

SERVICE MANUAL

UTOPIA R32 SERIES R410A SERIES

MODELS

RAS-3HVRC2 RAS-(4-6)H(V)RC2E - RAS-(4-6)H(V)RP2E RAS-(4-6)H(V)NC2E - RAS-(4-6)H(V)NP2E



Cooling & Heating



HITACHI

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General Information

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1.1 General information

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1.1.1 Introduction

Hitachi UTOPIA Prime/ UTOPIA IVX Prime series is an outdoor unit series designed with the goal to cover the requirements of the split and multisplit systems, for installations where from one indoor unit (single system) to up to 4 indoor units, are connected to the same UTOPIA outdoor unit (depending on model).

UTOPIA series 2 consists in two different outdoor unit series: UTOPIA Prime and UTOPIA IVX Prime, which compliant with the Eco Design (ErP) and Energy Labelling (ELD) directives about seasonal energy performance:

- ErP 206/2012& ELD (626/2011) for models up to 12kW of Cooling capacity
- ErP 2016/2281 for models higher than 12kW of Cooling capacity

The Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio (SEER) in cooling and the Seasonal Coefficient of Performance (SCOP) in heating, show an approach values to the real energy consumption.

UTOPIA series incorporate the Hitachi inverter technology, which makes possible to adapt automatically and without the user operation the capacity of the unit, so the power input, to the real demand of the installation, increasing the system efficiency to unattainable levels with other technologies. All UTOPIA units are equipped with a heat pump, resulting in an air conditioning system valid for the whole year, in which the installation of additional and specific systems are not necessary.

UTOPIA series 2

Nominal capacity from 7 kW to 14 kW (cooling mode). Connectable indoor units up to 4 units (depending on model) and total combination power from 90% up to 115%, outdoor units from 4 to 6HP, or 90% up to 100% for 3HP outdoor units.

Indoor Units

One of the main merits of Hitachi units range is the combinability and flexibility of its indoor units SYSTEM FREE. This outstanding technology makes possible to use the same indoor units with both UTOPIA and SET FREE outdoor units, making easier the design, installation and control of the air conditioning installations.

1.2 Applied symbols

During normal air conditioning system design work or unit installation, greater attention must be paid in certain situations requiring particular care in order to avoid damage to the unit, the installation or the building or property.

Situations that jeopardise the safety of those in the surrounding area or that put the unit itself at risk will be clearly indicated in this manual.

A series of special symbols will be used to clearly identify these situations.

Pay close attention to these symbols and to the messages following them, as your safety and that of others depends on it.

- The text following this symbol contains information and instructions relating directly to your safety, in addition to hazards or unsafe practices which could result in severe personal injuries or death.
- Not taking these instructions into account could lead to serious, very serious or even fatal injuries to you and others in the
 proximities of the unit.

In the texts following the danger symbol you can also find information on safe procedures during unit installation.

- The text following this symbol contains information and instructions relating directly to your safety, in addition to hazards or unsafe practices which could result in minor personal injury or product or property damage
- · Not taking these instructions into account could lead to minor injuries to you and others in the proximities of the unit.
- Not taking these instructions into account could lead to unit damage.

In the texts following the caution symbol you can also find information on safe procedures during unit installation.

- The text following this symbol contains information or instructions that may be of use or that require a more thorough explanation.
- · Instructions regarding inspections to be made on unit parts or systems may also be included.

1.3 Norms and Regulations

Following Regulation EU N° 517/2014 on Certain Fluorinated Greenhouse gases, it is mandatory to fill in the label attached to the unit with the total amount of refrigerant charged on the installation.

Do not vent R32 into the atmosphere: R32 is fluorinated greenhouse gas covered by the Kyoto protocol global warming potential (GWP) R32 = 675.

Do not vent R410A into the atmosphere: R410A are fluorinated greenhouse gases covered by the Kyoto protocol global warming potential (GWP) R410A = 2088.

Tn of CO_2 equivalent of fluorinated greenhouse gases contained is calculated by indicated GWP * Total Charge (in kg) indicated in the product label and divided by 1000.

Appropriate refrigerant

The refrigerant used in each unit is identified on the specification label and manuals of the unit. Hitachi shall not be held liable for any failure, trouble, malfunction or accident caused by units illegally charged with refrigerants other than the specified one.

Consequences of charging non-specified refrigerant

It may cause mechanical failure, malfunction and other accidents.

It may cause operational failure of protection and safety devices of air conditioners.

It may also cause lubrication failure of the sliding part of the compressor due to deterioration of refrigerant oil.

In particular, hydrocarbon refrigerants (such as propane, R441A, R443A, GF-08, etc.) are not allowed, since these are combustible and may cause major accidents such as fire and explosion in case of improper handling.

Once a non-specified refrigerant has been charged, no further servicing (including draining of refrigerant) shall be performed, even in case of malfunction. Improper handling of refrigerant may be a cause of fire and explosion, and servicing in such cases may be considered an illegal act.

End clients and costumers shall be informed that servicing is not approved, and the installer who charged the nonspecified refrigerant shall be asked to fix the unit.

Hitachi will accept no responsibility for units that have been charged with non-specified refrigerant once.

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1.4 Product guide

1.4.1 Classification of outdoor unit models

Unit type (Outdoor unit): RAS										
	Posit	ition-separating hyphen (fixed)								
		Capa	acity (HP): 3, 4, 5,	: 3, 4, 5, 6					
			H = He	eat pump	t pump					
				V = Sing	/ = Single phase unit (1~ 230V 50Hz)					
				- = Thre	- = Three phase unit (3N~ 400V 50Hz)					
				R = R32 refrigerant N = R410A refrigerant						
					C: Simultaneous operation mode P: Individual operation mode					
							2 = ser	ies 2		
								E = Made in Europe - = Made in Japan		
RAS	-	X	н	(X)	X	X	2	(X)		

1.4.2 Classification of indoor unit models

Unit type (indoor unit): RCI, RCIM, RCD, RPC, RPI, RPK, RPF, RPFI

	Position-separating hyphen (fixed)								
		Capacity (HP): 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0, 8.0, 10.0, 16.0, 20.0							
		FS = SYSTEM FREE							
			R = R32 / R410A refrigerant N = R410A refrigerant						
					H = H	Hotel (I	RPK-(().4-1.5) only)	
						2/3/6	= seri	es	
							P= P	air	
								E = Made in Europe M = Made in Malaysia – = Made in Japan or China	
								(-f) = Non-flammable insulation (RPI-(8.0-20.0)FSN3(P)E-f only) (-EF) = Ducted indoor unit for econofresh assembly (RPI-(4.0-6.0)FSN6E-EF only)	
XXX	-	X.X	FS	(X)	(H)	X	(P)	(X) (X)	

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1.4.3 Product line-up: Outdoor units

UTOPIA Prime

☆ 業									
		R32	2			R410A			
1~ 230V 50Hz			3N~ 400V 50Hz		1~ 230V 50Hz		3N~ 400V 50Hz		
Unit	Code	Unit	Code	Unit	Code	Unit	Code	Unit	Code
RAS-3HVRC2	60289185								
		RAS-4HVRC2E	7E303034	RAS-4HRC2E	7E303134	RAS-4HVNC2E	7E305055	RAS-4HNC2E	7E305155
		RAS-5HVRC2E	7E303035	RAS-5HRC2E	7E303135	RAS-5HVNC2E	7E305056	RAS-5HNC2E	7E305156
		RAS-6HVRC2E	7E303036	RAS-6HRC2E	7E303136	RAS-6HVNC2E	7E305057	RAS-6HNC2E	7E305157

UTOPIA IVX Prime

**								
	R	32			R410A			
1~ 230V 50Hz 3N~ 400V 50Hz				1~ 230V	1~ 230V 50Hz 3N~ 400V 50Hz			
Unit	Code	Unit	Code	Unit	Code	Unit	Code	
RAS-4HVRP2E	7E303234	RAS-4HRP2E	7E303334	RAS-4HVNP2E	7E305255	RAS-4HNP2E	7E305355	
RAS-5HVRP2E	7E303235	RAS-5HRP2E	7E303335	RAS-5HVNP2E	7E305256	RAS-5HNP2E	7E305356	
RAS-6HVRP2E	7E303236	RAS-6HRP2E	7E303336	RAS-6HVNP2E	7E305257	RAS-6HNP2E	7E305357	

1.4.4 Outdoor unit accessory code list

Name	OU Reference	Description	Code	Figure	
DBS-12L	RAS-3HVRC2	Drain discharge connection	60291491	1 0	
DBS-26	RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E	Drain discharge connection	60299192	0	
AG-264	RAS-3HVRC2	Air flow guide	60209100		
AG-335A	RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E	Air flow guide	60291431		
WSP-264	RAS-3HVRC2	Wind guard	60291831		
WSP-335A	RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E	Wind guard	60291432		
	Snow	protection hood			
Name	OU Reference	Description	Code	Figure	
	ZINC PLA	TE	·		
ASG-SP10FTB (Half)			60292336	-	
ASG-SP11FTB (Full)	RAS-3HVRC2		60292339		
ASG-NP335F1 (Half)		Air outlet	60291771		
ASG-SP11FB (Full)	RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E		60291781		
ASG-SP10BTB	RAS-3HVRC2		60292337		
ASG-SP10BE	RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E	Air met of rear side	60291938		
ASG-SP10LTB	RAS-3HVRC2		60292338		
ASG-SP10LE	RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E	Air inlet of left side	60291939		
	STAINLESS I	PLATE			
ASG-SP10FTBS (Half)			60292352		
ASG-SP11FTBS (Full)	RAS-3HVRC2		60292355		
ASG-NP335FS4 (Half)		Air outlet	60291940	E	
ASG-SP2 (Full)	RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E		60291947	-	
ASG-SP10BTBS (Half)	RAS-3HVRC2		60292353		
ASG-SP10BES2	RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E	Air inlet of rear side	60291943		
ASG-SP10LTBS (Half)	RAS-3HVRC2		60292354		
ASG-SP10LES2	RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E	Air inlet of left side	60291944		
	D	rain Heater			
	RAS-3HVRC2	-	60292335	-	

i NOTE

Hitachi has a range of accessories and remote control systems that can be used with the UTOPIA Prime and UTOPIA IVX Prime series outdoor units. Please, refer to the Controls Technical Catalogue.

1.4.5 Product line-up: indoor units

i NOTE

- The indoor unit models and codes are the last updated at time of publication; other previous models and coming developments could be available for combination with the outdoor unit series.
- Check the exact classification for each unit (model, type, power and series) in "1.4.1 Classification of outdoor unit models".

RCI and RCIM indoor units

RCI (R32 / R	8410A)	RCIM (R32 / R410A)		
	*	*		
		-		
4-way case	sette	4-way casse	tte (compact)	
Unit	Code	Unit	Code	
		RCIM-0.4FSRE (*1)	7E414148	
		RCIM-0.6FSRE (*2)	7E414137	
		RCIM-0.8FSRE	7E414100	
RCI-1.0FSR	70405301	RCIM-1.0FSRE	7E414101	
RCI-1.5FSR	70405302	RCIM-1.5FSRE	7E414102	
RCI-2.0FSR	70405303	RCIM-2.0FSRE	7E414103	
RCI-2.5FSR	70405304	RCIM-2.5FSRE	7E414104	
RCI-3.0FSR	70405305			
RCI-4.0FSR	70405307			
RCI-5.0FSR	70405308			
RCI-6.0FSR	70405309			
Panel		Panel		
P-N23NA2 (without Motion Sensor)	70532000	P-AP56NAM (without Motion Sensor)	70533000	
P-AP160KA3 (Standard panel without Motion Sensor, black)	60279337	P-AP56NAMS (Motion Sensor embedded)	70533100	
P-GP160NAP (Iconic panel, white)	60297331	P-AP56NAMR (Receiver kit embedded)	70533500	
P-GP160KAP (Iconic panel, black)	60297334			
P-GP160NAPU (Iconic panel, with elevating grille)	60297339			

i NOTE

- The RCI and RCIM models must be used in combination with the indicated panels.
- (*1): Follow the detailed information about the combinability and restrictions for 0.4 HP Indoor Units, which can only be used in combination with current SET FREE Mini (RAS-(4-6)FS(V)NME, RAS-(8-12)FSXNME) and SET FREE (RAS-FSXNSE, RAS-FSXNPE).
- (*2): 0.6 HP Indoor Units can only be used in combination with SET FREE Mini (RAS-(4-6)FS(V)NME, RAS-(8-12)FSXNME) and SET FREE (RAS-FSXNSE, RAS-FSXNPE).

RCD and RPC indoor units

	RCD (R3	2 / R410A)	RPC (R32	2 / R410A)	
	2-way	cassette		Ceilin	g type
Unit	Code	Unit	Code	Unit	Code
RCD-0.8FSR (*)	60279168				
RCD-1.0FSR (*)	60279169				
RCD-1.5FSR (*)	60279170			RPC-1.5FSR	60279267
RCD-2.0FSR (*)	60279171			RPC-2.0FSR	60279268
RCD-2.5FSR (*)	60279172			RPC-2.5FSR	60279269
RCD-3.0FSR (*)	60279173			RPC-3.0FSR	60279270
		RCD-4.0FSR (*)	60279174	RPC-4.0FSR	60279271
		RCD-5.0FSR (*)	60279175	RPC-5.0FSR	60279272
RCD-6.0FSR (*) 602				RPC-6.0FSR	60279273
Pane	I	Panel			
P-AP90DNA	60297319	P-AP160DNA	60297320		

i NOTE

- The RCD models must be used in combination with the indicated panels.
- (*): 1 indoor unit combinations with UTOPIA series not allowed.

Product guide

♦ RPI indoor units

DUCTED INDOOR UNIT (R32 / R410A)							
	** **						
RPIL-I	FSRE	RPI-F	SRE	RPIH	FSRE		
Unit	Code						
RPIL-0.4FSRE(*1)	7E426048						
RPIL-0.6FSRE (*2)	7E426037						
RPIL-0.8FSRE	7E426013						
RPIL-1.0FSRE	7E426014						
RPIL-1.5FSRE	7E426002	RPI-1.5FSRE	7E426015				
		RPI-2.0FSRE	7E426016				
		RPI-2.5FSRE	7E426017				
		RPI-3.0FSRE	7E426018				
		RPI-4.0FSRE	7E426020	RPIH-4.0FSRE	7E426007		
		RPI-5.0FSRE	7E426021	RPIH-5.0FSRE	7E426008		
		RPI-6.0FSRE	7E426022	RPIH-6.0FSRE	7E426009		

i NOTE

- (*1): Follow the detailed information about the combinability and restrictions for 0.4 HP Indoor Units, which can only be used in combination with current SET FREE RAS-FSXNSE, RAS-FSXNPE and SIDE FLOW RAS-FS(X)NME.
- (*2) 0.6 HP Indoor Units can only be used in combination with SET FREE RAS-FSXNSE and RAS-FSXNPE series and SIDE FLOW RAS-FS(X)NME.

DUCTED INDOOR UNIT for ECONOFRESH ASSEMBLY (R410A)					
₩ *					
Unit	Code				
RPI-4.0FSN6E-EF	7E426027				
RPI-5.0FSN6E-EF 7E426028					
RPI-6.0FSN6E-EF	7E426029				

RPK, RPF and RPFI indoor units

RPK (R32 /	R410A)	RPF (R	410A)	RPFI (R410A)	
		*	*		
	1 ~.				
Wall ty	rpe	Floor	type	Floor conce	ealed type
Unit	Code	Unit	Code	Unit	Code
RPK-0.4FSRM (*1)	60279204				
RPK-0.4FSRHM (*1)	60279221				
RPK-0.6FSRM (*2)	60279205				
RPK-0.6FSRHM (*2)	60279222				
RPK-0.8FSRM	60279206				
RPK-0.8FSRHM	60279223				
RPK-1.0FSRM	60279207				
RPK-1.0FSRHM	60279224	RPF-1.0FSN2E	7E450001	RPFI-1.0FSN2E	7E460001
RPK-1.5FSRM	60279208				
RPK-1.5FSRHM	60279225	RPF-1.5FSN2E	7E450002	RPFI-1.5FSN2E	7E460002
RPK-2.0FSRM	60279209	RPF-2.0FSN2E (*3)	7E450003	RPFI-2.0FSN2E (*3)	7E460003
RPK-2.5FSRM	60279210	RPF-2.5FSN2E (*3)	7E450004	RPFI-2.5FSN2E (*3)	7E460004
RPK-3.0FSRM	60279211				
RPK-4.0FSRM 60279212					
Expansion va	lve kit (*4)				
EV-1.5N1 (*4) 60921792					

i note

- (*1): Follow the detailed information about the combinability and restrictions for 0.4 HP Indoor Units, which can only be used in combination with current SET FREE Mini (RAS-(4-6)FS(V)NME, RAS-(8-12)FSXNME) and SET FREE (RAS-FSXNSE, RAS-FSXNPE).
- (*2): 0.6 HP Indoor Units can only be used in combination with SET FREE Mini (RAS-(4-6)FS(V)NME, RAS-(8-12)FSXNME) and SET FREE (RAS-FSXNSE, RAS-FSXNPE).
- (*3) 1 indoor unit combinations with UTOPIA Prime / UTOPIA IVX Prime and UTOPIA IVX Standard / Premium series not allowed.
- (*4) For RPK-(0.4-1.5)FSRHM models only.

1.4.6 Product line-up: KPI energy recovery unit

KPI					
Energy	recovery	Active (Energy Recovery+ R410A DX section)			
Unit	Code	Unit	Code		
KPI-252E4E	70603000				
KPI-502E4E	70603001	KPI-502X4E	70603201		
KPI-802E4E	70603002	KPI-802X4E	70603202		
KPI-1002E4E	70603003	KPI-1002X4E	70603203		
KPI-1502E4E	70603004				
KPI-2002E4E	70603005				

1.4.7 Product line-up: DX-Interface

DX-Interface (R410A)					
	Unit	Code			
-	EXV-2.0E2	7E611000			
HITACHI	EXV-2.5E2	7E611001			
Control box	EXV-3.0E2	7E611002			
	EXV-4.0E2	7E611003			
	EXV-5.0E2	7E611004			
	EXV-6.0E2	7E611005			
	EXV-8.0E2	7E611006			
Expansion valve box	EXV-10.0E2	7E611007			

1.4.8 Product line-up: Econofresh

Econofresh (R410A)					
Unit Code					
EF-456N1E	7E560001				

i NOTE

The EF-456N1E unit can only be installed in combination with the following units:

- RPI-4.0FSN6E-EF (7E426027)
- RPI-5.0FSN6E-EF (7E426028)
- RPI-6.0FSN6E-EF (7E426029)

1.4.9 Multi-Kits

Name	Description	Code	Figure
E-102SN4	Branch Dina	70524201	
E-162SN4	Branch Pipe	70524202	
MH-84AN1	Header Branch	70522009	

1.4.10 Individual remote controls

Name	Description	Code	Figure
PC-ARFP1E	Remote control with timer	70510003	
PC-ARH1E	Simplified remote control	70510004	
PC-AWR	Wireless remote control	60291969	

1

Receiver kit name	Indoor unit application Compatible wireless remo		Code	Figure
		on the panel		
PC-ALH3	RCI-FSR	PC-AWR	60291767	
PC-ALHC1	PC-ALHC1 RCIM-FSRE PC-AWR			
PC-ALHD1	RCD-FSR	PC-AWR	60292053	
PC-ALHP1 RPC-FSR PC-AWR		60291823		
		on the wall		
PC-ALHZ1	RPI(L/H)-FSRE(-EF) RPI-FSN(3/6)(P)E(-f) RPF(I)-FSN2E RCI-FSR RCIM-FSRE RCD-FSR RPK-FSR(H)M RPC-FSR	PC-AWR	60292245	

1.4.11 Receiver kit for combination with wireless remote control switch

1.4.12 Centralised remote controls

Name	Description	Code	Figure
PSC-A64GT	Touch screen central station	60291730	HERCH
PSC-A32MN	Touch screen central station mini	60291966	HENDER T
PSC-A64S	Centralised remote control	60291479	
PSC-A16RS	Centralised ON/OFF control	60291484	

1.4.13 Building air conditioning controls

Name	Description	Code	Figure
CSNET Manager 2 T10	Centralised control with a touch interface of 10 inches which runs CSNET Manager 2 software to control the indoor units.	7E512203	
CSNET Manager 2 T15	Centralised control with a touch interface of 15 inches which runs CSNET Manager 2 software to control the indoor units.	7E512206	
CSNET Manager 2 SL	Centralised control interface screen-less which runs CSNET Manager 2 software to control the indoor units.	7E512204	and and a second as
CSNET Lite	Centralised control which runs CSNET Lite software to control the indoor units in a small installations.	7E512205	
HC-A64NET	H-LINK gateway used by CSNET Manager Screens to communicate with indoor units (Max. 64 indoor units)	7E512200	
HC-IOTGW	N airCloud PRO Gateway		нажен

1.4.14 Gateways for building management systems (BMS)

Name	Description	Code	Figure
HC-A16MB	Integration with installation with intelligent control (Building Management System) Gateway Interface to MODBUS systems (Max. 16 indoor units).	7E513210	
HC-A64MB	Integration with installation with intelligent control (Building Management System) Gateway Interface to MODBUS systems (Max. 64 indoor units).	7E513205	BUIR
KNX001	Integration with installations with intelligent control (BMS) through CSNET WEB. Gateway Interface to KNX systems.		A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE
HI-AC-KNX-16	Integration with installations with intelligent control (BMS) through CSNET Manager 2 and CSNET Lite. Gateway Interface to KNX systems.	70513303	
HI-AC-KNX-64	Integration with installations with intelligent control (BMS) through CSNET Manager 2 and CSNET Lite. Gateway Interface to KNX systems.	70513304	
HARC-BX E (A)	Integration with installation with intelligent control (Building Management System) Gateway Interface to LONWORKS systems. (H-LINK I communication) (Max. 64 units with 8 parameters)	60290874	
HARC-BX E (B)	Integration with installation with intelligent control (Building Management System) Gateway Interface to LONWORKS systems. (H-LINK I communication) (Max. 32 units with 16 parameters)	60290875	
HI-AC-BAC-16	BACnet gateway connectable to HC-A16MB	70513100	
HI-AC-BAC-64	BACnet gateway connectable to HC-A64MB	70513101	

1.4.15 Control support devices

Name	Description	Code	Figure
PSC-A1T	Programmable timer	60291482	
PSC-6RAD	H-LINK RAC Adapter	60063017	
PC-A1IO	Integration of external equipment into H-LINK	7E519000	
PSC-5HR	H-LINK Relay	60291105	
THM-R2AE	Remote temperature sensor (THM4)	7E299907	.9

1.4.16 Control accessories

Name	Description	Code	Figure
Wall support 2	Wall mounted support (for both CSNET Manager 2 T10 / T15)	7E512302	
Stand support	Stand mounted support (for both CSNET Manager 2 T10 / T15)	7E512301	
Din rail	Standard din rail for CSNET Lite	7E512303	
PCC-1A	Optional function connector	70590901	
PRC-10E1	2P-Extension cord (10 metres)	7E790211	
PRC-15E1	2P-Extension cord (15 metres)	7E790212	
PRC-20E1	2P-Extension cord (20 metres)	7E790213	
PRC-30E1	2P-Extension cord (30 metres)	7E790214	
Net Configuration Kit	Net configuration kit for HC-A(8/64)MB and HC-A64NET	7E512306	

2

2. Optional parts and installation

Index

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A-A 92 18 68,

2.1 Optional parts and installation for RAS-3HVRC2

\blacklozenge Air flow guide wind guard and snow protection hood

Optional parts			Model			
Air flow guide			AG-264	1 2		
Wind guard			WSP-264			
		Air outlot	ASG-SP10FTB (Half)			
	Zine Diete	Air outlet	ASG-SP11FTB (Full)			
	Zinc Plate	Air inlet of rear side	ASG-SP10BTB			
		Air inlet of side face	ASG-SP10LTB			
	Stainless plate (NSSC180)		ASG-SP10FTBS (Half)	3		
Snow protection		Air outlet	AASG-SP11FTBS (Full)			
nooa		Air inlet of rear side	ASG-SP10BTBS	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		
		Air inlet of side face	ASG-SP10LTBS (Half)	 Air flow guide Wind Guard Snow protection hood 		
Drain Heater	·		DH-SP63A			

2.1.1 Air flow guide AG-264

Specifications

Air discharge direction		direction	Upward (downward) left and right						
Material			Weather proof polypropylene resin		547		-1		
Color			Gray (Mussel code:1.0Y8.5/0.5)					1	3(
Weight			1.7 kg	IT	t	•	+	ΗA 1	7
		Fixing screw	4 x [M5 (SUS) x 12] + 4 x [M5 (SUS) x 30]						
	Accessories	Self-screw	Self-screw 2x [M4 x 13]	547	0				
			Installation manual		ω Ω		1		
	Installation re	striction	"Wind Guard" or "Snow protection hood" is not available to install with air flow guide. ("Guard net" is available to be installed together.)			•		A A	

Air flow guide installation

- Open the holes for the attachment of the airflow guide with a M4x13 self-tapping screw at the designated locations.
- Attach the air flow guide to the air discharge grille with the supplied M5x12 SUS screws for fixing the airflow guide.
- Do not remove the air discharge grille for air flow guide installation.

If the air guide is installed without discharge grille it may cause injury due to rotating fan.

♦ Service space

- In case of right and left sides air discharge enough space for air discharge is required.
- The downward air discharge is also available. In such case install the base under the unit to secure enough space for air discharge.
- In case of serial units installation air discharge should be upward.





2.1.2 Wind guard WSP-264

Specifications

Material		Galvanized sheet metal + baked painting	p i di
Color		UTOPIA Beige (Mussel code: 2.5Y8/2)	
Weight		4.0 kg	
Accession	Unit fixing screw	4 x [M5 (SUS) x 30]	568 500 178
Accessories	Wind guard fixing screw	10 x [M5 (SUS) x 12]	
		Installation manual	
Installation re	estriction	"Guard net" "Air flow guide" or "Snow protection hood" is not available to install with Wind guard	252
		1 4-6x10 Long Hole	
		2 5 (Both Sides) - M5 Screw (attachement)	

Installation

- 1 Attach the air flow guide to the air discharge grille with four (4) screws (supplied).
- 2 The fixing holes are located at 4 positions on the grille. (Screw tightening torque 2.4 3.1 N·m)
- 3 Do not remove the air discharge grille for air flow guide installation.

If the air guide is installed without discharge grille it may cause injury due to rotating fan.

One wind guard cover installation



• Service space (In case of upward air discharge)

- In case of right and left sides air discharge enough space for air discharge is required.
- The downward air discharge is also available. In such case install the base under the unit to secure enough space for air discharge.
- In case of serial units installation air discharge should be upward.



2.1.3 Snow protection hood

2.1.3.1 Air discharge hood

Product name		ASG-SP10FTB (Half) (1) ASG-SP11FTB (Full) (2)	ASG-SP10FTBS (Half) (1) ASG-SP11FTBS (Full) (2)			
Material		Bonderized steel sheet	Stainless (NSSC 180)			
Color		Gray (1.0Y8.5/0.5)	_			
Weight		(1) 1.9 kg (2) 4.3 kg	(1) 1.9 kg			
Assembling		Assembly on site				
Com	ponents					
Hood		For air discharge part x1				
	Fixing screw	(1) 7 x [M5x12] (2) 16 x [M5x12]	6 x [M5x12] (2) 16 x [M5x12]			
	Hood fixing screw (SUS)	5 x [M5x16]	8 x [M5x14]			
	Self-screw	2 x [M4x13]				
Insta	llation restriction	Installation with "Air flow guide" or "Wind guard" is not available.				
Safe	ty wire rope	ASG-SW20A (for overturning prevention (optional parts))				
		(1) Half type				
		$ \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 480 \\ (455) \\ \hline 0 \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline 0 \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline 0 \\ \hline \hline$				
N°	Name of parts	Half type	Full type			
		Quantity	Quantity			
1	Right plate	1	1			
2	Left plate	1	1			
3	Front plate	1	-			
4	Fixing support Hole	4	4 1			
5	Front plate (Upside)	-				
6	Front plate (Downside) -		1 2 15			
7 Hole (safety wire rope)8 Assembling screw		2				
		6				
9	Fixing plate	-	1			

2

2.1.3.2 Rear suction hood

Product name	ASG-SP10BTB	ASG-SP10BTBS			
Material	Bonderized steel sheet	Stainless (NSSC 180)			
Color	Gray (1.0Y8.5/0.5)				
Weight	3.9 kg	3.9 kg			
Assembling	Assembly on site				
Components					
Hood	For rear side air intake x 1 (Upper side x 1 lower side x 1)				
Fixing screw	4 x [M5x12]				
Hood fixing screw (SUS)	10 x [M5x12]	12 x [M5x14]			
Self-screw	2 x (M4x13)				
Installation restriction	Installation with "Guard net" is not available				
Safety wire rope	ASG-SW20A (for overturning prevention (optional parts))				
	718 (698) (698) (698) (698) (698) (7 229 (3) (698) (698) (7 229) (7 29				
N°	Name of parts	Quantity			
1	Right side plate	1			
2	Left side plate	1			
3	Upper front panel (Upside)	1			
4	Upper front panel (Downside)	1			
5	Fixing screw (Accessories)	1			
6	Hole for safety wire rope to prevent overturning	10			
7	Surface plate (Middle)	1			

2.1.3.3 Left suction hood

	Product name	ASG-SP10LTB	ASG-SP10LTBS		
Material		Bonderized steel sheet	Stainless (NSSC 180)		
Color		Gray (1.0Y8.5/0.5)	—		
Weight		2.5 kg	2.5 kg		
Ass	sembling	Assembly on site			
Cor	nponents				
	Hood	For left side air intake x 1			
Fixing screw		6 [M5x12]			
	Hood fixing screw (SUS)	6 x [M5x12]	8 x [M5x14]		
	Self-screw	2 (M-	4x13)		
Inst	allation restriction	Installation with "Guard net" is not available			
Safety wire rope		ASG-SW20A (for overturning prevention (optional parts))			
N° 1 2 3 4 5 6		Name of parts			
		Right plate			
		Left plate			
		Upper front panel (Upside)			
		Upper front panel (Downside)			
		Fixing screw (accessory)			
		-			

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2.1.3.4 Assembly of snow protection hood

- A. Rear side
- B. Left side
- C Front side
- 1 Fixing screw
- 2 Air inlet hood
- 3 Wire rope (optional for over turning protection)
- 4 Air discharge hood
- 5 Outdoor unit
- a > Maximum snowfall height



i NOTE

The holes locations marked with a mark shall be made by using self screw (M4x13) and later shall be used SUS Screw for fixing protection hood.

2.2 Optional parts and installation RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E

\blacklozenge Air flow guide wind guard and snow protection hood

Optional parts		Model		
Air flow guide		AG-335A	1	
Wind guard		WSP-335A		
	Zinc plate	Air outlet	ASG-NP335F1 (Half)	
			ASG-SP11FB (Full)	
		Air inlet of rear side	ASG-SP10BE	
		Air inlet of side face	ASG-SP10LE	
	Stainless plate (SUS304)	Air outlet	ASG-NP335FS4 (Half)	3
Snow protection			ASG-SP11FBS2	
nood		Air inlet of rear side	ASG-SP10BES2	
		Air inlet of side face	ASG-SP10LES2	 Air flow guide Wind Guard Snow protection hood
Drain Heater		DH-SP280A		

2.2.1 Air flow guide AG-335A

Specifications

Air discharge direction		Upward (downward) left and right		620	A
Material		Weather proof polypropylene resin			30
Color		Natural gray			
Weight		1.9 kg			ľ
Accessories	Fixing screw	4 x [M5 (SUS) x 20])
		Installation manual	620 560		R
Installation restriction		"Wind guard" or "Snow protection hood" is not available to install with air flow guide.			

Installation

- 1 To attach the air flow guide, remove the 4 fixing screws at corner of resin air outlet grille. Then, attach the air flow guide by 4 screws (accessory). (Tightening torque: 2.4 - 3.1 N·m)
- 2 When the air flow guide is attached, do not remove the air outlet grille. (If it is removed, there is danger of touching fan rotating parts.)

i NOTE

Air flow direction of both air flow guides should be the same.

• One air flow installation


• Service space (In case of upward air discharge)

- In case of right and left sides air discharge enough space for air discharge is required.
- The downward air discharge is also available. In such case install the base under the unit to secure enough space for air discharge.
- In case of serial units installation air discharge should be upward.

8 kg

Gray (1.0Y8.5/0.5)

4 x [M5 (SUS) x 12] Installation manual

2.2.2 Wind guard WSP-335A

Fixing screw

♦ Specifications

Material

Color

Weight

Accessories

 ///////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////	. <u> </u>
+ +	ŧ	Min.200 mm



Installation

Installation restriction

1 Remove the 4 fixing screws at corner of resin air outlet grille to attach the air flow guide.

Galvanized sheet metal + baked painting

"Guard net" "Air flow guide" or "Snow protection

hood" is not available to install with Wind guard

- 2 Attach the air flow guide by 4 screws (accessory). (Tightening Torque: 2.4 3.1 N·m).
- 3 Do not remove the air discharge grille for air flow guide installation.

A CAUTION

If the air guide is installed without discharge grille it may cause injury due to rotating fan.

One wind guard cover installation



Service space

- · Both sides of the outdoor unit should be open.
- No obstacles should be placed in the air discharge side.



