitrogen) in refrigerant.	Check for non condensable gas in refrig- erant.	In case of suspicion of non condensables, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refrigerant.
Faulty inverter board "A3P".	 Check inverter board "A3P". Check if the alive led is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. 	 Adjust the power to the inverter board "A3P". Replace inverter board "A3P".
Faulty compressor "M1C"	 Check compressor (see "Compressor" on page 87). Check connections and wiring of the compressor. Check expansion valve (liquid back issue) (see "Electronic expansion valve" on page 89). Check the refrigerant charge. Refer to the nameplate for correct charge. 	 Replace compressor when required (see "Replacing compressor" on page 114). Investigate reason of breakdown. Replace expansion valve when required (see "Replacing expansion valve body" on page 121). Fix possible leak.
Faulty or disturbance of the power supply (imbalance > 10%). Power drop. Short cir- cuit.	Check if the power supply is conform to the regulations. No fluctuations in fre- quency.	Adjust power supply when required. Power reset via outdoor unit.

2.2.3.23. "L8" - Inverter overcurrent

Trigger	Effect	Reset
When inverter board detects overcurrent to compressor (except during start-up) is detected.	Unit will stop operating.	Manual reset via user interface.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty inverter board "A3P".	 Check inverter board "A3P". Check if the alive led is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. 	 Adjust the power to the inverter board "A3P". Replace inverter board "A3P".
Faulty compressor "M1C"	 Check compressor (see "Compressor" on page 87). Check connections and wiring of the compressor. Check expansion valve (liquid back issue) (see "Electronic expansion valve" on page 89). Check the refrigerant charge. Refer to the nameplate for correct charge. 	 Replace compressor when required (see "Replacing compressor" on page 114). Investigate reason of breakdown. Replace expansion valve when required (see "Replacing expansion valve body" on page 121). Fix possible leak.
Refrigerant circuit is clogged.	Check for possible blockage.	Replace blocked part when required.
Refrigerant overcharge.	Check for refrigerant overcharge. Refer to the nameplate for the correct charge.	Charge the correct refrigerant amount when required.
Refrigerant is contaminated.	-	Replace refrigerant.

2.2.3.24. "L9" – Stall prevention

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Inverter board detects compressor over- current or no rotation at start up.	Unit will stop operating.	Manual reset via user interface.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty inverter board "A3P".	 Check inverter board "A3P". Check if the alive led is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. 	 Adjust the power to the inverter board "A3P". Replace inverter board "A3P".
Faulty compressor "M1C"	 Check compressor (see "Compressor" on page 87). Check connections and wiring of the compressor. Check expansion valve (liquid back issue) (see "Electronic expansion valve" on page 89). Check the refrigerant charge. Refer to the nameplate for correct charge. 	 Replace compressor when required (see "Replacing compressor" on page 114). Investigate reason of breakdown. Replace expansion valve when required (see "Replacing expansion valve body" on page 121). Fix possible leak.
Refrigerant circuit is clogged.	Check for possible blockage.	Replace blocked part when required.
Refrigerant condition is not OK (HP-LP > 0,2 MPa at start-up).	Check refrigerant condition.	-



2.2.3.25. "LC" – Transmission system abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
No transmission between main board "A1P" <-> SUB PCB "A4P" <-> inverter board "A3P".	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic reset.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Internal wiring is not OK.	Check if wiring between PCB's (see "Wir- ing diagram" on page 159).	Correct wiring.
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. Remove X20A from "A1P": check presence ±12VDC 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Faulty inverter board "A3P".	 Check inverter board "A3P". Check if the alive led is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. 	 Adjust the power to the inverter board "A3P". Replace inverter board "A3P".
Faulty SUB PCB "A4P".	Check auxiliary board receives 16VDC on connector "X10A".	Replace SUB PCB "A4P" when HAP LED is not blinking once in regular intervals.
Faulty noise filter "A2P".	Check 3 phase output is present.	Replace noise filter "A2P".
Faulty capacity setting on main board "A1P".	Check if the correct capacity setting is made. Check if the correct spare part is installed.	Adjust capacity setting when required.
External factor (e.g. electrical noise) (cause when error is reset after power reset, and error happens again after a while).	Check for source which could cause elec- trical interference.	Avoid electrical interference. Respect minimum distance to other elec- tric appliance (refer to installation man- ual).

2.2.3.26. "P1" – Ripple DC voltage diode module to power transistors

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Inverter board "A3P" detects power unbal-	Unit will stop operating.	Manual reset via user interface.
ance > 4%.		Automatic reset power unbalance.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty or disturbance of the power supply (imbalance > 10%). Power drop. Short cir- cuit.	Check if the power supply is conform to the regulations. No fluctuations in fre- quency.	Adjust power supply when required. Power reset via compressor module.
Faulty inverter board "A3P".	 Check inverter board "A3P" (see "Inverter board A3P" on page 78). Check if the alive led is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. 	 Adjust the power to the inverter board "A3P". Replace inverter board "A3P" (see "Replacing inverter board A3P" on page 139).



2.2.3.27. "P4" - Overheat power module

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Inverter board "A3P" detects high temper-	Unit will stop operating.	Manual reset via user interface.
ature at power module.		Automatic reset temperature.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty AC fan motor cooling inverter.	 Check if plug to connector correctly mounted X3A on SUB PCB "A4P". Check 230VAC power to SUB PCB "A4P". Check AC fan motor (see "AC fan motor inverter cooling" on page 70). 	 Reconnect plug to connector X3A on auxiliary board "A4P". Fix 230VAC power to auxiliary board "A4P" Replace AC fan motor (see "Replacing AC fan inverter cooling" on page 120).
Insufficient air circulation.	Check for obstruction grills casing.	Remove obstruction grills casing.
Faulty inverter board "A3P".	 Check inverter board "A3P" (see "Inverter board A3P" on page 78). Check if the alive led is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. 	 Adjust the power to the inverter board "A3P". Replace inverter board "A3P" (see "Replacing inverter board A3P" on page 139).
Faulty or disturbance of the power supply: only 2 phase to diode module.	Check if the power supply is conform to the regulations. No fluctuations in fre- quency.	Adjust power supply when required. Power reset via compressor module.
Faulty fin thermistor.	Compare fin temperature to ambient (with checker Type III) after unit is stopped for minimum 30 minutes.	If fin temperature shows abnormal value at stop, replace inverter board "A3P" (see "Replacing inverter board A3P" on page 139).

2.2.3.28. "PJ" - Capacity setting mixmatch inverter board

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Main board "A1P" detects other type inverter board than set in EEPROM (fac- tory mounted board) or dipswitches (spare part board).	Unit will stop operating.	Manual reset via user interface. Power reset RWEYQ-T.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Capacity setting main board "A1P" does not correspond to detected inverter board.	Check if capacity setting is made cor- rectly. Read out size from outdoor board (1-21) and user interface.	Make correct capacity setting on main board "A1P".
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals. (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141)
Faulty inverter board "A3P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the inverter board "A3P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the inverter board "A3P". Replace inverter board "A3P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals. (see "Replacing inverter board A3P" on page 139).