2.2.3 Snow protection hood

2.2.3.1 Air discharge hood

	Product name ASG-NP335F1 (Half) (1) ASG-SP11FB (Full) (2)		ASG-NP335FS4 (Half)(1) ASG-SP11FBS2 (Full) (2)		
Material		Bonderized steel sheet	Stainless (NSSC 180)		
Colo	r	Gray (1.0Y8.5/0.5)	—		
Wei	ght	(1) 3 kg (2) 8 kg	(1) 3 kg (2) 8 kg		
Ass	embling	Assembly on site			
Con	ponents				
	Hood	For air disch	narge part x1		
	Fixing screw	(1)(2) 6	x [M5x12]		
	Hood fixing screw (SUS)	6 x [M5x12]	8 x [M5x14]		
	Self-screw	2 x [M	14x13]		
Insta	allation restriction	Installation with "Air flow guide"	or "Wind guard" is not available.		
Safe	ety wire rope	ASG-SW20A (for overturning	g prevention (optional parts))		
10		(1) Half type 590 (500) 246 $7^{\phi8}$ $4^{\chi\phi7}$ (500) (2) Full type 590 (520) $4^{\chi\phi7}$ (520)			
N°	Name of parts	Haif type	Full type		
1	Right plate	quantity	quantity		
2	l eft plate	1	1		
2	Front plate	1	-		
4	Fixing support Hole	4			
5	Front plate (Upside)	-	1		
6	Front plate (Downside)	-	1		
7	Hole (safety wire rope)	1	1		
8	Assembling screw	1	1		
9	Fixing plate	-	1		
	· · ··································		I		

2.2.3.2 Rear suction hood

Product name	ASG-SP10BE	ASG-SP10BES2	
Material	Bonderized steel sheet	Stainless (NSSC 180)	
Color	Gray (1.0Y8.5/0.5)	_	
Weight	11 kg	11 kg	
Assembling	Assembl	ly on site	
Components			
Hood	For rear side (Upper side x 1	air intake x 1 lower side x 1)	
Fixing screw	9 x [N	I5x12]	
Hood fixing screw (SUS)	14 x [M5x12]	16 x [M5x14]	
Self-screw		-	
Installation restriction	Installation with "Guar	rd net" is not available	
Safety wire rope	ASG-SW20A (for overturning	g prevention (optional parts))	
N°	Name of parts	Quantity	
1	Right side plate	1	
2	Left side plate	1	
3	Upper front panel (Upside)	1	
4	Upper front panel (Downside)	1	
5	Fixing screw (Accessories)	1	
6	Hole for safety wire rope to prevent overturning	10	
7	Surface plate (Middle)	1	

2

2.2.3.3 Left suction hood

Product name	ASG-SP10LE	ASG-SP10LES2		
Material	Bonderized steel sheet	Stainless (NSSC 180)		
Color	Gray (1.0Y8.5/0.5)			
Weight	6.5 kg	6.5 kg		
Assembling	Assembl	ly on site		
Components				
Hood	For left side	air intake x 1		
Fixing screw	10 × [N	M5x12]		
Hood fixing screw (SUS)	12 x [M5x12]	14 x [M5x14]		
Self-screw	Installatio	on manual		
Installation restriction	Installation with "Guar	rd net" is not available		
Safety wire rope	ASG-SW20A (for overturning prevention (optional parts))			
		(Q2E) (Q2E)		
N°	Name of parts			
1	Right plate			
2	Left plate			
3	Front plate (upper)			
4 Front plate (lower)				
5	Assembling screw (accesory)			
6	Fixing screw (accesory)			

/

2.2.3.4 Assembly of snow protection hood

- A. Rear side
- B. Left side
- C Front side
- 1 Fixing screw
- 2 Rear suction hood
- 3 Wire rope (optional for over turning protection)
- 4 Air discharge grille
- 5 Left suction hood
- 6 Air discharge hood
- 7 Outdoor unit
- a > Maximum snowfall height



i NOTE

The holes locations marked with a mark shall be made by using self screw (M4X13) and later shall be used SUS Screw for fixing protection hood.

3.

Piping work and refrigerant charge

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3.1 General notes before performing pipe work

3.1.1 Piping Materials

1 In order to avoid supply problems in terms of local regulations and quality, prepare locally-supplied copper pipes.

i ΝΟΤΕ

In case of using copper pipes for piping sections bigger than Ø19.05 mm (3/4 inches), flaring work cannot be performed. If necessary, use a joint adapter.

- 2 Select the piping size with the correct thickness and correct material able to withstand sufficient pressure.
- 3 Select clean copper pipes. Make sure there is no dust and moisture inside. Blow the inside of the pipes through with oxygen-free nitrogen to remove any dust and foreign materials before connecting pipes.
- 4 After connecting the refrigerant piping, seal the open space between the knockout hole and refrigerant pipes by using insulation material as shown below:
- A. Insulator material.
- B. Field-supplied refrigeration pipe.

- Do not use saws, grindstones or other tools which cause copper powder.
- When cutting pipes, secure the part for brazing in accordance with both national and local regulations.
- Use security glasses and gloves for cutting or welding works.



Piping Connection

Fix the connecting pipe as shown in the following figure using the insulation attached to the Indoor Unit.

- A. Use the flare nut of the indoor unit.
- B. Insulate this part with the attached insulation.
- C. Fix this part with the attached cord band or with tape.
- D. Field-supplied refrigerant piping.
- E. Field-supplied insulation.
- F. Brazing.

G. Make flares after attaching flare nut to the connecting pipe in the Multi-kit package.

H. Insulation attached to indoor unit.

I. Indoor unit.

i NOTE

- A system with no moisture or oil contamination will give maximum performance and lifecycle compared to a poorly prepared system. Take particular care to ensure that all copper piping is clean and dry internally.
- To ensure this, blow oxygen-free nitrogen through the pipes.



- Cap the end of the pipe when pipe is to be inserted through a wall hole.
- Do not put pipes on the ground directly without a cap or vinyl tape at the end of the pipe.



- If piping installation is not completed until next day or over a longer period of time, braze off the ends of the piping and charge with
 oxygen free nitrogen through a Schrader valve type access fitting to prevent moisture and particle contamination.
- Do not use insulation material that contains NH3, as it can damage copper pipe material and become a source of future leakage.
- Insulate the unions and flare-nuts at the piping connection part completely.
- Completely insulate both refrigerant gas and liquid piping between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit to avoid a decrease of performance; if not, dew will occur on the piping surface.
- Refrigerant circuit and Water circuit must be performed and inspected by a licensed technician and must comply with all relevant European and national regulations.

Insulation

Attach the pipe insulation to each branch using vinyl tape. Attach also insulation to field supplied pipes in order to prevent the capacity decrease according to the ambient air conditions and dewing on the low pressure pipe surface.

1. Cap.

2. Field supplied insulation.

3. Do not make a gap.

When polyethylene foam is applied, it is recommended the usage of a wall thickness of 10 mm for the liquid piping and 15 mm to 20 m for the gas piping.

- Perform the insulation work after the pipe surface temperature decreases to the room temperature, if not the insulation material may melt.
- If the ends of the piping system are open after ending the piping work, attach caps or vinyl bags securely to the ends of the piping, avoiding moisture and dust entering.

3.1.2 Three principles on refrigerant piping work

In order to avoid oxidation, pay much careful attention to basic piping work control to avoid infiltration of moisture or dust during the refrigerant piping work.

Three principles	Cause of failure	Presumable failure	Preventive action
1. Dry Keep good dryness	 Water infiltration due to insufficient protection at pipe ends Dewing inside of pipes Insufficient vacuum pumping time 	Icing inside tube at expansion valve (Water choking) + Generation of hydration and oxidation of oil ↓ Clogged strainer, etc., insulation failure and compressor failure	Pipe protection 1 Pinching 2 Taping ↓ Flushing ↓ Vacuum Drying One gram of water turns into gas (approx. 1000 Irs) at 1 Torn Therefore, it takes long time to vacuum-pump by a small vacuum pump
2. Clean No dust inside of pipes	 Infiltration of dust or other through the pipe ends. Oxidation film during brazing without blowing nitrogen. Insufficient flushing by nitrogen after brazing 	Clogging of expansion valve, capillary tube and filter →Oxidation of oil →Compressor failure ↓ Insufficient cooling or heating compressor failure	Pipe Protection 1 Mounting Caps 2 Taping 3 Pinching ↓ Flushing
3. No leakage No leakage shall exist	 Brazing failure Failed flaring work and insufficient torque of squeezing flare Insufficient torque of squeezing flanges 	Refrigerant shortage →Performance decrease →Oxidation of oil →Overheating of compressor ↓ Insufficient cooling or heating compressor failure	Careful Basic Brazing Work ↓ Basic Flaring Work ↓ Basic Flange Connecting Work ↓ Air Tight Test ↓ Holding of Vacuum

3.1.3 Suspension of refrigerant piping

Suspend the refrigerant piping at certain points and prevent the refrigerant piping from touching weak parts of the building such as walls, ceiling, etc. (If touched, abnormal noises may occur due to the vibration of the piping. Pay special attention in case of short piping length).

A. Fire-proof section treatment.

B. Indoor unit.



In order to fix the piping to wall or ceilings use suspension and clamping systems as shown in the following figure.



3.1.4 Brazing work

The most important work in the refrigerant piping installation work is the brazing of the pipes. If it accidentally occurs a leakage due to a careless brazing process, it will cause clogged capillary pipes or serious compressor failure.

In order to guarantee a proper brazing neck between different pipes surfaces, accurate pipe dimensions after the expansion process (see the table below):

It is important to control the clearance of the pipe fitting portion as shown below. In the case that a cooper tube expansion jig is used, following dimensions should be secured.



Copper pipe size		Ød1		Gap	а
<i>a</i> 0.05	+0.08	CAG E	+0.1	0.33	6
0.35	-0.08	0.5	0	0.07	Ø
00 50	+0.08	<i>0</i> 0 7	+0.1	0.35	0
Ø9.52	-0.08	Ø9.7	0	0.09	ð
Ø12 7	+0.08	Ø12.9	+0.1	0.38	0
Ø12.7	-0.08		0	0.19	0
Ø15.88	+0.09	Ø16 1	+0.1	0.41	0
	-0.09	010.1	0	0.13	0
Ø19.05	+0.09	Ø10.2	+0.1	0.44	10
	-0.09		0	0.16	10

Copper pipe size		Ød1		Gap	а	
<i>a</i> aa aa	+0.09	an 10	+0.1	0.39	10	
022.22	-0.09	022.42	0	0.11	10	
Ø05 4	+0.12	and c	+0.1	0.42	10	
Ø25.4	-0.12	Ø25.0	0	0.08	12	
Ø28.58	+0.12	a20 70	+0.1	0.42	12	
	-0.12	020.70	0	0.08		
Ø21 75	+0.12		+0.12	+0.1	0.47	10
Ø31.75	-0.12	032.0	0	0.13	12	
Ø38.1	+0.12	<i>(</i> 200.0	+0.1	0.52	4.4	
	-0.12	230.3	0	0.18	14	

A basic brazing method is shown below.

- 1. Pre-heat the outer tube for better flowing of the filler metal.
- 2. Heat inner side tube evenly.
- 3. Rubber plug.
- 4. Packless valve.
- 5. High pressure hose.
- 6. 0.03 to 0.05 MPa (0.3 to 0.5 Kg/cm² G).
- 7. Reducer valve: open this valve only when the gas is needed.
- 8. Nitrogen gas flow 0.05 m³/h or smaller.



- Use nitrogen gas for blowing during pipe brazing. If oxygen, acetylene or fluorocarbon gas is used, it will cause an explosion or poisonous gas.
- During the brazing work, a lot of oxidation film will be generated inside of the pipes if no oxygen-free nitrogen gas is blown through the pipes. This film will be flecked off after operation and will circulate in the refrigeration cycle, resulting in clogged expansion valves, etc. This could origin problems in the compressor.
- Use a reducer valve when nitrogen gas blowing is performed during brazing. The gas pressure should be maintained within 0.03 to 0.05 MPa. If an excessively high pressure is applied to a pipe, it could origin an explosion.

3.2 Piping connection for outdoor unit

3.2.1 RAS-3HVRC2

1 Take the piping cover away from the unit. Then fetch the pipes through the rear side and route piping according to the installation place as shown in the figure. Make holes by cutting along the guideline at the rear of the cover or punching with a driver. Remove the burr with a cutter, and place a insulation (field supplied) to protect cables and pipes.



Direction to remove pipe cover

- 2 Attach the pipe cover in order to prevent rainwater from entering inside the cabinet.
- **3** Use a pipe bender for pipe bending work when connecting pipes.
- 4 Check to ensure that the stop valves are completely closed before connecting pipes.
- 5 Connect the field supplied refrigerant pipes to the indoor unit and outdoor unit. Apply the oil thinly at the seat flare nut and pipe before tightening.

The required tightening torque is as follows:

Pipe Size	Tightening Torque (N·m)
Ø 6.35 mm (1/4)	20
Ø 9.52 mm (3/8)	40
Ø 12.70 mm (1/2)	60
Ø 15.88 mm (5/8)	80
Ø 19.05 mm (3/4)	100





6 After connecting the refrigerant piping, seal the open space between knockout hole and refrigerant pipes by using insulation material.



7 Operation of stop valve should be performed according to the "3.2.3 Outdoor unit stop valve" explanation.

3.2.2 RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E

1 The pipes can be connected from 4 directions. Make holes in the piping cover or cabinet for taking out pipes.



- 2 Take the piping cover away from the unit and make holes by cutting along the guideline at the rear of the cover or punching with a driver.
- 3 Remove the burr with a cutter and place a insulation (field supplied) to protect cables and pipes.



Notes to open/close the service cover:

- Remove the screws following the instructions to the above figure.
- Slowly press down the cover.

i note

Hold the cover with a hand to remove screws as the cover may fall down.



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For the front and side piping

Select the correct knock-out size depending on whether it is for power wiring or transition wiring



To use racking or conduit tubes, check the size and remove *market* part following the slit.

i note

Place insulation (field supplied) to protect cables and pipes from being damaged by plate edges.

♦ For the downward piping

After removing the bottom of the piping cover, perform piping and wiring works.



Cables shall not contact directly to the pipes.

• For the rear side piping

After removing the rear-side piping cover, punch out the "A" holes along the guide line.



Remove the rear pipe cover under the rear cover and remove *many* part following the slit.

- 4 Mount the piping cover in order to avoid water entering into the unit. Seal the holes where pipes and wires are inserted, by using insulation (field-supplied).
- 5 If the field-supplied piping is connected with stop valves directly, it is recommended to use a tube bender.

- 6 Check to ensure that the stop valves are completely closed before connecting pipes.
- 7 Connect the field supplied refrigerant pipes to the indoor unit and outdoor unit. Apply the oil thinly at the seat flare nut and pipe before tightening.

The required tightening torque is as follows:

Pipe Size	Tightening Torque (N·m)
Ø 6.35 mm (1/4)	20
Ø 9.52 mm (3/8)	40
Ø 12.70 mm (1/2)	60
Ø 15.88 mm (5/8)	80
Ø 19.05 mm (3/4)	100

8 After connecting the refrigerant piping, seal the open space between knockout hole and refrigerant pipes by using insulation material.



9 Operation of stop valve should be performed according to the "3.2.3 Outdoor unit stop valve" explanation.

3.2.3 Outdoor unit stop valve

- 1 Remove the stop valve cap before performing the air tight test after connecting the flare nut. Tighten the spindle valve in clockwise according to the following table "Tightening Torque of Stop Valves."
- 2 Tighten the flare nut according the specified torque. If the tightening torque is excessive, it may cause refrigerant leakage from the spindle part.
- 3 Perform the air tight test after the tightening work. It is more effective to perform this work after fix the flare nuts for the piping connection to the stop valves.
- 4 Use the charging hose for the check joint connection. When removing the charging hose from the check joint, a sound may be heard by a small quantity of refrigerant leak. However it is not abnormality. Do not apply excessive force to the end of opening the spindle. (Tightening Torque: < 5.0N⋅m)



	Tightening Torque (N·m)							
Outdoor unit	1		2		3		4	
	Gas valve	Liquid valve	Gas valve	Liquid valve	Gas valve	Liquid valve	Gas valve	Liquid valve
RAS-3HVRC2	9-11	7-9	68-82	33-42	33-42	33-42	14-18	14-18
RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E	9-11	7-9	68-82	33-42	50-62	33-42	14-18	14-18



N٥	Description	Remarks
1	Сар	Tighten the cap with 37 N·m torque
2	Allen wrench	Liquid valve: Hex 4mm Gas valve: Hex 5mm
3	Refrigerant piping	Field supplied
4	Flare nut	
5	Refrigerant pressure	To outdoor unit
6	Seat Surface	Fully closed position
7	Check joint	Only the charging those can be connected
8	Charge port cap	Tighten the cap with 16 N·m torque
9	O-Ring	Rubber
10	Spindlo valvo	Open – Counterclockwise
10		Close – Clockwise

Piping connection for outdoor unit



- At the test run, fully open the spindle and ball stop valve.
- If not fully opened, the devices will be damaged.
- Do not attempt to turn service valve rod beyond its stop.
- Do not loosen the stop ring. If the stop ring is loosened, it is dangerous since the spindle will hop out.
- An excess or a shortage of refrigerant is the main cause of trouble to the units. Charge the correct refrigerant quantity according to the description of label at the inside of service cover.
- Check for refrigerant leakage in detail. If a large refrigerant leakage occurs, it will cause difficulty with breathing or harmful gases would occur if a fire was being used in the room.

3.3 Refrigerant piping range

3.3.1 Refrigerant piping length

The refrigerant piping between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit should be designed using the following chart.

Keep the design point within the area of the chart, which is showing the applicable height difference according to piping length.



3.3.2 Piping system for header branch



(diagrams are shown as an example)

HITACHI

3.3.3 Maximum lenght of refrigerant piping

					(m)
0	3 HP	4 HP	5 HP	6 HP	
Maximum piping length between	50 75				
the outdoor unit and the farthest indoor unit	Equivalent length (EL)	70	95		
	50		85		
Total piping length	3 units (A+B+C+D)			85	
	4 units (A+B+C+D+E+F+G)			85	
	15		15		
Maximum piping line after first branch	2 and 3 units (B, C, D)			15	
	4 units (B+D, B+E, C+F, C+G)		15		
Maximum height difference, Outdo (Outdoor Unit is higher / lower)	30 / 20				
Maximum height difference Indoor	3				
Maximum height difference: branch pipe/indoor (2,3 and 4 indo branch pipe/branch pipe (4 indoor	3				
Maximum length difference of the	several branches:				
(B-C) (2 and 3 unit system) (B-D) (3 unit system) (C-D) (3 unit system) (C+G)-(C+F) (4 unit system) (C+G)-(B+E) (4 unit system) (C+G)-(B+E) (4 unit system) (C+F)-(B+E) (4 unit system) (C+F)-(B+E) (4 unit system) (C+F)-(B+D) (4 unit system)		< 8		< 10	

i NOTE

- The liquid piping and the gas piping must be of the same piping length and run along the same route.
- Install the branch piping as much as possible near the indoor units.
- Install Multi-Kits at the same horizontal level.

(mm)

3.3.4 Combinations of piping size and piping length

Liquid		Ø6	5.35		Ø9.52			Ø12.70				Ø15.88					
Gas	Ø9.52	Ø12.70	Ø15.88	Ø19.05	Ø12.70	Ø15.88	Ø19.05	Ø22.20	Ø25.40	Ø15.88	Ø19.05	Ø22.20	Ø25.40	Ø28.58	Ø22.20	Ø25.40	Ø28.58
3 HP	-	30 (1) (2)	30 (2)	-	30 (1)	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 - 5 - 6 HP	-	-	5 ⁽²⁾	5 ⁽²⁾	40 ⁽¹⁾	75	50 ⁽⁴⁾	-	-	30 ⁽³⁾	30 (3) (4)	-	-	-	-	-	-

(1). Reducing gas pipe size will lower cooling capacity due to larger pressure loss in gas piping and narrow operation range.

(2).Reducing liquid pipe size will narrow operation range due to indoor unit relation with expansion valve capacity.

(3). Increasing liquid pipe size will require additional refrigerant charge.

(4). When using Ø19.05 gas pipe (soft-annealed), please switch ON DSW2-4# in the Outdoor Unit PCB.

Default combinatio	n
--------------------	---

3.3.5 Refrigerant piping size and Multi-Kit/distributor

Select the piping connection sizes according to the following procedures

- · Between outdoor unit and branch pipe: Select the same pipe connection size as the pipe size of the outdoor unit.
- · Between branch pipe and indoor unit: Select the same pipe connection size as the pipe size of the indoor unit.

1 indoor unit system

н

			(mm)			
	Outdoor Unit HP	Pipe Size (L)				
		Gas	Liquid			
L	3 - 6	Ø15.88	Ø9.52			

2 indoor units system

H		
	B	

Outdoor Unit HP	Pipe S	Branch pipe					
	Gas	Liquid	Branch pipe				
3 - 6	Ø15.88	Ø9.52	E-102SN4				
(mm)							
lado en unit conceitu	Pipe Size (B, C)						
Indoor unit capacity							

Indeer unit conceitu	$\Gamma = $				
indoor unit capacity	Gas	Liquid			
≤ 1.5 HP	Ø12.70	Ø6.35			
1.8/2.0HP	Ø15.88	Ø6.35			
≥ 2.3 HP	Ø15.88	Ø9.52			

Connections including Indoor Units 8 and 10 HP are not possible

Ø9.52

(mm)

3 indoor units system



Outdoor Unit HP	Pipe S	Hoodor Branch					
	Gas Liquid		uid	Header Branch			
4 / 5 / 6	Ø15.88	Ø9.52		MH-84AN1			
				(mm)			
Indoor unit opposity	Pipe Size (B, C, D)						
indoor unit capacity	Gas	Liquid					
≤ 1.5 HP	Ø12.70		Ø6.35				
1.8/2.0HP	Ø15.88		Ø6.35				
4 / 5 / 6 Indoor unit capacity ≤ 1.5 HP 1.8/2.0HP	Ø15.88 Gas Ø12.70 Ø15.88	Ø9 Pipe Size	52 (B, C, D)	MH-84AN1 (mm) Liquid Ø6.35 Ø6.35			

Ø15.88

Connections including Indoor Units 8 and 10 HP are not possible

4 indoor units system



≥ 2.3 HP

	_							
Total Indoor Unit capacity after branch pipe 1+2 or 3+4	Pipe Size (B, C)		Branch line $^{(2)}$		Indoor Unit	Pipe Size (D, E, F, G)		
	Gas	Liquid			capacity	Gas	Liquid	
≤ 1.5 HP	Ø12.70	Ø6.35	E-102SN4		≤ 1.5 HP	Ø12.70	Ø6.35	
from 1.8 to 2.0 HP	Ø15.88	Ø6.35	E-102SN4		1.8/2.0HP	Ø15.88	Ø6.35	
≥ 2.3 HP	Ø15.88	Ø9.52	E-102SN4		≥ 2.3 HP	Ø15.88	Ø9.52	

i NOTE

Recomended capacity ratio for 4 indoor units system:

Capacity indoor unit 1+2 / Capacity 1+2+3+4 < 60%

Capacity indoor unit 3+4 / Capacity 1+2+3+4 < 60%

If the capacity ratio of branch of indoor units 1 and 2 is bigger than 60% of total capacity of the system or capacity ratio of branch of indoor units 3 and 4 is bigger than 60 % of total capacity of the system, please contact with your Hitachi Dealer or Hitachi Customer Service Department.

3.3.6 System installation

i note

- Pipe connection size on outdoor units, indoor units and the Multi-Kit or distributor vary according to the system.
- The sizes of the indoor and outdoor units could be different. Adjust the flare adapter (accessory) to the indoor pipe connection in these cases.

♦ Height difference between indoor units and distributor

It is recommended to install all indoor units at the same height. When the height difference between the indoor units due to building construction is necessary, this should be less than the value indicated in the table.

Maximum height difference (clarification)



Refrigerant piping range



i NOTE

All pictures are as example. Branch and headers are not showed as real sizes or real picture, for the installation of this components follow the technical documentation.

Installing Distributor

1 Install the distributor supplied by Hitachi on request.

A tee can not be installed instead of a branch pipe.



2 Installing the distributor

Fix the branch pipe horizontally to the pillar, wall or ceiling. Piping must not be fixed rigidly to the wall as thermal expansion and contraction can cause pipe fracture.

Refrigerant piping range

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i NOTE

Fix the piping from outside of insulation or inserting absorber between the pipe and a fixing metal.

3 Correct position of distributor (available also for quad installation)



- 4 Correct position of Triple Branch Pipe (Standard series only).
- Install the header horizontally

Sample: Triple Branch pipe





3.4 Refrigerant charge

- Do not charge OXYGEN, ACETYLENE, or other flammable and poisonous gases into the refrigerant, as an explosion could occur. It is recommended that oxygen free nitrogen be charged for these types of test cycles when performing a leakage test or an airtight test. These types of gases are extremely dangerous.
- Insulate the unions and flare-nuts at the piping connection part completely.
- Insulate the liquid piping completely to avoid a decreased performance; if not, it will cause sweating on the surface of the pipe.
- Charge refrigerant correctly following the procedures of the manuals. Overcharging or insufficient charging could cause a compressor failure. Insulate the unions and flare-nuts at the piping connection part completely.
- · Check for refrigerant leakage in detail. If a large refrigerant leakage occurred, it would cause difficult breathing.
- If the flare nut is tightened too hard, the flare nut may crack after a long time and cause refrigerant leakage.
- 1 Connect the gauge manifold using charging hoses with a vacuum pump or a nitrogen cylinder to the check joints of the liquid line and the gas line stop valve.
- 2 Check for any gas leakage at the flare nut connection, by using nitrogen gas to increase the pressure at 4.15 MPa for outdoor units inside of the field-supplied piping.
- 3 Operate the vacuum pump for 1 to 2 hours until the pressure decreases lower than a pressure of 756 mmHg in vacuum.

Charge the proper quantity of refrigerant according to the piping length (Calculate the quantity of the refrigerant charge).

- 4 For charging refrigerant, connect the gauge manifold using charging hoses with a refrigerant charging cylinder to the check joint of the liquid line stop valve.
- 5 Fully open the gas line stop valve, and slightly open the liquid line stop valve.
- 6 Charge refrigerant by opening the gauge manifold valve.
- 7 Charge the required refrigerant within the difference range of ±0.5 kg by operating the system in cooling.
- 8 Fully open the liquid line stop valve after completing refrigerant charge.
- 9 Continue cooling operation for more than 10 minutes to circulate the refrigerant.

Monoblock system



3.4.1 Caution of the pressure by check joint

When the pressure is measured, use the check joint of gas stop valve (A), and use the check joint of liquid piping (B) in the figure below.

At that time, connect the pressure gauge according to the following table because of high pressure side and low pressure side changes by operation mode.



	Cooling operation	Heating operation				
Check joint for gas stop valve -A-	Low pressure	High pressure				
Check joint for piping -B-	High pressure Low pressure					
Check joint for liquid stop valve -C-	Exclusive for vacuum pump and refrigerant charge					

Be careful that refrigerant and oil do not splash to the electrical parts at removing the charge hoses.

3.4.2 Refrigerant charge quantity

Although refrigerant has been charged into this unit, additional refrigerant charge is required according to piping length.

- 1 The additional refrigerant quantity should be determined and charged into the system according to the following procedure.
- 2 Record the additional refrigerant quantity in order to facilitate maintenance and servicing activities.

A CAUTION

• When charging refrigerant, measure the amount precisely. Overloading or underloading of refrigerant may cause compressor problems. If the actual piping length is less than 5 m consult your dealer.

Appropriate refrigerant

The refrigerant used in each unit is identified on the specification label and manuals of the unit. Hitachi shall not be held liable for any failure, trouble, malfunction or accident caused by units illegally charged with refrigerants other than the specified one.

- Consequences of charging non-specified refrigerant
- It may cause mechanical failure, malfunction and other accidents. It may cause operational failure of protection and safety devices of air conditioners. It may also cause lubrication failure of the sliding part of the compressor due to deterioration of refrigerant oil.
- In particular, hydrocarbon refrigerants (such as propane, R441A, R443A, GF-08, etc.) are not allowed, since these are combustible and may cause major accidents such as fire and explosion in case of improper handling.
- Once a non-specified refrigerant has been charged, no further servicing (including draining of refrigerant) shall be performed, even in case of malfunction. Improper handling of refrigerant may be a cause of fire and explosion, and servicing in such cases may be considered an illegal act.
- End clients and costumers shall be informed that servicing is not approved, and the installer who charged the non-specified refrigerant shall be asked to fix the unit.

Refrigerant charge

3.4.3 Refrigerant charge before shipment (W_0 (kg))

W₀ is the outdoor unit refrigerant charge before shipment explained before, and it's shown in the following table:

UTOPIA series 2

	i	i	1	
Model	Refrigerant charge before shipment (W₀ (kg))	Additional refrigerant charge (P) (g/m)	Maximum additional charge (kg)	
RAS-3HVRC2	1.7	30	0.9	
RAS-4HVR(C/P)2E				
RAS-5HVR(C/P)2E	3.0	45		
RAS-6HVR(C/P)2E			2.0	
RAS-4HR(C/P)2E			2.9	
RAS-5HR(C/P)2E				
RAS-6HR(C/P)2E	-			
RAS-4HVN(C/P)2E				
RAS-5HVN(C/P)2E	-			
RAS-6HVN(C/P)2E				
RAS-4HN(C/P)2E	3.2	60	3.9	
RAS-5HN(C/P)2E				
RAS-6HN(C/P)2E				

3.4.4 Calculation method for the additional refrigerant charge

Calculate the additional refrigerant charge amount according to the following steps:

Step 1: Additional refrigerant charge calculation for liquid piping (W₁ (kg))

Outdoor units have been charged with refrigerant for 20 m of actual piping length: In systems with longer actual piping length, an additional refrigerant charge is required.

Use the following formula:

W, = (TL-20) x P

TL: Total piping length (m)

P: Additional refrigerant charge (kg/m) (Refer to the "3.4.3 Refrigerant charge before shipment (W0 (kg))" chapter)

Do not exceed the allowed maximum additional charge.

Step 2: Charging work

Charge refrigerant into the system according to the instructions in the Service Manual.

Step 3: Total refrigerant charge of the system (W_{τοτ} (kg))

The total refrigerant charge of this system is calculated by the following formula:

$W_{\tau o \tau} = W_o + W_{\tau}$								
System example (W _{TOT}) =	+	=		kg				

Step 4: Record the refrigerant charge

Fill the "F-Gas Label" with the refrigerant charge quantity in order to facilitate maintenance and servicing activities:



- ① Factory Charge
- Additional Charge
- 3 Total Charge
- (4) t CO₂

3.5 Caution in case of refrigerant leakage

🛆 DANGER

- Fitters and the designers of the installations must strictly observe local and national legislation, and local codes regarding safety requirements in the event of refrigerant leaks.
- The following standards may be applicable, if local regulations are not available. International Organization for Standardization, ISO5149 or European Standard, EN378 for R410A refrigerant gas.
- The following standards may be applicable, if local regulations are not available. International Organization for Standardization, ISO 817 and International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC 60335-2-40:2018 and European Standard, EN 378-1:2016 for R32 refrigerant gas.

3.5.1 Maximum permitted concentration of hydrofluorocarbon (HFC)

R410A Refrigerant circuit

The R410A refrigerant gas, used in the equipment, is fireproof and non-toxic.

The maximum permissible concentration of HFC R410A gas in the air is 0.44 kg/m³, according to Standard EN378-1. Consequently, effective measures must be adopted to maintain the concentration of R410A gas in the air below 0.44 kg/m³ in case of leakage.

In the event of a leak, the gas will spread around the room, displacing the air, and could therefore result in asphyxia.

i note

Before the indoor unit installation, confirm that the room can keep the lower gas concentration than the limit value in order to take the emergency countermeasures even if the gas leakage is ocurred.

R32 Refrigerant circuit

The unit installation and refrigerant piping should comply with the relevant local and national regulations for the designed refrigerant.

Due to R32 refrigerant and depending on final refrigerant charge amount, a minimum floor area for installation must be considered.

- If total refrigerant charge amount <1.84kg, there are no additional minimum floor area requirements.
- If total refrigerant charge amount ≥1.84kg, there are additional minimum floor area requirements to be checked.

In case of not achieving the minimum floor area, contact with your dealer.

3.5.2 Calculation of refrigerant concentration

R410A Refrigerant circuit

- 1 Calculate the total quantity of refrigerant *R* (kg) charged in the system. To do so, connect all the indoor units of the rooms in which you wish to have air conditioning.
- **2** Calculate the volume $V(m^3)$ of each room.
- 3 Calculate the refrigerant concentration C (kg/m³) of the room in accordance with the following formula:

C = R / V

R: Total quantity of refrigerant charged (kg).

V: Room volume (m³).

C: Refrigerant concentration ($\leq 0.44 \text{ kg/m}^3$ for R410A gas).

R32 Refrigerant circuit

- The following chart and table shows the minimum floor area (A_{min}) required for the installation of an indoor unit from a refrigerant system containing a certain refrigerant charge (m_c) of R32 (A2L refrigerant), and supposing a total room height not lower than 2.2 m. (According to IEC 60335-2-40:2018 and EN 378-1:2016).
- For m_c<1.84 kg, IEC 60335-2-40:2018 and EN 378-1:2016 do not establish any minimum floor area restriction. In that case check local regulations to ensure that no hard restrictions may apply.

Caution in case of refrigerant leakage



IVIIIIIIIU	Minimum floor area for equipment installed inside				
m (ka)	A _{min} (m ²)	A _{min} (m ²)	A _{min} (m ²)		
m _c (kg)	Floor mounted	Wall mounted	Ceiling mounted		
1.84	28.81	3.20	2.14		
1.9	30.72	3.41	2.29		
2.0	34.04	3.78	2.53		
2.1	37.53	4.17	2.79		
2.2	41.19	4.58	3.06		
2.3	45.02	5.00	3.35		
2.4	49.02	5.45	3.65		
2.5	53.19	5.91	3.96		
2.6	57.53	6.39	4.28		
2.7	62.04	6.89	4.61		
2.8	66.72	7.41	4.96		
2.9	71.58	7.95	5.32		
3.0	76.6	8.51	5.70		
3.1	81.79	9.09	6.08		
3.2	87.15	9.68	6.48		
3.3	92.68	10.30	6.89		
3.4	98.39	10.93	7.32		
3.5	104.26	11.58	7.75		
4.0	136.17	15.13	10.13		
4.5	172.34	19.15	12.82		
5.0	212.77	23.64	15.83		
6.0	306.39	34.04	22.79		
7.0	417.03	46.34	31.02		
8.0	544.69	60.52	40.51		
9.0	689.38	76.60	51.28		
10.0	851.08	94.56	63.30		

$$A_{min} = (m_c^*/(2.5^*LFL^{(5/4)} * h_o)^{2})$$

 A_{min} : Minimum installation area of an Indoor unit for a given refrigerant charge $m_{_{\rm C}}$ (kg) and considering the installation height $h_{_0}$ (m²)

- h_0 : Installation height of the bottom side of the indoor unit + distance from the indoor unit bottom side to the lowest part for which a refrigerant leak may release to the indoor area
- m_c: total system refrigerant charge that could be released to the indoor area in case of undetected refrigerant leak.

LFL: Lower Flammability Limit for R32, 0,307 kg/m³ as established by EN 378-1:2016 and ISO 817

Floor mounted: Refrigerant parts not sealed installed <0.6m height

Wall mounted: Refrigerant parts not sealed installed >1.8m height

Ceiling mounted: Refrigerant parts not sealed installed >2.2m height

3.5.3 Countermeasure for R410A refrigerant leakage

The room should have the following characteristics in case of a leak of refrigerant:

- 1 Opening without shutter to permit the circulation of fresh air in the room.
- $\label{eq:2.1} \textbf{Opening without door measuring 0.15\%, or greater, of the floor surface.}$
- 3 There must be a ventilator fan connected to a gas leak detector, with a ventilator capacity of 0.92 m³/min or greater.

🗥 DANGER

Special attention should be given to areas where the refrigerant may be deposited and stay in the room, such as basements or similar, as it is heavier than air.

3.6 Drain piping

3.6.1 Drain discharging boss

When the base of the outdoor unit is temporarily utilized as a drain receiver and the drain water in it is discharged, this drain boss is utilized to connect the drain piping.

Model	Applicable Model	
DBS-12L	RAS-3HVRC2	
DBS-26	RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E	

Connecting procedure

- 1 Insert the plastic cap into the drain boss up to the extruded portions.
- 2 Insert the boss into the unit base up to the extruded portions.
- 3 Size of the drain boss is:
 - For DBS-12L: 15 mm (O.D.)
 - For DBS-26: 32 mm (O.D.)
- 4 A drain pipe should be field-supplied.

i NOTE

- Do not use this drain boss set in a cold area, because the drain water may freeze.
- This drain boss is not sufficient to collect all the drain water. If collecting drain water is completely required, provide a drain-pan that is bigger than the unit base and install it under the unit with drainage.