2.2.4. System

2.2.4.1. "U0" - Refrigerant shortage

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Refrigerant shortage detected when low pressure sensor "SENPL" < 0.05MPa and superheat > 20°C	Unit continues operating.	Automatic reset (automatic if LP > 3.0 MPa & Superheat suction (Taccumulator - Tevaporation) < 15°C).
		Power reset RWEYQ-T.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Refrigerant shortage.	Check for refrigerant shortage. Refer to the nameplate for the correct charge.	Charge the correct refrigerant amount when required.
Stop valve is closed.	Check stop valves.	Open stop valve when required.
Humidity in refrigerant. (ice formation in expansion valve).	Check for humidity in the refrigerant.	In case of suspicion of humidity, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refriger- ant.
None condensable gas (e.g.air, nitrogen) in refrigerant.	Check for none condensable gas in refrig- erant.	In case of suspicion of none condensable gas, recover, vacuum and recharge with virgin refrigerant.
Faulty thermistor gas PHE-H ₂ O "R4T".	Check thermistor gas PHE-H ₂ O "R4T"	Replace thermistor gas PHE-H ₂ O "R4T"
		when required.
Faulty thermistor discharge pipe "R12T".	Check thermistor discharge pipe "R12T".	Replace thermistor discharge pipe "R12T" when required.
Faulty low pressure sensor "SENSP".	Check low pressure sensor "SENSPL".	Replace Low pressure sensor "SENSPL" when required.
Faulty compressor.	 Check compressor (see "Compressor" on page 87). Check connections and wiring of the compressor. Check expansion valve (liquid back issue) (see "Electronic expansion valve" on page 89). Check the refrigerant charge. Refer to the nameplate for the correct charge. 	 Replace compressor when required (see "Replacing compressor" on page 114). Investigate reason of breakdown. Replace expansion valve when required (see "Replacing expansion valve body" on page 121). Fix possible leak.
Faulty expansion valve.	Check the expansion valve (see "Elec- tronic expansion valve" on page 89).	Replace the expansion valve body (see "Replacing expansion valve body" on page 121) or coil (see "Replacing expan- sion valve coil" on page 122) when required.

DAIKIN
2.2.4.2. "U1" - Reverse phase or open phase

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Main board "A1P" detects incorrect power supply (missing phase or reverse rotation).	Unit will stop operating.	Power reset unit.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Incorrect sequence 3 phase.	Check rotation sequence power supply.	Correct sequence 3 phase power supply.
Missing phase.	Check presence 3 phases.	Trace location where phase is interrupted between main power supply source and Main board "A1P".
Faulty main board "A1P"	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Faulty or disturbance of the power supply (imbalance > 10%). Power drop. Short circuit.	Check if the power supply is conform to the regulations. No fluctuations in fre- quency.	Adjust power supply when required. Power reset via outdoor unit.
Faulty capacity setting on main board "A1P".	 Check if the correct capacity setting is made. Check if the correct spare part is installed. 	Adjust capacity setting when required.

2.2.4.3. "U2" – DC voltage DM <-> PM not permanent available

Trigger	Effect	Reset
There is no zero-cross detected in approximately 10 seconds (main board "A1P").	Unit will stop operating.	Power reset unit.
Abnormal voltage drop (< 212-254 V) is detected by the DC voltage detection circuit.	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic restart after compressor stand-by of 3 minutes.
Abnormal voltage rise is detected by the over-voltage detection circuit.	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic restart after compressor stand-by of 3 minutes.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty or disturbance of the power supply (imbalance > 10%). Power drop. Short circuit.	Check if the power supply is conform to the regulations. No fluctuations in fre- quency.	Adjust power supply when required. Power reset via compressor module.
Reactor(s) open circuit.	Check continuity reactor coil.	Replace reactor if coil open circuit.
Fuse broken noise filter.	Check fuse on noise filter.	Replace noise filter is fuse open circuit.
Defective DC voltage detection circuit.	Check PCB with DC voltage detection cir- cuit.	Replace inverter board "A3P" when required.
Defective over-voltage detection circuit.	Check PCB with over-voltage detection circuit.	Replace inverter board "A3P" when required.
Faulty compressor "M1C"	 Check compressor (see "Compressor" on page 87). Check connections and wiring of the compressor. Check expansion valve (liquid back issue) (see "Electronic expansion valve" on page 89). Check the refrigerant charge. Refer to the nameplate for the correct charge. 	 Replace compressor when required (see "Replacing compressor" on page 114). Investigate reason of breakdown. Replace expansion valve when required (see "Replacing expansion valve body" on page 121). Fix possible leak.



Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Momentary drop of voltage.	-	Wait until compressor restarts.
Momentary power failure.	-	Wait until compressor restarts.
Faulty main board "A1P"	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).

2.2.4.4. "U3" – Test run failed

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Test run not performed at first installation.	Unit can not be operated.	Perform test run.
Pipe length data missing.	Unit can not be operated.	Perform test run.
Test-run interrupted by button on main board "A1P".	Unit can not be operated.	Restart test run.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Test run was not started prior to normal operation.		Start test run from outdoor unit.
Test run could not start because initialisa- tion was not completed.	Check communication is initialised prior to launch test-run.	Restart test run from outdoor unit.
Test run was interrupted manually by pressing BS1 "Mode" button.		Restart test run from outdoor unit.
Test run was interrupted by safety device.	Check error history outdoor unit.	Follow troubleshooting according to error code.

2.2.4.5. "U4" - Transmission abnormality between outdoor and indoor unit

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Data sent from unit cannot be received normally, content of the sent data is abnormal.	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic restore.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty or disturbance of the power supply (imbalance > 10%). Power drop. Short cir- cuit.	Check if the power supply is conform to the regulations. No fluctuations in fre- quency.	Adjust power supply when required. Power unit.
Wiring abnormality between RWEYQ-T and indoor unit and BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application).	Check wiring between RWEYQ-T and indoor units and BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application).	 Adjust wiring between RWEYQ-T and indoor units and BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application). Replace wiring between indoor units and RWEYQ-T, and BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application) when required.
At time of test-run when any indoor unit or BS unit (in case of heat-recovery applica- tion) detects a fault of component.	 Set system into fan-only. Operate indoor units to check indoor error. 	Repair cause of indoor unit fault code.Restart test-run RWEYQ-T.
Faulty main board "A1P"	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).



Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty board BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application).	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the board BS unit receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the board BS unit. Replace board BS unit when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replace control board BS box" on page 148 and "Replacing expansion valve coil BS box" on page 149).
Faulty indoor unit main board.	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the indoor main PCB receives power. 	Adjust the power to the indoor main PCB. Replace indoor main PCB when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (refer to service manual ESIE15-11).
Missing indoor unit or BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application) since end of initialisation.	 Check number indoor units and BS units (in case of heat-recovery application) monitoring mode (see "Field setting" on page 155). Check number indoor units start fan when making "cross wiring check" (see "Field setting" on page 155). Check communication BS indoor by dip switches BS unit. (see "Field setting" on page 155). 	Switch on power supply indoor unit(s) or/and BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application) missing from initial initialisa- tion.

2.2.4.6. "U7" – Transmission between systems abnormality

Tr	igger	Effect	Reset
•	Communication problem between systems.	Units will not operate.	 Auto restore when communication is normal.
•	Conflict settings DTA104A61,62 and detected configuration.	Units will operate.	 Correct settings DTA104A61,62 and detected configuration RWEYQ-T.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty wiring between main board "A1P" (example Q1Q2 loop).	Check wiring between main boards "A1P".	Correct wiring between outdoor main boards "A1P" when required.
Faulty main board "A1P"	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
When multiple systems are wired to be same cool/heat zone: no master cool/heat unit set.	Check setting on linked main boards "A1P": 1 unit needs setting mode 2-0-1, the other units in same zone 2-0-2.	Adjust field setting on main board "A1P" to have 1 cool/heat master and minimum 1 cool/heat slave.
Faulty wiring or setting for zone cool-heat control through optional board DTA104A61,62.	 Check wiring between main boards "A1P" (F1/F2-Outd) and DTA104A61,62. Check led HAP on option PCB DTA104A61,62 blinks. Check dip switch setting option PCB DTA104A61,62. Check address setting main PCB compressor module: for zone cool-heat control = mode2-1. 	 Adjust the wiring between main boards "A1P" and optional board DTA104A61,62. Adjust the setting to the main board "A1P". Adjust power supply (16 VDC) to DTA104A61,62. Replace main board "A1P" (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).



Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty wiring or setting for LNOP/Demand control through optional board DTA104A61,62.	 Check dip switch setting DTA104A61,62. Check address setting main board "A1P": for Cool/heat zone mode 2-1, for LNOP or/and Demand = mode2-2. 	 Adjust the wiring between main boards "A1P" and optional board DTA104A61,62. Adjust the setting to the main boards "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).