DBS-12L - RAS-3HVRC2







^(*) To cover these drain holes, sealing pads are included in DBS-26 kit.

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4.1 General notes

A DANGER

- Do not connect of adjust any wiring or connections unless the main power switch is OFF.
- Use an earth leakage breaker with medium sensitivity, and an activation speed of 0.1 sec or less. If this is not fitted, there is a risk of electric shock and/or fire.
- Install an earth leakage breaker, fuse and circuit breaker for each outdoor unit power line. Not fitting it may cause an electric shock or fire.
- Never connect the earth cable to the refrigerant pipes. Fire can may occur.
- Do not connect the earth cable to the lighting arrest system. The electrical potential of earth would increase abnormally.

- Before any electrical wiring work or regular inspections, switch off the main power supply switches of the indoor and outdoor units. Wait three minutes before starting installation or maintenance work.
- Make sure that the indoor and outdoor are completely stopped before starting work on the electrical wiring or regular inspections.
- Protect cables, drain hose, electric parts, etc. from rodents and insects; otherwise these might damage unprotected components and, in the worst case, cause a fire.
- Wrap the accessory packing around the wires, and plug the wiring connection hole with the seal material to protect the product from any condensed water and insects.
- Do not allow cables to come into contact with the refrigerant pipes, metal edges, printed circuit boards (PCB) or the electric parts inside the unit; the cables may be damaged and, in the worst case, cause a fire.
- Tightly secure the wires with the cord clamp inside the indoor unit.
- · Lead the wires through the knockout hole in the side cover when using conduit.
- Secure the cable of the remote control switch with the cord clamp inside the electrical box.
- Electrical wiring must comply with national and local codes. Contact your local authority in regards to standards, rules, regulations, etc.

- Use twist pair wire (more than 0.75 mm²) for operation wiring between outdoor unit and indoor unit, and operation wiring between indoor unit and indoor unit. (Do not use wire with more than 3 cores).
- H-LINK twist pair shielded cable must be grounded in the outdoor unit side.
- Use shielded wires for intermediate wiring to protect the units from noise obstacle at length of less than 300 m and size complied with local code.

4.1.1 General check

- 1 Ensure that the field-supplied electrical components (mains power switches, circuit breakers, wires, connectors and wire terminals) have been properly selected according to the electrical data indicated. Make sure that they comply with national and regional electrical codes.
- 2 Check to ensure that the power supply voltage is within +/-10% of the rated voltage.
- 3 Check to ensure that power supply has an impedance low enough to warranty not reduce the starting voltage more than 85% of the rated voltage.
- 4 Check to ensure that the ground wire is connected.
- 5 Ensure that fuse or circuit breaker are of specified capacity.

4.1.2 LED's indication

LED Indication			
LED1	Green	Power Indication	
LED2	Red	Power Indication	
LED3	Red	Heat pump operation (Thermo-ON/OFF)	
LED4	Yellow	Alarm (flickering with 1 sec interval)	
LED5	Green	Not used	
LED6	Yellow	H-LINK transmission	
LED7	Yellow	H-LINK RCS transmission	

4.2 Electrical wiring connection for the outdoor unit

The correct electrical wiring connection for the outdoor unit is shown below.

1 Ensure the connection of the three-phase power supply source wires L1, L2, L3 and N (for 400V/50Hz) or L1 and N (for 230V/50Hz) to the terminal board. Connect the ground wire to the plate in the electrical box.

RAS-3HVRC2



2 Ensure the wires connection between the outdoor unit and the indoor unit to the terminals 1 and 2 on the terminal board.



3 Ensure the cables are fixed with the clamp supplied in the Electrical Box to ensure strain relief.

Electrical settings

4 When routing out cable, make sure that it does not obstruct mounting of the outdoor service cover.



4.3 Electrical settings

Power source

wiring Communication wiring

4.3.1 Outdoor and indoor unit electrical wiring

Earth wire

- Ensure proper connection of the electrical wires (indoor unit and the outdoor unit) as show in the figure.
- · When installing the electrical wiring, follow local codes and regulations.

Ring core Yellow Wind the wire **3 times** and

Ring core Green Wind the wire **4 times** and

fix with tie

fix with tie

- · The refrigerant piping and the control wiring are connected to the units in the same refrigerant cycle.
- Open a hole near the connection hole of power source wiring when multiple outdoor units are connected from a single power source line.
- The recommended breaker sizes are detailed in the Wire size section.
- · In the case that a conduit tube for field-wiring is not used, fix rubber bushes with adhesive on the panel.
- · All field wiring and equipment must comply with local and international codes.

Take care with the connection of the operating line. Incorrect connection may cause a failure of the PCB.
Electrical settings

Power source from the outdoor unit to the indoor unit

Independent power source of outdoor unit and indoor unit



- ----- Field wiring
- Eield supplied
- Optional accessory

4.3.2 Wire size

Connection wiring

Recommended minimum sizes for field provided wires:

Use wires which are not lighter than the ordinary polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord (code designation 60245 IEC 57).

Model	Power supply	Power source cable size	Transmitting cable size
Woder		EN60 335-1	EN60 335-1
All Indoor Units (except 8, 10, 16 and 20HP)	1~ 230V 50Hz or 1~ 220-240V 50Hz (depending on the model)	0.75 mm²	
RAS-3HVRC2	1-, 220\/ 50Ц7	4.0 mm ²	0.75 mm ²
RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E	1~ 230V 30HZ	6.0 mm ²	
RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E	3N~ 400V 50Hz	4.0 mm ²	

- Follow local codes and regulations when selecting field wires, Circuit breakers and Earth Leakage breakers.
- Use the wires which are not lighter than the ordinary polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord (code designation 60245 IEC 57).

Electrical settings

♦ Main switch protection

Select the main switches in according to the next table:

Model	Power supply	Max. current (A)	CB (A)	ELB (no.poles/A/mA)
All Indoor Units (except 8, 10, 16 and 20HP)	1~ 230V 50Hz or 1~220-240V 50Hz (depending on the model)	5.0	6	2/40/30

ELB: Earth switch; CB: Circuit breaker

Outdoor unit	MC (A)	CB (A)	ELB (no.poles/A/mA)
RAS-3HVRC2	15.8	20	
RAS-4HV(R/N)(C/P)2E	22.5	25	2/40/20
RAS-5HV(R/N)(C/P)2E	22.5	25	2/40/30
RAS-6HV(R/N)(C/P)2E	22.5	25	
RAS-4H(R/N)(C/P)2E	15.0	20	
RAS-5H(R/N)(C/P)2E	15.0	20	4/40/30
RAS-6H(R/N)(C/P)2E	15.0	20	

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4.4 Electrical wiring diagrams

4.4.1 RAS-3HVRC2



A10596430A

Electrical wiring diagrams

Mark	Name
MC	Motor for Compressor
MOF	Motor for Outdoor Fan
RVR	Reversing Valve Relay
EFR1, PF1,3	Fuse on PCB
MV1	Micro-Computer Control Expansion Valve
TB1	Terminal Board
PCB1,2	Printed Circuit Board
THM7~10	Thermistor
PSH	High Pressure Switch for Protection
PSC	Pressure Switch for Control
СН	Oil heater
ACL	Reactor
IPM	Inverter System Power Module
NF1	Noise Filter
PSW1~3,351 DSW1~7,301, 302 RSW1	Setting Switch on PCB
SEG1	Indication Lamp for 7-Segment
LED1~3 LED351,353 LD1~4	Indication Lamp

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4.4.2 RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E (1~ 230V 50Hz)



XEKS2001

MARK	NAME	
СН	Crank-case Heater	
CN ₁₆₋₁₇	Aerial Connectors	
DCL	Reactor	
MC	Electric Motor (for the compressor)	
MOF	Electric Motor (for the outdoor fan)	
MV	Electronic expansion valve	
NF _{1~2,4~8}	Noise Filter (Ring core)	
PCB ₁	PCB for control	
PCB ₂	PCB for Dip Switch	
PCB ₃	PCB for Fan	
Pd	Pressure sensor (discharge side)	
PSH	High pressure breaker Device	
PSL	Low pressure switch (for control)	
RVR	4-way valve coil	
SVA	Solenoid Valve coil (for high-low pressure bypass)	
TB ₁	Terminal Board	
TCO	Thermal Cut-Out	
THM _{7~9}	Thermistor	

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4.4.3 RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E (3N~ 400V 50Hz)



XEKS2002

Electrical wiring diagrams

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MARK	NAME		
CE _{1,2,3}	Terminating connector		
СН	Crank-case Heater		
CN ₁₆₋₁₇	Aerial Connectors		
DCL	Reactor		
MC	Electric Motor (for the compressor)		
MOF	Electric Motor (for the outdoor fan)		
MV	Electronic expansion valve		
NF1	Noise Filter (Printed board)		
NF _{2~5}	Noise Filter (Ring core)		
PCB ₁	PCB for control		
PCB ₂	PCB for Inverter		
PCB ₃	PCB for Fan		
Pd	Pressure sensor (discharge side)		
PSH	High pressure breaker Device		
PSL	Low pressure switch (for control)		
RVR	4-way valve coil		
SVA	Solenoid Valve coil (for high-low pressure bypass)		
TB ₁	Terminal Board		
TCO	Thermal Cut-Out		
THM _{7~9}	Thermistor		

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5.1 Device control system

The figure below shows the outline of the control system.

5.1.1 RAS-3HVRC2



To the transmission of the next indoor unit or the next outdoor unit (H-LINK)

Symbol	Name	Symbol	Name
PSH	High pressure switch	ACL	Reactor
THe	Electrical heater thermostat protection	MC	Motor for compressor
Input 1~7	Optional inputs	MIF	Motor for indoor fan
Output 1~4	Optional outputs	MS	Motor for auto-louver
CH1	Crankcase heater	MV	Electronic expansion valve
MOF	Motor (for outdoor fan)	PSC	Pressure switch for control
RVR	4-way valve	PSH	High pressure switch

5.1.2 RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E

Control dovico	Cooling operation	
Control device	Control Category	Purpose of Control
		To determine the compressor frequency depending on:
Compressor inverter	Total indoor units Operating	- Difference between Indoor Inlet Air Temperature and Setting Temperature
nequency	Capacity	- Amount of Temperature Difference Change
		- Capacity Ratio between Operating Indoor Unit and Outdoor Unit
		Quasi PI Control:
Electronic Expansion Valve for indoor unit Heat Exchanger	Indoor units Heat Exchanger SH	- To determine the indoor units electronic expansion valve opening so as to keep (Temperature Difference between Indoor Gas Pipe and Indoor Liquid Pipe = Indoor Gas Pipe Temperature - Indoor Liquid Pipe Temperature.) at an optimum value.
		- To change the indoor units electronic expansion valve opening when the number of operating indoor units is changed.
Electronic expansion valve for the outdoor unit heat exchanger	Capacity control	EVO: 480pls (Fully Opened)
Outdoor unit fan	Pd control	To control the fan steps so that High Pressure is within a stable temperature range.
4-way valve control		OFF
Control of solenoid valve	1. Increase in Pd protection	At Start up and when High Prossure Increase Protection activated: ON
Bypass Valve (SVA)	2. Decrease in Ps protection	At Statt-up and when high Fressure increase Protection activated. ON
High and low pressure control	Shut-off of high and low pressure in the cycle during stoppage	SVA: ON (during Operation Stop)
Compressor Preheating Control	Crankcase Heater Control	

Control dovice	Heating operation		
Control device	Control Category	Purpose of Control	
	Total indoor units Operating Capacity	- PI Control: To determine the compressor frequency so as to keep High Pressure.	
Compressor inverter frequency		 To determine the compressor frequency from difference between Indoor Inlet Air Temperature and Setting Temperature and Capacity Ratio between Operating Indoor Unit and Outdoor Unit when heating operation is started or the number of operating indoor units is changed. 	
Electronic Expansion	Indoor units Heat Exchanger SC	- To determine the indoor units electronic expansion valve opening so that the indoor liquid pipe temperature is at an optimum level.	
Exchanger		- To change the indoor units electronic expansion valve opening when the number of operating indoor units is changed.	
Electronic expansion valve for the outdoor unit heat	Outdoor unit Heat Exchanger SH	- Quasi PI Control: To determine the outdoor unit electronic expansion valve opening so as to keep the temperature at the top of the compressor at an optimum level.	
exchanger		 When Operating Indoor Unit Number Changed: To determine the outdoor unit electronic expansion valve opening from the compressor frequency ratio before/after the change and Quasi PI Control. 	
Outdoor unit fan	Ps Control	The fan steps are dependent on Ta in the beginning. After that to control the fan steps so that Ps is within a stable pressure range.	
4-way valve control		ON	
Control of solenoid valve for High/Low pressure Gas Bypass Valve (SVA)	 Increase in Pd protection Decrease in Ps protection 	At Start-up and when High Pressure Increase Protection activated: ON	
Compressor Preheating Control	Crankcase Heater Control		

Device	control	system
--------	---------	--------

Control dovico	Defrosting (Dry operation is included in the cooling operation)	
Control device	Condition	
Compressor inverter frequency	SVA: ON (during operation stop)	
Electronic Expansion Valve for indoor unit Heat Exchanger	To determine the IU electronic expansion valve opening depending on the temperature at the top of the compressor (Td).	
Electronic expansion valve for the outdoor unit heat exchanger	EVO: 480pls (Fully Opened)	
Outdoor unit fan	To stop the outdoor fan.	
4-way valve control	OFF	
Control of solenoid valve for High/Low pressure Gas Bypass Valve (SVA)	At Start-up: ON	
Compressor Preheating Control	Crankcase Heater Control	

5.1.3 Outline of the control system

The figure below shows the outline of the control system for RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E



To the transmission of the next indoor unit or the next outdoor unit (H-LINK)

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
MC	Motor (for compressor)	СН	Crankcase heater
MIF	Motor (for indoor fan)	RVR	4-Way valve
MOF	Motor (for outdoor fan)	SVA	Solenoid valve
MS	Motor (for auto-louver)	PSC	Low Pressure switch for control
MV	Electronic expansion valve	PSH	High Pressure switch
CMC	Compressor magnetic contactor		

The figure below shows the outline of the control system for RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E



Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
MC	Motor (for compressor)	СН	Crankcase heater
MIF	Motor (for indoor fan)	RVR	4-Way valve
MOF	Motor (for outdoor fan)	SVA	Solenoid valve
MS	Motor (for auto-louver)	PSC	Low Pressure switch for control
MV	Electronic expansion valve	PSH	High Pressure switch
CMC	Compressor magnetic contactor		

5.2 Outdoor units Printed circuit board (PCB)

5.2.1 RAS-3HVRC2



	Switch indication
DSW1	No setting required
DSW2	Function selection
DSW3	Capacity
DSW4	Ref. cycle number
DSW5	End terminal resistance
DSW6	Optional function
DSW7	Optional function
DSW301	Test run mode
DSW302	Pipe lenght
RSW1	Ref. cycle number
PSW1	Manual defrost operation switch. The defrost option is manually available under the forced defrost area
PSW2	Available optional function. Setting can be selected
PSW3	using the 7-segment display

	F	PCB1 LED indication
LED1	Red	Power source for the PCB
LED2	Green	This LED indicates the inverter transmission status
LED3	Yellow	This LED indicates the transmission status between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit
LED4	Red	For checking 280V power source.
LD1	Red	For inspection
LD2	Red	For inspection
LD3	Red	For inspection
LD4	Red	For inspection
LED351	Red	For inspection
LED353	Red	For inspection

5.2.2 RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(P/C)2E



Before changing the settings of the DSWs, the voltage supply should be disconnected. Otherwise, the new settings will not be valid.

5.2.2.1 RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E (PCB1)

Item	Part Name
LED	LED1, LED2, LED***
Connector	PCN***, CN***
Fuse	FU1, FU2
Check Point	5V, 12V, GND



5.2.2.2 RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E (PCB1)

Item	Part Name
LED	LED1, LED2, LED3, LED4, LED6
Connector	PCN***, CN***
Fuse	EFR1, EFS1
Check Point	P1, GND, VCC05, VCC13, VDC-1



5.3 Protection control

5.3.1 Protection control code on 7-segment display

- 1 Protection control code is displayed on 7-segment when a protection control is activated.
- 2 Protection control code is displayed while function is working, and goes out when released.
- **3** When several protection control are activated, code number with higher priority will be indicated (see below for the priority order).
 - a. Higher priority is given to protection control related to frequency control than the other. Priority order:
 - High-pressure increase protection
 - Over current protection
 - Cold draft protection
 - **b.** In relation to retry control, the latest retrial will b indicated unless a protection control related to frequency control is indicated.

Priority	Protection control	Code
1	Pressure Ratio Control	P (
2	Pd Protection control	PZ
3	Current Protection Control	PЗ
4	Control for prevention of the increase of Inverter fin temperature	РЧ
5	Td increase protection control	P5
6	Demand Control	PR
7	Pd decrease prevention control	pq
8	Inverter Trip Retry	P7
9	Insufficient Voltage/Open Phase Detection Retry	P8

i NOTE

The protection control code being indicated on 7-segment display is changed to an alarm code when the abnormal operation occurs. Also, the same alarm code is indicated on the remote control switch.

5.3.2 Activating condition of protection control code

To monitor the conditions such as the temperature change and others, the control of the frequency and other controls are performed by the protection control in order to prevent the abnormal operations. The activating conditions of protection control are shown in the table below:

Code	Protection Control	Remark
P (Pressure Ratio Protection Control	To control the compressor frequency for prevention of operation with high/low pressure ratio.
P2	High-Pressure Increase Protection Control	To control the compressor frequency for prevention of high pressure increase.
РЭ	Inverter Current Protection Control	To control the compressor frequency for prevention of inverter current increase in the outdoor unit during operation.
РЧ	Inverter Fin Temperature Increase Protection Control	To control the compressor frequency for prevention of inverter fin temperature increase. The inverter fin temperature is detected at the inverter PCB.
PS	Discharge Temperature Increase Protection Control	To control the compressor frequency for prevention of discharge gas temperature increase during operation.
Pq	High Pressure Decrease Protection Control	To control the compressor frequency for prevention of high pressure decrease, which would interrupt smooth refrigerant distribution to indoor units with different height and oil supply to the compressor.
PR	Demand Current Control	To control the compressor frequency for fixing the inverter primary current around the set value (40~100% of rated current for cooling).
РIJ	Inverter Trip Retry	To stop the unit operation temporarily for protection of the
PB	Insufficient Voltage/Open Phase Detection Retry	compressor and inverter. The operation will be restarted or stopped depending on the retry. Insufficient Voltage/Open Phase frequency.

P01: Pressure ratio increase protection control

a. Pressure Ratio Increase Protection Control.

It is performed in order to protect the compressor from an increase of pressure ratio.



Α	Normal operation
в	Not allowing frequency increases (only frequency decreases are allowed)
С	Frequency forced decrease (0.25Hz/sec)
i NOTE	

In order to carry out this control, the pressure ratio of each outdoor unit is calculated.

Pressure ratio $\varepsilon = (Pd + 0.1) / (Ps + 0.1)$

Pd: High pressure sensor detected value (MPa).

Ps: Low pressure sensor detected value (MPa).

b. Low Compression Ratio Protection Function

This function is activated to protect the compressor during occurrences of low compression ratio.



Α	Normal operation
в	Not allowing frequency increases (only frequency decreases are allowed)
С	Forced increase in frequency (0.25 Hz/s)
D	Abnormal Stoppage (cause of stoppage d1-11)
(1)	for 1 minute
i NOTE	

ε: pressure ratio

P02: High pressure protection control

The high pressure protection control is carried out to prevent the protection device from being activated due to an increase in high pressure during an anomaly and protect the compressor from excessive high pressure increases.



Α	Normal operation	
В	Not allowing frequency increases (only frequency decreases are allowed)	
С	Forced decrease in frequency (1.5 Hz/s)	
D	Abnormal stoppage (cause of stoppage d1-13)	
(1)	For 2 seconds	

- Pd: high pressure sensor detected value.
- Units in MPa.

P03: Inverter current protection control

The Inverter current protection control is carried out to prevent the damage of the inverter caused by the increase of inverter secondary current value.

a. Inverter Secondary Current Protection



Model	11	12	13	14	15
RAS-3HVRC2	9	8	10.5	9.5	-
RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E	18.5	17.5	20.0	19	28
RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E	19	18.5	20.0	19.5	28

Units in Amp.

◆ P04: Inverter fin temperature increase protection control

The inverter fin temperature increase protection control is carried out to prevent the damage of the inverter caused by the increase in inverter fin temperature.



Α	Normal operation
В	Not allowing frequency increases (only frequency decreases are allowed)
С	Forced decrease in frequency (0.125 Hz/s)
D	Forced decrease in frequency (0.5 Hz/s)
Е	Abnormal stoppage (cause of stoppage d1-17)
_	

i NOTE

Tfin: inverter fin temperature sensor detected value.

Model	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5	Tmax
RAS-3HVRC2	89	91	94	95	98	100
RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E	75	81	83	84	87	92
RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E	89	90	91	92	95	100

Units in °C

• P05: Discharge temperature increase protection control

The discharge temperature increase protection control is carried out to protect the compressor motor coil from a discharge pressure increase during an anomaly.



Α	Normal operation		
в	Not allowing frequency increases (only frequency decreases are allowed)		
С	Forced decrease in frequency (0.125Hz/s for 3HP; 0.25 Hz/s for 4-6HP)		
D	Abnormal stoppage (cause of stoppage d1-15)		
(1)	For 5 seconds		
(2)	For 10 minutes		
i NOTE			

- Td: discharge gas temperature sensor detected value.
- Units in °C

• P09: High pressure decrease protection control

The suction pressure protection control is carried out to protect the compressor from a transitory decrease in suction pressure.



ĩ		
l	Α	Normal operation
	В	Not allowing frequency decreases (only frequency increases are allowed)
	С	Forced increase in frequency (0.125Hz/s for 3HP; 0.25 Hz/s for 4-6HP)
ĺ	D	Abnormal stoppage (cause of stoppage d1-26)
ĺ	(1)	For 1 hour

i NOTE

Pd: Detected Value of High Pressure Sensor.

POA: Demand current control

The compressor operation frequency is controlled to set at the setting value of the outdoor unit inverter primary current (40% to 100% of rated current of cooling operation). This function is detailed in the "External Input and Output Setting". Refer to the Service Manual for details.

Operating Conditions

The demand current control can be performed under the following conditions.

- a. The demand signal is input from the centralized operation controller.
- **b.** The demand signal is input at the external input terminals of the outdoor unit from external equipment such as a building management system or a utility with a smart meter.
- c. The demand function settings are set from the outdoor unit PCB.
- d. The wave function is set from the outdoor unit PCB.
- e. The demand signal is input from the indoor unit (wired controller).

If the operation current exceeds each setting function value, the compressor operation frequency is controlled.

Priority of protection control

If two or more protection controls meet a condition, the protection controls perform according to the following.

Rank order	Indication	Protection control contents
1	P1	Pressure Ratio Control
2	P2	Pd Protection control
3	P3	Current Protection Control
4	P4	Control for prevention of the increase of Inverter fin temperature
5	P5	Td increase protection control
6	PA	Demand Control
7	P9	Pd decrease prevention control
8	P7	Inverter Trip Retry
9	P8	Insufficient Voltage/Open Phase Detection Retry

		^② Lower Rank Order of Protection Control Function			I Function
		Forced Decrease	Forced Increase	Prohibited Increase	Prohibited Decrease
(1) Higher Rank Order of Protection Control Function	Forced Decrease	1	1	1	1
	Forced Increase	1	1	1	1
	Prohibited Increase	2	1	۷ *1	1
	Prohibited Decrease	2	2	2	2

i note

*1 Discharge temperature increase protection control (P5) is higher than the following protection controls.

- 1 Low Pressure Decrease Protection Control (P6).
- 2 Demand Current Control (PA).

Degeneration control

The degeneration control is carried out to modify the protection control range. Prevents frequent ON/OFF caused by alarm when retry stoppage by the abnormal control occurs.

Related protection control

- a. Pressure ratio decrease protection control (P1).
- b. Discharge pressure increase protection control (P2).
- c. Inverter overcurrent protection control (P3).
- d. Inverter fin temperature increase protection control (P4).
- e. Discharge temperature increase protection control (P5).

Example of discharge temperature increase protection control for RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E:



Α	Normal operation
В	Not allowing frequency increases (only frequency decreases are allowed) Forced decrease in frequency (1.0 Hz/s)
С	Forced decrease in frequency (0.25 Hz/s)
D	Abnormal stoppage (cause of stoppage d1-15)
(1)	For 5 seconds
(2)	For 10 minutes
Ν	Normal
D	Degeneration
Td	Discharge gas temperature sensor detected value

5.4 Control and safety devices

- 1 Compressor protection: the compressor is protected by High Pressure switch, this switch stops the compressor when the discharge pressure exceeds the set value.
- 2 Oil heater: this band-type heater protects against the formation of foam on the oil during cold starts and remains enabled when the compressor is at a standstill.

Model			RAS-3HVRC2		
For Compressor					
Pressure switches			Automatic reset, non-adjustable (Each one for each compressor)		
High	Cut-out	MPa	4.15 ^{-0.05} _{-0.15}		
	Cut-in		3.20±0.15		
Low	Cut-out	MDa	2.85±0.1		
(For control)	Cut-in	IVIFA	3.6±0.15		
Fuse capacity on PCB (PF1)	1~ 230V 50Hz	А	25		
CCP timer		-	Non adjustable		
Setting time		min	3		
		For fan	module		
Fuse capacity					
On PCB (PF4) (for fan motor) A		А	15		
On PCB (EFR1) (for control circuit)		A	3		

Model			RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E	RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E	
For Compressor					
Pressure switches			Automatic restart, non adjustable (each one for each compressor)		
High proceuro	Cut-Out	MPa	4.15 -0.05 -0.15	4.15 ^{-0.05} -0.15	
nigh pressure	Cut-In	MPa	3.20 +0.15 -0.20	3.20 +0.15 -0.20	
Fuse capacity					
	1~ 230V 50Hz	A	50	-	
	3N~ 400V 50Hz	A	-	32	
Oil heater capacity		W	24	24	
CCP timer		-	Not adj	ustable	
	Time setting	min.	3	3	
For fan module					
Fuse capacity (for both fans)					
	DC 310V	A	3.15	5	
	3N~ 400V 50Hz	A	-	-	

5.5 Standard operation sequence RAS-3HVRC2 and RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E

5.5.1 Cooling operation



Cooling operation (continued)



5.5.2 Dry operation



Dry operation (continued)



5.5.3 Heating operation



(*) Refer to Service Manual for the timing diagram of the reversing valve.

)

Heating operation (continued)



5.5.4 Defrost operation RAS-3HVRC2



: Actuator



(*) Refer to Service Manual for the timing diagram of the reversing valve.

5.5.5 Defrost operation RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E



(*) Refer to Service Manual for the timing diagram of the reversing valve.

Standard Defrost

1 Temperature Condition



2 Conditioning of Operating Time for Defrost Operation Start

The defrost operation starts when the temperature condition shown in "(a) Temperature Condition" is met after a heating operation of 40 to 120 minutes. The heating operation time is determined by estimating the amount of frost on the heat exchanger.

Forced Defrost

The "Forced Defrost" starts when all the following conditions are met:

- 1 The reversing valve is "ON" for more than 120 minutes.
- 2 The outdoor temperature is 50°F (10°C) or lower.
- 3 The accumulated heating operation time is more than 60 minutes.
- 4 The accumulated time is reset when the operation is stopped or the defrost operation is performed.
- 5 The compressor is operated continuously for more than 90 seconds.
- 6 The outdoor evaporating temperature is lower than 41°F (5°C) right before the operation starts.
- 7 The pressure switch for control is "OFF".

Condition for Completing Defrost Operation

The defrost operation stops when any of the following conditions is met:

- 1 The outdoor evaporating temperature reaches 77°F (25°C) within 2 minutes after the defrost operation starts.
- 2 The outdoor evaporating temperature reaches 59°F (15°C) (the outdoor temperature < 50°F (10°C)) and high pressure reaches 218psi (1.5MPa) after a lapse of 2 minutes or more from the defrost operation start.
- 3 The outdoor evaporating temperature reaches 41°F (5°C) (the outdoor temperature ≥ 50°F (10°C)) after a lapse of 2 minutes or more from the defrost operation start.
- 4 The temperature at the top of the compressor reaches 270°F (132°C).
- **5** The temperature switch for control is "ON".
- 6 The high pressure reaches 479psi (3.3MPa) within 20 seconds after the defrost operation starts.
- 7 The high pressure reaches 450psi (3.1MPa) after a lapse of 2 minutes or more from the defrost operation start.
- 8 More than 9 minutes have passed from the defrost operation start.

- The defrost operation does not start immediately even it the above conditions are met, because these conditions may be met temporarily depending on the refrigerant system variability.
- The defrost operations start when these conditions are met continuously for a certain period of time.

5.6 Standard control functions

Power supply Cooling or dry operation No compressor operated for more than 30min.*1)? *1): The check interval differs depending on the conditions Yes Cooling or dry operation Gas or liquid Higher than 0°C pipe surface temperature on heat exchanger Lower than 0°C it continuous for No more than 3 min.? Yes For simultaneous or MIF operation at set fan speed single operation (in case of dry operation. MIF operation: OFF for 6 min.) For individual operation IU electronic expansion valve: Inverter frequency = 0 Hz completely closed ĺs it No continuous for more than 3 min.? (6 min in case of dry operation) Yes а Gas or Lower than 14°C liquid pipe surface temp of indoor heat exchanger Higher than 14°C 15 Yes min progress No Either No of pipe surface temp *2) > 2°C ^{*2)}: Pipe surface temperature Yes NOT adpopted at a

5.6.1 Freezing protection during cooling process or dry operation

IU: Indoor unit

5.6.2 Prevention control for excessively high discharge gas temperature



Thermo-ON/OFF control for indoor unit

IU: Indoor unit

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6.1 RAS-3HVRC2

6.1.1 Menu mode accessing (by 7-segment display)

Make sure to perform external input/output and setting while the outdoor unit is stopped. It cannot be set while the outdoor is operating or check mode.



7-segment display, DSWs and PSWs location.

6.1.1.1 Check mode

It is used to check the condition of the outdoor and indoor units. It also displays the last 15 items in alarm code history. It is mainly used for servicing.

Start setting	Exit setting
Press PSW1 for 3 seconds	Press PSW1 for 3 seconds

6.1.1.2 External input and output setting

It is used to set the functions by external input and output signals.

Start setting	Exit setting
1º Turn ON DSW2 PIN6 2º Turn ON DSW301 PIN4	1° Turn OFF DSW301 PIN4 during indicated external Input/Output setting mode 2° Turn OFF DSW2 PIN6

6.1.1.3 Function setting

It is used to set the operation mode of the indoor units depending on the requirements of the system.

Start setting	Exit setting
1° Turn ON DSW2 PIN5	1° Turn OFF DSW301 PIN4 during indicated external Input/Output setting mode
2° Turn ON DSW301 PIN4	2° Turn OFF DSW2 PIN5

i note

- After setting, confirm DSW2 and DSW1 setting is same as setting before shipment.
- Release "Menu Mode" after the setting is completed. Otherwise, the air conditioner may not operate appropriately.
6.1.2 External input and output setting (by 7-segment display)

6.1.2.1 Available control functions

The outdoor unit PCB1 has three input terminals (CN1, CN2) that receive external signals and two output terminals (CN7) that send signals to the exterior. The control functions are available by setting input and output terminals as shown below:

Control function number	Setting of input functions	Configuration of output functions
1	Fixing heating operation mode	Operating signal
2	Fixing cooling operation mode	Alarm signal
3	Demand stoppage	Compressor ON signal
4	Outdoor unit fan motor start/stop	Defrost signal
5	Forced stoppage	
6	Control of 40% current demand	
7	Control of 60% current demand	
8	Control of 70% current demand	
9	Control of 80% current demand	
10	Control of 100% current demand	
0	Without setting	Without setting

The following functions are set before shipment:

Input terminal							
Name of the input terminal	Connector pin number	Setting function	Control function number				
Input 1	CN1 (1-2)	Fixing heating operation mode	1				
Input 2	CN1 (2-3)	Fixing cooling operation mode	2				
Input 3	CN2 (1-2)	Demand stoppage	3				

Output terminal					
Name of the output terminal	Connector pin number	Setting function	Control function number		
Output 1	CN7 (1-2)	Operating signal	1		
Output 2	CN7 (1-3)	Alarm signal	2		

i NOTE

The same input/output function cannot be assigned to different input/output terminals. In such case, the setting of the higher terminal number would become invalid.

6.1.2.2 Setting of external input and output

If the initial setting has to be modified, the following instructions must be followed:

- 1 DSW301 PIN4 of the outdoor unit PCB must be set to "ON" before the modification in order to prevent activation of the compressor. (The setting must be carried out during the stoppage of the outdoor unit.)
- 2 Set DSW2 PIN6 ON for "External Input and Output Setting", it will be displayed on the 7-segment display.
- **3** Pressing PSW2 and PSW3 changes the input/output terminal name. After the each input/output name appear the function number, pressing PSW1 it can be changed.



4 After selecting the control function number, turn OFF DSW2 PIN6. The display will be back to the normal operation. Then turn OFF the DSW301 PIN4. The selected data is stored in the outdoor unit PCB1 and the "External Input and Output Setting" is completed. The stored data is maintained even when the power source is cut OFF. Refer to the next table for the details for the electrical wiring connection and the required parts.

Specifications of required main parts

Components		Specifications	Remarks	
3-pin connector cable		PCC-1A (Accesory) (connected to a JST Connector, XARP-3)	5 cables with connectors in a single assembly	
Cable (Inside the unit)	Low voltage	0.3 mm ²	Less than 24 V	

i note

- The terminal cable must be as short as possible.
- Do not place the cables alongside the high voltage cables. Maintain at least 30 cm of distance between the cable and the high voltage cable. The cables may be crossed. If necessary to place the cables alongside the high voltage cable, insert the low voltage cables inside a metal conduit and ground it one of the end. If sealed cables are used for the low voltage cables, ground it one of the end of the shield cable.
- The maximum length must be within 70 m.

6.1.2.3 Optional external output signals

Output signals through 7-segment display

The system has several input and output signals, which can be selected using the following connectors of the PCB:

• Output connector CN7, which has two ports to configure two optional output signals.

The selection of these input and output signals represents the selection of some optional functions programmed in the PCB through the 7-segment display.

i NOTE

Do not set same function to multiple output ports. If set, the setting of the higher output number is cleared to \square \square .

N

6.1.2.4 Available ports

The system has the following output ports.