2.2.4.7. "U9" - Systems abnormality

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Any indoor unit fault prevents system to start.	Units will stop operating.	Automatic restore.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Minimum 1 indoor unit detects a fault that does not allow system to operate.	Check all indoor units for error code (start with A or C).	Perform troubleshooting indoor unit according to error code found during check method.
Wiring abnormality between indoor units <-> RWEYQ-T and <-> BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application).	Check wiring between indoor units <-> RWEYQ-T or/and <-> BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application).	Adjust wiring between indoor units <-> RWEYQ-T or/and <-> BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application) when required. Replace wiring between indoor units <-> RWEYQ-T or/and <-> BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application) when required.
Faulty main board "A1P"	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).
Faulty board BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application).	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the board BS unit receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the board BS unit. Replace board BS unit when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replace control board BS box" on page 148 and "Replacing expansion valve coil BS box" on page 149).
Faulty indoor unit main board.	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the indoor main PCB receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the indoor main PCB. Replace indoor main PCB when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (refer to service manual ESIE15-11).
Missing indoor unit or heat-exchanger module since end of initialisation.	 Check number indoor units monitoring mode mode1-code 5 (for 5 hp), or code 10 (for 8 hp) (see "Field setting" on page 155.) Check number indoor units start fan when making "cross wiring check" mode 2-code 5 (see "Field setting" on page 155). 	Switch on power supply indoor unit(s) and/or BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application) missing from initial initialisa- tion.



2.2.4.8. "UF" – Wiring and piping mismatch

Trigger	Effect	Reset
During test-run, minimum 1 indoor unit fails "cross pipe check" or judgment closed stop valve(s)	Unit will stop operating.	Perform test-run again.

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action
Faulty wiring between indoor units, RWEYQ-T and BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application).	Check "cross wiring check" (mode 2-5) to confirm correct indoor units running fan.	Correct field wiring.
Incorrect connection between RWEYQ-T and indoor or BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application).	 If RWEYQ-T used as heat-pump, gas pipe should be left side. Middle stop valve should not be used. If RWEYQ-T used as heat-recovery, left gas pipe = dual pressure, middle pipe = suction, right = liquid. 	 Change field pipe connections. Close all stop valves, Set system in recovery mode, Recover refrigerant, Change field piping, Air tight test, Vacuum field piping, Recharge recovered amount, Open stop valves, Restart test-run.
Refrigerant shortage (incorrect charge/leakage).	Check for refrigerant shortage. Perform a leak test.	If required, repair the leak and charge the correct amount of refrigerant.
Refrigerant circuit is clogged.	Check for possible blockage Blockages can be checked by measuring the refrigerant/pipe temperature. Sudden drop in temperature could indicate a blockage (remark: this is not valid for the expansion valve).	 Check piping for narrow passage (kink in pipe). Check for blocked refnet (excessive welding result into internal blockage): apply pressure from liquid service port, set outdoor to 2-21 recovery mode, confirm pressure gas service port raises.
Incorrect indoor unit coil thermistor.	 Check mounting of coil thermistor to indoor unit heat-exchanger (refer to service manual ESIE15-11). Check resistance of coil thermistor. Operate indoor unit in fan-only (> 30 minutes), check air thermistor and coil thermistor are about same value (service checker, D-checker or user interface). 	 Correct position of coil thermistor indoor unit into thermistor holder. Replace coil thermistor if resistance value is incorrect.
Stop valve closed at RWEYQ-T.	Remove cap of stop valves to check posi- tion of internal shaft.	Open stop valve(s).



2.2.4.9. "UH" - Auto-address failure

Trigger	Effect	Reset
A wrong connection is detected by check- ing the combination of the indoor and main board "A1P".	Operation halt due to missing auto-address indoor unit.	Reset communication from main board "A1P".

Possible cause	Check	Corrective action	
Initialisation not completed between main board "A1P" and indoor unit(s).	Indication main board "A1P". Check system data (user interface).	Wait till initialisation is completed before starting indoor unit operation.	
Missing phase (for 3 phase models).	Check power supply.	Fix power supply.	
Faulty main board "A1P".	 Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check if the main board "A1P" receives power. 	 Adjust the power to the main board "A1P". Replace main board "A1P" when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals (see "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141). 	
Faulty indoor board.	 Check if error still occurs after turning off power and turning it back on again. Check if the indoor PCB receives power. Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals. Check if the correct spare part is installed. Check the wiring to indoor PCB. 	 Adjust power to the indoor PCB. Replace indoor PCB when HAP LED is not blinking in regular intervals. Install correct spare part or update indoor PCB. Adjust wiring to indoor PCB when required. 	
Internal wiring is not OK.	Check if wiring between "A1P" board and terminal strip indoor units and BS unit (in case of heat-recovery application) is cor- rect (see "Wiring diagram" on page 159).	Correct wiring.	
Wiring abnormality main board "A1P" <-> indoor unit.	Check wiring between main board "A1P" <-> indoor unit.	 Adjust wiring main board "A1P" <-> indoor unit when required. Replace wiring main board "A1P" <-> indoor unit when required. 	
Mismatch of main board "A1P" and indoor units.	Verify connection on combination data- base.	Replace indoor units when required.	
Defective DC voltage detection circuit.	 Check that16VDC present at: indoor main board "A1P" connector X35A. main board "A1P" RWEYQ-T connector X37A. Check VRV indoor board ±16 DCV at F1F2 and pins connector X35. 	 Replace main board "A1P" when required. Replace VRV indoor board when required. 	
Incorrect voltage.	Check supply voltage.	Adjust when required.	
External factor (e.g. electrical noise) (cause when error is reset after power reset, and error happens again after a while).	Check for source which could cause elec- trical interference.	Avoid electrical interference. Respect minimum distance to other elec- tric appliance (refer to installation man- ual).	

2.2.5. Others

Not applicable.



2.3. Symptom based troubleshooting

Overview of symptom based error situations:

None of the units operate	62
Operation sometimes stops	63
Some indoor units do not operate	63
Equipment operates but does not cool or does not heat	63
Large operation noise and vibration	64



2.3.1. None of the units operate

Possible failures	Root cause	Check	Corrective action		
Root cause category: Cor	nponent - electrical				
Units does not operate.	Missing power supply to outdoor unit.	Check the rated voltage is supplied.	Restore the power supply.		
	Power supply outdoor unit missing phase or reverse phase.	When trouble with power supply, fault indication will appear (UH, LC or U1 respectively L1,L2,L3 miss- ing) on RWEYQ-T9.	Arrange correct power supply to RWEYQ-T9.		
Root cause category: Inst	allation				
Indoor units show fan-only mode.	Initialisation not completed.	 Check indication main board outdoor unit initialisation end (segment display off). Check that during initialisation, signal F1F2/IND changes between approx. 16V & 0 VDC. Check HAP service LED BS units (if present) blink. 	 Wait till initialisation ended (max.12 min. from power-on). If initialisation > 12 min., check DCV of F1F2 connections: at BS units (when RWEYQ-T9 used as heat-recovery, indoor units, if always 0VDC, check F1F2 wiring (open or short circuit) & main pcb A1P. If 230VAC power present, replace pcb BS unit (if present) or indoor unit if HAP on pcb is off. 		
Units do not operate	Mismatch of combination outdoor unit, BS unit (if present) and/or indoor units.	Check type of BS unit and indoor units (only VRV type are compatible & LT hydro-box HXY-A and HT hydro-box HXHD125A without BS unit)	Install match of combina- tion outdoor unit, BS units and indoor units, LT hydro-box HXY-A, HT hydro-box HXHD125A.		
	Indoor unit no controller (no control "BRC" Or no DCS+ group number)	 Check presence of central control (DCS) & group numbers are found. Check presence of central control (DCS) & group numbers are found. 	 If no central control device DCS, connected wired control BRC If only central control & no indoor found, use wired control BRC to set each indoor group number. 		
Root cause category: Ope	Root cause category: Operating conditions				
Units do not operate.	 requests cool/heat master indoor unit: no BS units: among all indoor units. + BS units: check if more than 1 indoor to same BS unit. 	Check symbol on wired remote control is off or on.	If symbol blinks, confirm a VRV indoor unit as cool/heat master (press once cool/heat selector button).		