Conten	nt	Setting of the port in the PCB of the indoor unit	Remarks	Outlet
Outpute	ا م	1-2 of CN7	1 0 X 2 0 3 0	DC 12V
Outputs	62	1-3 of CN7	1 0 X 2 0 3 0	DC 12V

Connection

The system has the following connections:



• Specification of the components for a correct installation

Component		Manufacturer or specifications	Remarks	
Auxiliary relay (X3)		OMRON mini power relay model: MY1F or equivalent	Voltage between relay terminals 12 Vdc - 75 mA	
3P connector cable		Optional part PCC-1A (capable of connecting the JST XHP –3 connector)	Five wires with connectors as one set	
Wire (control) Voltage 12V DC 0.5 mm ²		0.5 mm ²		
Wire (power)	Voltage 230V	2.0 mm ²		

i NOTE

- The connection of the output signal is only an example.
- Keep the CN7 wire as short as possible.
- Do not run the wires along 230 V/400 V CA power cables Separately install them at a distance of more than 30 cm. (The cables may intersect.)
- If you install the wires along a power supply wire, insert the wires in a metal conduit tube and ground one end of the tube.
- The maximum wiring length is 70 m. If you use this function, it is recommended that you use safety devices such as an electrical leakage breaker or a smoke detector.

6.1.2.5 Available output signals

Ind.	Output signal	Application	Port
۵	Nº setting application	N° setting	-
01	Operation signal	This signal allows to pick up the machine's operation signal.	CN7
02	Alarm signal	This signal picks up the machine's alarm.	CN7
03	Compressor ON signal	This single allows to pick up the compressor's operation signal.	CN7
ØЧ	Defrost operation signal	This signal allows to pick up the defrosting of the unit.	CN7

i NOTE

Do not set same function (01~04) to multiple ports.

6.1.3 Function setting (by 7-segment display)

6.1.3.1 Sequence of the function setting

- 1 Set DSW301 PIN4 of the outdoor unit to ON position before performing in order to prevent the compressor from being activated (outdoor unit stoppage). This setting must be carried out during stoppage of the outdoor unit.
- 2 By selecting DSW2 PIN5 "Function setting", the following appears on the 7-segment display.



After the setting is completed, check that "Menu" is not shown in the display, otherwise the air conditioner may not operate correctly.

3 Pressing PSW2 and PSW3 changes the function setting item. After the each function setting item appear the function number, pressing PSW1 it can be changed.

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PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 Effectivity of F۵ Alternation Defrost Mode PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 □ PSW1 1 PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 No Function F5 PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 ₽SW1 1 PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 No Function F 7 PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 D PSW1 PSW2 🔻 🔺 PSW3 No Function F8 PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 □ PSW1 1 PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 Cancellation of Defrost F9 at Absence Judgment PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 PSW1 ▶ 1 PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 No Function F٢ PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 □ PSW 1 PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 No Function Fd PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 II PSW1 ▶ 1~∃ ► 4 PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 Permit indoor fan FE operation during forced stoppage PSW2 🔻 🔺 PSW3 D PSW1 ▶ PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 No Function FF PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 PSW1 ▶ ł PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 No Function FG PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 0 → 1~5 → 5 PSW2 ▼ ▲ PSW3 A

4 After selecting the function setting, turn OFF DSW2 PIN5. The display will be back to the normal operation. Then turn OFF DSW301 PIN4. The selected data is stored in the outdoor unit PCB and the "function setting" is completed. The stored data is maintained even when the power source is cut OFF.

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6.1.3.2 Function setting

No.	Setting Item	7-Segment Display		Contents
1	Circulator function at heating	FR		Not available (default setting)
			<u> </u>	Heating Thermo-OFF fan intermittent operation
2	2 Night-shift (low noise)		00	Not available (default setting)
			<u> </u>	Night-shift
			00	Not available (default setting)
3	Cancellation of outdoor ambient	55	01	For heating
	temperature limit		50	For cooling
			03	For cooling/heating
			00	Not available (default setting)
			01	Defrost for Cold Area (Change of Defrost Condition)
4	Defrost	Jo	50	Defrost for Warm Area (Change of Defrost Condition)
			03	Defrost for Extreme Cold Area 1 (Change of Defrost Condition)
			04	Defrost for Extreme Cold Area 2 (Change of Defrost Condition)
_			00	Not available (default setting)
5	SLO (Fan Speed) derrost setting	נום	01	Slo wind defrosting setting
			00	Not available (default setting)
6	No Function	Hi	01	No setting
			00	Not available (default setting)
			<u>п</u> і	Cooling capacity correction mode 1
7	Priority capacity mode	nU	 	Cooling capacity correction mode 2
				Cooling capacity correction mode 3
			00	Not available (default setting)
8	Priority Cooling Capacity Mode	Hc	00	Priority Cooling Capacity Mode
				Not available (default setting)
9	Priority Heating Capacity Mode	Hh		Drierity Heating Canacity Mode
			01	Not available (default setting)
10	No Function	50		No available (default setting)
	<u> </u>		01	No setting
	Indoor Expansion Valve Opening	-		Not available (default setting)
During Heati	During Heating Operation Stoppage	יכ	- 01	Heating Operation Stoppage 1
			02	Heating Operation Stoppage 2
10	12 Indoor Expansion Valve Operating during Heating Thermo-OFF	-		
12		סל	<u> </u>	
			<u> </u>	Heating Thermo-OFF 2
	Outdoor Expansion Valve Initial		00	Not available (default setting)
13	Opening for Heating	C1	<u> </u>	Initial Opening for Heating 1
			50	Initial Opening for Heating 2
			00	Not available (default setting)
			01	Low noise setting 1
			_ 02	Low noise setting 2
			03	Low noise setting 3
14	Low Noise Setting		04	Low noise setting 1
14			05	Low noise setting 2
			06	Low noise setting 3
			01	Low noise setting 1
			08	Low noise setting 2
			09	Low noise setting 3
4.5			00	Not available (default setting)
15	Demand Function Setting	d۲	01	Demand Function always enabled
			00	Not available (default setting)
16	Wave Function Setting	UE	01	Wave Function enabled
				Not available (default setting)
17	Protection of Decrease in Outlet	Eb	01	Outlet Temperature for Cooling 1
	Temperature for Cooling	, .	07	Outlet Temperature for Cooling 2
		00		

6 Optional functions

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HITACHI

No.	Setting Item	7-Segment		Contents
		DIS	пп	Not available (default setting)
18	R No Eurotion		00	No setting
10			י ט כח	No setting
			00 00	Not setting
19	No Function	Ei	00	
			<u> </u>	No setting
20	Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor Unit	45	00	Not available (default setting)
20	after Defrosting Operation		01	Forced stop upon return from defrosting
			00	Not available (default setting)
			01	Outdoor Fan Star/Stop Operation 1
21	Intermitent operation of outdoor fan	FI	50	Outdoor Fan Star/Stop Operation 2
			03	Outdoor Fan Star/Stop Operation 3
			04	Outdoor Fan Star/Stop Operation 4
			00	Not available (default setting)
22	No Function	F2	01	No setting
			00	Not available (default setting)
23	No Function	F3	01	No setting
			nn	Not available (default setting)
24	24 No Function	FY	 	No setting
			 	Not available (default setting)
25	Effectivity of Alternation Defrost Mode	FS	00	Effectivity of Alternation Defrect Mode
				Not available (default cotting)
26	No Function	F5	00	No cotting
				Not available (default cotting)
27	No Function	F7	00	No cotting
				Not available (default setting)
28	No Function	F8		Not available (default setting)
			00	No setting
29	9 Judgment		00	Not available (default setting)
	budghient		00	Cancellation of Delifost at Absence Judgment
30	No Function	FE	00	Not available (default setting)
			U I	No setting
31	No Function	Fd	00	Not available (default setting)
			<u> </u>	No setting
32	Permit Indoor Fan Operation during	FE	00	Not available (default setting)
	Forced Stoppage		01	Change of forced stop state
33	No Function	EE	00	Not available (default setting)
		, .	01	No setting
			00	Not available (default setting)
			01	No setting
		FG	02	No setting
34	No Function		03	No setting
			04	No setting
			05	No setting
			06	No setting

Record settings

Fill out the selected function setting number in the space of the table as shown (SET).

1 Circulator function at heating Thermo-OFF FR 1 2 Night-shift (tow noise) n · · 1 3 Cancellation of outdoor ambient temperature limit 15 5 0 1 4 Defrost 100 0 0 0 1 5 St.o (Fan Speed) defrost setting 100 10 1 1 6 No Function Hr 0 0 1 7 Priority capacity mode		Item	SEG2	SEG1	SET
2 Night-shift (low noise) 0 0 0 3 Cancellation of outdoor ambient temperature limit 0.5 0 0 4 Detrost 0.0 0.0 0 5 SLo (Fan Speed) detost setting 0.0 0.0 0 6 No Function Mr 0 0 7 Priority capacity mode 0.0 0 0 9 Priority colong Capacity Mode Me 0 0 10 No Function SLC 0 0 11 Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Operation Stoppage 5 0 0 12 Indoor Expansion Valve Operating during Heating Thermo-OFF Se 0 0 13 Outdoor Expansion Valve Operating during Heating Thermo-OFF Se 0 0 14 Low Noise Setting dE 0 0 15 Demand Function Setting dE 0 0 16 Wave Function Setting JE 0 0 17 Protection of Decrease in Outlet Temperature for Cooling FF 0 0 18 No Function Eff 0 0 0 19 No Function Ff 0	1	Circulator function at heating Thermo-OFF	FR	۵	
3Cancellation of outdoor ambient temperature limitCS004DefrostJo005SLO (Fan Speed) defrost settingb.J006No FunctionHr007Priority capacity moden.U008Priority Cooling Capacity ModeKc009Priority Cooling Capacity ModeKc0010No FunctionSL0011Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Operation Stoppage5.0012Indoor Expansion Valve Operating during Heating Thermo-OFFSa0013Outdoor Expansion Valve Initial Opening for Heatingc.0014Low Noise SettingJE00015Demand Function SattingJE00016Wave Function SattingJE00017Protection of Decrease in Outdor Temperature for CoolingFE0018No FunctionSF00019No FunctionSF00020Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor funt after Defrosting OperationAS0021Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motorF10023No FunctionFG00024No FunctionFF00025Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeFG0	2	Night-shift (low noise)		۵	
4DefrostJoII5SLo (Fan Speed) defrost settingbJII6No FunctionHrIIIII7Priority capacity modeAUIII8Priority Cooling Capacity ModeMeIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	3	Cancellation of outdoor ambient temperature limit	65	۵	
5SLo (Fan Speed) defrost settingb.JDI6No FunctionMfDI7Priority coaling Capacity ModeAUDI8Priority Cooling Capacity ModeMkDI9Priority Cooling Capacity ModeMkDI10No FunctionSCDI11Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Operation StoppageS -DI12Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Thermo-OFFSoDI13Outdoor Expansion Valve Initial Opening for Heatingc -DI14Low Noise SettingdbDII15Demand Function SettingdEDII16Wave Function SettingUEDII17Protection of Decrease in Outlet Temperature for CoolingFbDI18No FunctionFfDII19No FunctionFfDII20Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor fna motorFfDI21Informitient operation of outdoor fna motorFfDI22No FunctionFfDII23No FunctionFfDII24No FunctionFfDII25Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeFfDI26No FunctionFfDII27<	4	Defrost	Jo	۵	
6No FunctionHT007Priority capacity modeAU008Priority Cooling Capacity ModeHe009Priority Cooling Capacity ModeMh0010No Function5C0011Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Operation Stoppage5、0012Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Operation Stoppage5、0013Outdoor Expansion Valve Opening for Heatingc、0014Low Noise Settingdb00015Demand Function SettingdE00016Wave Function SettingdE00017Protection of Decrease in Outlet Temperature for CoolingFF00018No FunctionEr000019No FunctionFF000010Intermitent operation of outdoor framotorF100019No FunctionF2000010No FunctionF5000011Intermitent operation of outdoor framotorF100019No FunctionF5000010No FunctionF5000011Intermitent operation of outdoor framotorF500010<	5	SLo (Fan Speed) defrost setting	5.1	۵	
7Priority capacity moden.llQQ8Priority Cooling Capacity ModeHeQQ9Priority Heating Capacity ModeHhQQ10No FunctionSEQQ11Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Operation StoppageS.QQ12Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Thermo-OFFSoQQ13Outdoor Expansion Valve Initial Opening for Heatingc.QQ14Low Noise SettingdQQ15Demand Function SettingdEQQ16Wave Function SettingdEQQ17Protection of Decrease in Outlet Temperature for CoolingFEQQ18No FunctionEQQQ19No FunctionEQQQ20Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor Unit after Defrosting OperationdSQQ21Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motorFIQQ22No FunctionFFQQQ23No FunctionFFQQQ24No FunctionFFQQQ25Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeFFQQQ26No FunctionFFQQQ27No FunctionFFQQQ28No FunctionFFQQQ29C	6	No Function	нГ	D	
8Priority Cooling Capacity Mode <i>HcB</i> III9Priority Heating Capacity Mode <i>HhD</i> III10No Function <i>SED</i> III11Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Operation Stoppage <i>S</i> · <i>D</i> IIII12Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Thermo-OFF <i>SaD</i> IIII13Outdoor Expansion Valve Initial Opening for Heating <i>c</i> · <i>D</i> IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	7	Priority capacity mode	nЦ	۵	
9Priority Heating Capacity ModeHHII10No FunctionSCII11Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Operation StoppageS ,II12Indoor Expansion Valve Operating during Heating Thermo-OFFS aII13Outdoor Expansion Valve Initial Opening for Heatingc ,II14Low Noise SettingdbII15Demand Function SettingdEII16Wave Function SettingdEIII17Protection of Decrease in Outlet Temperature for CoolingFbIII18No FunctionFfIIII19No FunctionFfIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	8	Priority Cooling Capacity Mode	Hc	۵	
10No FunctionSEII11Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Operation StoppageS -III12Indoor Expansion Valve Operating during Heating Thermo-OFFS aIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	9	Priority Heating Capacity Mode	Нh	۵	
11Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Operation Stoppage5 ,0012Indoor Expansion Valve Operating during Heating Thermo-OFF5 o0013Outdoor Expansion Valve Initial Opening for Heatingc ·0014Low Noise Settingdbb0015Demand Function SettingdE0016Wave Function SettingdE0017Protection of Decrease in Outlet Temperature for CoolingFb0018No FunctionFF00019No FunctionE ·00020Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor Unit after Defrosting Operationd50021Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motorFf00022No FunctionFf000023No FunctionFf000024No FunctionFf000025Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeFf00026No FunctionFf000027No FunctionFf000028No FunctionFf00029Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentFf00020No FunctionFf000029Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentFf	10	No Function	50	۵	
12Indoor Expansion Valve Operating during Heating Thermo-OFF5001013Outdoor Expansion Valve Initial Opening for Heatingc ·0014Low Noise Settingdbb00015Demand Function SettingdE00016Wave Function SettingUE00017Protection of Decrease in Outlet Temperature for CoolingFbb00018No FunctionFF000019No FunctionFF000020Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor Unit after Defrosting Operationd500021Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motorF1000023No FunctionF2000024No FunctionFF000025Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeF500026No FunctionFF000027No FunctionFF000028No FunctionFF000029Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentFF00030No FunctionFF000031No FunctionFF000032Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFF000 <td>11</td> <td>Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Operation Stoppage</td> <td>5,</td> <td>۵</td> <td></td>	11	Indoor Expansion Valve Opening During Heating Operation Stoppage	5,	۵	
13Outdoor Expansion Valve Initial Opening for Heatingc ·I14Low Noise SettingdbI15Demand Function SettingdEI16Wave Function SettingUEI17Protection of Decrease in Outlet Temperature for CoolingFbI18No FunctionFFII19No FunctionE ·II20Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor Unit after Defrosting Operationd5II21Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motorF III22No FunctionF2II23No FunctionF3II24No FunctionF3II25Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeF5II26No FunctionF7II27No FunctionF8II28No FunctionF7II29Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF7II20No FunctionFFII21No FunctionFFII23No FunctionFFII24No FunctionFFII25Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeF5II26No FunctionFFIII27No FunctionFFIII28No FunctionFFIIII<	12	Indoor Expansion Valve Operating during Heating Thermo-OFF	50	D	
14Low Noise SettingdbGG15Demand Function SettingdEGG16Wave Function SettingUEGG17Protection of Decrease in Outlet Temperature for CoolingFbGG18No FunctionFFGGG19No FunctionE ·GGG20Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor Unit after Defrosting Operationd5GG21Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motorF IGG22No FunctionF2GGG23No FunctionF3GGG24No FunctionF3GGG25Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeF5GGG26No FunctionF6GGGG27No FunctionF7GGGG28No FunctionF7GGGG29Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF7GGG20No FunctionFEGGGG31No FunctionFFGGGG32No FunctionFFGGGG33No FunctionFFGGGG34No FunctionFFGGGG35No FunctionFFGGGG3	13	Outdoor Expansion Valve Initial Opening for Heating	E I	۵	
15Demand Function SettingJE016Wave Function SettingJJE017Protection of Decrease in Outlet Temperature for CoolingFb018No FunctionFr0019No FunctionE0020Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor Unit after Defrosting Operationd50021Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motorF I0022No FunctionF20023No FunctionF30024No FunctionF40025Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeF50026No FunctionF70027No FunctionF70028No FunctionF70029Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF70030No FunctionF60031No FunctionF60032Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFE0033No FunctionFF0034No FunctionFF00	14	Low Noise Setting	db	۵	
16Wave Function SettingUE017Protection of Decrease in Outlet Temperature for CoolingFb0018No FunctionFr0019No FunctionE ·0020Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor Unit after Defrosting Operationd50021Internitent operation of outdoor fan motorF i0022No FunctionFZ0023No FunctionF30024No FunctionF30025Effectivity of Atternation Defrost ModeF50026No FunctionF60027No FunctionF60028No FunctionF60029Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF60030No FunctionF60031No FunctionF60032Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageF60033No FunctionF60034No FunctionF600	15	Demand Function Setting	dЕ	D	
17Protection of Decrease in Outlet Temperature for CoolingFbBI18No FunctionFFBI19No FunctionEGI20Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor Unit after Defrosting Operationd5BI21Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motorF1BI22No FunctionF2DI23No FunctionF3BI24No FunctionF4GI25Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeF5DI26No FunctionF7DI27No FunctionF7DI28No FunctionF7DI29Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF7DI30No FunctionF6DI31No FunctionF6DI32Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFEDI33No FunctionFFDI34No FunctionFFDI	16	Wave Function Setting	ЦЕ	D	
18No FunctionFF0019No FunctionE ,0020Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor Unit after Defrosting Operationd50021Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motorF i0022No FunctionF 200023No FunctionF 300024No FunctionF 400025Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeF 500026No FunctionF 6000027No FunctionF 7000028No FunctionF 7000029Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF 7000030No FunctionF 60000031No FunctionF 70000032Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageF 6000033No FunctionF 70000034No FunctionF 70000033No FunctionF 70000034No FunctionF 70000035No FunctionF 70000034No FunctionF 700 <t< td=""><td>17</td><td>Protection of Decrease in Outlet Temperature for Cooling</td><td>FЬ</td><td>D</td><td></td></t<>	17	Protection of Decrease in Outlet Temperature for Cooling	FЬ	D	
19No FunctionE ,0120Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor Unit after Defrosting Operationd50121Internitent operation of outdoor fan motorF 10122No FunctionF20123No FunctionF30124No FunctionF40125Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeF50126No FunctionF50127No FunctionF50128No FunctionF60129Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF70130No FunctionFE0131No FunctionFE0132Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFE0133No FunctionFF0134No FunctionFE01	18	No Function	FF	D	
20Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor Unit after Defrosting Operationd 59921Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motorF 10022No FunctionF20023No FunctionF30024No FunctionF30025Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeF50026No FunctionF50027No FunctionF50028No FunctionF70029Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF70030No FunctionF60031No FunctionF60032Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFE0033No FunctionFF0034No FunctionFF00	19	No Function	E,	D	
21Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motorF IIII22No FunctionF2II23No FunctionF3II24No FunctionF4II25Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeF5II26No FunctionF7II27No FunctionF7II28No FunctionF7II29Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF7II30No FunctionF7II31No FunctionF6II32Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFEII33No FunctionFFIII34No FunctionFEIII	20	Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor Unit after Defrosting Operation	d5	۵	
22No FunctionF2D23No FunctionF3DI24No FunctionF4DI25Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeF5DI26No FunctionF5DI27No FunctionF6DI28No FunctionF7DI29Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF9DI30No FunctionF6DI31No FunctionF6DI32Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFEDI33No FunctionF6DI34No FunctionF6DI	21	Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motor	F (۵	
23No FunctionF3D24No FunctionF4D25Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeF5D26No FunctionF5DD27No FunctionF7DD28No FunctionF8DD29Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF8DD30No FunctionFFDD31No FunctionFEDD32Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFEDD33No FunctionFFDD34No FunctionFEDD	22	No Function	F2	۵	
24No FunctionF4II25Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeF5II26No FunctionFEII27No FunctionF71II28No FunctionFF8II29Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentFF9II30No FunctionFF1II31No FunctionFF2II32Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFEII33No FunctionFF5II34No FunctionFF2II	23	No Function	FB	۵	
25Effectivity of Alternation Defrost ModeF5D26No FunctionFEDI27No FunctionF7DI28No FunctionFBDI29Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF9DI30No FunctionFEDI31No FunctionFEDI32Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFEDI33No FunctionFFDI34No FunctionFEDI	24	No Function	F4	۵	
26No FunctionF5D27No FunctionF7D28No FunctionFBD29Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF9D30No FunctionFED31No FunctionFEdD32Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFED33No FunctionFFD34No FunctionFED	25	Effectivity of Alternation Defrost Mode	FS	۵	
27No FunctionF7I28No FunctionF8I29Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF9I30No FunctionFEI31No FunctionFdI32Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFEI33No FunctionFFI34No FunctionFEI	26	No Function	F5	D	
28No FunctionF8I29Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF9I30No FunctionFLI31No FunctionFdI32Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFEI33No FunctionFFI34No FunctionFLI	27	No Function	F٦	۵	
29Cancellation of Defrost at Absence JudgmentF9II30No FunctionFLII31No FunctionFdII32Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFEII33No FunctionFFII34No FunctionFLII	28	No Function	FB	۵	
30No FunctionFED31No FunctionFdD32Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFED33No FunctionFFD34No FunctionFLD	29	Cancellation of Defrost at Absence Judgment	F9	۵	
31No FunctionFdD32Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFED33No FunctionFFD34No FunctionFLD	30	No Function	FE	۵	
32Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced StoppageFEII33No FunctionFFII34No FunctionFLII	31	No Function	Fd	D	
33 No Function FF D D 34 No Function FL D D	32	Permit Indoor Fan Operation during Forced Stoppage	FE	D	
34 No Function FL L	33	No Function	FF	۵	
	34	No Function	FG	۵	

6.1.3.3 Circulator function at heating Thermo-OFF (FR)

Press PSW1 and select the setting of the condition "0" to "1" of the indoor unit fan control during the Thermo-OFF in heating mode "FR".

Normally, the fan speed is changed to "LOW" at heating Thermo-OFF. (There is a case that the room temperature is too high at the heating Thermo-OFF.) However, the indoor fan motor is operated at "LOW" and stopped repeatedly by setting this function.

- When the compressor is stopped, the indoor fan motor operates at "LOW" speed continuously.
- Thermo-ON: The indoor unit is running.
- Thermo-OFF: The indoor unit stays on, but doesn't run.

The action when the indoor fan motor operates at the circulator function indicated as follows.



6.1.3.4 Night-shift (low noise)(n)

Press PSW1 and select the setting for condition "0" or "1" of the night shift (low noise) " σ " consequently, the function can be set. " σ "=1 reduces the upper limit of the outdoor fan rotation and the compressor frequency as shown below in cooling operation.

The night shift operation shall be applied in case the cooling capacity has the allowed range to decrease the capacity and the low noise level operation is required especially at night.

		Reduction Rate of Maximum			
"י ה Setting Condition	Operation	Outdoor Fan Rotation	Compressor Frequency		
		Cooling (Including Dry Operation)	Cooling (Including Dry Operation)		
0	No Effect (Default Setting)	Not Changed (=100%)	Not Changed (=100%)		
1	Night Shift	Shown as below	60%		



i NOTE

- Reduction rates are approximate, these may change slightly depending on the outdoor unit model.
- This function setting is not possible to set with Priority Capacity Mode (all) and the Low Noise Setting (db) at the same time.

Indoor Inlet Air

Temperature (°C)

Outdoor Temperature (°C)

21

38

6.1.3.5 Cancellation of the outdoor ambient temperature limit (5)

Press PSW1 and select the setting condition "0" to "3" at the cancellation of outdoor ambient temperature limit of L5. Then this function can be set.

The heating operation is continued under a high outdoor temperature or the cooling operation is continued under a low temperature.

Setting condition	Operation mode
0	Not available (default setting)
1	Heating
2	Cooling
3	Heating/Cooling

♦ Heating operation

The limitation of the permissible outdoor temperature area in heating operation (factory setting) as shown in the right figure is cancelled.

i note

When the outdoor ambient temperature limit for heating operation is cancelled, the operation may stop due to increasing high pressure since the protection control is not cancelled.



The limitation of the permissible outdoor temperature area

Cooling operation

in cooling operation (factory-set) as shown in the right figure is cancelled.

i NOTE

When the outdoor ambient temperature limit for cooling operation is cancelled, the operation may stop due to decreasing low pressure since the protection control is not cancelled.

i NOTE

If this function is set and the outdoor unit operates in the operation stoppage area shown in the above figure for a long time, the outdoor unit may be damaged since protection control is cancelled and some alarm codes by abnormal operation may occur. If the alarm codes occur frequently, contact your distributor or contractor.

Operation

6.1.3.6 Change of defrost condition (42)

These optional function is available for being selected using the PSW switches and 7-segment on the PCB:

This function allows to shift the temperature conditions in order to cause an earlier defrosting.

It is useful in installations placed in very cold regions, where frost generates continuously; enabling an earlier defrosting operation results in a lower amount of accumulated frost, therefore keeping higher heating capacity values.

Press "PSW1" and select the setting condition "1-4" at the change of defrost condition "الم".

Setting condition	Operation mode	
0	Not available (default setting)	
1	Defrost for Cold Area	
2	Defrost for Warm Area	
3	Defrost for Extreme Cold Area 1	
4	Defrost for Extreme Cold Area 2	

Example of setting:



6.1.3.7 SLo defrost setting (뉴니)

Press PSW1 and select the settings condition "0" to "1" at the SLo defrost setting "but".

The indoor fan stops during the defrost operation and starting of heating operation. However, the indoor fan can operate at low speed during the defrosting operation and starting of heating operation.

Setting	Indoor fan operation		
condition	At Start of Compressor Operation in Heating Operation	During Defrost Operation	After Defrost Operation
0	STOP	STOP	STOP
1	STOP	SLo Speed	SLo Speed

i note

The indoor fan may operate at other speed depending on outlet air temperature of the indoor unit.

6.1.3.8 Priority capacity mode setting (nL)

Press PSW1 and select the setting condition "0" to "3" at the priority capacity mode setting "nu". By setting this function, the target frequency, current limit of the compressor and the maximum indoor fan motor step are set higher.

- Do not use the setting condition "2" and "3" unless the power supply wiring is of sufficient ampacity, because the target frequency and current limit of the compressor during the operation are set higher.
- Level 1 < level 2 < level 3.

Setting condition	Operation mode
0	Not available (default setting)
1	Correctly Cooling Capacity Mode 1
2	Correctly Cooling Capacity Mode 2
3	Correctly Cooling Capacity Mode 3

6.1.3.9 Priority Cooling Capacity mode (Hc)

By setting the priority cooling capacity mode "H c" to "1" in the function selection, the upper frequency and target frequency of the compressor can be set higher than normal.

The upper frequency and the target frequency of the compressor can be set higher than usual. However, the upper frequency may not be higher in some models due to the relationship with the upper frequency.

6.1.3.10 Priority Heating Capacity mode (Hh)

By setting the heating capacity priority mode "Hh" to "1" in the function selection, the upper frequency and target frequency of the compressor can be higher than normal.

The upper frequency and target frequency of the compressor can be set higher than usual. However, some models may not have a higher upper frequency due to the relationship with the upper frequency.

6.1.3.11 Change the opening degree of the Expansion Valve (5 \cdot)

By setting the heating stop unit opening degree change "5 " to "1" or "2" in the function selection, the expansion valve opening degree of the Expansion Valve of the indoor unit can be changed.

Setting condition	Operation mode
0	Not available (default setting)
1	Indoor Expansion Valve Opening during Heating Operation Stoppage 1
2	Indoor Expansion Valve Opening during Heating Operation Stoppage 2

6

6.1.3.12 Change of heating Thermo-OFF opening degree of the Expansion Valve (5a)

The opening degree of the expansion value of the heating Thermo-OFF unit can be changed by setting the heating Thermo-OFF opening degree "5a" to "1" or "2" in the function selection.

Setting condition	Operation mode
0	Not available (default setting)
1	Indoor Expansion Valve Operating during Heating Thermo-OFF 1
2	Indoor Expansion Valve Operating during Heating Thermo-OFF 2

6.1.3.13 Heating start opening degree change ()

By setting the heating start opening degree change " ϵ ϵ " to "1" or "2" in the function selection, the expansion valve opening degree for heating start can be changed.

Setting condition	Operation mode
0	Not available (default setting)
1	Outdoor Expansion Valve Initial Opening for Heating 1
2	Outdoor Expansion Valve Initial Opening for Heating 2

6.1.3.14 Low noise setting (a'b)

By setting the operation noise reduction setting "db" to "1" to "3" in the function selection setting, the operation noise reduction specification can be set. Unlike the night shift setting, the compressor frequency is set lower than normal for both cooling and heating regardless of the outdoor air temperature.

In this case, the cooling and heating capacity will be reduced to 80%, 70%, and 60%, respectively.

Press PSW1 and select the setting condition "0" to "9" at the low noise setting "db" to reduce the upper limit compressor frequency.

Setting condition	Compressor frequency limit	Operating noise (dB targeted value)
0	Not available (default setting)	Not available (default setting)
1	80%	Low Noise Setting 1
2	70%	Low Noise Setting 2
3	60%	Low Noise Setting 3
4	80%	Low Noise Setting 1
5	70%	Low Noise Setting 2
6	60%	Low Noise Setting 3
7	80%	Low Noise Setting 1
8	70%	Low Noise Setting 2
9	60%	Low Noise Setting 3

i note

By setting this function, the compressor frequency and the outdoor fan motor rotation frequency are forcibly reduced and so the outdoor unit capacity decreases and the unit operation range is limited.

6.1.3.15 Demand function setting (dE)

Demand current control is enabled even when no signal is input to the external input terminal of the outdoor PCB by setting "dE" to "1" for the demand function always enabled in the function selection setting.

Press PSW1 and select the settings for conditions "0" or "1" to set the demand function "dE". This function is available by setting to "1" for the demand current control without inputting the signal to the external input terminal on the outdoor unit PCB1. The table below is shown for the limit of the operating current for this function.

i NOTE

If the outdoor unit running current exceeds the maximum limit for twenty minutes, the indoor unit is put under Thermo-OFF condition. In this case, the stoppage code Number "10" is given.

Setting condition	Operation mode
0	Not available (default setting)
1	Value according to external input demand function

Set by the external I/O setting Function number of external input 1 to 3 (*)	Demand current limit value
1~5, 11	100%
6	40%
7	60%
8	70%
9	80%
10	100%

(*) The setting is valid if it is set in one of the inputs 1 to 3. When multiple settings are made, priority is given in the order of 6 > 7 > 8 > 9 > 10.

Demand control

Adapting the self-demand function, which causes the power consumption to drop drastically for the purpose of saving energy.



i NOTE

- The demand current control (%) is value criterion. The value used for this control is calculated from the current, and therefore is different from the value indicated by a wattmeter. If it is required that the maximum power consumption is managed precisely, a field-supplied demand controller should be used.
- The actual value may temporarily be higher than the indicated value shown above depending on the operating control conditions such as protection control.

6.1.3.16 Wave function setting (LE**)**

Press PSW3 and select the settings condition "0" to "1" to set wave function setting "L'E". The maximum running current limit changes from 40% to 80%, as shown in the attached figure.

i NOTE

In the case that the demand current control by external input is set and the external input signal is available, this function is not available even when the demand current control by external input signal is performed.





Setting condition	Operation mode
0	Not available (default setting)
1	Value according to external input demand function

- The current limit value is targeted value. The actual current value may temporarily be higher than the value shown in the table above depending on the operating control condition.
- When the scheduled operation of "Demand Function Setting" is set from the centralized controller, refer to "Technical Catalog" and "Installation & Maintenance Manual" of the centralized controller.

6.1.3.17 Cold draft protection (F_{b})

Press PSW1 and select the setting condition "0" to "2" to set the cold draft protection "*F* b". When the indoor unit discharge air temperature drops falls down at cooling operation, the outdoor unit fan stops and the compressor frequency decreases to prevent a drop in discharge air temperature. If the outlet temperature decreases and the temperature is less than Thermo-OFF condition even after the compressor frequency decreases, the indoor unit becomes Thermo-OFF condition. (When Thermo-OFF is activated under this condition, the operation will be restarted after 3 minutes).

- Thermo-ON: The indoor unit is running.
- Thermo-OFF: The indoor unit stays on, but doesn't run.

Setting condition	Outlet temperature	
	Target value	At Thermo-OFF
0	-	-
1	10°C	7°C
2	12°C	9°C

6.1.3.18 Forced stop when defrosting is restored (d^{c})

The outdoor unit can be stopped after defrosting is completed by setting " d^{5} " to "1" in "Forced stop when defrosting returns" in "Function selection".

After stopping, the outdoor unit will start heating after the 3-minute on-guard period.

Setting condition	Operation mode
0	Not available (default setting)
1	Thermo-OFF Setting for Outdoor Unit After Defrosting Operation

6.1.3.19 Intermittent operation of outdoor fan (\mathcal{F} l)

It can be used as a simple snow prevention measure (auxiliary function) for outdoor fans.

Intermittent operation of outdoor fan is enabled when external input function number "4" is set or when function selection setting " \mathcal{F} *l*" is set to "1" to "4". When the outdoor unit is stopped (compressor is stopped), the fan of the outdoor unit starts intermittent operation when the outdoor air temperature becomes 10°C or lower, and stops when the outdoor air temperature becomes 16°C or higher.

If the outdoor unit is operated (compressor is operated) in this state, the fan of the outdoor unit will switch to normal operation.

The operation during intermittent operation of the outdoor blower is as shown below.



i note

Repeats intermittent operation with 600[s] as one cycle.

Setting condition	Operation mode	Outdoor fan operation time A(s)
0	Not available (default setting)	Continuous operation (600 s)
1	Outdoor Fan Start/Stop Operation 1	30
2	Outdoor Fan Start/Stop Operation 2	60
3	Outdoor Fan Start/Stop Operation 3	120
4	Outdoor Fan Start/Stop Operation 4	300

i NOTE

- This function is an auxiliary function to prevent snow accumulation. In snowfall areas or areas where snow accumulates, the propeller fan may break due to snowfall. In snowfall areas or areas where snow accumulates, be sure to install a snow-proof roof, enclosure, snow-proof hood (optional part), etc. on the outdoor unit to prevent the propeller fan from cracking due to snowfall or abnormal vibration due to unbalanced propeller fan.
- If the fan motor malfunctions during operation with this function, the fan of the outdoor unit will be stopped and this function will be suspended. As for the alarm code, the relevant alarm will be reported the next time the outdoor unit is operated (when the compressor is operating). Please check the contents of the alarm code before taking any action.
- When using the unit, to prevent injury due to unexpected fan operation, indicate on a clearly visible part of the unit that the fan is set to operate while the outdoor unit is stopped (compressor is stopped).

6.1.3.20 Alternate defrost mode (F 5)

When " \mathcal{F} 5" is set to "1" for "Alternate defrost mode" in the function selection, defrosting is performed alternately when there are two or more outdoor units connected to H-LINK II.

Setting condition	Operation mode
0	Not available (default setting)
1	Effectivity of Alternation Defrost Mode

The other outdoor unit will not defrost until the other outdoor unit finishes defrosting.



i ΝΟΤΕ

This mode performs defrosting alternately for each combination of outdoor unit A (refrigerant system is even) and outdoor unit B (refrigerant system is the refrigerant system of outdoor unit A + 1) connected by H-LINK II.

6.1.3.21 Cancellation of Defrost at Absence Judgement (F^{ij})

When " \mathcal{F} ", is set to "1" in the function selection, this function allows the unit to continue defrosting or heating operation without defrosting even if the motion sensor determines that no one is present in the area during defrosting preparation.

Setting condition	Operation mode
0	Not available (default setting)
1	Cancellation of Defrost at Absence Judgement

6.1.3.22 Change Forced stoppage status ($\mathcal{F}\mathcal{E}$)

By setting the forced stop status change " $\mathcal{F}E$ " to "1" in the function selection, the indoor fan can be operated while the compressor is forced off.

Setting condition	Operation mode
0	Not available (default setting)
1	Permit Indoor Fan Operating during Forced Stoppage

6.2 RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E

6.2.1 Menu mode accessing (by 7-segment display)

Make sure to perform external input/output and setting while the outdoor unit is stopped. It cannot be set while the outdoor is operating or check mode.



7-segment display, DSWs and PSWs location.

i note

All the DSWs and PSWs mentioned in this chapter are located in this way:

- PCB2 for RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E
- PCB1 for RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E

6.2.1.1 Check mode

It is used to check the condition of the outdoor and indoor units. It also displays the last 15 items in alarm code history. It is mainly used for servicing.

Start setting	Exit setting	
Press PSW1 for 3 seconds	Press PSW1 for 3 seconds	

6.2.1.2 External input and output setting

It is used to set the functions by external input and output signals.

Start setting	Exit setting
1º Turn ON DSW1 PIN4	1° Turn OFF DSW2 PIN6 during indicated external Input/Output setting mode
2º Turn ON DSW2 PIN6	2° Turn OFF DSW1 PIN4

6.2.1.3 Function setting

It is used to set the operation mode of the indoor units depending on the requirements of the system.

Start setting	Exit setting
1º Turn ON DSW1 PIN4,	1° Turn OFF DSW2 PIN5 during indicated function setting mode
2º Turn ON DSW2 PIN5	2° Turn OFF DSW1-PIN4

i note

- After setting, confirm DSW2 and DSW1 setting is same as setting before shipment.
- Release "Menu Mode" after the setting is completed. Otherwise, the air conditioner may not operate appropriately.

6.2.2 External input and output setting (by 7-segment display)

6.2.2.1 Available control functions

The outdoor unit PCB1 has three input terminals (CN1, CN2) that receive external signals and two output terminals (CN7) that send signals to the exterior. The control functions are available by setting input and output terminals as shown below:

Control function number	Setting of input functions	Configuration of output functions
1	Fixing heating operation mode	Operating signal
2	Fixing cooling operation mode	Alarm signal
3	Demand stoppage	Compressor ON signal
4	Outdoor unit fan motor start/stop	Defrost signal
5	Forced stoppage	
6	Control of 40% current demand	
7	Control of 60% current demand	
8	Control of 70% current demand	
9	Control of 80% current demand	
10	Control of 100% current demand	
0	Without setting	Without setting

The following functions are set before shipment:

Input terminal			
Name of the input terminal Connector pin number Setting function		Control function number	
Input 1	CN1 (1-2)	Fixing heating operation mode	1
Input 2	CN1 (2-3)	Fixing cooling operation mode	2
Input 3	CN2 (1-2)	Demand stoppage	3

Output terminal			
Name of the output terminal Connector pin number Setting function			Control function number
Output 1	CN7 (1-2)	Operating signal	1
Output 2	CN7 (1-3)	Alarm signal	2

i NOTE

The same input/output function cannot be assigned to different input/output terminals. In such case, the setting of the higher terminal number would become invalid.

6.2.2.2 Setting of external input and output

If the initial setting has to be modified, the following instructions must be followed:

- 1 DSW1 PIN4 of the outdoor unit PCB must be set to "ON" before the modification in order to prevent activation of the compressor. (The setting must be carried out during the stoppage of the outdoor unit.)
- 2 Set DSW2 PIN6 ON for "External Input and Output Setting", it will be displayed on the 7-segment display.
- **3** Pressing PSW2 and PSW3 changes the input/output terminal name. After the each input/output name appear the function number, pressing PSW1 it can be changed.



4 After selecting the control function number, turn OFF DSW2 PIN6. The display will be back to the normal operation. Then turn OFF the DSW1 PIN4. The selected data is stored in the outdoor unit PCB1 and the "External Input and Output Setting" is completed. The stored data is maintained even when the power source is cut OFF. Refer to the next table for the details for the electrical wiring connection and the required parts.

Specifications of required main parts

Components		Specifications	Remarks	
3-pin connector cable		PCC-1A (Accesory) (connected to a JST Connector, XARP-3)	5 cables with connectors in a single assembly	
Cable (Inside the unit)	Low voltage	0.3 mm ²	Less than 24 V	

- The terminal cable must be as short as possible.
- Do not place the cables alongside the high voltage cables. Maintain at least 30 cm of distance between the cable and the high voltage cable. The cables may be crossed. If necessary to place the cables alongside the high voltage cable, insert the low voltage cables inside a metal conduit and ground it one of the end. If sealed cables are used for the low voltage cables, ground it one of the end of the shield cable.
- The maximum length must be within 70 m.

6.2.2.3 External input function setting

The following signals can be received by the outdoor unit PCB1.

Fixing heating operation mode (Control function n° 1) / Fixing cooling operation mode (Control function n° 2)

When the input terminals for setting the operation mode of the outdoor unit PCB1 are short-circuited, the operation mode can be fixed for cooling or heating mode.

- Short-circuit between terminals 1 and 2 (input 1) of the CN1 to fix heating operation mode.
- Short-circuit between terminals 2 and 3 (input 2) of the CN1 to fix cooling operation mode.

During the setting of heating (or cooling) mode, cooling (or heating) mode will not be available. The indoor units in cooling or dry operation (or heating operation) will be switched to Thermo-OFF condition during the setting of the operation, and stoppage code number "20" is given.

Setting example:

- Fixing Heating Operation at Input 1 (between 1 and 2 pins of CN1).
- Fixing Cooling Operation at Input 2 (between 3 and 2 pins of CN1).



Demand stoppage (Control function n° 3) / Forced stoppage (Control function n° 5)

When the input terminals for demand stoppage or forced stoppage on the outdoor unit PCB1 are shortcircuited while running, the compressor(s) is stopped. The fan motor of indoor unit(s) is operated as shown below.

Demand Stoppage (Control Function Number 3)		Indoor fan
Forced Stoppage	Function Setting "FE"=0	Stop
(Control Function Number 5)	Function Setting "FE"=1	Cooling: Airflow Setting, Heating Lo Setting

- Short-circuit terminals 1 and 2 (input 3) of CN2 to set the stoppage demand.
- Short-circuit terminals 1 and 2 (input 3) of CN2 to set the stoppage forced.
- The stoppage code is number 10. By disconnecting the demand switch contact, restarting is available.

i note

In case the control demand (ON/OFF) is completed, it is recommended that the control (ON/OFF) time configuration is set according to the heat load recommendation. Also set the demand control time once in 15 minutes, the minimum to save energy.

Setting example

- Demand Stoppage at Input 3 (between 1 and 2 pins of CN2).
- Forced Stoppage at Input 3 (between 1 and 2 pins of CN2).





а	3-pin connector
b	Outdoor unit PCB1
С	Control circuit
d	Power source
X1	Auxiliary relay
SS3	Demand stoppage switch

• Outdoor unit fan motor start/stop (Control function n° 4)

This is an auxiliary function to protect the outdoor unit from snow. When the input terminals for Outdoor Fan Motor Start/ Stop on the outdoor unit PCB1 are short-circuited during the compressor stoppage, all the outdoor fan motors start operating. If the compressor restarts operating, the outdoor fan motors will be restored to normal operation. If the input terminals of Outdoor Fan Motor Start/Stop are opened during the outdoor fan motor operation following the short circuit of these terminals, the outdoor fan motor will stop. This function is possible only during the compressor stoppage (during Switch-OFF or Thermo-OFF of the Switch-ON). Therefore, this function will not be possible even if the input signal is sent during the normal cooling or heating operation.

- This is an auxiliary function to protect the unit from snow. In snowy regions, make sure to protect the unit with a snow-prevention roof, fence (Field-Supplied) or snow-prevention hood (optional), etc. Otherwise, abnormal vibrations due to imbalanced propeller fan will be caused.
- If the fan motor or fan controller fail during the outdoor fan motor start/stop operation, stop the outdoor fan motor to suspend the operation. Check the alarm code and deal properly with the failure next time the compressor is operated.
- When setting the snow sensor switch for Outdoor Fan Motor Start/Stop, make sure that the continuous operating time is 30 seconds or more. Also the outdoor fan motor start/stop intervals shall be at least 10 minutes. Otherwise, malfunction of the outdoor fan motors will be caused by frequent start/stop.

Because of this setting, the outdoor fan can operate even while the outdoor unit (compressor) stops. Display a notice to that effect on a readily visible part of the unit body, in order to avoid injuries caused by an unintended outdoor fan operation.

Setting example

Outdoor fan motor Start/Stop at Input 2 (between 2 and 3 pins of CN2)



Demand current control of 40, 60, 70, 80 and 100% (Control function n° 6 to 10)

When the demand current control input terminals for the outdoor unit PCB1 are short-circuited, the compressor frequency is controlled by the maximum current limit of the outdoor unit, which is set at 100%, 80%, 70%, 60% and 40%. If the outdoor unit running current exceeds the maximum limit for twenty minutes, the indoor unit is put under Thermo-OFF condition. In this case, the stoppage code Number "10" is given. When the input terminal is opened during the demand current control, its control is released.

- Thermo-ON: The outdoor unit and some indoor units are running.
- Thermo-OFF: The outdoor unit and some indoor units stay on, but don't run.
- The demand current control (%) is value criterion. The value used for this control is calculated from the current, and therefore is different from the value indicated by a wattmeter. If it is required that the maximum power consumption is managed precisely, a field-supplied demand controller should be used.
- The actual value may temporarily be higher than the indicated value (by 40% to 100%) depending on the operating control conditions such as protection control.

Setting example

Demand current control at Input 2 (between 2 and 3 pins of CN1), control function number 6 to 10.



6.2.2.4 External output function setting

The following signals can be received by the outdoor unit PCB.

Specification for the main component requirements:

Components	Specifications
Auxiliary relay (*)	High power relay, LY2F DC12V

i NOTE

(*) Do not use the relays made with diodes.

• Operation signal (Control function n°1)

This function is used to receive the operation signal.

The auxiliary contact relay (RYa) is closed during the operation. The operation signal is sent to output terminals when the indoor units (or a single indoor unit) are operating. This function can be used for the circulation or humidification operation.

Setting example:

Operation Signal at Output 1 (between 1 and 2 pins of CN7).



а	Auxiliary relay
b	3-pin connector
С	Connector CN7
d	Outdoor unit PCB1

Alarm signal (Control function n°2)

This function is used to receive the alarm signal.

The auxiliary contact relay (RYa) is closed when the alarm occurs. The alarm signal will be sent to output terminals when the indoor units (or a single indoor unit) are operating and an alarm occurs in the system.

Setting example:

Alarm Signal at Output 2 (between 1 and 3 pins of CN7).



а	Auxiliary relay
b	3-pin connector
С	Connector CN7
d	Outdoor unit PCB1

Compressor ON signal (Control function n°3)

This function is used to receive the compressor operation signal.

The auxiliary contact relay (RYa) is closed during the compressor operation. Compressor ON signal at output 2 (between 1 and 3 pins of CN7).

Setting example:

Compressor ON Signal at Output 2 (between 1 and 3 pins of CN7).



а	Auxiliary relay
b	3-pin connector
С	Connector CN7
d	Outdoor unit PCB1

• Defrosting signal (Control function n°4)

This function is used to receive the defrosting signal.

The auxiliary contact relay (RYa) is closed during defrosting.

Setting example:

Defrosting Stoppage at Output 2 (between 1 and 3 pins of CN7).



а	Auxiliary relay
b	3-pin connector
С	Connector CN7
d	Outdoor unit PCB1

6.2.3 Function setting (by 7-segment display)

6.2.3.1 Sequence of the function setting

- 1 Set DSW1 PIN4 of the outdoor unit to ON position before performing in order to prevent the compressor from being activated (outdoor unit stoppage). This setting must be carried out during stoppage of the outdoor unit.
- 2 By selecting DSW2 PIN5 "Function setting", the following appears on the 7-segment display.



After the setting is completed, check that "Menu" is not shown in the display, otherwise the air conditioner may not operate correctly.

3 Pressing PSW2 and PSW3 changes the function setting item. After the each function setting item appear the function number, pressing PSW1 it can be changed.

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4 After selecting the function setting, turn OFF DSW2 PIN5. The display will be back to the normal operation. Then turn OFF DSW1 PIN4. The selected data is stored in the outdoor unit PCB and the "function setting" is completed. The stored data is maintained even when the power source is cut OFF.

6.2.3.2 Function setting

No	Setting Item	7-Seg	gment	Contents	
140.	Setting item	Dis	play	Contenta	
1	Circulator function at heating	F8	00	Initial setting	
	Thermo-OFF		01	Heating Thermo-OFF fan intermittent operation	
2	Night-shift (low poise)		00	Initial setting	
			01	Night-shift	
			00	Initial setting	
2	Cancellation of outdoor ambient		01	For heating	
3	temperature limit	65	50	For cooling	
			03	For cooling/heating	
			00	Initial setting	
4	Defrost for cold area (Change of defrost	مل	01	Switching of defrosting conditions (Cold region)	
			50	Switching of defrosting conditions (Warm)	
_			00	Initial setting	
5	SLo (Fan Speed) defrost setting	60	01	Slo wind defrosting setting	
			00	Initial setting	
6	Cancellation outdoor unit of hot start	HI'	01	Release of outdoor hot start control	
			пп	Initial setting	
			<u> </u>	Cooling capacity correction mode 1	
7	Priority capacity mode	Π	02	Cooling capacity correction mode 2	
			02	Cooling capacity correction mode 3	
			00	Initial setting	
8	Cooling capacity priority mode	Hc	00		
				Initial softing	
9	Heating capacity priority mode	НЬ			
			00		
10	Compressor frequency fixed mode	50			
			U I 00	Fixed Frequency Mode	
	Indoor expansion valve opening during heating operation stoppage	5,	00	Initial setting	
11				Change of opening of stopped heating unit 1	
			<u>U2</u>	Change of opening of stopped heating unit 2	
	Indoor expansion valve initial opening	50	00	Initial setting	
12	during heating Thermo-OFF		01	Change of opening of heating Thermo-OFF 1	
			50	Change of opening of heating Thermo-OFF 2	
	Indeer expansion valve initial epoping		00	Initial setting	
13	during heating Thermo-ON	C1	01	Change of heating starting opening 1	
			50	Change of heating starting opening 2	
			00	Initial setting	
	Low Noise Setting (In the case of low noise setting, cooling/heating operation range will be restricted.)		01	Low noise setting 1	
			50	Low noise setting 2	
		dЬ	03	Low noise setting 3	
4.4			04	Low noise setting 1	
14			05	Low noise setting 2	
			06	Low noise setting 3	
			רם	Low noise setting 1	
			08	Low noise setting 2	
			09	Low noise setting 3	
			00	Initial setting	
15	Demand function setting	95	01	Demand function always enabled	
	Wave function setting	UE	00	Initial setting	
16			01	Wave function enabled	
			00	Initial setting	
17	Cold draft protection (Protection in	EL	<u>п</u> і	Cooling discharge temperature decrease prevention 1	
17	cooling)	70			
			00		
10		FF	00		
18	Outlet Temperature (DOAS)		<u> </u>	Capacity restriction mode	
			02	Discharge temperature restriction mode	

6 Optional functions RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E

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19Hot gas bypass control disabled E_1 \square Initial setting20Thermo-OFF setting for outdoor unit after defrosting operation $d5$ \square Initial setting21Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motor B_1 Forced stop upon return from defrosting21Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motor F_1 \square Intermittent fan operation (30[s] run / 570[s] stop)22Not prepared F_2 \square Intermittent fan operation (30[s] run / 480[s] stop)23Not prepared F_2 \square $-$ 24Not prepared F_3 \square $-$ 25Not prepared F_5 \square $-$ 26Not prepared F_5 \square $-$ 27High static pressure mode setting F_1 \square Not setting27High static pressure mode setting F_1 \square	
19 Hot gas bypass control disabled 21 Hot gas bypass control disabled 20 Thermo-OFF setting for outdoor unit after defrosting operation d5 Initial setting 21 Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motor d5 Initial setting 21 Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motor F I Intermittent fan operation (30[s] run / 570[s] stop) 22 Not prepared F I Intermittent fan operation (30[s] run / 480[s] stop) 22 Not prepared F I Intermittent fan operation (300[s] run / 300[s] stop) 23 Not prepared F I Intermittent fan operation (300[s] run / 300[s] stop) 24 Not prepared F I Intermittent fan operation (300[s] run / 300[s] stop) 24 Not prepared F I Intermittent fan operation (300[s] run / 300[s] stop) 25 Not prepared F I Intermittent fan operation (300[s] run / 300[s] stop) 25 Not prepared F I Intermittent fan operation (300[s] run / 300[s] stop) 26 Not prepared F I III Intermittent fan operation (300[s] run / 300[s] stop) 26 Not prepared F I IIII IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	
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25 Not prepared F5 III - 26 Not prepared F6 III - 27 High static pressure mode setting F7 III No setting	
26 Not prepared F6 III - 27 High static pressure mode setting F7 III No setting	
27 High static pressure mode setting F7 III No setting	
21 High static pressure mode setting	
Crankcase heater control during	
stoppage	
29 Not prepared F9 00 -	
30 Not prepared FC DD -	
31 Not prepared Fd DD -	
Permit indoor fan operation during	
forced stoppage	
33 Not Prepared FF 00 -	
34 Not Prepared FG 00 -	

Record settings

Fill out the selected function setting number in the space of the table as shown (SET).

	Item	SEG2	SEG1	SET
1	Circulator function at heating Thermo-OFF	FR	۵	
2	Night-shift (low noise)	<i></i>	۵	
3	Cancellation of outdoor ambient temperature limit	65	۵	
4	Defrost for cold area (Change of defrost condition)	Jo	۵	
5	SLo (Fan Speed)Defrost Setting	പ	۵	
6	Cancellation of Hot Start	нГ	۵	
7	Priority capacity mode	nЦ	۵	
8	Cooling capacity priority mode	Hc	۵	
9	Heating capacity priority mode	Нh	۵	
10	Compressor frequency fixed mode	50	۵	
11	Indoor expansion valve opening during heating operation stoppage	5.	۵	
12	Indoor expansion valve initial opening during heating Thermo-OFF	50	۵	
13	Indoor expansion valve initial opening during heating Thermo-ON	je i	D	
14	Low Noise Setting	db	۵	
15	Demand function setting	dЕ	D	
16	Wave function setting	IJЕ	۵	
17	Protection of decrease in outlet temperature for cooling	FЬ	D	
18	Outlet Temperature (DOAS)	FF	۵	
19	Hot gas bypass control disabled	E,	۵	
20	Thermo-OFF setting for outdoor unit after defrosting operation	d5	۵	
21	Intermitent operation of outdoor fan motor	F (۵	
22	Not prepared	F2	۵	
23	Not prepared	FB	۵	
24	Not prepared	F4	۵	
25	Not prepared	FS	۵	
26	Not prepared	F5	D	
27	High static pressure mode setting	F٦	۵	
28	Crankcase heater control during stoppage	FB	۵	
29	Not prepared	F9	۵	
30	Not prepared	FE	۵	
31	Not prepared	Fd	۵	
32	Permit indoor fan operation during forced stoppage	FE	۵	
33	Not prepared	FF	۵	
34	Not prepared	FG	۵	

6.2.3.3 Circulator function at heating Thermo-OFF (FR)

Press PSW1 and select the setting of the condition "0" to "1" of the indoor unit fan control during the Thermo-OFF in heating mode "FB".

Normally, the fan speed is changed to "LOW" at heating Thermo-OFF. (There is a case that the room temperature is too high at the heating Thermo-OFF.) However, the indoor fan motor is operated at "LOW" and stopped repeatedly by setting this function.

- When the compressor is stopped, the indoor fan motor operates at "LOW" speed continuously.
- Thermo-ON: The indoor unit is running.
- Thermo-OFF: The indoor unit stays on, but doesn't run.

The action when the indoor fan motor operates at the circulator function indicated as follows.



i note

In case using the function setting Number 2 to 4, install the remote sensor (THM-R2A: Optional). Because the time period of stopping the indoor fan becomes longer, the detected value of the suction air thermistor for indoor unit becomes high, and it may take time to Thermo-ON.

6.2.3.4 Night-shift (low noise)(rail)

Press PSW1 and select the setting for condition "0" or "1" of the night shift (low noise) " σ " consequently, the function can be set. " σ "=1 reduces the upper limit of the outdoor fan rotation and the compressor frequency as shown below in cooling operation.

The night shift operation shall be applied in case the cooling capacity has the allowed range to decrease the capacity and the low noise level operation is required especially at night.

		Reduction Rat	e of Maximum		
"ר י" Setting	Operation	Outdoor Fan Rotation	Compressor Frequency		
Condition		Cooling (Including Dry Operation)	Cooling (Including Dry Operation)		
0	No Effect (Default Setting)	Not Changed (=100%)	Not Changed (=100%)		
1	Night Shift	Shown as below	60%		



i NOTE

- Reduction rates are approximate, these may change slightly depending on the outdoor unit model.
- This function setting is not possible to set with Priority Capacity Mode (🖧) and the Low Noise Setting (👍) at the same time.

6.2.3.5 Cancellation of the outdoor ambient temperature limit (5)

Press PSW1 and select the setting condition "0" to "3" at the cancellation of outdoor ambient temperature limit of L5. Then this function can be set.

The heating operation is continued under a high outdoor temperature or the cooling operation is continued under a low temperature.

Setting condition	Operation mode for cancellation
0	Not available (default setting)
1	Heating
2	Cooling
3	Heating/Cooling

♦ Heating operation

The limitation of the permissible outdoor temperature area in heating operation (factory setting) as shown in the right figure is cancelled.

i note

When the outdoor ambient temperature limit for heating operation is cancelled, the operation may stop due to increasing high pressure since the protection control is not cancelled.



Outdoor Temperature (°C)

Cooling operation

The limitation of the permissible outdoor temperature area in cooling operation (factory-set) as shown in the right figure is cancelled.

When the outdoor ambient temperature limit for cooling operation is cancelled, the operation may stop due to decreasing low pressure since the protection control is not cancelled.

i NOTE

If this function is set and the outdoor unit operates in the operation stoppage area shown in the above figure for a long time, the outdoor unit may be damaged since protection control is cancelled and some alarm codes by abnormal operation may occur. If the alarm codes occur frequently, contact your distributor or contractor.

6.2.3.6 Defrost for cold area (da

Press PSW1 and select the setting condition "0" to "2" at the defrost for the cold area "Ja" to change the temperature condition for starting defrost operation



6.2.3.7 SLo defrost setting ($b \downarrow l$)

Press PSW1 and select the settings condition "0" to "1" at the SLo defrost setting "bul".

The indoor fan stops during the defrost operation and starting of heating operation. However, the indoor fan can operate at low speed during the defrosting operation and starting of heating operation.

Setting	Indoor fan operation					
condition	At Start of Compressor Operation in Heating Operation	During Defrost Operation	After Defrost Operation			
0	STOP	STOP	STOP			
1	STOP	SLo Speed	SLo Speed			

The indoor fan may operate at other speed depending on outlet air temperature of the indoor unit.

6.2.3.8 Priority capacity mode setting (nL)

Press PSW1 and select the setting condition "0" to "3" at the priority capacity mode setting "n". By setting this function, the target frequency, current limit of the compressor and the maximum indoor fan motor step are set higher.

i NOTE

- Do not use the setting condition "2" and "3" unless the power supply wiring is of sufficient ampacity, because the target frequency and current limit of the compressor during the operation are set higher.
- Level 1 < level 2 < level 3.

Setting condition	Compressor frequency and current limit
0	Default setting
1	Compressor frequency limit is set higher to level 1
2	Compressor frequency limit is set higher to level 2
3	Compressor frequency limit is set higher to level 3

6.2.3.9 Low noise setting (at b)

Press PSW1 and select the setting condition "0" to "9" at the low noise setting "db" to reduce the upper limit compressor frequency and the outdoor fan motor rotation frequency.

i NOTE

- By setting this function, the compressor frequency and the outdoor fan motor rotation frequency are forcibly reduced and so the outdoor unit capacity decreases and the unit operation range is limited.
- The operating noise values for a single unit are shown below. These are targeted values and so the actual values can temporarily be higher depending on operation conditions. The operating noise values for combination units are higher than the values below.

Setting	Compressor	Outdoor fan	Operat	Outdoor unit capacity				
condition	frequency limit	motor step limit	RAS-4H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E	RAS-5H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E	RAS-6H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E	(to specification)		
0	Not changed	Not changed		Catalog value				
1	Not changed	20 steps		-		-		
2	Not changed	18 steps		-		-		
3	Not changed	16 steps		-				
4	80%	Not changed		-				
5	60%	Not changed		-				
6	40%	Not changed		-				
7	80%	20 steps	Setting 1: 68 Setting 1: 68 Setting 1: 69		80%			
8	60%	18 steps	Setting 2: 67	Setting 2: 67	Setting 2: 68	60%		
9	40%	16 steps	Setting 3: 66	Setting 3: 66	Setting 3: 67	40%		

6.2.3.10 Demand function setting (dE)

Press PSW1 and select the settings for conditions "0" or "1" to set the demand function "dE". This function is available by setting to "1" for the demand current control without inputting the signal to the external input terminal on the outdoor unit PCB1. The table below is shown for the limit of the operating current for this function.

i NOTE

If the outdoor unit running current exceeds the maximum limit for twenty minutes, the indoor unit is put under Thermo-OFF condition. In this case, the stoppage code Number "10" is given.

Setting condition	Demand running current control			
0	Not available (default setting)			
1	Value according to external input demand function			

Demand control

Adapting the self-demand function, which causes the power consumption to drop drastically for the purpose of saving energy.



- The demand current control (%) is value criterion. The value used for this control is calculated from the current, and therefore is
 different from the value indicated by a wattmeter. If it is required that the maximum power consumption is managed precisely, a fieldsupplied demand controller should be used.
- The actual value may temporarily be higher than the indicated value shown above depending on the operating control conditions such as protection control.

6.2.3.11 Wave function setting (LE**)**

Press PSW3 and select the settings condition "0" to "1" to set wave function setting " \mathcal{LE} ". The maximum running current limit changes from 40% to 80%, as shown in the attached figure.

i NOTE

In the case that the demand current control by external input is set and the external input signal is available, this function is not available even when the demand current control by external input signal is performed.





Setting condition	Current setting
0	Not available (default setting)
1	Value according to external input demand function

- The current limit value is targeted value. The actual current value may temporarily be higher than the value shown in the table above depending on the operating control condition.
- When the scheduled operation of "Demand Function Setting" is set from the centralized controller, refer to "Technical Catalog" and "Installation & Maintenance Manual" of the centralized controller.

6.2.3.12 Cold draft protection (Fb)

Press PSW1 and select the setting condition "0" to "2" to set the cold draft protection "*F* b". When the indoor unit discharge air temperature drops falls down at cooling operation, the outdoor unit fan stops and the compressor frequency decreases to prevent a drop in discharge air temperature. If the outlet temperature decreases and the temperature is less than Thermo-OFF condition even after the compressor frequency decreases, the indoor unit becomes Thermo-OFF condition. (When Thermo-OFF is activated under this condition, the operation will be restarted after 3 minutes).

- Thermo-ON: The indoor unit is running.
- Thermo-OFF: The indoor unit stays on, but doesn't run.

Softing condition	Outlet temperature				
Setting condition	Target value	At Thermo-OFF			
0	-	-			
1	10°C	7°C			
2	12°C	9°C			

6.2.4 Power saving function from wired controller

6.2.4.1 Power Saving Guide

Press "ECO" button then the power saving guide will be displayed to support the setting. Easy access to the confirmation and setting screen from the current setting status screen.

6.2.4.2 Outdoor Unit Capacity Control

The demand function setting can be controlled from wired controller. Select from "Peak Cut Control" and "Moderate Control" according to the situation.

"Peak Cut Control" function

The peak cut control reduces the power consumption range when it exceeds the value of the power saving setting.



- The power set value (%) is just a criterion. The power set value for this function is different from the actual power value in precision. Use the demand controller (option) when it is necessary to manage the maximum power correctly.
- The cooling capacity will be decreased according to the power saving setting value for the reducing of compressor motor revolution.
- The actual electrical power consumption may be higher than the value displayed on the screen under certain operating condition such as protective control.
- This function is used to inhibit power consumption of the operating. Do not use it for minimize the capacity of current and the voltage for the power circuit, power source wiring, ELB, transformer, etc. It may cause actuation of interrupter and equipment fault.

"Moderate Control" function

The moderate control adjusts the air conditioning capacity not to exceeds the value of the power saving setting.



i NOTE

- The moderate control setting value can be set from 40% to 100% of regular capacity by every 10%.
- The setting value is just a criterion. It might be different according to the actual service condition and operating condition.

N

6.2.4.3 Rotation control function

The rotation control switches multiple indoor unit operating mode to FAN mode (Thermo-OFF) in order one by one.



i NOTE

- (*1) The fan mode time can be selected in the interval of three minutes, five minutes and ten minutes.
- It is possible to change the rotation assigned number according to the minimum differential between the setting temperature and indoor temperature.

6.2.4.4 Intermittent control function

The intermittent control repeats Cooling/Heating and Fan (Thermo-OFF) mode in fixed intervals.

	30 mi		30 min				
Power saving: LOW	Cooling operation 20 min		Fan operation 10 min	Cooling operation 20 min		Fan operation 10 min	
Power saving: MED	Cooling operation Fan 17 min 13 m		in operation	Cooling operation Fa 17 min 13		Fan operation 13 min	
Power saving: HIGH	Cooling operation 6H 15 min		operation in	Cooling operation 15 min	Fan 15 m	operation nin	Tim

i NOTE

The fan mode will be repeated in the interval of five minutes (LOW), ten minutes (MED) and fifteen minutes (HIGH) during heating operation. Power saving schedule function.

6.2.4.5 Power Saving Schedule Function

The power saving schedule function is utilized to set the power saving schedule on indoor unit capacity control and intermittent control up to five settings a day each day of the week.

Capacity Control	15:38(Wed)	Capac	ity Co	ontrol	(Mon))	15:38(Wed)
0 6 12 Mon 00000000	18	1	08:0	0 ~	- 1	2:10	LOW
		2	13:0	0 ~	- 1	7:10	HIGH
<u>(Wed</u>] UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU		3	17:2	5~	- 1	9:25	MED 🛊
<u>Fri</u> 000000000000000000000000000000000000		4	19:3	0 ~	- 2	1:30	MED
<u>Sat</u> UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU		5	:-	- ~		-:	
Sel. OKE	ntr <mark>Back</mark> Rtrn	€ Se l	. 🔁A	dj.		OK En t	r <mark>Back</mark> Rtrn

The display of Noise Reduction Schedule is the same

6.2.4.6 Operation noise reduction schedule function

The operation noise reduction schedule function is utilized to set the operation noise reduction schedule up to five settings a day each day of the week.

i NOTE

The operation noise reduction setting may decreases the cooling/heating capacity.

6.2.4.7 Power Consumption Display Function

This function displays the power consumption of the outdoor unit compressor. The value of each displayed in Graph/List format is one day, one week and one year. The display period of consumption comparison can be selected from one day before/Today to 1 year ago/This year.



i note

The power consumption for outdoor unit compressor will be displayed.
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7.1 Preliminary checks

The test run must be performed according to the instructions in this chapter.

Do not use the system until all the checkpoints have been verified.

- Make sure that the refrigerant pipes and the communication cables between the outdoor and indoor units are
 connected to the same refrigerant cycle. Failure to do so could lead to abnormal operations or a serious accident.
 Check that the setting of the refrigerant cycle DSW (on outdoor units, on indoor units) and of the unit number (DSW4
 and RSW1 for R32 or DSW6 and RSW1 for R410A) of the indoor units is suitable for the system. Check whether the
 DSW setting specified on the printed circuit of the indoor and outdoor units is correct. Pay special attention to the
 outdoor unit number, the refrigerant cycle number and the terminal resistance.
- Make sure that the electric resistance is greater than 1 MΩ; to do this, measure the resistance between the earth and the terminal of the electrical components. If not, do not use the system until the electrical leak has been detected and repaired. Do not apply voltage to the communication terminals (Outdoor unit of 4-6HP: TB2; terminals 1, 2, 3, 4 / Outdoor unit of 3HP: TB1; terminals 1, 2 / Indoor unit: TB2; terminals 1, 2, A, B / CH-Box: TB2; terminals 1, 2, 3, 4).
- Check that all the cables, L1, L2, L3 and N (R, S and T) in case of 3 phases or L and N in case of 1 phase models are correctly connected to the power supply line. If they are not correctly connected, the unit will not work and the remote control will indicate alarm code "05". When this happens, check and change the phase of the power supply line according to the sheet on the back of the service cover.

Make sure that the unit's main power supply line switch has been on for more than 12 hours, to heat the compressor oil with the heating resistors.

- Make sure the electric components in the installation (earth leakage breaker, circuit breaker, cables, connectors and cable terminals) have been selected correctly in line with the electrical data given in this Manual. Also ensure that these components meet the local and national codes.
- Use shielded cables (> 0.75 mm²) for the communication installation wiring to avoid electromagnetic noise (the shielded cable must have a total length shorter than 1000 m, and its size must comply with local codes).
- For 3 phases models, check the connection of the power supply wiring terminals (terminals "L1 to L1 (R)", "L2 to L2 (S)", "L3 to L3 (T)" and "N to N"). Supply voltage 3N ~ 400V 50Hz. If it is different, some components could be damaged.
- For 1 phase models, check the connection of the power supply wirinf terminals (terminals "L1 to L1" and "N to N"). Supply voltage 3N
 ~ 230V 50Hz. If it is different, some components could be damaged.

7.2 Before the test run

- Disconnect all the power supply switches.
- Use a multimeter and check that all the switches are disconnected.

Before carrying out the test run, check that the unit is properly installed in accordance with the Installation and Operation Manual. After that, check the following parts.