2.3.2. Operation sometimes stops

Possible failures	Root cause	Check	Corrective action
Root cause category: Cor	nponent - electrical		
Operation sometimes stops.	A power failure of 2 to 10 cycles can stop the air-conditioner operation (operation lamp off).	Check the power supply.	Restore the power supply.
Root cause category: Ope	erating conditions		
Cooling/heating operation stops for 3 minutes and restarts.	Outdoor unit stops by "retry" by safety device: HP or LP, or current or discharge temperature, or current).	Check the retry error code (refer to "Error codes via outdoor unit" on page 24).	Follow troubleshooting according to the error code found in the retry (refer to "Error code based troubleshooting" on page 27).

2.3.3. Some indoor units do not operate

Possible failures	Root cause	Check	Corrective action
Root cause category: Inst	allation		
Some indoor units do not operate.	Outdoor units, BS unit (if present) or/and indoor unit(s) are not compatible.	Check to make sure that the BS unit (if present) & indoor units are compatible with the RWEYQ-T9 unit.	Install compatible units.
	Indoor board does not receive power supply.	 Check presence 230 VAC. Check fuse(s) on board. Check HAP blinks. 	 Reconnect power supply. Replace fuse. Replace indoor unit pcb.
	BS unit board (if present) does not receive power supply	 Check presence 230 VAC. Check fuse(s) on board. Check HAP blinks. 	 Reconnect power supply. Replace fuse. Replace BS unit pcb.

2.3.4. Equipment operates but does not cool or does not heat

Possible failures	Root cause	Check	Corrective action
Root cause category: Inst	allation		
Equipment operates but does not cool or does not heat.	Piping/wiring mismatch.	Perform "wiring/piping check" from outdoor unit. (refer to installation manual)	Adjust piping/wiring.
		Perform "wiring" check from BS unit (multi BS unit BS4~16Q14A). Refer to "Check method Wiring BS-Q14A" on page 156).	Adjust wiring.
	Insufficient refrigerant in the refrigerant system.	Diagnosis by service port pressure and operating current.	Recharge the unit when required.



Possible failures	Root cause	Check	Corrective action
Root cause category: Co	mponent - Mechanical		
Equipment operates but does not cool or does not heat.	Incorrect thermistor values.	Check if all thermistors are still firmly attached in there thermistor pocket.	Remount the thermistor if it is not correct installed in the pocket.
	Expansion valve incorrect operation at BS unit (gas side) or indoor unit (liquid side).	Check operation of expansion valve.	Replace expansion valve body.
	 Cross piping: If BS unit present: among BS units or/and indoor unit. Without BS: wiring and refrigerant between RWEYQ-T9 and indoor units 	Operate indoor unit(s) to same RWEYQ-T9 unit to confirm no cross piping	Change field wiring between RWEYQ-T9, BS units (if present) and indoor units.
Root cause category: Co	mponent - Electrical	1	1
Equipment operates but does not cool or does not heat.	Faulty operation of the electronic expansion valve.	Set the units to cooling operation, and compare the temperatures of the liquid side connection pipes of the connection section among the rooms. This to check the opening and closing operation of the electronic expansion valves of the individual units.	 Replace the coil and/or body of the indoor unit(s) indicating faulty operation of the expansion valve. Replace the coil of BS unit "EVL" if indoor expansion valve is working correctly.

2.3.5. Large operation noise and vibration

Possible failures	Root cause	Check	Corrective action
Root cause category: Component - Electrical			
Large operation noise and vibration.	Instable output voltage of the inverter PCB.	Verify the operation of the inverter via the inverter checker.	Replace the inverter PCB when the inverter check is not OK.



Possible failures	Root cause	Check	Corrective action	
Root cause category: Inst	Root cause category: Installation			
Large operation noise and vibration.	Indoor or/and BS unit(s) is not installed according the installation manual.	Check to make sure that the required spaces for the installation are provided.	Install the unit according the installation manual.	
		Operate some indoor in cooling & other in heating - check that middle pipe all BS units (if present) warms up when outdoor operates ± 5 minutes.	Change field pipe connection BS unit (if present) to have warm pipe middle pipe of BS.	
	Gas pipes crossed at RWEYQ-T9	Operate at least 1 indoor unit in heating mode. Right side pipe at RWEYQ-T9 should become warm. Suction gas pipe at RWEYQ-T9 (middle pipe) should not warm.	Recover refrigerant and change pipe connections at RWEYQ-T9 to have right side gas pipe high pressure side.	
	Gas pipes crossed at BS units (if present)	Operate at least 1 indoor unit in heating mode. Middle pipe of inlet BS unit should become warm. Gas pipe at BS unit should not warm.	Recover refrigerant and change pipe connections at inlet of BS unit(s) to have middle pipe high pressure side.	
	Liquid compression.	 Check indoor unit thermistors gas and coil. Check expansion valve of evaporator controls the superheat (default 5°C). Check refrigerant charge. 	 Replace thermistor(s) if faulty signal. Replace expansion valve coil or/and body when thermistors are correct. Recover and weight the refrigerant and recharge correct value. 	
	Flash gas liquid pipe.	 Check expansion valve of evaporator controls the superheat (default 5°C): when tend to open fully: poor supply of liquid. Check field piping at BS units (if present) and indoor unit: minimum 0.5 m straight pipes. 	 Replace thermistor(s) if faulty signal. Replace expansion valve coil or/and body when thermistors are correct. Recover and weight the refrigerant and recharge correct amount. Adjust field piping to have minimum 0.5 m straight pipe at BS units (if present) and indoor units. 	
	BS units (if present): change over indoor unit between high and low pressure (heating & cooling).	Check field setting outdoor 2-56. When setting >0, in heating mode, at thermostat-off or/and operation off, after 5 minutes indoor unit is changed to low pressure side. When thermostat-on or/and operation -on, indoor unit is set back to high pressure.	Disable the heating capac- ity-less (outdoor setting 2-56-0) and eventually equalisation time (setting 2-71) when complaint at time of change over cool- ing-heating request from indoor unit	



2.4. Component checklist

Overview of component checklists:

VRV IV-Water cooled unit
4-way valve
AC fan motor inverter cooling
Thermistor value-read-out
High pressure switch
High pressure sensor S1NPH
Low pressure sensor S1NPL
Inverter board A3P
Main board A1P 82
Thermistors
Compressor
Electronic expansion valve
System
Others



2.4.1. VRV IV-Water cooled unit

2.4.1.1. 4-way valve

Technical specification		Description	
 The 4 way valve is controlled from a pilot valve set in position by a magnetic coil: Y6S 4Way valve HP/LP gas indoor: 0V = suction pressure to indoor, 230VAC = discharge pressure to indoor. Y7S 4Way valve H₂O PHE: 0V = discharge pressure to H₂O PHE, 230VAC = suction pressure to H₂O PHE. 		 The 4-way valve directs the super-heated refrigerant discharged from the compressor to the indoor heat exchanger in case of heat-ing operation or to the outdoor H₂O heat exchanger in case of cooling operation, oil return in heating mode in case of heat-pump application. 	
Location			
Piping diagram	Wiring diagram	Switch box	Component overview of unit
See "Piping diagram" on page 161.See "Wiring diagram" on page 159.		See "Switch box" on page 167	See "Component overview of unit" on page 162.
Check procedure			
Mechanical check			

- 1. Switch off the Daikin indoor unit(s) via the user interface.
- 2. Switch off the power supply to the unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Remove plate work when required, refer to "Basic removal" on page 102.
- 4. Loosen the screw and remove the coil from the 4-way valve (refer to "Replacing 4-way valve coil" on page 113).



WARNING: RISK OF FIRE

When reconnecting a connector to the PCB, do not apply force, as this may damage the connector or connector pins of the PCB.