Check items		Contents
1	Damage	Is the unit or its internal parts damaged?
2	Fan motor	Is the fan runner installed in the centre of the casing? Is the fan motor installed outside the casing? (The fan motor must not make contact with the casing.)
3	Screws	Have the screws loosened due to vibration during transport? Check that the screws are firmly fastened during the installation, especially the screws for the electrical wiring.
4	Refrigerant leak	Check that no refrigerant leaks are present. The pipe torque part (flare part) may be loosened due to vibration during transport.
5	Setting the DSW	Check that the DSW setting is the same as before shipment.
		Measure the resistance between electrical components terminal and ground using a multimeter.
6	Insulation *	It is normal for the resistance to be 1 $M\Omega$ and greater.
0		If it is 1 M Ω or less, do not start-up the unit due to insulation failures in the electrical parts. Do not apply power to the operating line terminal board (The control PCB may be damaged).
7	Stop valve completely open	Before the test run, check that the outdoor unit stop valve is completely open.
	Power phases	Operation is not available with an incorrect power phase or absence of a phase.
		Alarm "03" or "05" will be displayed on the remote control LCD screen.
8		• Alarm "03" or "05" will be displayed on the outdoor unit 7 segment display.
		Check the power phase in accordance with the caution label located near the terminal board of the outdoor unit or on the back side of the service cover.
	Turn ON crankcase heater **	Once items 1 to 8 have been completed, turn ON power supply to the outdoor unit. The electricity is provided to the crankcase heater to heat the compressor.
9		The compressor may be damaged if not pre-heated. Therefore, the compressor must be activated after the power supply is turned ON for at least 12 hours.
		To be used with cooling and heating operation:
10	Indoor and outdoor temperature	Is the indoor temperature 27 °C DB or lower during the heating operation? (The heating operation may not be operated due to the activation of the operating overload prevention with an ambient temperature of 27 °C DB or over).
		In order to carry out the operational test, set the test mode via the remote control.

i NOTE

* Insulation resistance

In the case that the unit has been turned OFF for large periods of time, the insulation resistance may be reduced to 1 $M\Omega$ or less because the refrigerant is maintained in the compressor. Check the following points.

- Disconnect the compressor cables and measure the insulation resistance of the compressor itself. If the resistance is 1 MΩ and over, failures have occurred in the insulation of other electrical parts.
- If the resistance is 1 MΩ or lower, reconnect the compressor and turn ON the main power supply. The compressor will automatically be heated. Re-check the insulation resistance after current has been applied for at least 3 hours (the pre-heating time depends on the air conditions, the length of the piping or the condition of the refrigerant).

Before connecting the circuit breaker, check the rated capacity.

** Stoppage of the compressor operation

The compressor may not be available for a maximum time period of 4 hours if the power supply is not previously turned ON. At this time, stoppage code (d1-22) is displayed on the LCD screen of the remote control and the forced Thermo-OFF function is started.

If compressor operation is required:

- 1 Turn ON the power supply to the outdoor unit
- 2 Wait 30 seconds and press of the outdoor unit for at least 3 seconds:
 - PSW1 on PCB1 for models from 4 to 6 HP 3N~ 400V 50Hz
 - PSW1 on PCB2 for models from 3 to 6 HP 1~ 230V 50Hz

The forced Thermo-OFF function (d1-22) will be cancelled and the operation of the compressor will be available.

7.3 Test run using the PC-ARFP1E remote control switch (example)



Step 1

Turn ON the power source of the indoor and outdoor units.

Step 2

Set the TEST RUN mode by the remote control switch.

Press and hold the "MENU" and the "RETURN" switches simultaneously for more than 3 seconds.

Select "Test Run" by pressing "▲ ▼" and press "OK". The test run screen will be displayed.

i NOTE

For other remote control switches such as PC-AWR, PC-ARH1E, refer to "Installation Manual" of each remote control switch.

Normal (there is not an abnormality):

If "TEST RUN" and the total number of the units connected to the remote control switch (for example "2 units") are indicated on the remote control switch, the connection of remote control cable is correct.

- The total number of indoor units connected is indicated on the LCD (Liquid crystal display).
- If the indicated number is not equal to the actual number of connected indoor units, the auto-address function is not performed correctly due to incorrect wiring, the electric noise, etc.Turn OFF the power supply, and correct the wiring after checking the following points (Do not repeat turning ON and OFF within 10 seconds.)
 - (a) The power supply for the indoor unit is NOT turned ON or the incorrect wiring.
 - (b) Loose connection between indoor units or remote control switch.
 - (c) Incorrect setting of indoor unit address (the indoor unit address is overlapped.)
- The operation mode and the air flow volume can be set on the Test Run screen. Select the item by pressing the directional key "▲▼◀▶".

Move to Step 4 to continue with the process.

Abnormal (there is an abnormality):

If there is an abnormality (no indication or "00" appears or the number of the units indicated is less than the actual number of the units), do the following checking procedure for abnormalities (Step 3).

ΙΝΟΤΕ

When "00 unit" is indicated, the auto-address function may be performing. Cancel "Test Run" mode and set it again.





Step 3

Checking procedure for abnormalities

Remote control switch indication	Fault	Inspection points after the power source OFF
No indication	The power source is not turned ON The connection of the remote control cable is incorrect	 Connection between Connector and Wires Connecting Points of Remote Control Cable Contact of Connectors of Remote Control Cable
	The connecting wires of power supply line are incorrect or loosened	 Connection Order of each Terminal Board Screw Fastening of each Terminal Board
	The electrical wiring between indoor unit and outdoor unit is disconnected, or the power source is not turned ON.	
Counting number of connected units is	The setting of unit number is incorrect.	6. RSW Setting on Indoor Unit Printed Circuit Board
incorrect.	The connection of control cables between each indoor unit are incorrect. (When one remote control switch controls multiple units.)	 Wire Connecting Order of Bridge Cable Connecting Points of Bridge Cable Contact of Connectors of Bridge Cable

After checking procedure back to Step 1.

Step 4

Press and hold "RUN/STOP" switch.

• Normal (there is not an abnormality):

The test run operation will be started. The operation mode, the air flow volume, the air flow direction and the test run time can be set on the test run screen. Select the item by pressing " $\blacktriangle \lor \blacktriangleleft \triangleright$ ".

The default setting of the test run time is 2-hours OFF timer. The indoor temperature shall be 21°CDB / 15°CWB or higher and outdoor temperature shall be -5°CDB (-15°C in case of simulatenous operation) or higher for the cooling operation.

The indoor temperature shall be 27°CDB or lower for the heating operation.

The cooling operation is not performed if the outdoor temperature is below -5°CDB (-15°C in case of simulatenous operation).

The temperature detections by the thermistors are invalid through the protection device are valid during test run. Remove the abnormality according to the table below and perform test run again.

The test run will be finished by pressing "RETURN" switch during the stoppage or "RUN/STOP" switch during the operation.

• Abnormal (there is an abnormality):

If the units do not start or the operation lamp on the remote control switch flashes, there is an abnormality. Do the following checking procedure for abnormalities (Step 5).

Step 5

Checking procedure for abnormalities

Remote control switch indication Unit condition Fault		Inspection points after the power source OFF	
The operation lamp flashes.		The power source is not turned ON.	-
(1 time/1 sec.) and the Unit No.and Alarm Code "03" flash.	The unit does not start.	The connecting wires of operating line are incorrect or loosened.	1. Connecting Order of each Terminal Board. The fuse on the PCB may be blown out due to miswiring. (Can be recovered only once by
The operation lamp flashes. (1 time/2 sec.)	The unit does not start.	The connection of remote control cable is incorrect.	 the DSW on the PCB). (*) 2. Screw fastening of each terminal board. 3. Connecting order of power line between indoor units and outdoor unit.
Other alarm codes or indications than those above (Refer to the alarm code table.)	The unit does not start, or starts once and then stops.	The connection of the thermistors or other connectors are incorrect. Tripping of protector exists, or else.	Check the unit by the alarm code table in the service manual (by authorized service persons only).
The operation lamp flashes. (1 time/1 sec.) And the Unit No.00. Alarm Code dd and Unit Code E.00 flash.	The unit does not start.	The connecting wires of operating line are incorrect or loosened.	Check the unit by the alarm code table in the service manual (by authorized service persons only).

(*) Procedures for recovery when transmitting circuit fuse is blown out:

- a. Correct the wiring for the terminal board.
- b. Setting positions of the model code are shown below.

Indoor unit PCB	Outdoor unit PCB RAS-3HVRC2	Outdoor unit PCB RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E
DSW7	DSW5	DSW5

After checking procedure back to Step 1.

7.4 Test run from the outdoor unit

The procedure of test run from the outdoor unit is indicated below. The setting of this DSW is available with power source ON. Setting of DSW (before shipment):

RAS-3HVRC2- Outdoor unit PCB - DSW301			RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E - Outdoor unit PCB2 - DSW1 RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E - Outdoor unit PCB1 - DSW1			
Switch for setting	Switch for setting of service operation and function		Switch for setting of service operation and function		service operation and function	
	Pin	Function		Pin	Function	
	1	Cooling	ON 1 2 3 4	1	Test run	
ON 1 2 3 4	2	Heating		2	COOL / HEAT setting (OFF: cooling mode) (ON: heating mode)	
	3	OFF (fixed)		3	OFF (fixed)	
	4	Manual compressor OFF		4	Manual compressor OFF	

- Do not touch any other electrical component part when operating switches on the PCB.
- Do not attach or detach service cover when the power source for the outdoor unit is supplied and the outdoor unit is operated.
- Turn all the dip switches of OFF when the test run operation is completed.

Test run from the outdoor unit

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	Setting the DSW DSW301 for 3HP DSW1 for 4-6HP	Operation	Remarks
Test run	1. Setting the operation mode. 1. Setting the operation mode. Cooling: Set DSW PIN2 OFF Cooling: Set DSW PIN2 OFF Part of the test run. Set DSW PIN1 ON and the operation starts after approximately 20 seconds. Content of the test run. Set DSW PIN1 ON and the operation starts after approximately 20 seconds. NOTE In the heating mode, leave DSW-PIN 2 in the ON position.	 The indoor unit automatically starts operating when the test run of the outdoor unit is set. The ON/OFF can be performed from the remote control or DSW PIN1 on the outdoor unit. The operation continues for 2 hours without Thermo-OFF. 	Note that the indoor units operate in conjunction with the test run operation of the outdoor unit. If the test run is started from the outdoor unit and stopped from the remote control switch, the test run function of the remote control switch is cancelled. However, the test run of the outdoor unit is not cancelled. Check that DSW PIN1 of the outdoor unit PCB1 is turned OFF. In the case that several indoor units are connected with one remote control, perform the test run operation individually for each refrigerant system one by one. Then, make sure to turn the power source OFF for the indoor units in other refrigerant systems not to operate test run. Outdoor unit Test RUN Power OFF The setting of DSW is not required for the test run from the remote control switch.
Manual OFF of the compressor	 Setting. Compressor manual OFF set DSW PIN4 to the ON position. ON 1 2 3 4 Reset. Compressor ON: set DSW PIN4 in the OFF position. ON ON	 When DSW PIN4 is ON during the compressor operation, the compressor stops operating immediatly and the indoor unit is under the condition of Thermo- OFF. When DSW PIN4 is OFF, the compressor starts to operating after the cancellation of 3-minutes guard. 	Do not repeat the compressor ON/OFF with frequency.
Manual defrost	 Manual defrost operation. Press PSW1 more than 3 seconds during the heating operation, and the defrosting operation is started after 2 minutes. This function is not available within 5 minutes after starting heating operation. Manual defrost operation completion. Defrosting operation automatically ends and the heating operation restarts. 	 Defrost operation is available regardless of the frost condition and total time of the heating operation. Defrost operation is not performed when the temperature of outdoor unit heat exchanger is higher than 10 °C, high pressure is higher than 3.2 MPa or the unit is Thermo-OFF. 	Do not repeat defrosting operation frequently. When manual defrosting operation is accepted by PSW5 or PSW1, the time left before starting defrosting operation is indicated on the 7-segment indicator on the PCB.

When the test run operation is completed, turn all pins in the DSW to OFF.

- 1 If the remote control switch is set to a different mode, the test run function will not start. In this case, perform the following actions before the test run.
 - Wired remote Control Switch: STOP
 - Central Station: STOP and Remote Control Switch is available mode.
 - COOL/HEAT Changeover Switch: Connector CN1 of outdoor unit PCB is opened.
 - During the test run mode, do not control the wired remote control switch, the central station and cool/heat changeover switch. Otherwise, the operation mode will be changed or the test run will be ended. If necessary, control them after the test run is completed.
- 2 If an alarm code is indicated during the test run, reset the system by turning the main power supply off then back on. The system should then operate.

7.5 Checking at test run

1 Indoor and outdoor fan.

Check that the indoor and outdoor fan rotate properly and the airflow is smooth.

2 Power supply voltage.

Check the power supply. If the power supply is abnormal, contact the electric power company. Usually, voltage drop will occur when starting the operation as shown in the figure (V2).

In order to protect the device, comply with the following normal range of the power supply voltage.

Normal power supply voltage range

- Supply voltage: rated voltage $\leq \pm 10\%$
- Starting voltage (V₂): rated voltage ≥ -15%
- Operating voltage (V₃): rated voltage ≤ ±10%
- Imbalance voltage between phase: ≤ 3%
- 3 Normal operating pressure.

Normal operating suction pressure is 0.2 at 1.1 MPa and the normal operating discharge pressure is 1.0 at 3.5 MPa when the refrigerant charge quantity is correct. Check the operating pressure in the test run mode.

4 High pressure switch.

Check the operating pressure of the high pressure switch in the following table.

Refrigerant	Operating pressure
R32	4.15 MDo
R410A	4.15 MFa

- 5 High pressure increase retry (protection control)
 - a. The high pressure will increase when the following procedure is performed.







b. When the high pressure retry control is activated, alarm code "P 13" will be indicated on the 7 segment display of the outdoor unit PCB1. If the high pressure retry control occurs 3 times or more in 30 minutes, alarm code "45" will be indicated on the remote control LCD screen or on the 7 segment display of the outdoor unit PCB1.



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The high pressure may not increase until the high pressure switch is activated due to the temperature condition.



7.6 Refrigerant cycle checklist

The refrigerant cycle data can be checked on 7-segment of outdoor unit PCB during the test run and the troubleshooting. However, it may take time for the checking because the operation cycle changes depending on the operating condition.

To check the quality of refrigerant cycle, the following check list shall be used at the test run, troubleshooting and emergency check.

- 1. The most important thing in the refrigerant cycle check is to check that each expansion valve opening and the operating frequency is within the specified range. Each item varies in the value depending on the operating frequency, indoor temperature and ambient temperature.
- 2. The service system tester, which automatically calculates Td and SH, facilitates the refrigerant cycle check. If possible, record the operating cycle data by the service system tester.

CHECKLIST ON TEST OPERATION						
CUSTOMER:	INSTALLER:	DATE:				
OUTDOOR UNIT MODEL:	OUTDOOR UNIT SERIAL NO.:	INSPECTOR:				

Indoor unit model				
Indoor unit serial number				

Piping length: m	Additional refrigerant charge: kg
------------------	-----------------------------------

1 General

No.	Check item	Result
1	Are the power source wire and the transmission wire separated from the refrigerant pipes?	
2	Is the earth wire connected?	
3	Is there any short-circuit?	
4	For 3 phases models, is there any voltage abnormality between each phase? (R-S, S-T, T-R)	
5	For 1 phase models, is there any voltage abnormality between L and N?	

2 Refrigerant cycle

a. Operation (cooling/heating)

No.	Check item	Result
1	Start-up all the units ("TEST RUN" mode).	
2	Start-up all the indoor units in HIGH speed.	
3	In the case that the constant speed compressor is repeatedly turned ON and OFF, turn off the indoor unit (small capacity).	

b. Data samples (cooling/heating, indoor temperature 21 - 30 °C)

No.	Check item	Result
1	Check the operating data after it has been operating for 20 minutes.	
2	Check Pd and Td. Is Td-SH between 15 and 55 °C?	
3	Is Ps between 0.15 and 1.3 MPa?	
4	Is Pd between 1.0 and 3.6 MPa? (If the outdoor temperature is high, Pd becomes high).	

Underlined

indicates a checking item.

3 Check item after the data sample

a. Cooling operation (this applies when the outside temperature is above 15 $^\circ\text{C}$).

No.	Check item	Standard	Causes	Result
1	Is the fan currently operating when Fo (airflow		Fan motor failure PCB1 failure	
	rate of outdoor unit fan) is not "0"?		Condenser failure	
2	Is TL (indoor unit heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature) lower than Ti (Indoor unit air inlet temperature)?	It is normal when TL-Ti < -5 °C.	 TL thermistor failure Indoor unit expansion valve fully closed Short-circuit 	
3	Is TG (indoor unit heat exchanger gas pipe temperature) lower than Ti (indoor unit inlet air temperature)? (This is applicable when the inlet air temperature is 3 °C higher than setting temperature).	lt is normal whenTG-Ti < -5 °C.	 TL thermistor failure Indoor unit expansion valve fully closed or partially open Short-circuit 	
4	Is there any excessive difference between indoor unit at SH (TG - TL) of indoor unit heat exchangers? (This is applicable when the inlet air temperature is 3 °C higher than setting).	It is normal if the difference between units is within 7 °C.	 TL / TG thermistor failure Indoor unit expansion valve fully open, partially open or completely closed 	
5	Is there any indoor unit with a heat exchanger value of SH (TG - TL) excessively different from the value of other units and is iE (opening of the indoor unit expansion valve) less than "5"?	It is normal if SH is within 3 °C lower than other units.	 Indoor unit expansion valve locked when fully open Mismatched wiring and piping 	
6	Is there any indoor unit with a heat exchanger value of SH (TG - TL) excessively different from the value of other units and is iE (opening of the indoor unit expansion valve) less than "100"?	It is normal if SH is within 3 °C higher than other units.	 Indoor unit expansion valve locked when partially open or closed Mismatched cabling and piping 	
7	Is the temperature difference between indoor units* more than 7 °C? * The difference in temperature between indoor units means the following: b3 (discharge air temperature) - b2 (air inlet temperature) indicated on the remote control by the check mode.	7 ºC and over		

b. Heating operation (this is applicable when the outdoor temperature is higher than 0 °C).

No.	Check item	Standard	Causes	Result
1	Is TdSH "15 - 55 °C"? TdSH = Td - Saturated vapor refrigerant temperature	15 - 55 ℃	 Low: excessive refrigerant. High: insufficient refrigerant. OU Expansion Valve; Locked and Slightly Open or Closed. 	
2	Is Pd between "1.5" and "3.3"?	1.5 - 3.3	Low: solenoid valve SVA leak.High: excessive pressure loss in the gas pipe.	
3	Is Ps between "0.15" and "1.3"?	0.15 - 1.3	 Low: outdoor unit short-circuit. low/high: outdoor unit fan motor failure, fan module failure or outdoor unit ambient temperature thermistor failure. 	
4	Is the difference in temperature between indoor units* more than 10 °C when iE (indoor unit expansion valve) is "100? * The difference in temperature between indoor units means the following: b3 (discharge air temperature) -b2 (air inlet temperature) indicated on the remote control by the check mode. However, this is only applicable when b2 (Air inlet temperature) -b1 (setting temperature) is higher than 3 °C.	10 °C and over	 Failure such as PCB, wiring, indoor unit expansion valve and coil. Excessive pressure loss in the pipe. Thermistor failure for air discharge. 	

- The symbol with an underline _____ indicates checking item and the mark " " indicates checking data.
- For 3 HP models: Service Tools can be connected to TB1 in terminals 1 and 2.
- For 4-6 HP models: Service Tools can be connected to TB No.1 and TB No.2.

7.7 Test run check list

MODEL:	SERIAL No.:
COMPRESSOR MFG No .:	NAME AND CUSTOMER ADDRESS:
DATE:	

- 1 Does the indoor unit fan rotation in the correct direction?
- 2 Does the outdoor unit fan rotation in the correct direction?
- 3 Can you hear strange noises in the compressor?
- 4 Has the unit been operating for at least twenty (20) minutes?
- 5 Check the temperature of the room:

Inlet:	No. 1	DB °C WB °C	No. 2	DB°C WB°C	No. 2	DB°C WB°C	No.4	DB °C WB °C
Outlet:		DB °C WB °C	NO. 2	DB °C WB °C	NO. 3	DB °C WB °C	NO. 4	DB °C WB °C
Inlet:	No 5	DB °C WB °C	No. 6	DB °C WB °C	No 7	DB °C WB °C	No. 9	DB °C WB °C
Outlet:	NO. 5	DB °C WB °C	NO. 6	DB °C WB °C	INO. 7	DB °C WB °C	INU. 0	DB °C WB °C

6 Check the outdoor ambient temperature:

Inlet	DB°C	WB°C
Outlet	DB°C	WB°C

7 Check the temperature of the refrigerant:

Discharge gas temperature	Td =°C
Liquid pipe temperature	Te =°C

8 Check the pressure:

Discharge pressure	Pd = MPa
Suction pressure	Ps = MPa

9 Check the voltage:

Rated voltage		V	—	
Operating voltage	1 Ph	LV	—	
Operating voltage	3 Ph	R–S V	R–T V	S–T V
Starting voltage Phase imbalance		V	_	
		1-(V/Vm) =	—	—

10 Check the compressor input running current:

Input	kW
Running current	A

- 11 Is the refrigerant charge OK?
- 12 Do the operating control devices work correctly?
- 13 Do the safety devices work correctly? ____
- 14 Has the unit been checked for refrigerant leaks?
- 15 Is the unit clean inside and outside?
- 16 Are all the panels of the unit fastened securely?
- 17 Are the panels of the cabinet fastened so that they do not make any noise?
- 18 Is the filter clean?
- 19 Is the heat exchanger clean?
- 20 Are the stop valves open? _____
- 21 Does the water flow freely through the drain hose?

8.

Electrical checks of main parts

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8.1 Inverter

8.1.1 RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E



Applicable power source		1~ 230V 50Hz	
Maximum output voltage		415V (Depends on power source voltage)	
Maximum output	Compressor	20A	
current	Fan controller	1.3A	
Control method		Vector control PWM (Pulse width modulator)	
Output frequency	Compressor	11Hz to 130Hz	
range	Fan controller	0 to 21.7rps	
Frequency accuracy		0.01 Hz	

- 1 Check whether the high voltage still exists in the inverter PCB after power is disconnected. When the unit is operated, LED5 is turned ON. At the time of powering off the unit, LED5 is turned OFF. In this case, the residual voltage is less than DC50V.
- 2 If LED5 is turned ON while powering off the unit, please wait for about five minutes, LED5 will turn OFF.

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3 Remove all the terminals of the inverter module before check. If all the items (below table) are performed and all items are satisfied, the inverter module is non-defective.



Test Point			Divided Tester Descult	
(+) Side of Tester	(-) Side of Tester	Analog lester Result	Digital lester Result	
AC-L1/AC-N	L-COM	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller	
AC-L1/AC-N	N	More than 100k Ohm	Overload	
L-COM	AC-L1/AC-N	More than 100k Ohm	Overload	
N	AC-L1/AC-N	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller	
U/V/W	Р	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller	
U/V/W	N	More than 100k Ohm	Overload	
Р	U/V/W	More than 100k Ohm	Overload	
N	U/V/W	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller	

4 If all the items (below table) are performed and all items are satisfied, the inverter module is non-defective.



Test Point		Applog Tester Posult	Digital Tester Popult	
(+) Side of Tester	(-) Side of Tester	Analog lester Result	Digital lester Result	
L1 / L2	Р	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller	
Р	L1 / L2	More than 100k Ohm	Overload	
L1 / L2	N	More than 5M Ohm	Overload	
N	L1 / L2	More than 0.5M Ohm	Overload	

8.1.2 RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E



Applicable power source 3N~ 400V 50Hz		
Maximum output voltage	415V (Depends on power source voltage)	
Maximum output current	20A	
Control method	Vector control PWM (Pulse width modulator)	
Outract for many many	11Hz to 130Hz	
Output frequency range	0 to 21.7rps	
Frequency accuracy	0.01 Hz	

- Check whether the high voltage still exists in the inverter PCB after power is disconnected. When the unit is operated, LED7 is turned ON. At the time of powering off the unit, LED7 is turned OFF. In this case, the residual voltage is less than DC50V.
- If LED7 is turned ON while powering off the unit, please wait for about ten minutes, LED7 will turn OFF.

Remove all the terminals of the driver board before check. If all the items (below table) are performed and all items are satisfied, the driver board is non-defective.



Check Point		Disitel Tester Deput
(+) Side of Tester	(-) Side of Tester	
DCL2	R/S/T	Overload
R/S/T	DCL2	0.5V or smaller
R/S/T	CN28(N)	Overload
CN28(N)	R/S/T	0.5V or smaller

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• IPM Circuit of Driver Board (In case of using Digital Tester)

- The positive side (+) of tester: Red; The negative side (-) of tester: Black.
- Pre-charge circuit of the Inverter PCB. If the positive side (+) of tester is connected to DCL1, and the negative side (-) of tester is connected to CN28(P).
 - 1 If the resistance is about 1k Ohm, it is OK.
 - 2 If the resistance is about 0 Ohm or infinity, it is damaged.



Test Point	Analog Tester Result	Digital Tester Result
(+)DCL2, (-)R	More than 100k Ohm	Overload
(-)DCL2, (+)R	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller
(-)CN28(N), (+)R	More than 100k Ohm	Overload
(+)CN28(N), (-)R	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller
(+)DCL2, (-)S	More than 100k Ohm	Overload
(-)DCL2, (+)S	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller
(-)CN28(N), (+)S	More than 100k Ohm	Overload
(+)CN28(N), (-)S	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller
(+)DCL2, (-)T	More than 100k Ohm	Overload
(-)DCL2, (+)T	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller
(-)CN28(N), (+)T	More than 100k Ohm	Overload
(+)CN28(N), (-)T	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller
(+)CN28(P), (-)U0	More than 100k Ohm	Overload
(-)CN28(P), (+)U0	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller
(-)CN28(N), (+)U0	More than 100k Ohm	Overload
(+)CN28(N), (-)U0	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller
(+)CN28(P), (-)V0	More than 100k Ohm	Overload
(-)CN28(P), (+)V0	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller
(-)CN28(N), (+)V0	More than 100k Ohm	Overload
(+)CN28(N), (-)V0	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller
(+)CN28(P), (-)W0	More than 100k Ohm	Overload
(-)CN28(P), (+)W0	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller
(-)CN28(N), (+)W0	More than 100k Ohm	Overload
(+)CN28(N), (-)W0	More than 1k Ohm	0.5V or smaller

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8.1.3 Specifications of inverter

Applicable model	RAS-3HVRC2	RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E	RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E
Applicable power source	1 Phase. 2	30V 50 Hz	3 Phase 400V 50 Hz
Output current	10.5A	20.0A	20.0A
Control Method		Vector control	
Range output frequency	11-125Hz	11-130Hz	11-130Hz
Accuracy of frequency		0.01Hz at applicable frequency	range
Output / characteristics	Condi Power source volt Non-loading Ammeter type v	itions: tage AC220/240V (free output) olt-meter (X1.1)	Conditions: Power source voltage AC380/415V Non-loading (free output) Ammeter type volt-meter (X1.1) (V) 400 380 300 200 100 50 75 100 115 f(Hz)
Increasing/ Decreasing Hz	0.125–2.00 H	Iz/s (5 steps)	0.125–3.00 Hz/s (5 steps)

Inverter

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Protection function			
Applicable model	RAS-3HVRC2	RAS-(4-6)HVNC1E	RAS-(4-6)HNC1E
Excessive high or low voltage for inverter	Excessive low voltage at a voltage is lower than 194 V DC Excessive high voltage at a voltage is higher than 400 V DC		Excessive low voltage at a voltage is lower than 350 V DC Excessive high voltage at a voltage is higher than 750 V DC
Abnormality of current sensor (0A detection)	 When the compressor's operating frequency reaches 15 to 18 Hz after the compressor starts, the effective value of running current at each phase is 1.5A or less. The wave height value of running current for the phase positioning is 5A or less before the compressor starts (at the end of the phase positioning). Cause of Abnormality: Failure of Current Sensor (on Inverter PCB), Failure of IPM, Failure of Compressor, Disconnected Wiring 		Stoppage at a current of compressor smaller than 1.5A. When the frequency is 15 to 18Hz after starting. Cause of abnormality: Failure of current sensor Failure of IPM/DIP-IPM/ ISPM Failure of compressor / fan motor Disconnected wiring
Overcurrent protection for inverter	Rated current x 150% Rated current x 105% Rated current x 105% Short-circuit trip of arm *) Instantaneous overcurrent trip *) Instantaneous overcurrent trip: it is detected when current valve is over rated current x 150%. Electronic thermal trip: it is detected when current valve rated current x 105% for over 30 seconds or for over 3 minutes in total within 10 minutes. i <i>j j lnternal protection IPM</i> Condition is maintained longer than 30 seconds or accumulated longer than 3 minutes during 10 minutes sampling time		
Protection of transistor module	IPM has four protection function for self-protection. Short circuit in any of the "U", "V" or "W" terminals Running current reaches the maximum rated current. Control voltage decreases abnormally.		
Overload	Overload control as a current greater	than rated current X105%.	
control	Overload control release at a current	smaller than rated current X 88%.	
Fin temperature increase	The unit is stopped when the fin temperature is higher than 80°C (for 3HP), 90°C (for 4 to 6HP).		
Earth detection	The unit is stopped when the compressor is earthing.		

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8.1.4 Inverter time chart



8.1.5 Protective function

- 1 Excessive high or low voltage for inverter
 - a. Level of detection
 - When the voltage of direct current is greater than (A)
 - When the voltage of direct current is smaller than (B)

Power supply	3N ~ 400V 50Hz	1 ~ 230V 50Hz
(A)	750 Volts	376 (400*) Volts
(B)	350 Volts	194 Volts

(*) For RAS-3HVRNC2

b. Function

When abnormalities are detected the inverter compressor is stopped and transmit the signal code of stoppage cause to PCB1.

c. Cancellation of protection function.

Transmission for signal code of stoppage cause is cancelled when a stopping order is given or main power source is cut off.

2 Abnormality of current sensor

a. Level of detection

When current of the inverter compressor decreases lower than 1.5A during the inverter compressor frequency between 15Hz and 18Hz an abnormality is detected.

b. Function

When abnormalities are detected the inverter compressor is stopped and transmit the signal code of stoppage cause to PCB1.

c. Cancellation of Protection Function

Transmission for signal code of stoppage cause is cancelled when a stopping order is issued or main power source is cut off.

- 3 Overcurrent protection for inverter
 - a. Level of detection
 - When the current detected by current sensor reaches 150% of the rated current overcurrent is detected. (Instantaneous overcurrent).
 - When the current detected by current sensor exceeds 105% of the rated current continuously for 30 seconds or for 3.5 minutes in total during a 10 minutes period overcurrent is detected. (Electric thermal relay).
 - b. Function

When abnormalities are detected the inverter compressor is stopped and transmit the signal code of stoppage cause to PCB1.

c. Cancellation of protection function

Transmission for signal code of stoppage cause is cancelled by stopping order is issued or main power source is cut off.

- 4 Protection of IPM/DIP-IPM/ISPM
 - a. Level of detection
 - When some of the output terminals "U", "V" or "W" of IPM/DIP-IPM/ISPM are short-circuited an abnormality is detected.
 - When the running current of IPM/DIP-IPM/ISPM reaches (maximum rated current x 105%) an abnormality is detected.
 - When an internal temperature is measured by internal thermistor of IPM an abnormality is detected. When the control voltage of IPM/DIP-IPM/ISPM decreases an abnormality is detected.
 - **b.** Function

When abnormalities are detected the inverter compressor is stopped and the signal code of stoppage cause is transmitted to PCB1.

c. Cancellation of protection function

Transmission for signal code of stoppage cause is cancelled when a stopping order is issued or main power source is cut off.

- 5 Fin temperature increase
 - a. Level of detection

When the temperature of internal thermistor exceeds more than 80°C (for 3HP), 90°C (for 4 to 6HP) an abnormality is detected.

d. Function

When abnormalities are detected the inverter compressor is stopped and the signal code of stoppage cause is transmitted to PCB1.

e. Cancellation of protection function

Transmission for signal code of stoppage cause is cancelled when a stopping order is issued or main power source is cut off.

- 6 Earth detection
 - a. Level of detection

When the starting current of the compressor reaches 80% of the overcurrent protection value an abnormality is detected.

b. Function

When abnormalities are detected the inverter compressor is stopped and the signal code of stoppage cause is transmitted to PCB1.

 $\ensuremath{\textbf{c}}.$ Cancellation of protection function

Transmission for signal code of stoppage cause is cancelled when a stopping order is issued or main power source is cut off.

8.1.6 Overload control

1 Level of detection

When the output current exceeds 105% of the maximum output current an abnormality is detected.

2 Function

An overload signal is issued when output current exceeds 105% of the maximum output current and the frequency decreases.

For 10 seconds after the output current decreases lower than 88% of the rated current the operation is performed with the compressor frequency limited to the upper level frequency when the output current decreases lower than 88% of the rated one.

However if the frequency order is smaller than the maximum value the operation is performed according to the order.

3 Cancellation of protection function

After the operation described in the above item 2. is performed for 10 seconds this control is cancelled.

8.2 Thermistor

8.2.1 Thermistors for RAS-3HVRC2



Thermistor for discharge gas temperature (THM9)

For prevention of discharge gas overheating

Thermistor resistance characteristics



Thermistor for outdoor ambient temperature (THM7)



• Thermistor for evaporating temperature of outdoor unit in heating operation (for defrosting) (THM8)

Thermistor resistance characteristics



Thermistor for condensing temperature (THM10)



8.2.2 Thermistors for RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E



Thermistor for discharge gas temperature (THM9)

- 1 A thermistor for the upper part temperature of the compressor is installed to prevent discharge gas from overheating.
 - If discharge gas temperature increases excessively lubricating oil deterioration occurs and lubricating properties deteriorate resulting in short compressor life.
- 2 If discharge gas temperature increases excessively compressor temperature increases. At the worst compressor motor winding will be burnt out.
- 3 When the upper part temperature of compressor increases during heating operation the unit is controlled according to the following method.
 - An electronic expansion valve of outdoor units is (are) opened to return the liquid refrigerant to the compressor through the accumulator decreasing compressor temperature.
 - If the compressor upper part temperature increases exceeding 132 °C even if an electronic expansion valve opens the compressor is stopped in order to protect the compressor. In cooling operation the above function is also available.
- 4 If compressor upper part temperature increases excessively the protection control is activated and the compressor is stopped according to the following method.