5. Unplug 4-way valve connector from the main board "A1P".

Component no.	Location	Description
X7A	A1P	4-way valve HP/LP gas indoor
X8A	A1P	4-way valve H ₂ O PHE

- 6. Switch on the power supply to the unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 7. Switch on the Daikin indoor unit(s) via the user interface, start cooling operation

(a) 4-way valve connected to the H₂O plate heat-exchanger:

- If the gas temperature at the H₂O plate the heat exchanger drops, the 4-way valve is stuck in heating position (refer to "Replacing 4-way valve body" on page 111).
- If the gas temperature at the H₂O plate the heat exchanger rises, proceed with next step 8.
- If the temperature at the H₂O plate the heat exchanger does not change, check the refrigerant pressure by connecting a
 manifold to one of the service ports.
 - If pressure = 0 barG, perform a pressure test and fix any leaks.
 - If there is no pressure difference HP-LP, or the 4-way valve is stuck in the middle, confirm by determining the position of the 4-way valve as described below and replace the 4-way valve (refer to "Replacing 4-way valve body" on page 111). or the compressor fails compression (internal bypass). Replace the compressor.



(b) 4-way valve connected to the HP/LP stop valve:

- If the gas temperature towards the indoor units raises, the 4-way valve is stuck in heating position (refer to "Replacing 4-way valve body" on page 111).
- If the gas temperature towards the indoor units drops, proceed with next step 8.
- If the temperature towards the indoor units does not change, check the refrigerant pressure by connecting a manifold to
 one of the service ports.
 - If pressure = 0 barG, perform a pressure test and fix any leaks.
 - If there is no pressure difference HP-LP, or the 4-way valve is stuck in the middle, confirm by determining the position of the 4-way valve as described below and replace the 4-way valve (refer to "Replacing 4-way valve body" on page 111).
 or the compressor fails compression (internal bypass). Replace the compressor.



CAUTION - RISK OF LIQUID ENTERING THE COMPRESSOR

To prevent damage to the compressor the step below must only be done once.

8. While listening to the 4-way valve, place a round permanent magnet on the core of the solenoid valve. If you do not hear the 4-way valve switching, it must be replaced (refer to "Replacing 4-way valve body" on page 111).

Electrical check

- 1. Switch off Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Switch off the power supply to the unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Remove plate work when required, refer to "Basic removal" on page 102.
- 4. Switch on the Daikin unit, start heating operation.



WARNING: RISK OF FIRE

When reconnecting a connector to the PCB, do not apply force, as this may damage the connector or connector pins of the PCB.

5. Measure the voltage on 4-way valve connector:

Connector no.	Location	Description
X7A	A1P	4-way valve HP/LP gas indoor
X8A	A1P	4-way valve H ₂ O PHE

If the measured voltage, does not range 220-240 VAC during switching,

- stop unit from user interface.
- once compressor stopped, unplug 4-way valve connector from main board "A1P" (connector see table above).
- measure the voltage directly on the main board "A1P" (connector see table above).
- If the voltage, measured directly on the main board "A1P" does range 220-240 VAC during switching, replace the 4-way valve coil (refer to "Replacing 4-way valve coil" on page 113).



WARNING: RISK OF FIRE

When reconnecting a connector to the PCB, do not apply force, as this may damage the connector or connector pins of the PCB.

- Unplug 4-way valve connector from PCB and measure the resistance of the 4-way valve coil. If the measured resistance does not range 1000 - 2000 Ω, replace the 4-way valve coil (refer to "Replacing 4-way valve coil" on page 113).
- 7. Switch on the Daikin indoor unit(s). Start cooling operation.
 - If the temperature after the indoor unit heat exchanger rises, the control of the 4-way valve is wrong. Replace main PCB (refer to "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).



Determine the position of the 4-way valve

- 1. Switch off Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Switch off the power supply to the unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Slide a magnet over the front and the rear of the 4-way valve body and sense the attraction of the magnet to determine the valve position.
- 4. If the magnet is attracted in positions A,A' or B,B', the 4-way valve is OK; if the magnet is attracted in positions C,C' the 4-way valve must be replaced (refer to "Replacing 4-way valve body" on page 111).





2.4.1.2. AC fan motor inverter cooling

Technical specification		Description	
 The unit RWEYQ-T9Y1B contains 2 AC fan motors running parallel from same output signal. Each fan assembly contains: an AC motor equipped with a single connector for 230VAC power supply, a 5 blade fan propeller. 		The fan motor location behind the switchbox operates when the inverter temperature requires cooling.	
Location			
Piping diagram	Wiring diagram	Switch box Component overview of	
See "Piping diagram" on page 161.	See "Wiring diagram" on page 159.	See "Switch box" on page 167. SUB PCB A4P, item 7 in Figure 5-6 on page 167.	See "Component overview of unit" on page 162. Item 34 and 35 in Figure 5-4 on page 162.
Check procedure			
Mechanical check			

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Switch of the power supply of the unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Check all electrical connections of the fan motor.
- 4. Check all electrical connections of the power supply.
- 5. Check propeller rotates free.

Electrical check

Without power supply

- 1. Switch off the power supply to the unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 2. Disconnect plug at fan motor, refer to the table below.
- 3. Measure the circuits using the table below.

At plug X3A, resistance is 1/2 for RWEYQ-T9Y1B (2 fan motors are wired parallel)





With power supply

- 1. Reconnect the plug of the fan motor.
- 2. Switch on the power supply to the unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Start indoor unit by User interface.
- 4. Confirm output 230VAC when inverter temperature reaches ±65°C. (fin temperature read out by service checker TypeIII.
- 5. Confirm the 2 motors run when output 220VAC is measured on connector X3A SUB PCB "A4P".
- 6. Confirm motor does not make abnormal noise.
- 7. Check air circulation: $\pm 1.6m^3$ /min per fan.



2.4.1.3. Thermistor value-read-out

Technical specification		Description	
 NTC-type thermistor: when °C up -> kΩ down. when °C down -> kΩ up. 		The thermistors of the unit can be verified by connecting Service Checker TypeIII or D-checker. The value of limited number of se sors & outputs can be displayed by the segment display.	
Location			
Piping diagram	Wiring diagram	Switch box	Component overview of unit
See "Piping diagram" on page 161.See "Wiring diagram" on page 159.		See "Switch box" on page 167. SUB PCB A4P, item 7 in Figure 5-6 on page 167.	See "Component overview of unit" on page 162. Item 34 and 35 in Figure 5-4 on page 162.
Check procedure	•	•	·

Read by monitoring tool (service checker Typelll or D-checker)

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Confirm unit stops operation.
- 3. Wait for about 15 minutes before checking value of thermistors.
- 4. Compare deviation of read out (maximum 5% to ambient temperature).
- 5. If any thermistor read out shows "out of range", use the electric check method to judge if change of thermistor (resistance check fails) or main board (resistance check pass).
 - Type 1: out of range if < -47° C or > 103° C.
 - Type 2: out of range if < -34°C or > 183°C.

Read by "digital gauge" main board

- 1. Enter the mode 1: 1 x BS1 "Mode",
- 2. Scroll to the related item (see Table 2-1 on page 72) push BS2 button "Set a number of times till flashing number shows the indicated number in mode 1 (see Table 2-1 on page 72),
- 3. View value: 1 x BS3 "Return"
- 4. Return to top list: 1 x BS3 "Return".
- 5. To view other sensor, return to step 2
- 6. To end monitoring mode, 1 x BS1 "Mode".

Table 2-1: Table display data by Segment display main board "A1P", read out per module

Mode 1	Description display	Mode 1	Description display
42	actual Pc (Mpa)	53	Actual gas °C PHE H2O (R4T - "Tg")
43	actual Pe (Mpa)	54	Actual liquid receiver °C (R6T - "TL")
44	Actual Frequency output (Hz)	56	Compressor hours (display= hours/100)
45	Actual pulses Y1E (display = pulses/10)	57	Actual Output X2M 2«3 (0~10VDC)
46	Actual pulses Y2E (display = pulses/10)	58	Actual H2O inlet °C (R9T)
47	Actual discharge pipe °C (R12T - "Tdi")	59	Actual H2O inlet °C (R10T)
48	spare item	60	Actual compressor body °C (R13T - "Ti")
49	spare item	61	Actual r410A liquid °C H2O PHE (R7T - "Tb")
50	Actual air °C (R1T - "Ta")	62	Actual liquid °C outlet Y2E (R11T - "Tm")
51	Actual Accumulator inlet °C (R3T - "Ts")	63	Actual liquid °C stop valve liquid (R8T - "Tsc")
52	Actual gas outlet °C Sub-cool (R5T - "Tsh")	64	Actual air °C (R1T - "Ta")
		65	Actual gas °C ZED circuit (R2T - "Tev")



2.4.1.4. High pressure switch

Technical specification		Description		
The high pressure switch has a normally closed contact. If the pressure exceeds 41.7 (+0 / -1) bar the contact will open. If the pressure drops below 32 (± 2) bar the contact will close.		The high pressure switch is a safety component that stops the compressor if abnormal high pressure is detected in the refriger- ant circuit.		
Location				
Piping diagram	Wiring diagram	Switch box	Component overview of unit	
See "Piping diagram" on page 161.	See "Wiring diagram" on page 159.	See "Switch box" on page 167.	See "Component overview of unit" on page 162.	
		Main PCB A1P, item 4 in Figure 5-6 on page 167.	Item 38 in Figure 5-4 on page 162.	
Check procedure				
Electrical check				

PRELIMINARY ACTIONS

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Switch off the Daikin unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Remove plate work when required, refer to "Basic removal" on page 102.

PROCEDURE

- 1. Disconnect the high pressure switch connector from main board "A1P".
- 2. Connect a gauge to the service port of the HP/LP gas stop valve.
- 3. Confirm that saturation pressure corresponds to ambient temperature (± 0.5 MPa)
- 4. Check whether the contact of the pressure switch is closed (by stopping the unit, the standing pressure in the system should drop below 3.0 MPa).
 - In case of an open contact and the gauge indicates a pressure below 3.0 MPa, replace the high pressure switch. Refer to "Replacing high pressure switch" on page 124.
 - In case of a closed contact and the standing pressure is below 3.0 MPa, check the switching characteristics of the high pressure switch.
 - Recover the refrigerant.
 - Pressurize the refrigerant circuit at 41.7 bar with nitrogen.
 - Measure the switch contacts between the high pressure switch connector: pins 1-2. The switch must be open. Replace the high pressure switch if the contact is not open, refer to "Replacing high pressure switch" on page 124.
 - Reduce the pressure below 3.0 MPa, the contact should close. If it remains open, replace the high pressure switch, refer to "Replacing high pressure switch" on page 124.

If above checks did not show any abnormality, the E3 fault may be caused by:

- Faulty main board "A1P".
- Micro power failure



2.4.1.5. High pressure sensor S1NPH

Technical specification		Description		
The pressure sensor is an analogue pressure sensor. The main board "A1P" supplies 5VDC to the pressure sensor. The sensor changes output to main board according to corre-		The pressure sensor measures the pressure in the high pressure section of the refrigerant circuit.		
sponding pressure - refer to gra	ph in step 3 of the procedure			
Location				
Piping diagram	Wiring diagram	Switch box Component overview o		
See "Piping diagram" on page 161.	See "Wiring diagram" on page 159.	See "Switch box" on page 167.	See "Component overview of unit" on page 162.	
		Main PCB A1P, item 4 inItem 37 in Figure 5-4 onFigure 5-6 on page 167.page 162.		
Check procedure				
Electrical check				

PRELIMINARY ACTIONS

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Remove plate work when required, refer to "Basic removal" on page 102.

PROCEDURE

- 1. Connect a pressure gauge to the pressure service port of the HP/LP gas stop valve, and read the pressure.
- 2. Start the unit from the user interface in heating mode.
- 3. Wait till the coil of 4-way valve Y6S is energized.

From the graph below, determine the expected high pressure sensor output signal.



P_H: High pressure (MPa)

V_H: Output voltage [high side] VDC

P_H= 1.38 V_H - 0.69

4. Power the Daikin unit.

INFORMATION



To know where to plug in the high pressure sensor connector, refer to "Component checklist" on page 163.



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 Measure the voltage across high pressure sensor connector: pin 1-3 on the PCB; compare the measured voltage with the expected voltage (refer to the graph in step3).



6. In case no voltage is measured across high pressure sensor connector: pin 1-3; do following checks:



INFORMATION

If 1 or more checks fail, replace the high pressure sensor.

Check 1

1. Check main PCB (refer to "Main board A1P" on page 82).

Check 2

1. Check if the high pressure sensor connector is plugged into the main board "A1P" connector X32A

Check 3

1. Measure the voltage across high pressure sensor connector: pin 4-3; the measured voltage must be 5 VDC. If not replace the SUB PCB "A4P" (refer to "Replacing SUB PCB A4P" on page 146).



2.4.1.6. Low pressure sensor S1NPL

Technical specification		Description		
The pressure sensor is an analogue pressure sensor. The main board "A1P" supplies 5VDC to the pressure sensor. The sensor changes output to main board according to corre- sponding pressure - refer to graph in step 3 of the procedure		The pressure sensor measures the pressure in the low pressure section of the refrigerant circuit.		
Location				
Piping diagram	Wiring diagram	Switch box	Component overview of unit	
See "Piping diagram" on page 161.	See "Wiring diagram" on page 159.	See "Switch box" on page 167. Main PCB A1P, item 4 in Figure 5-6 on page 167.	See "Component overview of unit" on page 162. Item 36 in Figure 5-4 on page 162.	
Check procedure				
Electrical check				

PRELIMINARY ACTIONS

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Remove plate work when required, refer to "Basic removal" on page 102.

PROCEDURE

1. In case of a VRV4WC+ heat-pump application, connect a pressure gauge to the pressure service port of the HP/LP gas stop valve, and read the pressure.

In case of a VRV4WC+ heat-recovery application, connect a pressure gauge to the pressure service port of the suction stop valve, and read the pressure.

- 2. Start the unit from the user interface in cooling mode.
- 3. Wait till the coil of 4-way valve Y6S is energized.

From the graph below, determine the expected high pressure sensor output signal.



P_L: Low pressure (MPa)

V_L: Output voltage [high side] VDC

P_L= 0.57 V_L - 0.28

4. Power the Daikin unit.



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INFORMATION

To know where to plug in the low pressure sensor connector, refer to "Component checklist" on page 163.

5. Measure the voltage across low pressure sensor connector: pin 2-3 on the PCB; compare the measured voltage with the expected voltage (refer to graph in step 3).



6. In case no voltage is measured across low pressure sensor connector: pin 2-3; do following checks:



If 1 or more checks fail, replace the low pressure sensor.

Check 1

1. Check main PCB (refer to "Main board A1P" on page 82).

INFORMATION

Check 2

1. Check if the low pressure sensor connector is plugged into the main board "A1P" connector X31A

Check 3

1. Measure the voltage across low pressure sensor connector: pin 4-3; the measured voltage must be 5 VDC. If not replace the SUB PCB "A4P" (refer to "Replacing SUB PCB A4P" on page 146).



2.4.1.7. Inverter board A3P

Technical specification		Description		
 The inverter board contains: Diode module: converts 3 phase AC power to a DC voltage = 1.73 * ACV (RMS). 		The inverter PCB outputs 3 phase PWM voltage to the compressor motor windings. The target rotation speed is set by main PCB based offset to target saturated pressure.		
Power module: converts DC voltage into PWM output.		Rotation speed can be lowered preventively when reaching abnormal level on low pressure, high pressure, current, discharge pipe temperature or inverter temperature.		
Location				
Piping diagram	Wiring diagram	Switch box	Component overview of unit	
See "Piping diagram" on page 161.	See "Wiring diagram" on page 159.	See "Switch box" on page 167. Inverter PCB A3P, item 6 in Figure 5-6 on page 167.	See "Component overview of unit" on page 162.	
Check procedure				

Mechanical check

- 1. Check the inverter board "A3P" for cracks, replace main PCB, refer to "Replacing inverter board A3P" on page 139.
- Check the inverter board "A3P" for burned components, replace inverter board, refer to "Replacing inverter board A3P" on page 139.
- 3. If any mechanical damage, replace inverter PCB, refer to "Replacing inverter board A3P" on page 139.