Operation	Upper part temperature of compressor	Defecting period
Cooling	Over 132 °C	10 minutes (continuously)
Cooling	Over 140 °C	5 seconds (continuously)
Lippting	Over 132 °C	10 minutes (continuously)
neaung	Over 140 °C	5 seconds (continuously)
Defrosting	Over 132 °C	5 seconds (continuously)

Thermistor for outdoor ambient temperature (THM7)

Thermistor resistance characteristics



• Thermistor for evaporating temperature of outdoor unit in heating operation (for defrosting) (THM8)

Thermistor resistance characteristics

90 80 Thermistor resistance (kΩ) 78 70 60 50 4 (40 33.7 30 26.0 20 15.9 12.6 10.0 10 3.0 6.525.314.363.60 2.99 2.49 ₀∟ -15 -10 -5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 0 5 60 Temperature (°C)

Thermistor for condensing temperature of RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E outdoor unit (THM10)



Thermistor resistance characteristics

K

8.3 Electronic expansion valve



Items	Specifications
Туре	UKV series
Refrigerant	R32 / R410A
Working temperature range	-30 °C ~ 70 °C (operation time of the coil: less than 50%)
Mounting direction	Drive shaft in vertical direction within an angle of 45 °C as maximum
Flow direction	Reversible
Drive method	4-Phase canned motor method
Rated voltage	DC12V±1.8 V
Drive condition	63PPS 1.2 phase excitation
Coil resistance (each phase)	46Ω ± 10 (at 20 °C)
Wiring diagram drive circuit and activation mode	A ON B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B Close Open Activation

8.4 High pressure protection device

8.4.1 RAS-3HVRC2

If the discharge pressure is excessively high the compressor and the component parts of the refrigeration cycle can be damaged. Therefore, in case that the discharge pressure is higher than 4.15 MPa the protection control is activated and the compressor is stopped.:

In case that the discharge pressure is higher than 3.6 MPa the protection control might be performed.

Depending on model (check refrigerant cycle):

- 1 For controlling the high pressure not to increase excessively during heating operation the gas by-pass circuit and the air volume of the outdoor fan is controlled automatically.
- 2 The gas by-pass circuit which is composed of the solenoid valve and the capillary tube for flow adjustment control the high pressure not to increase excessively by leading the high pressure gas to the low pressure side.



i note

All figures only for illustration purpose. The actual product may differ.

8.4.2 RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E

High pressure control (Pressure sensor Pd)

The high pressure is detected during the heating mode by means of a high pressure sensor and the compressor frequencies are controlled by the proportional control method with operating capacity of the indoor units (or PID control for the compressor frequency); therefore, the high pressure is controlled within an appropriate range. The output of the high pressure sensor during the heating operation activates the protection control, the gas bypass.





Output Characteristics of High Pressure Sensor

X

8.5 Noise filter (NF)

The noise filter decreases the noise caused by the inverter to the power supply line. The terminals that indicate "LOAD" are connected to the inverter and terminals that indicate "LINE" are connected to the power supply line.

RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E



Items	Specifications
Model	NF167ES
Rated Current	AC 400 V
Rated Current	32A
Circuit diagram	L1 0 L2 0 $F_{F/2}$ N 0 Z4 Z PE SA \oplus PE SA \oplus C1 C2 C1 C2 C2 C1 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2

8.6 Reactor (DCL)

This part is used for changing alternating current to direct current for the inverter.

8.6.1 RAS-3HVRC2

Items	Specifications
Character	12 mH±15 (at 1 kHz)
Rated current	15 A
DC Resistance	160 mΩ (max.)
Permissible temperature range	-25°C to 60°C





i NOTE

All measurements are in mm.

8.6.2 RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E



Item	Specifications			
Condition	0.41 mH ± 10% (DC 16A)			
Rated current	16 A			
Direct current resistance	50.0 mΩ ± 20% (at 25°C)			

i NOTE

All measurements are in mm.

8.6.3 RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E

ltem	Specifications			
Condition	1.0 mH ± 10% (at 1 Khz)			
Rated current	35 A			
Direct current resistance	27.0 mΩ ± 20% (at 20°C)			

i NOTE

All measurements are in mm.





X

8.7 Rotary compressor

- · Low vibration and low noise design
- (i) The twin rotor crankshaft is arranged in a symmetrical type, which counteracts the centrifugal force produced by the rotation, and the vibration is smaller.
- (ii) Unique low noise structure design, and high efficiency DC motor is adopted. The operation can be smooth and low noise at the full frequency.

Compression principles



HITACHI



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9.1 Safety Introduction

DANGER

DO NOT TOUCH THE ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS WHILE LEDS 1~4/351~353 on PCB1 or LD1~4 on PCB2 ARE ON, TO AVOID ELECTRICAL SHOCK.

WAIT UNTIL ALL LEDS TURN OFF.

DANGER

- Before performing any of the service operations described in this chapter turn all the main switches off and the place security lockers or convenient warning indicators in order to prevent them from turning on accidentally.
- In case of blocked or stucked parts use appropiated tools and eventually lubricants to release them.
- In case of sharped edged parts as covers use security gloves to avoid getting injured.
- When performing brazing work besides security gloves it is must to wear convenient eye protection.
- Check and be sure that all LEDS on the PCB are OFF for all electrical maintenance.

*i*J_{NOTE}

- All compressors are connected by brazing. Check to ensure whether there are flammable things around or not when using a burner for pipe connections if not oil existing pipe inside may ignite.
- Do not expose the refrigerant cycle to the atmosphere for a long period in order to avoid mixing the water and foreign particles into the refrigerant cycle. After removing compressor replace it quickly. If exposed for a long period seal the suction pipe and discharge pipe.
- Remove the cap for the compressor just before replacing the compressor. Before mounting the compressor seal the suction pipe and discharge pipe with a tape to protect the compressor from foreign particles. Remove the tape at pipe connection.
- Caution for Replacement of Compressor.

Remove the suction pipe and the discharge pipe from the compressor. Isolate the wires and electrical components to protect them from the burner flame when brazing the connection pipes.

When replacing the compressor, the brazed material used for connecting the compressor and refrigerant pipes can drop into the pipes and get sucked into the compressor, causing a compressor failure. To avoid this, take the following points into account when replacing the compressor:

a. File away brazing material remaining on the end of the refrigerant pipes.

Be careful to avoid filed brazing material entering into the pipes.

b. Insert the pipes fully in to prevent brazing material from entering them.



c. Refer to the table for the recommended amount of brazing material. If using more brazing material than the recommended amount, it may drop into the pipes.

CAUTION

When brazing the pipes, prevent oxidized scale formation by nitrogen substitution.

Thickness of brazing material	P	Piping diameter (refrigerant cycle side) (mm)					
	Ø6.35	Ø9.52	Ø12.7	Ø15.88	Ø19.05	Ø22.2	Ø28.2
Ø1.6mm	25	30	35	75	100	110	225
Ø2.0mm	15	15	20	45	55	70	135
Ø2.4mm	10	10	15	30	35	45	90

9.2 RAS-3HVRC2

9.2.1 Removing the pipe cover

Follow the procedure below to remove main parts and components. For mounting follow the reverse procedure of removal.

Do not expose the refrigerant cycle to the atmosphere for a long period to avoid moisture or dust entering into the cycle. Be sure to replace parts immediately after removing. Seal the refrigerant cycle when left unattached for a long period.

1 Remove pipe cover downward after removing 1 screw.



1 - Pipe cover

9.2.2 Removing the front cover

- 1 Remove the pipe cover following "9.2.1 Removing the pipe cover".
- 2 Remove 5 fixing screws and remove the upper cover.
- 3 To remove the front cover remove 7 fixing screws and 3 left nails.





1 - Front cover 2 - Nails

9.2.3 Removing the outdoor fan

- 1 Remove the pipe cover following "9.2.1 Removing the pipe cover".
- 2 Remove 3 fixing screws and remove the upper cover.
- 3 Remove the front cover following "9.2.2 Removing the front cover".
- 4 To remove the propeller fan remove the cap nut which fixes the propeller fan onto the motor shaft.

i note

- Use a puller when the propeller fan and fan motor shaft are fixed too tightly.
- The cap nut is left thread. For removal turn to the reverse direction to the propeller fan.
- 5 Remove the electrical box cover.
- 6 Remove the fan motor connector (CN24) inserted into the PCB in the electrical box:
 - Remove the fan motor lead wire fixed onto the motor clamp using a cord band.
 - Remove 4 screws which fix the motor.



1 - Cap nut 2 - Propeller fan

1 - Electrical box cover

1 - Cord band 2 - Fan motor lead wire 3 - Four screws 4 - Fan motor

i NOTE

- Be sure to place the lead wire outlet downward when assembling the motor.
- Fix the motor lead wire onto the motor clamp using a cord band as before to avoid obstructing the propeller fan.
- Assembling the propeller fan: Insert the skidding protection part of the fan boss matching with the motor shaft notch; tighten the nut after the shaft screw fully comes out. (Tightening Torque 3.0 N·m).
- Connect the motor lead wire to the electrical box PCB. (To connect insert into the connector (CN24) on the PCB).
9.2.4 Removing the compressor

i note

- Do not expose the refrigerant cycle to the atmosphere for a long period to avoid moisture or dust into the cycle. Be sure to replace the compressor immediately after removing. Seal to the suction and discharge pipes when the refrigerant cycle is left unattached for a prolonged time.
- Remove the cap of new compressor right before the replacement. Before mounting the compressor seal the suction and discharge pipes with a tape to protect the compressor from dust. Remove the tape at pipe connection.
- To connect wiring at reassembling ensure that the compressor terminal numbers and wiring mark band codes are matched. Incorrect wiring numbers may result in inverse rotation and damage the compressor.
- 1 Remove the pipe cover following "9.2.1 Removing the pipe cover". When the outdoor unit is installed close to a wall move the unit from the wall removing the refrigerant piping.
- 2 Collect the refrigerant from the check joint.
- 3 Remove the front cover following "9.2.2 Removing the front cover".
- 4 Remove 8 fixing screws and remove the side cover.



- 5 Open the soundproof cover wrapped around the compressor and remove the terminal box cover of the compressor body.
- 6 Disconnect the compressor wires in the terminal box and remove the thermistor on top of the compressor.

Check the wiring color and layout when disconnecting. Connecting wires in wrong order at reassembling may result in compressor damage.



1 - Compressor-top thermistor mount onto terminal cover with

- metal fitting.
- 2 Yellow.
- 3 White.
- 4 Red.
- 5 Terminal cover.6 M8 hexagonal nut.

7 Remove the suction and discharge pipes from the compressor.

Be sure to separate the blazing burner flame sufficiently from the wires and electrical components around the brazed part in order to avoid burning.



- 1- Blazing Discharge pipe.
- 2 Blazing Suction pipe.

- 8 Remove push nuts 1 and 2 which fixes the compressor. Lift the compressor and remove from the unit body. (3 in the figure does not have a push nut).
- 9 Check if the Faston terminal has any abnormality when replacing the compressor. (Ensure the pull out force greater than 20 N). If the Faston terminal is identified faulty replace to a new one.



10 In case that is necessary more space to take out the compressor, remove the screw of the metal sheet.



1 - Metal sheet screw

9.2.5 Removing the high pressure switch and pressure switch for control

- 1 Remove the pipe cover following "9.2.1 *Removing the pipe cover*".
- 2 Remove 5 fixing screws and remove the upper cover.
- 3 Remove the front cover following "9.2.2 Removing the front cover".
- 4 Collect the refrigerant from the check joint.
- 5 Disconnect the Faston Terminals.
- 6 Remove the high pressure switch and the pressure switch for control from the brazed part of discharge piping.

9.2.6 Removing the 4-way valve coil

- 1 Remove the pipe cover following "9.2.1 Removing the pipe cover".
- 2 Remove 5 fixing screws and remove the upper cover.
- 3 Remove the front cover following "9.2.2 Removing the front cover".
- 4 Disconnect the PCN6 connector on the control PCB of the electrical box.
- 5 Remove 1 fixing screw to remove the 4-way valve coil.









1 - 4-way valve. 2 - 4-way valve coil. 3 - Screw.



9.2.7 Removing the electronic expansion valve coil

- 1 Remove the pipe cover following "9.2.1 *Removing the pipe cover*".
- 2 Remove 5 fixing screws and remove the upper cover.
- 3 Remove the front cover following "9.2.2 Removing the front cover".
- 4 Remove the electrical box cover.
- 5 Remove 8 fixing screws and remove the side cover.
- 6 Remove the CN5A connector on the control PCB of the electrical box.
- 7 Hold and disconnect the coil of the expansion valve. The expansion valve coil is equipped with a lock mechanism. Ensure that the coil is locked when replacing.



1 - Side cover

9.2.8 Removing the electrical box

- 1 Remove the pipe cover following "9.2.1 Removing the pipe cover".
- 2 Remove 5 fixing screws and remove the upper cover.
- 3 Remove the electrical box cover.
- 4 Remove 1 fixing screw and remove the terminal cover.
- 5 Disconnect all the wiring connected to the control PCB.
- 6 Remove 2 screws which fix the electrical box.
- 7 Pull up and remove the electrical box.





1 - Expansion valve coil 2 - Expansion valve body



1 - Electrical box cover 2 - Terminal cover

9.2.9 Removing Display PCB

- 1 Remove the pipe cover following "9.2.1 Removing the pipe cover".
- 2 Remove 1 fixing screw and remove the terminal cover.
- 3 Disconnect all the wiring connected to the display PCB.
- 4 Hold the upper part of 4 holders with long nose pliers and remove the display PCB.
- 1 Display PCB (PWB2).
- 2 Terminal cover.
- 3 Long nose pliers.
- 4 Display PCB.
- 5 -Holder.
- 6 -Electrical box cover.



i note

- DO NOT touch electrical components on the PCB. Pay attention not to bend or apply much force onto PCB in order to avoid PCB failure.
- To connect wiring at reassembling ensure that the terminal numbers and wiring mark band codes are matched. Incorrect wiring may result in malfunction or damage of electrical components.
- Different dip switch setting shall be applied for each model when the electrical box is replaced; See chapter "10. Troubleshooting".
- Pay attention not to clamp any wiring between plates or electrical components when closing electrical box cover or front cover at reassembling.

9.2.10 Removing other electrical components

- 1 Remove the pipe cover following "9.2.1 Removing the pipe cover".
- 2 Remove 3 fixing screws and remove the upper cover.
- 3 Remove the electrical box cover.
- 4 Removing Electrical Components.

Remove the 2 fixing screw and remove the reactor.

- To mount components be sure to match the wiring connection with the mark band codes.

1	Electrical box cover
2	Partition plate
3	Fuse
4	Electrical box
5	Reactor
6	РСВ





9.3 RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E

9.3.1 Removing service cover

i note

- Follow the procedure below to remove main parts and components. For mounting follow the reverse procedure of removal.
- Do not expose the refrigerant cycle to the atmosphere for a long period to avoid moisture or dust entering into the cycle. Be sure to replace parts immediately after removing. Seal the refrigerant cycle when left unattached for a long period.
- 1 Pull downward and remove the service cover after removing 4 upper and lower fixing screws.
 - Pay attention not to drop the service cover.



9.3.2 Remove outlet grille

1 Remove 4 screws which fix the outlet grille.

Service cover
 Air outlet grille
 Shroud

2

9.3.3 Removing upper cover

1 Remove the upper cover upward after removing 11 fixing screws.



9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover

- 1 Remove 5 screws which fix the bottom service cover.
- 2 Pull and remove the bottom service cover.
- 3 Remove the upper cover following "9.3.3 Removing upper cover".
- 4 Remove 8 screws which fix the rear cover.
- 5 Pull backward and remove the rear cover.



Pay attention that the screw length for the ambient thermistor differs from other fixing screws.

9.3.5 Removing outdoor fan motor

- 1 Remove the service cover following "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Remove the outlet grille following "9.3.2 Remove outlet grille".
- 3 Remove the upper cover following "9.3.3 Removing upper cover".
- 4 To remove the propeller fan remove the cap nut and washer which fix the propeller fan onto the motor shaft. (Use a puller when the propeller fan and motor shaft are fixed too tightly).



- 5 Remove the fan motor connector from PCB in the electrical box (CN406 (Red)).
- 6 Cut the plastic tie with nippers which fixes the fan motor lead wire onto the motor clamp.



7 Remove 4 screws which fix the motor.

Model	RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E
Connector pin location	Inverter PCB - CN406
Motor fixing screws	4x M5 screws
 Motor clamp Fan motor lead wire Plastic band Fan motor 	

i NOTE

- 1. To mount the motor be sure to place the lead wire outlet downward. (Adjust the propeller fan and shroud not to contact with each other).
- 2. Fix the motor lead wire onto the motor clamp using a plastic tie as shown in the table on the previous page to avoid obstructing the propeller fan.
- 3. Mounting propeller fan: Insert the skidding protection part of the fan boss matching with the motor shaft notch; tighten the nut after the shaft screw fully comes out. (Tightening Torque 20 N·m)
- 4. Connect the motor lead wire to PCB1 of the electrical box. (Be sure to match colors of the PCB connectors and motor lead wire connectors).
- 5. Be sure to attach the outlet grille onto the shroud after replacing the fan motor.

9.3.6 Removing electrical box

i note

The images may differ in some details with respect to the final product.

- 1 Disassembly the upper cover according to the item "9.3.3 Removing upper cover".
- 2 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 3 Remove the 6 fixing screws -1- of the electrical box.
- 4 Disconnect the necessary connectors depending on the OU model.

Model	Code	Denomination	id.	Location
	CN406	Fan motor	11	PCB3
	PCN10	Low pressure switch (for control)	8	PCB1
	CN100	Pressure sensor	7	PCB1
	PCN7	Solenoid valve coil (SVA)	10	PCB1
RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E	PCN100	4-way valve coil	9	PCB1
-A-	THM7-9	Thermistors	3, 5, 6	PCB1
	PCN5	Crankcase heater	2	PCB1
	CN17	High pressure breaker Device	1	PCB1
	CN5A	Expansion valve	4	PCB1
	CN16	Compressor	-	Aerial
	CN406	Fan motor	13	PCB1
	PCN6	4-way valve coil	20	PCB1
	CN5A	Expansion valve	14	PCB1
	PCN7	Solenoid valve coil (SVA)	22	PCB1
RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E	CN100	Pressure sensor	19	PCB1
-B-	CN17	High pressure breaker Device	12	PCB2
	PCN5	Crankcase heater	21	PCB1
	PCN10	Low pressure switch (for control)	18	PCB1
	THM7-9	Thermistors	15, 16, 17	PCB1
	CN16	Compressor	-	Aerial

9



The electrical box is a heavy component, two personnel are recommended to handle it.

5 Pull up the electrical box -A- or -B- through the upper support -2- until it is free and can be removed from the front.





- 6 Disassembly the valve coils according to the items.
 - "9.3.9 Removing 4-way valve coil"
 - "9.3.10 Removing electronic expansion valve coil"
 - "9.3.11 Removing solenoid valve coil (SVA)"
- 7 Disassembly the thermistors according to the items.
 - "THM9 Thermistor for discharge gas temperature (Td)"
 - "THM8 Thermistor for evaporating temperature (Te)"
 - "THM7 Thermistor for outdoor ambient temperature (Ta)"
- 8 Disassembly the pressure switch control wires and Faston connectors according to the item "9.3.8 Removing the High pressure switch and Pressure switch for control".
- 9 Assembly the new electrical box.

The spare electrical box is supplied with new thermistors, valve coils and pressure switch control wires with the Faston connectors.

- a. Insert the radiation fin -3- into the U-notch on the partition plate -2- and place the fin on the fan box side.
- b. Attach the electrical box fitting -1- with the partition plate.
- c. Assembly the pressure switch control wires and Faston connectors according to the item "9.3.8 Removing the High pressure switch and Pressure switch for control".
- d. Assembly the thermistors according to the items.
- "THM9 Thermistor for discharge gas temperature (Td)"
- "THM8 Thermistor for evaporating temperature (Te)"
- "THM7 Thermistor for outdoor ambient temperature (Ta)"
- e. Assembly the valve coils according to the items.
- "9.3.9 Removing 4-way valve coil"
- "9.3.10 Removing electronic expansion valve coil"
- "9.3.11 Removing solenoid valve coil (SVA)"

10 Connect all the connectors listed in the table above depending on the OU model.



i note

The figure corresponds to a RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E unit.

- 11 Mount the 6 fixing screws **-1-** of the electrical box.
- 12 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 13 Assembly the upper cover according to the item "9.3.3 Removing upper cover".

9.3.7 Removing the compressor

- 1 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Disassembly the bottom service cover and rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".
- 3 Collect the refrigerant according to the item "3.4 Refrigerant charge".
 - If the outdoor unit is installed close to a wall remove the refrigerant piping and move the unit from the wall.
- 4 Open the soundproof cover -3- wrapped around the compressor and remove it.
- 5 Remove the terminal box cover -1- on top of the compressor.

Connecting wires in wrong order at reassembling may result in compressor damage.



- 6 Identify and disconnect the compressor wires and the thermostat -2- in the terminal box on top of the compressor.
- 7 Remove the crankcase heater -4-.



- 8 Protect the nearest thermistor **-5-** with a wet cloth.
- 9 Close the check joints -2- and -6-.
- 10 Charge the check joint -1- with nitrogen and refill the compressor piping.

i note

Be sure to separate the blazing burner flame sufficiently from the wires and electrical components around the brazed part in order to avoid burning.

- 11 Heat the brazed connection -4- between the compressor and the pipes with a brazing unit until the brazing is undone.
- 12 Remove the suction pipe and discharge pipe from the compressor -3-.



- 13 Seal the suction and discharge pipes with a tape to protect the compressor from dust.
- 14 Remove the 2 nuts **-1-** which fix the compressor.
- 15 Remove the vibration-proof rubber -2- and the vibration-proof rubber -3-.

- To remove the compressor the liquid stop valve pipe should be moved (bent) to the right side hand. PAY CLOSE ATTENTION not to crush to break the pipe.
- The compressor is a heavy component, two personnel are recommended to handle it.
- 16 Remove the compressor by lifting it up with inclining forward.
- 17 Install the new vibration-proof rubber -3-.



- Compressor piping must be connected by brazing. MAKE SURE that any flammable material is not around before heating with burner, the oil inside the piping may flame up.
- The replacement of the compressor should be done immediately after removing. Seal the suction and discharge pipes when the refrigerant cycle is left unattached for a long period.
- For piping at reassembling ensure that the compressor terminal numbers and wiring mark band codes are matched.
- 18 Place the new compressor -4- in its place.
- 19 Protect the compressor side pipping -2- with a wet cloth -3-.

A wet cloth will cool the compressor side piping in order to avoid the brazing material from entering the compressor.

- 20 Remove the tapes of new compressor right before the brazing and face the piping with the compressor.
- 21 Insert the pipes fully in to prevent brazing material from entering them.
- 22 Charge the check joint -1- with nitrogen and refill the compressor piping.

- Be sure to separate the blazing burner flame sufficiently from the wires and electrical components around the brazed part in order to avoid burning.
- PAY CLOSE ATTENTION not to let the filler metal enter into the compressor which may result in compressor damage.
- Refer to the table for the recommended amount of brazing material. If using more brazing than the recommended amount, it may drop into the pipes.

Thickness of brazing material	Piping diameter (refrigerant cycle side) (mm)						
Thickness of brazing material	Ø6.35	Ø9.5	Ø12.7	Ø15.9	Ø19.1	Ø22.2	Ø28.2
Ø1.6mm	25	30	35	75	100	110	225
Ø2.0mm	15	15	20	45	55	70	135
Ø2.4mm	10	10	15	30	35	45	90

23 Braze the connection -2- between the compressor and the pipes with a brazing unit.



24 Install the vibration-proof rubber and thigten the 2 nuts for fixing the compressor.

- Tightening Torque: 6 N·m

Incorrect wiring numbers may result in inverse rotation and damage of the compressor.

- 25 Check if the Faston terminal and the thermostat have any abnormality and connect it in the terminal box making sure the assembly order.
 - If the Faston terminal is identified faulty replace with a new one.
- 26 Ensure the pull out force greater than 20 $N\!\cdot\!m.$
- 27 Ensure the fixture of the lead wires.
- 28 Assembly the terminal box and tighten the closing nut.
 - Tightening Torque: 3.0 N·m
- 29 Assembly the crankcase heater without torsion and gap to the compressor.
- 30 Wrap the sound-proof cover around the compressor.
- 31 Assembly the top of sound-proof cover.
- 32 Charge new refrigerant according to the item "3.4 Refrigerant charge".
- 33 Assembly the bottom service cover and rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".
- 34 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".

9.3.8 Removing the High pressure switch and Pressure switch for control

- 1 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Disassembly the bottom service cover and rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".
- 3 Collect the refrigerant according to the item "3.4 Refrigerant charge".
 - If the outdoor unit is installed close to a wall remove the refrigerant piping and move the unit from the wall.

High Pressure Switch

- a. Disconnect the Faston terminals -1-.
- b. Move all cables and remove the necessary components to leave the working area free.
- c. Protect the 4-way -5- valve with a wet cloth.
- d. Protect the check valve with a wet cloth.
- e. Protect the Pressure Sensor -6- for Discharge Pipe -4- with a wet cloth.
- f. Heat the brazing joint **-3-** between the High Pressure Switch **-2-** and the Discharge Pipe **-4-** until the switch is released.
- g. Remove the High Pressure Switch -2- and install the new one.
- h. Protect the new High Pressure Switch -2- with a wet cloth.
- i. Braze the connection -3- to the Discharge Pipe -4- until the switch is properly installed.



- j. Allow the brazing to cool down for a few minutes.
- k. Remove all used protections and wet cloths.
- I. Move the cables until they are the same as they were originally.
- m. Connect the Faston terminals to the switch.

Pressure sensor for Discharge Pipe

- a. Disconnect the Pressure Sensor CN100 conntector in PCB1 according to the item "9.3.6 Removing electrical box".
- b. Move all cables and remove the necessary components to leave the working area free.
- c. Protect the 4-way -3- valve with a wet cloth.
- d. Protect the check valve with a wet cloth.
- e. Protect the High Pressure Switch -1- with a wet cloth.
- f. Heat the brazing joint between -4- the Pressure sensor -5- and the discharge pipe -2- until the sensor is released.
- g. Remove the sensor -5- with his wire and install the new one.
- h. Protect the new sensor with a wet cloth.

i. Braze the connection -4- to the Discharge Pipe -2- until the sensor is properly installed.



- j. Allow the brazing to cool down for a few minutes.
- k. Remove all used protections and wet cloths.
- I. Move the cables until they are the same as they were originally.
- m. Install the wire of the new sensor as it was originally and connect the PCB1 according to the item "9.3.6 Removing electrical box".

Pressure switch for control on Suction Pipe

- a. Disconnect the Faston terminals -1-.
- b. Move all cables and remove the necessary components to leave the working area free.
- c. Protect the 4-way valve -5- with a wet cloth.
- d. Protect the check valve with a wet cloth.
- e. Heat the brazing joint -3- between the Pressure Switch for control -2- and the Suction Pipe -4- until the switch is released.
- f. Remove the Pressure Switch for control -2- and install the new one.



- g. Protect the new Pressure Switch for control -2- with a wet cloth.
- h. Braze the connection -3- to the Suction Pipe -4- until the switch is properly installed.
- i. Allow the brazing to cool down for a few minutes.
- j. Remove all used protections and wet cloths.
- k. Move the cables until they are the same as they were originally.
- I. Connect the Faston terminals to the switch.
- 4 Charge new refrigerant according to the item "3.4 Refrigerant charge".
- 5 Assembly the bottom service cover and rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".
- 6 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".

9.3.9 Removing 4-way valve coil

- 1 Remove the service cover, the bottom service cover, the rear cover and the upper cover following "9.3.1 Removing service cover", "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover" and "9.3.3 Removing upper cover".
- 2 Disconnect the connector on the control PCB of the electrical box.
 - PCN100: RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E
 - PCN6: RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E
- 3 Remove 1 fixing screw -2- to remove the reversing valve coil -1-.
- 4 When reassembling, perform the procedure in the reverse way of removing.

i note

Fix the wires by plastic bands to the original position.



9.3.10 Removing electronic expansion valve coil

- 1 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Disassembly the rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".
- 3 Disconnect the CN5A connector -1- on the control PCB1 of the electrical box.
- 4 Cut the necessary plastic ties to remove the expansion valve coil wire.
- 5 Hold the coil **-2-** of the expansion valve **-3-** and pull out upward.

It is easier to disassembly the expansion valve coil if it is rotated while pulling it upward.

- 6 Disassembly the expansion valve coil -2- with his wire and install the new one.
- 7 Assembly the new expansion valve coil -2- by inserting the expansion valve -3- inside.

- The expansion valve coil is equipped with a lock mechanism.
- Do not apply an excessive force to the coil when pressing it into the slot. Otherwise, it may cause damage to the piping or deform the coil bracket avoiding a properly fixation.
- 8 Rotate the expansion valve coil **-2-** until the sound of locking is heard.
- 9 Connect the CN5A connector -1- on the control PCB1 of the electrical box.



- 10 Fix the expansion valve coil wire with plastic ties as it was originally.
- 11 Assembly the rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".
- 12 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".

9.3.11 Removing solenoid valve coil (SVA)

- 1 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Disconnect the PCN7 connector on the control PCB1 of the electrical box.
- 3 Cut the necessary plastic ties to remove the solenoid valve coil wire.
- 4 Remove 1 fixing screw -2- to the valve -3- and disassembly the solenoid valve coil -1-.
- 5 Remove the solenoid valve coil -1- with his wire and install the new one.
- 6 Mount the fixing screw -2-.



- 7 Connect the PCN7 (SVA) connector on the control PCB1 of the electrical box.
- 8 Fix the valve coil wire with plastic ties as it was originally.
- 9 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".

9.3.12 Removing 4-way valve

- 1 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Disassembly the rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".
- 3 Collect the refrigerant according to the item "3.4 Refrigerant charge".
- 4 Disassembly the reversing valve coil -3- according to the item "9.3.9 Removing 4-way valve coil".
- 5 Disassembly the electrical box according to the item "9.3.6 Removing electrical box".
- 6 Move all cables and remove the necessary components to leave the working area free.
- 7 Protect all the elements located around the reversing valve and the brazing area with a wet cloth.
- 8 Charge the stop valve for liquid with nitrogen and refill the reverse valve piping.
- 9 Heat the brazed connection **-2-** and **-4-** between the reversing valve **-1-** and the piping with a brazing unit until the brazing is undone.



- 10 Remove the pipes from the reversing valve.
- 11 Seal the pipes with a tape to protect the reversing valve and the cycle assembly from dust.
- 12 Remove reversing valve -1- from the assemblies and install the new one.
- 13 Protect the new reversing valve -1- with a wet cloth.
- 14 Braze the connections -2- and -4- between the reversing valve -1- and the piping until the valve is properly installed.
- 15 Allow the brazing to cool down for a few minutes.
- 16 Remove all used protections and wet cloths.
- 17 Assembly the electrical box according to the item "9.3.6 Removing electrical box".
- 18 Move the cables until they are the same as they were originally.
- 19 Assembly the reversing valve coil -3- according to the item "9.3.9 Removing 4-way valve coil".
- 20 Charge new refrigerant according to the item "3.4 Refrigerant charge".
- 21 Assembly the rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".
- 22 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".

9.3.13 Removing Electronic expansion valve

- 1 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Disassembly the rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".
- 3 Disassembly the electrical box according to the item "9.3.6 Removing electrical box".
- 4 Collect the refrigerant according to the item "3.4 Refrigerant charge".
- 5 Disassembly the Electronic expansion valve coil **-1-** according to the item "9.3.10 Removing electronic expansion valve coil".
- 6 Protect all the elements located around the expansion valve and the brazing area with a wet cloth.
- 7 Charge the stop valve for liquid with nitrogen and refill the expansion valve piping.
- 8 Heat the brazed connection -3- between the expansion valve -2- and the piping with a brazing unit until the brazing is undone.
- 9 Remove the pipes from the expansion valve.
- 10 Seal the pipes with a tape to protect the reversing valve and the cycle assembly from dust.
- 11 Remove the electronic expansion valve -2- from the assemblies and install the new one.
- 12 Protect the new electronic expansion valve -2- with a wet cloth.
- 13 Braze the connections -3- between the expansion valve -2- and the piping until the valve is properly installed.



- 14 Allow the brazing to cool down for a few minutes.
- 15 Remove all used protections and wet cloths.
- 16 Assembly the Electronic expansion valve coil -1- according to the item "9.3.10 Removing electronic expansion valve coil".
- 17 Charge new refrigerant according to the item "3.4 Refrigerant charge".
- 18 Assembly the electrical box according to the item "9.3.6 Removing electrical box".
- 19 Assembly the rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".
- 20 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".

9.3.14 Removing Solenoid valve

- 1 Remove the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Disassembly the electrical box according to the item 9.3.6 Removing electrical box".
- 3 Collect the refrigerant according to the item "3.4 Refrigerant charge".
- 4 Remove the solenoid valve coil -1- according to the item "9.3.11 Removing solenoid valve coil (SVA)".
- 5 Move all cables and remove the necessary components to leave the working area free.
- 6 Protect all the elements located around the solenoid valve and the brazing area with a wet cloth.
- 7 Charge the stop valve for liquid with nitrogen and refill the solenoid valve piping.
- 8 Heat the brazed connection -3- between the solenoid valve -2- and the piping with a brazing unit until the brazing is undone.



- 9 Remove the pipes from the solenoid valve.
- 10 Seal the pipes with a tape to protect the solenoid valve and the cycle assembly from dust.
- 11 Remove solenoid valve -2- from the assemblies and install the new one.
- 12 Protect the new solenoid valve -2- with a wet cloth.
- 13 Braze the connections -3- between the solenoid valve -2- and the piping until the valve is properly installed.
- 14 Allow the brazing to cool down for a few minutes.
- 15 Remove all used protections and wet cloths.
- 16 Move the cables until they are the same as they were originally.
- 17 Assembly the solenoid valve coil -1- according to the item "9.3.11 Removing solenoid valve coil (SVA)".
- 18 Charge new refrigerant according to the item "3.4 Refrigerant charge".
- 19 Assembly the electrical box according to the item "9.3.6 Removing electrical box".
- 20 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".

9.3.15 Disassembly / Assembly the Electrical components for RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E

▲ DANGER

Check that all the LEDs on the inverter PCB (PCB2) are OFF. If necessary, wait a few minutes until all the LEDs are completely switched OFF.

- When attaching the PCB, or when attaching the parts attached to the PCB, pay attention not to clamp any wiring between plates or electrical components.
- To connect wiring at reassembling, ensure that the terminal numbers and wiring mark band codes are matched. If connections are wrong, there is the possibility of wrong operation and to cause damage to electrical parts.

• Opening / Closing Electrical box (P plate)

- 1 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Remove the fixing screw -1- of the electrical box upper support -2-.
- 3 Remove the 4 fixing screws -4- of the electrical box.
- 4 Disassembly the more convenient cover to access inside the electrical box and cut the plastic ties **-3-** that fixes the lead wire to the upper support.
 - Upper cover according to the item "9.3.3 Removing upper cover".
 - Rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".



- 5 Open the P plate turning it clockwise approximately 90°.
- 6 Close the P plate turning it counter clockwise.
- 7 Fix the lead wire to the upper support with two plastic ties as it was originally.
- 8 Assembly the cover removed on Step 4.
- 9 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".