Electrical check

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Switch off the power supply of the unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Remove plate work when required (refer to "Basic removal" on page 102).
- 4. Open the compressor insulation, refer to "Removing the compressor jacket" on page 109.



WARNING: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

The smoothing capacitor must discharge below 10 VDC before removing the compressor wiring.

5. Measure the 500 VDC check point, refer to "Component checklist" on page 163 and wait until it drops below 10 VDC.



INFORMATION

Note the position of the cables on the compressor wire terminals to allow identical wiring during re-installation.

- 6. Disconnect the Faston connectors U, V and W from the compressor.
- 7. Using a multimeter in diode measurement, check the compressor inverter board as described in the illustration and table below.



Figure 2-3: Inverter board transistor/diode check



Prior to check, ensure no power Present on board



multimeter





	Diode check		-				Diode	check		-	
	D	CV	4	5	6		DCV re	ead out	Ø	8	9
	+	1	0.4	0.4	0.4	Power Module	+	3	0.L.	0.L.	0.L.
Diode Module		2	0.L.	0.L.	0.L.			2	0.4	0.4	0.4
Check	Diode	check		+		Check	Diode	check		+	
Method	D	CV	4	5	6 Method	wethod	DCV re	ead out	Ø	8	9
		1	0.L.	0.L.	0.L.		-	3	0.4	0.4	0.4
								_			

Table 2-2: Transistor/diode check of compressor inverter

O.L. = Open Loop (∞)

Check connectors reconnected to the compressor

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Switch off the power supply of the unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Remove plate work when required, refer to "Basic removal" on page 102.
- 4. Open the compressor insulation, refer to "Removing the compressor jacket" on page 109.
- 5. Remove the cover from the compressor terminal.



WARNING: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

The smoothing capacitor must discharge below 10 VDC before removing the compressor wiring.

6. Measure the 500 VDC check point, refer to "Component checklist" on page 163 and wait until it drops below 10 VDC.



INFORMATION

Note the position of the cables on the compressor wire terminals to allow identical wiring during re-installation.

7. Disconnect the compressor wires and connect the compressor wires to the Inverter Analyzer (SPP number 1368521).



8. Power the Daikin unit.



WARNING

Electrical shock hazard. Do not touch live wires.

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- 9. Activate the inverter test (refer to "Component checklist" on page 163).
- 10. Check that all LED's on the Inverter Analyzer are blinking 10 times/second; if not, replace the inverter board (refer to "Replacing inverter board A3P" on page 139).
- 11. Switch off the power supply of the unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 12. Wait a few minutes and confirm that the LED's on the Inverter Analyzer are off. 2 LED's will shortly light up & reduce brightness till the DC voltage is discharged.
- 13. Disconnect the Inverter Analyzer from the U V W wiring.

	CAUTION When wiring the compressor, observe U V W as indicated on the compressor.
	CAUTION When above described test on inverter board is correct, first check the compressor motor windings before operating the equipment (refer to "Compressor" on page 87):
	1. Check the correct resistance between U/V/W and
	2. No earth leakage (use a Megger minimum 500 VDC) between ground and each U/V/W (minimum 1 MOhm).
14. Reconned	ct the U V W leads to the compressor.



2.4.1.8. Main board A1P

Technical specification		Description		
The main board contains a high voltage circuit (230VAC) output to coils of solenoid valves, and a low voltage circuit for communication (16 VDC), energize relays & expansion valve coils (12 VDC) and processor (5 VDC).		The main PCB judges rotation direction of power supply (L1 & L3 to N), input of temperature and pressure, output to multiple components based on logic of processor.		
Location				
Piping diagram	Wiring diagram	Switch box	Component overview of unit	
See "Piping diagram" on page 161.	See "Wiring diagram" on page 159.	See "Switch box" on page 167. Main PCB A1P, item 4 in Figure 5-6 on page 167.	See "Component overview of unit" on page 162.	
Check procedure				
Mechanical check				

- 1. Check the main board "A1P" for cracks, replace main board "A1P", refer to "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141.
- 2. Check the main board "A1P" for burned components, replace main board "A1P", refer to "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141.
- 3. If any mechanical damage, replace main board "A1P", refer to "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141.

Electrical check

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Switch off the power supply to the unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Remove plate work when required, refer to "Basic removal" on page 102.
- 4. Switch on the power supply of the unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- Check if the HAP LED is blinking in regular intervals (1 time per second), if not blinking check if low DC voltage present, refer to "Component checklist" on page 163. If low DC voltage check OK, replace the main PCB board, refer to "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141.
- Measure the supply voltage to the main PCB board: there should be ± 230 V (230 VAC power supply check, refer to "Component overview of unit" on page 162).
- 7. If the voltage is not correct check main power supply. If present 400 V (L1-L2-L3) and 230 V (L1-N) go next step. If not, check noise filter "A2P" input and output voltage. If no output voltage, replace noise filter "A2P".
- 8. Check status of fuses on main board FU1 and FU2. If OK, go to step 10.
- 9. If fuses damaged, check status of varistors F1S & F2S. If any crack, overvoltage on power supply broke varistors and fuses. Replace main board "A1P"; refer to "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141.
- 10. Check presence 16 VDC at connector X37A on main board "A1P". If no voltage, replace main board "A1P"



2.4.1.9. Thermistors

Technical specification		Description		
 2 Types of thermistors are NTC type (negative temperature coefficient: Type-1 thermistor = Standard type of thermistor, is used for all thermistors, except "R12T" & "R13T". Type-2 thermistor = High temperature thermistor discharge pipe "R12T" & thermistor body "R13T". The resistance vs. temperature characteristics is shown in below table "Thermistor resistance / temperature characteristics (type 1 & 2)". 		The thermistors are used to measure the temperature at multiple locations inside the Daikin unit. The measured temperatures are processed by the main board. All thermistors are connected to the main board, except the "R1T" & "R2T" are connected to the auxil- iary board "A4P".		
Location				
Piping diagram	Wiring diagram	Switch box	Component overview of unit	
See "Piping diagram" on page 161. See "Wiring diagram" on page 159.		See "Switch box" on page 167. Main PCB A1P, item 4 in Figure 5-6 on page 167.	See "Component overview of unit" on page 162. Item 21 till 33 (R1T ~R13T) in Figure 5-4 on page 162.	
Check procedure				
Check with monitoring tool				

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Confirm unit stopped operation.
- 3. Wait for about 15 minutes before checking value of thermistors.
- 4. Compare deviation of read out (maximum 5% to ambient temperature).
- 5. If any thermistor read out shows "out of range", use the electric check method to judge if change of thermistor (resistance check fails) or main PCB (resistance check pass).
 - out of range if $< -47^{\circ}$ C or $> 108^{\circ}$ C.

Mechanical check

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Switch off the Daikin unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Locate the thermistor and check if thermal contact with the piping or ambient is ensured.

Electrical ch	neck
i	INFORMATION If a thermistor check fails, replace the thermistor.

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Switch off the power supply to unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Remove plate work when required, refer to "Basic removal" on page 102.



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- 4. Based on the error code (& sub-code) (see "Error code BS and outdoor" on page 28), select the thermistor that must be checked.
- 5. Measure the temperature of the thermistor using a contact thermometer.



WARNING: RISK OF FIRE

When reconnecting a connector to the PCB, do not apply force, as this may damage the connector or connector pins of the PCB.

- Unplug the connector from the appropriate board and measure the resistance between the pins listed in the error code table (see "Error code BS and outdoor" on page 28).
 - Compare the measured resistance compared to the tables below:
 - Type 1 thermistor, reference point at 20° C = $25k\Omega$ (& vice versa at 25° C = $20k\Omega$)
 - Type 2 thermistor reference point at 80°C = 25kΩ
- 7. If the measured resistance does not match the listed value, the thermistor must be replaced. If resistance value matches, replace main board "A1P" (refer to "Replacing main PCB A1P" on page 141).



INFORMATION

All thermistors have a tolerance of 5%.

E.g. R3T - main PCB - connector, see table "Component overview of unit" on page 162" - type 1

- Measured temperature with contact thermometer: 23.1°C.
- Unplug the sensor and measure the resistance, see table "Component overview of unit" on page 162.
- The resistance values are defined by below table "Thermistor resistance / temperature characteristics (type 2)":
 - Resistance at 23°C: 21.85 kΩ.
 - Resistance at 24°C: 20.90 kΩ.
- The measured value 21.86 kΩ is inside the range, thermistor R3T passes the check.

i

INFORMATION

The user interface allows to monitor most thermistors.

If the measured resistance of the thermistor matches the temperature measured with the contact thermometer but the temperature for the corresponding thermistor is not correct on the user interface display, replace applicable PCB.



Table 2-3: Thermistor resistance / temperature characteristics (type 1)

Sensor type 1			
T°C	kΩ		
-30	361.772		
-25	265.470		
-20	196.920		
-15	147.569		
-10	111.658		
-5	85.261		
0	65.671		
5	50.995		
10	39.915		
15	31.480		
20	25.006		
25	20.000		
30	16.101		
35	13.043		
40	10.628		
45	8.710		
50	7.176		
55	5.941		
60	4.944		
65	4.135		
70	3.476		
75	2.935		
80	2.489		
85	2.121		
90	1.814		
95	1.558		
100	1.343		
105	1.161		



Reference point thermistor





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Table 2-4: Thermistor resistance / temperature characteristics (type 2)

Sensor type 2				
T°C	kΩ			
-30	3257.371			
-25	2429.222			
-20	1827.883			
-15	1387.099			
-10	1061.098			
-5	817.933			
0	635.083			
5	496.571			
10	391.007			
15	309.951			
20	247.270			
25	198.467			
30	160.224			
35	130.070			
40	106.152			
45	87.073			
50	71.770			
55	59.474			
60	49.518			
65	41.417			
70	34.792			
75	29.350			
80	24.859			
85	21.136			
90	18.038			
95	15.449			
100	13.277			
105	11.440			
110	9.890			
115	8.579			
120	7.465			
125	6.516			
130	5.704			
135	5.007			
140	4.408			
145	3.891			
150	3.443			

Reference point thermistor



2.4.1.10. Compressor

Technical specification		Description		
Scroll compressor with medium pressure liquid injection.		The compressor sucks the refrigerant gas from the evaporator and discharges to the condenser.		
		The rotation speed is changed by the inverter board "A3P" in func- tion of offset to actual to target saturation temperature		
		in case of cooling: evaporation,in case of heating: condensation.		
Location				
Piping diagram	Wiring diagram	Switch box	Component overview of unit	
See "Piping diagram" on page 161.	See "Wiring diagram" on page 159.	See "Switch box" on page 167.	See "Component overview of unit" on page 162.	
		Item 6 in Figure 5-6 on page 167.	Item 1 in Figure 5-4 on page 162	
Check procedure				
Preliminary check				

- 1. Check if the Daikin unit is connected to earth.
- 2. Check if the stop valve is open.

Mechanical check

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Switch off the power supply to the unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Remove plate work when required, refer to "Basic removal" on page 102.
- 4. Open the compressor insulation, refer to "Removing the compressor jacket" on page 109.
- 5. Check if the condition of the compressor dampers and piping is correct.
- 6. Check the transport plate is slide away from the compressor.

Electrical check

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Switch off the power supply to the unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Remove plate work when required, refer to "Basic removal" on page 102.
- 4. Open the compressor insulation, refer to "Removing the compressor jacket" on page 109.
- 5. Remove U-V-W wires from compressor.
- Check the motor windings: U-V-W: ±0.474Ω (use meter equipped with "Wheatstone bridge" allow read out milli-Ω. If resistance is outside tolerance 5%, the compressor needs to be replaced.

Refer to Figure 2-4 on page 88 and Table 2-5 on page 88

7. Megger the compressor using 500 or 1000 VDC, the insulation must be higher than 3 M Ω . If insulation resistance is less than 3M Ω , the compressor needs to be replaced.



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8. Reconnect the U-V-W wires to the compressor.

Refer to Figure 2-4 on page 88



INFORMATION

Note the position of the cables on the compressor wire terminals to allow identical wiring during re-installation.

- 9. Close the cover of the motor windings compartment. Mount back the compressor insulation.
- 10. Switch on power supply to unit.
- 11. Switch on the unit from the user interface. When compressor operates,
 - Measure the U, V, W inverter voltages
 All voltages must be identical, if not, replace the inverter board "A3P" (refer to "Replacing inverter board A3P" on page 139).
 - Measure the current in each phase.
 The current for each phase should be identical (refer to "Product specific information" on page 163).
 If current is not balanced among the phases, it can be decided to preventively replace the compressor, refer to "Replacing compressor" on page 114.

Figure 2-4: Compressor motor checking method

Prior to check, ensure no power is present on board



Table 2-5: Resistance check compressor motor winding

Resistance check compressor motor winding (ohm +/- 5%)				
JT16KAVDKYR	U	V	W	
U		0,47	0,47	
V	0,47		0,47	
W	0,47	0,47		



2.4.1.11. Electronic expansion valve

Technical specification		Description		
The electronic expansion valve has a hermetically sealed body. The coil is slide onto the body. To lock or unlock, turn the coil ± 45degree. Main board outputs the required pulses to the related coil: Y1E (Main): 3000 pulses, Y2E (Sub-cool): 480 pulses, Y3E (Purge): 480 pulses.		 The electronic expansion valve is used: To control the flow of refrigerant. Depending on location, the trigger point is sub-cool or superheat. To stop the flow of refrigerant completely when closing (= 0 pulses). 		
Location				
Piping diagram	Wiring diagram	Switch box	Component overview of unit	
See "Piping diagram" on page 161.	See "Wiring diagram" on page 159.	See "Switch box" on page 167. Main PCB A1P, item 4 in Figure 5-6 on page 167.	See "Component overview of unit" on page 162. Item 18, 19 and 20 in Figure 5-4 on page 162.	
Check procedure				
Mechanical check				

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Switch off the Daikin unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Switch on the Daikin unit and listen to the expansion valve assembly. If the expansion valve body does not create a latching sound, continue with the electrical check.
- 4. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 5. Switch off the Daikin unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 6. Remove plate work when required (refer to "Basic removal" on page 102).
- 7. Remove the expansion valve coil from the expansion valve body.
- Slide the magnet (tool part N° 99S0038 for small type expansion valve, 999133T for large type expansion valve) over the expansion valve body and gently rotate the magnet to manually operate the expansion valve body clockwise (closing) and counterclockwise (opening).
- 9. If it is not possible to open the expansion valve body with the magnet, the expansion valve body is blocked and the expansion valve body must be replaced (refer to "Replacing expansion valve body" on page 121).

Electrical check

- 1. Switch off the Daikin unit via the user interface.
- 2. Switch off the Daikin unit with the field supplied circuit breaker.
- 3. Remove plate work when required (refer to "Basic removal" on page 102).
- 4. Check if the electrical connector of the expansion valve coil was correctly connected to the main board "A1P". If not, connect the electrical connector.



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- 5. Disconnect the electrical connector of the expansion valve coil and check the continuity between below pins using a multi meter. It should be ± the same value.
 - Connector pin 1-6: connected
 - Connector pin 2-6: connected
 - Connector pin 3-6: connected
 - Connector pin 4-6: connected



6. If one or more of the windings have no continuity, replace the expansion valve coil, "Replacing expansion valve coil" on page 122.

Plug no.	Coil no.	Wire color	
		480 pulses	3000 pulses
1	1	orange	white
2	2	red	yellow
3	3	yellow	orange
4	4	black	blue
6	com	grey	red
Resistance		46 Ω (±3 Ω)	150 Ω (±15 Ω)
Symbol	Color plug	Connector reference	Location (board)
Y1E	Black	X21A	A1P
Y2E	White	X22A	A1P
Y3E	Yellow	X25A	A1P

2.4.2. System

Not applicable.

2.4.3. Others

Not applicable.


2.5. Other capacity range

Not applicable.