• Disassembly / Assembly the Control module (PCB1)

- 1 Disassembly the upper cover according to the item "9.3.3 Removing upper cover".
- 2 Open the electrical box according to the item "Opening / Closing Electrical box (P plate)".
- 3 Disconnect all the wiring connected to the control PCB.
- 4 Remove the 4 fixing screws -1-.
- 5 Remove the 4 fixing holders -2- and disassembly the control PCB.
- 6 Assembly the new control PCB and fix it with 4 fixing holders -2-.
- 7 Assembly the 4 fixing screws -1-.



- 8 Connect all the wiring connected to the control PCB as it was originally.
- 9 Close the electrical box according to the item "Opening / Closing Electrical box (P plate)".
- 10 Assembly the upper cover according to the item "9.3.3 Removing upper cover".

Disassembly / Assembly the DSW module (PCB2)

- 1 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Disconnect all the wiring connected to the control PCB.
- 3 Remove the 4 fixing holders -2- and disassembly the control PCB2 -1-.
- 4 Assembly the new control PCB -1- and fix it with 4 holders -2-.



- 5 Connect all the wiring connected to the control PCB as it was originally.
- 6 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".

Disassembly / Assembly the PCB3

- 1 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Disconnect all the wiring connected to the PCB.
- 3 Remove the 4 fixing holders -2- and disassembly the PCB -1-.
- 4 Assembly the new control PCB -1- and fix it with 4 holders -2-.



- 5 Connect all the wiring connected to the PCB as it was originally.
- 6 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".

• Disassembly / Assembly the Terminal Board (TB)

- 1 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Disconnect the wirings of terminal board.
 - L
 - N
 - 2
 - 1
- 3 Remove the 2 fixing screws -2- and disassembly the terminal board -1-.
- 4 Assembly the new terminal board -1- and fix it with 2 screws -2-.



To connect wiring at reassembling, ensure that the terminal numbers and wiring mark band codes are matched. If connections are wrong, there is the possibility of wrong operation and to cause damage to electrical parts.

- 5 Connect all the wiring connected to the control PCB as it was originally.
- 6 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".

Disassembly / Assembly DCL

- 1 Open the electrical box according to the item "Opening / Closing Electrical box (P plate)".
- 2 Disconnect the wirings and cut the plastic ties that fixes the lead wire from PCB1.
 - L2
 - L-COM
 - L1
- 3 Remove the 5 fixing holders -2- and disassembly the DCL -1-.
- 4 Disassembly the DCL and the wiring.
- 5 Assembly the new DCL board -1- and fix it with 5 holders -2-.



To connect wiring at reassembling, ensure that the terminal numbers and wiring mark band codes are matched. If connections are wrong, there is the possibility of wrong operation and to cause damage to electrical parts.

- 6 Connect all the wiring connected to the control PCB and fix it as it was originally.
- 7 Close the electrical box according to the item "Opening / Closing Electrical box (P plate)".

9.3.16 Disassembly / Assembly Electrical components for RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E

▲ DANGER

Check that all the LEDs on the inverter PCB (PCB2) are OFF. If necessary, wait a few minutes until all the LEDs are completely switched OFF.

- When attaching the PCB, or when attaching the parts attached to the PCB, pay attention not to clamp any wiring between plates or electrical components.
- To connect wiring at reassembling, ensure that the terminal numbers and wiring mark band codes are matched. If connections are wrong, there is the possibility of wrong operation and to cause damage to electrical parts.

• Opening / Closing the Electrical box (P plate)

- 1 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Remove the fixing screw -1- of the electrical box upper support -2-.
- 3 Remove the 6 fixing screws -3- of the electrical box.



- 4 Open the P plate turning it clockwise approximately 90°.
- 5 Close the P plate turning it counter clockwise.
- 6 Fix the lead wire to the upper support with two plastic ties as it was originally.
- 7 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".

• Disassembly / Assembly the control PCB (PCB1)

- 1 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Disconnect all the wiring connected to the control PCB.
- 3 Remove the 6 fixing holders -2- and disassembly the control PCB -1-.
- 4 Assembly the new control PCB -1- and fix it with 6 holders -2-.



- 5 Connect all the wiring connected to the control PCB as it was originally.
- 6 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".

Disassembly / Assembly the Inverter module (PCB2)

- 1 Disassembly the upper cover according to the item "9.3.3 Removing upper cover".
- 2 Open the electrical box according to the item "Opening / Closing Electrical box (P plate)".
- 3 Disconnect all the wiring connected to the Inverter module.
 - DCL1 (Reactor)
 - DCL2 (Reactor)
 - CN331 (NF)
 - CN16 Aerial connector (compressor)
 - PCN2 (pressure switch control)
 - CN206 (PCB communication)
 - R, S, T (NF)
- 4 Remove the 8 fixing screws -2- and disassembly the control PCB -1-.
 - Recommended the use of a flexible screwdriver or if necessary, remove the PCB3 according to the item "Disassembly / Assembly the PCB3" to improve the access to the right side screws.
- 5 Pull the Inverter and remove along with the plastic case and the radiation fin.
- 6 Assembly the new control PCB -1- and fix it with 8 screws -2-.



- 7 Connect all the wiring desconnected to the control PCB as it was originally.
- 8 Close the electrical box according to the item "Opening / Closing Electrical box (P plate)".
- 9 Assembly the upper cover according to the item "9.3.3 Removing upper cover".

• Disassembly / Assembly the PCB3

- 1 Open the electrical box according to the item "Opening / Closing Electrical box (P plate)".
- 2 Disconnect all the wiring connected to the PCB.
 - CN201
 - CN202
 - PCN201
 - PCN202
- 3 Remove the 6 fixing holders -2- and disassembly the PCB3 -1-.
- 4 Disassembly the PCB3 -1- and the wiring.
- 5 Assembly the new control PCB -1- and fix it with 6 holders -2-.



- 6 Connect all the wiring connected to the control PCB as it was originally.
- 7 Close the electrical box according to the item "Opening / Closing Electrical box (P plate)".

• Disassembly / Assembly the terminal board (TB)

- 1 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Disconnect the wirings of terminal board -1-.
 - 1
 - 2
 - L1
 - L2
 - L3
 - N
- 3 Remove the 2 fixing screws -2- and disassembly the terminal board -1-.
- 4 Assembly the new terminal board -1- and fix it with 2 screws -2-.



To connect wiring at reassembling, ensure that the terminal numbers and wiring mark band codes are matched. If connections are wrong, there is the possibility of wrong operation and to cause damage to electrical parts.

- 5 Connect all the wiring connected to the control PCB as it was originally.
- 6 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".

Disassembly / Assembly the DCL

- 1 Open the electrical box according to the item "Opening / Closing Electrical box (P plate)".
- 2 Disconnect the wirings and cut the plastic ties that fixes the lead wire from PCB2.
 - DCL1
 - DCL2
- 3 Remove the 5 fixing holders -2- and disassembly the DCL -1-.
- 4 Disassembly the DCL -1- and the wiring.
- 5 Assembly the new DCL board -1- and fix it with 5 holders -2-.



To connect wiring at reassembling, ensure that the terminal numbers and wiring mark band codes are matched. If connections are wrong, there is the possibility of wrong operation and to cause damage to electrical parts.

- 6 Connect all the wiring connected to the control PCB and fix it as it was originally.
- 7 Close the electrical box according to the item "Opening / Closing Electrical box (P plate)".

Disassembly / Assembly the Noise filter

- 1 Open the electrical box according to the item "Opening / Closing Electrical box (P plate)".
- 2 Disconnect the wirings of Noise filter:

-	T1	-	L1
-	T2	-	L2
-	Т3	-	L3
-	Ν	-	Ν

- 3 Remove the 6 fixing holders -2- and disassembly the Noise filter -1-.
- 4 Assembly the new Noise filter -1- and fix it with 6 holders -2-.



To connect wiring at reassembling, ensure that the terminal numbers and wiring mark band codes are matched. If connections are wrong, there is the possibility of wrong operation and to cause damage to electrical parts.

- 5 Connect all the wiring connected to the noise filter and fix it as it was originally.
- 6 Close the electrical box according to the item "Opening / Closing Electrical box (P plate)".

9.3.17 Removing pipe thermistors

THM9 - Thermistor for discharge gas temperature (Td)

- 1 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 2 Cut the plastic tie -1-.
- 3 Remove the butyl sheet -2-.
- 4 Pull out the thermo spring **-3-** from the feeler pipe.
- 5 Remove the aluminium tape **-5-** and disassembly the thermistor **-4-**.
- 6 Pull the wire off along its routing, release the clamps fixing the wire and pass all the vinyl pipe until the electrical box.
- 7 Disconnect the thermistor **-4-** from the PCB1 connector.
- 8 Assembly the new thermistor -4- and stick it with the aluminium tape -5- in the pipe.
- 9 Assembly the thermo spring -3-.
- 10 Protect with the butyl sheet -2- and fix it with a plastic tie -1-.
- 11 Install the wire until it is the same as it was originally.
- 12 Connect the thermistor -4- to the PCB1 connector.
- 13 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".



THM8 - Thermistor for evaporating temperature (Te)

- 1 Disassembly the rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".
- 2 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 3 Cut the plastic tie -1-.
- 4 Remove the butyl sheet.
- 5 Pull out the thermo clip -2- from the feeler pipe -3- and disassembly the thermistor -4-.
- 6 Pull the wire off along its routing, release the clamps fixing the wire and pass all the vinyl pipe until the electrical box.
- 7 Disconnect the thermistor -4- from the PCB1 connector.
- 8 Assembly the new thermistor -4- inside the feeler pipe -3- and fix it with the thermo clip -2-.
- 9 Protect with the butyl sheet and fix it with a plastic tie -1-.
- 10 Install the wire until it is the same as it was originally.
- 11 Connect the thermistor -4- to the PCB1 connector.
- 12 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 13 Assembly the rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".



THM7 - Thermistor for outdoor ambient temperature (Ta)

- 1 Remove the fixing screw -1- of the thermistor plate -2-.
- 2 Unclip the thermistor -3- from the plate -4- and remove the thermistor plate -2-.
- 3 Disassembly the rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".
- 4 Disassembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 5 Pull the wire off along its routing, release the clamps fixing the wire and pass all the vinyl pipe until the electrical box.
- 6 Disconnect the thermistor -3- from the PCB1 connector.
- 7 Install the wire until it is the same as it was originally.
- 8 Connect the thermistor **-3-** to the PCB1 connector.
- 9 Assembly the service cover according to the item "9.3.1 Removing service cover".
- 10 Assembly the rear cover according to the item "9.3.4 Removing bottom service cover and rear cover".
- 11 Clip the thermistor -3- to the plate -4- and assembly the thermistor plate -2- with the fixing screw -1-.



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10. Troubleshooting

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10.1.1 RAS-3HVRC2

10.1.1.1 Simple checking procedure by means of the 7-segment display

- 1 Turn on the indoor unit connected to the outdoor unit.
- 2 Turn on the outdoor unit
- 3 Auto-addressing starts. (Outdoor unit printed circuit board PCB1).

During the auto-addressing, the following items can be checked by means of the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.

- Disconnection of the power supply to the Indoor Unit.
- Disconnection of the operating line between the outdoor and the indoor units.
- Normal case:

The 7-segment display of the outdoor unit is not indicated.

Abnormal case:

If there is something wrong, the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit displays the following indications:

Cause	Indication	Remarks
A. The indoor unit is not supplied with power.	03	Continues to flash after 30 seconds.
B. Disconnection of the operating line between the outdoor units and the indoor unit.	03	Continues to flash after 30 seconds.
C. Duplicated settings of the indoor unit number on the rotary switch RSW, see the description of the alarm code "35").	_	—

10.1.1.2 Power supply failure to the indoor unit and the remote control switch (PC-ARFP1E)

- The LED and the Unit controller are not indicated.
- Not operated

If the fuses are blown out or a breaker is activated, investigate the cause of the overcurrent and take the necessary action.

Phenomenon	Cause	Check item	Action (Turn OFF the main switch)
Power failure o	r power is not ON	Measure the voltage by means of the voltmeter	Supply the power
Blown out fuse or activation	Short circuit supplied between the wires	Check for any uncovered part of the wires	Remove the cause of the short circuit and replace the fuse
source	Short circuit of the wires to earth	Measure the insulation resistance	Remove the cause of the short circuit and replace the fuse
Blown out fuse at the control	Short circuit supplied between the wires	Check for any uncovered part of the wires	Remove the cause of the short circuit and replace the fuse
circuit	Short circuit of the control circuit to earth	Measure the insulation resistance	Remove the cause of the short circuit and replace the fuse
Disconnected cable of	the remote control switch	Connect the cable	Replace the cable or repair the cable
Insufficient contacting at the	Insufficient connection or incorrect connection of the indoor unit PCB		
connectors of the remote control switch	Insufficient connection or incorrect connection of the indoor unit PCB in the remote control switch	Check the connectors	Correctly connect the connector
Failure of the ren	note control switch	Check the remote control switch by means of the self-check mode	Replace the remote control switch if it failed
	Unconnected wires to PCB	Check the connectors	Correctly connect the wires
Failure of PCB	Failure of PCB	Check PCB by means of the self- check mode	Replace PCB if it failed
Incorrect wiring connection		Take action according to the proce using the PC-ARFP1E remote co	edure explained in "7.3 Test run entrol switch (example)" chapter

10.1.1.3 Abnormal operation of the devices

Phenomenon	Cause		Check item	Action (Turn OFF the main switch)	
	Failure of thermistor for outdoor evaporating temperature during heating	Failure of thermistor Disconnected wire of thermistor	Replace or correctly connect when it is abnormal		
	Failure of 4-way	Disconnected 4-way valve coil	Measure the resistance of coil	Penlace the 4 way value	
No defrost operation mode is available	valve	Incorrect activation of 4-way valve	Enforced power supply	Replace the 4-way valve	
during the heating process or the defrost	Disconnected contruinit and	ol wires between indoor outdoor unit	Check the connectors	Correctly connect the wiring	
operation continues	Failure of the PCB	Disconnected wiring to PCB	Check the connectors	Correctly connect the wiring	
	of the indoor unit	Failure of PCB	Check PCB by means of the self-check mode	Replace PCB when the check mode is not available	
	Failure of the PCB	Disconnected wiring to PCB	Check the connectors	Correctly connect the wiring	
	of the indoor unit	Failure of the PCB	Check PCB by means of the self-check mode	Replace if PCB fails	
	Indoor cool load is higher than the cooling capacity		Calculate the cool load	Use a bigger unit	
		Gas leakage or shortage of refrigerant	Measure superheat	Correctly charge the refrigerant after repairing the gas leakage	
		Excessively small diameter tube or long piping	Measure and check the field- supplied pipes	Use the correct pipes	
		Incorrect activation of the check valve of the outdoor unit	Check whether or not the temperature difference before/ after the check valve	Replace the check valve of the outdoor unit	
			Check for clogging	Remove the clogging	
Insufficient cooling process	Excessively low		Check the connection cord and the connector	Replace the connector	
	suction pressure	Failure or malfunction of the expansion valve	Is there an operation sound from the coil?	Replace the coil	
			Is the thermistor on the compressor normal?	Replace the thermistor	
			Is the thermistor installed correctly on compressor?	Correctly install the thermistor	
		Clogged strainer in the indoor unit; clogging at the low pressure piping	Check the temperature difference at the inlet and the outlet of the strainer	Replace the strainer in the indoor unit	
			Clogging at the low pressure piping	Check the temperature difference	Remove the clogging
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Phenomenon	Cause		Check item	Action (Turn OFF the main switch)
		Insufficient air flow at the outdoor unit heat exchanger	Clogging of the outdoor unit heat exchanger?	Remove the clogging
			Obstacles at the inlet or the outlet of the outdoor unit heat exchanger	Remove the obstacles
			Is the service area for the outdoor unit sufficient?	Secure the service area
			Correct fan speed?	Replace the fan motor
		Excessively high air temperature to the	Short-circuited air to the outdoor unit?	Remove the cause of the short-circuited air
		outdoor unit heat exchanger	Any other heat load near the outdoor unit?	Remove the heat source
	Excessively high	Excessively charged refrigerant	Expansion valve opening	Correctly charge the refrigerant
	discharge pressure	Non-condensated gas in cycle	Check each temperature and each pressure	Charge the refrigerant after the vacuum pumping
		Clogging of the discharge piping	Check for clogging	Remove the clogging
Insufficient cooling		Failure or malfunction of the expansion valve	Check for clogging	Remove the clogging
process			Check the connection cord and the connector	Replace the connector
			Is there an operation sound from the coil?	Replace the coil
			Is the thermistor on the compressor normal?	Replace the thermistor
			Is the thermistor installed correctly on the compressor?	Correctly install the thermistor
		nal leakage of the 4-way valve	Check the temperature difference at the inlet and the outlet of the 4-way valve	Replace the 4-way valve
	Excessively low suction pressure	Malfunction or internal leakage of the 4-way valve	Check the temperature difference between the inlet and the outlet of 4-way valve	Replace the 4-way valve
		Failure of solenoid valve for bypass	Check refrigerant leakage of solenoid valve	Replace solenoid valve
	Discharge temperature of the indoor unit is unstable		Check the expansion valve of the indoor unit in the same system	Replace the failed expansion valve of the indoor unit

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Phenomenon	Cause		Check item	Action (Turn OFF the main switch)
	Indoor heat load is g	greater than the heating pacity	Calculate the heat load	Replace the unit with a bigger unit
		Gas leakage or insufficient refrigerant charge	Measure superheat	Correctly charge the refrigerant after the gas leakage check and repairing
		Excessively small diameter or long piping	Measure the field supplied piping	Use the specified pipes
			Check for clogging	Remove the clogging
		-	Check the connection cord and the connector	Replace the connector
		Failure or malfunction of the expansion valve	Is there an operation sound from the coil?	Replace the coil
		·	Is the thermistor on the compressor normal?	Replace the thermistor
			Is the thermistor installed correctly on compressor?	Correctly install the thermistor
	Excessively low	Clogging of IU/OU strainer	Check the temperature difference between the inlet and the outlet of strainer	Replace the strainer for the outdoor unit or the indoor unit
	suction pressure	Clogging of suction piping	Check the temperature difference of each part	Remove the clogging
		Insufficient air flow through the outdoor unit heat exchanger	Is the outdoor unit heat exchanger clogged?	Remove the clogging
			Are there any obstacles at the inlet or the outlet of outdoor unit?	Remove the obstacles
Insufficient heating			Is the service area for the outdoor unit sufficient?	Secure a sufficient service area
process			Check the speed of the outdoor unit fan	Replace the fan motor
		Excessively low air temperature through the outdoor unit heat exchanger	Check for any short-circuited air to the outdoor unit	Remove the cause of the short-circuited air
		Defrosting is insufficiently completed	Check the thermistor for the defrost operation	Replace the thermistor for the defrost operation
		Excessively charged refrigerant	Check the refrigerant quantity	Correctly charge the refrigerant
	Excessively high discharge pressure	Non-condensate gas in refrigerant cycle	Check the refrigerant quantity	Recharge the refrigerant after the vacuum pumping
		Clogging of the discharge pressure piping	Check for clogging	Remove the clogging
	Malfunction or internal leakage of the 4-way valve		Check the temperature difference at the inlet and the outlet of the 4-way valve	Replace the 4-way valve
	Malfunction of the check valve of the outdoor unit		Check the temperature difference at the inlet and the outlet of the check valve	Replace the check valve
	Excessively high Malfunction or internation suction pressure leakage of 4-way values		Check the temperature difference at the inlet and the outlet of the 4-way valve	Replace the 4-way valve
Discharge tempe		ture of the indoor unit is stable	Check the expansion valve of the indoor unit in the same system	Replace the failed expansion valve of the indoor unit

Phenomenon	Cause		Check item	Action (Turn OFF the main switch)
	Foreign particles inside of the fan casing		Visually inspect it	Remove the foreign particles
	Outdoor unit propeller fan is hitting the shroud		Visually inspect it	Adjust the position of the propeller fan
		Faulty Installation	Check that each part is tightly fixed	Tightly fix each part
Cooling or heating process with an abnormal sound	Abnormal sound from the compressor	Liquid refrigerant compression	Adjust the suction gas temperature and pressure	Ensure superheat
		Wear or breakage of the internal compressor parts	Abnormal sound from the inside of the compressor	Replace the compressor
		No heating by the oil heater	Check the resistance (oil heater, fuse)	Replace the oil heater or the fuse
	Humming soun co	d from the magnetic nductor	Check the surface of the contacts	Replace the magnetic switch
	Abnormal vibration of the cabinets		Check each fixing screw	Tightly fix each screw
Outdoor for door not	Obstacle at the outdoor fan		Check the obstacles	Remove the obstacles
operate when the compressor operates	Watching condition for the heating process		Wait for the switching of the 4-way valve (1 ~ 3 minutes)	If the 4-way valve does not switch, check for insufficient refrigerant

10.1.2 RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E

10.1.2.1 Checking the electrical wires and the power source

No.	Item to check	Check method
1	Is the power source breaker or the fuse blown out?	Check the voltage (secondary side) of the breaker and using a tester, check the conductivity of the fuse.
2	Is the electrical wiring properly secured and are the connections correctly fixed?	 Check that the following wiring connection on outdoor unit/indoor unit PCBs is not loosened. The connection for thermistors The connection for the communication cable. The communication cable connects to a terminal block at the outdoor unit / indoor unit not PCB. Power supply wiring is connected to a terminal block, not PCB. Each connection for power source line. Check that the wiring connections on outdoor unit and indoor unit PCBs is not loosened or misconnected on the site according to "Electrical Wiring Diagram" of the technical catalogue.

i NOTE

If the fuse on an indoor unit PCB is blown, diagnose the cause of overcurrent and replace the fuse(s). In addition, check the power source of optional parts because the fuses may blow out by the power source failure. Turn off power for safety.

10.1.2.2 Checking by 7-segment display

- Turn ON the main power supply. Wait for more than 20 seconds to start checking.
- Checking Items
 - Expansion Valve Opening
 - Temperature Readings from Thermistors
 - Number of Indoor Units Connecting in the Same System
- · Check the locations of 7-segment and push switches.
- AC220~240V is applied to the PCB and electrical parts. Never touch electrical parts and wires without appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) when checking.

Check the operating conditions and each part of the refrigerant system temperature condition by 7-segment display (SEG1) and push switches (PSW).



Checking of the alarm code history

Abnormal Data Record

"Abnormal Data Record" ($n1 \sim n9$) in checking item can record recent abnormal stoppages. (The maximum number of recordable is n9, n1 is the latest one.) In case of abnormal stoppage in following table, accumulated operation time when abnormality happened, alarm code/cause code of ID stoppage, and cause code of inverter/fan stoppage are recorded:

For example:

Number of Abnormal Data	n1
Accumulated Operation Time	1278h
Alarm Code	48
Cause Code of Inverter Stoppage	2



Alarm code history record

I.D. Stoppage ITC FTC 02 Activation of protection device (High Pressure Cut) - - 04 Abnormality communication between inverter PCB and outdoor unit PCB - - 05 Abnormality of power supply phase - - 06 Literation of the standard	
02 Activation of protection device (High Pressure Cut) - - 04 Abnormality communication between inverter PCB and outdoor unit PCB - - 05 Abnormality of power supply phase - - 06 Automation between the supply phase - -	
04 Abnormality communication between inverter PCB and outdoor unit PCB - 05 Abnormality of power supply phase - 06 - -	
05 Abnormality of power supply phase - - 06 - - -	
06	
Activation of inverter voltage increase /decrease protection 5.6	-
d1-18	
07 Activation of discharge gas superheat decrease protection	
d1-16	_
08 Activation of discharge gas temperature increase protection	
d1-15	
20 Abnormality of thermistor for discharge gas temp. (Td) -	
21 Abnormality of pressure sensor (Pd)	
22 Abnormality of thermistor for outdoor air temperature (Ta)	
24 Abnormality of thermistor for outdoor unit heat exchanger liquid pipe (Te) -	
31 Incorrect capacity setting of indoor unit and outdoor unit	
38 Abnormality of picking up circuit for protection in outdoor unit	
45 Activation of high processor protection	
d1-13	
47 Activation of law property degraphic protection	
d1-15 Activation of low pressure decrease protection	
48 Activation of overaurrent protection	
d1-17 Activation of overcurrent protection 2, 4 -	
51 Absormality of oursest consect for investor	-
d1-17 Abhomany of current sensor for inverter of a	
53 Activation of invarter PCP protection device	
d1-17 Activation of inverter PCB protection device 1, 12, 21 -	
54 Activation of investor fin temperature increase protection	
d1-17 Activation of inverter init temperature increase protection 5 -	-
55 9, 10, 11, 13,	
d1-18 14, 15, 16, 23	
57 Abnormality of Outdoor Fan Motor - 1, 12, 2	24
5b Activation of overcurrent protection for outdoor fan - 2	
5C Abnormality of outdoor fan controller sensor - 8	
EE Compressor protection alarm	
d1-05 Instantaneous power failure at the outdoor unit	
d1-26 Retry due to high pressure decrease	
A1 Abnormality of Active Filter	
d1-35 4-Way valve switching failure	

i NOTE

All History will be erased by pressing PSW1 for 5 seconds when Abnormal Data Record is displayed.

10.1.2.3 Failure of the power supply to indoor units and the remote control switch

- The lights and the LCD are not indicated.
- Inoperative. If the fuses are blown or the circuit breaker is activated, investigate the cause of the excessive current
 and take the necessary measures.



(*): Refer to the item "10.4.2 RSW, DSWs and LEDs functions RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E" or "10.4.3 RSW, DSWs and LEDs functions RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E" in these chapters.

10.1.2.4 Abnormal transmission between remote control switch and indoor unit

• The RUN indicator on the remote control: Flashes every two seconds.



i note

 (*): Refer to the item "10.4.2 RSW, DSWs and LEDs functions RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E" or "10.4.3 RSW, DSWs and LEDs functions RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E" in these chapters.

10.1.2.5 Abnormal operation of the devices

In the case no anomalies are detected (alarm codes) in the remote control switch, and normal operation is not available, carry out the required actions in accordance with the procedures described below.







i note

- (*): Refer to the item "10.4.2 RSW, DSWs and LEDs functions RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E" or "10.4.3 RSW, DSWs and LEDs functions RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E" in these chapters.
- (**): Even if the controllers are correct, the compressor does not operate under the following conditions:
 - Indoor air temperature is lower than -21°C or the outdoor air temperature lower than -5°C for individual operation mode, -15°C for simultaneous operation mode, during the cooling operation.
 - Indoor air temperature is higher than 27°C or outdoor air temperature higher than 18°C during the heating operation.
 - When the cooling (or heating) operation signal is sent to the outdoor unit and a different mode as heating (or cooling) operation signal is sent to the indoor units.
 - When the demand or emergency stop signal is sent to the outdoor unit.



i NOTE

- (*): Refer to the item "10.1.2.2 Checking by 7-segment display" in this chapter.
- (**): Refer to the item "10.4.2 RSW, DSWs and LEDs functions RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E" or "10.4.3 RSW, DSWs and LEDs functions RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E" in this chapter.

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10.2 Troubleshooting procedure

10.2.1 RAS-3HVRC2

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10.2.1.1 Alarm codes for the outdoor units

Alarm code	Retry stop code	Origin	Detail of Abnormality	Main Factors
				Activation of PSH, locked motor, abnormal operation in the power supply phase.
02	-	Outdoor Unit	Activation of protection device (high pressure cut)	Failure of fan motor, drain discharge, PCB, relay, float switch activated.
				(Pipe clogging, excessive refrigerant, innert gas mixing, fan motor locking at cooling operation)
03	_	Transmission	Transmission Alarm (Not outdoor unit detected)	Loose, disconnected, broken or short-circuited connector
04	_		Abnormal transmission between inverter PCB and RASC unit PCB	Transmission failure between inverter PCBs. (Loose Connector, Wire Breaking, Blowout of Fuse).
05	_	Power supply	Reception of abnormal operation code for detection of power source phase	Power source with abnormal wave pattern. Main power supply phase is reversely connected or one phase is not connected.
06	_	Voltage	Excessively low voltage or excessively high voltage for the inverter	Voltage drop in power supply. Incorrect wiring or insufficient capacity of power supply wiring.
07	-	Cycle	Decrease in discharge gas superheat	Excessive Refrigerant Charge, Failure of Thermistor, Incorrect Wiring, Incorrect Piping Connection, Expansion Valve Locking at Opened Position (Disconnected Connector).
08	_		Excessively high discharge gas temperature at the top of compressor	Insufficient refrigerant charge, refrigerant leakage. Expansion valve closed or clogged.
20	_	011	Thermistor for discharge gas temperature (THM9)	Incorrect wiring, disconnected wiring, broken cable, short
22	_	OU sensor	Thermistor for outdoor ambient temperature (THM7)	circuit.
24	_	OU sensor	Thermistor for evaporation or condensation temperature (THM8 / THM10)	Incorrect wiring, disconnected wiring, broken cable, short circuit.
31	-		Incorrect capacity setting or combined capacity between outdoor and indoor units	Incorrect Capacity Code Setting, Excessive or Insufficient Indoor Unit Total Capacity Code.
35	_	System	Incorrect indoor unit number setting	Duplication of indoor unit number, number of indoor units over specifications.
36	_		Incorrect indoor unit combination	
38	-		Abnormality at picking up circuit for protection (OU)	Failure of indoor unit PCB, incorrect wiring, connection to PCB in indoor unit.
47	-		Activation of the safety device from excessively low suction pressure (protection from vacuum operation)	Shortage or leakage of refrigerant, piping clogging, expansion valve close-locked, fan motor locked.
48	-		Activation of overcurrent protection	Overload, overcurrent. Failure of Inverter PCB, heat exchanger clogged, locked compressor. EVI/EVO failure.
51	_		Abnormal operation of the current sensor	Incorrect wiring of current sensor. Failure of control PCB or Inverter PCB.
53	_	Inverter	Inverter fin temperature increase	Inverter module (IPM, DIP-IPM) and Inverter PCB abnormality. Failure of compressor, clogging of heat exchanger.
54	—		Abnormality of inverter fin temperature	Heat Exchanger Clogging. Fan Motor Failure.
55	_		Abnormality of inverter module	Failure of DIP-IPM, IPM or Inverter PCB.
57	_	Outdoor	Fan motor protection	Abnormality of fan motor protection (DC fan motor)
5b	-	Outdoor fan	Activation of over current protection	Fan consumption abnormality
5c	-	Outdoor fan	Abnormality in current detection circuit	Abnormality in fan current detection circuit
EE	-	Compressor	Compressor protection	"Compressor failure. This alarm code appears when the following alarms: 02, 07, 08, 45, 47 occur three times within 6 hours."

Cause of compressor stop

When the compressor stops due any of the factors below, Stop Reason Code (d1 Code) is sent to Indoor Unit.

The Code will be overridden when another Code is sent before it.

Stop reason code	Stop factors	52C1 Process
00	Switch OFF	OFF
01	Thermo-OFF	ON
02	Alarm	OFF
03	Freeze protection	ON
05	Momentary power failure detection in Outdoor unit and reset of the Outdoor PCB micro controller	OFF
	Outdoor temperature at cooling lower than -5°C for individual operation (Outdoor temperature -15°C for simultaneous operation at annual cooling setting)	ON
07	Outdoor air temperature and indoor suction temperature for heating (Overload condition)	ON
	Stop due to outdoor heating temperature lower than -20°C (Low temperature condition)	ON
10	Demand (external input)	ON
10	Emergency stop (DSW1-4: ON or forced stop input)	OFF
13	Discharge pressure increase prevention for cooling and heating	ON
	Gas shortage detection (detected by pipe temperature: gas shortage detection I)	OFF
15	Gas shortage detection (detected by compressor-top temperature: gas shortage detection II)	OFF
	Compressor-top overheating (Td)	ON
16	Abnormal decrease of discharge gas superheat degree (TdSH)	ON
17	Inverter trip (Instantaneous overcurrent, Electronic thermal activation, Current sensor abnormality)	OFF
18	Inverter trip (Inverter undervoltage, Overvoltage, Transmission error, Microcomputer reset)	OFF
19	Prevention Control for expansion valve opening deviance	ON
21	Thermo OFF stop due to oil return control	ON
21	Forced Thermo OFF of simultaneous twin or greater (when other units are Thermo-OFF)	ON
22	Outdoor unit Heat Start Control	OFF
26	Retry stop due to high pressure decrease abnormality	ON
28	Cooling discharge temperature control	ON
35	Refrigerating cycle abnormality (Bad or wrong switch of 4-way valve)	OFF
36	Forced stop upon return from defrosting	ON
39	Stop due to indoor unit rotation control	ON
41	Stop due to pump down control	ON

10.2.1.2 Troubleshooting by alarm code



- This alarm is indicated when one of the safety devices is activated during compressor running.



Troubleshooting procedure

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Phenomenon	C	Cause	Check item	Action (Turn OFF the main switch)
			Check the heat exchanger for dust or for clogging	Remove the dust or the clogging
			Check the air filter for dust	Remove the dust
	Outdoor Unit: Insufficient Air Flow to the Heat Exchanger (Outdoor Heat Exchanger during the Cooling Process)		Check for any obstacles at the inlet or the outlet of the heat exchanger	Remove the obstacles
	Inde	oor Unit:	Check the service area	Secure service area
	Indoor Heat Exchanger	(during the Heating Process)	Check the speed (Outdoor Fan: Cooling)	Replace the fan motor if faulty
			Check the speed of the water pump	Replace the water pump if faulty
			Disconnected	Fix the looseness or reconnect the connector
Activation of the	Expansion valve malfunction or abnormality		Fully closed and locked	Replace the expansion valve
switch due to the excessively high discharge pressure (PSH)			Check the operation sound of the coil	Replace the coil
			Check the Discharge Gas thermistor	Replace the thermistor
			Check the fastening of the thermistor	Re-fasten the thermistor
	Faulty High-Pressure	Faulty Pressure Switch	Measure the discharge pressure. Check the continuity after the decrease of the pressure	Replace the pressure switch if faulty
	Switch	Insufficient Contacting	Measure the resistance by means of a tester	Fix the looseness. Replace the connector
		Incorrect Connection	Check the connections	Repair the connections
	Overchar	ged refrigerant	Check the cycle operation temp.	Charge the refrigerant correctly
	Mixture of the non-condensate gas in the refrigerant		Check the air temp. and	Recharge the refrigerant
	cycle		Check for clogging	after the vacuum pumping
	Liquid line stop valve or gas line stop valve is not in		Check the stop valves	Fully Open the stop valves
Faulty magnetic	No power is s	supplied to the coil	Check connections	Set the connections properly.
contactor switch	No power at the A contact		Measure the resistance using a tester	Replace the magnetic switch if it is broken

Alarm code Abnormal transmission between the indoor units and the outdoor unit	
--	--

- This alarm is displayed when an abnormal operation is maintained for three minutes after the normal transmission between the indoor units and the outdoor unit. Also, an abnormal operation is maintained for 30 seconds after the micro-computer is automatically reset. The alarm is displayed when the abnormal transmission is maintained for 30 seconds from the starting of the outdoor unit.
- Investigate the cause of the overcurrent and take the necessary action when the fuses are blown out or the breaker for the outdoor unit is activated.
- This alarm code may be indicated when the inverter or the fan motor malfunction and the outdoor unit cannot secure the power source (No indication on the 7-segment of outdoor unit PCB). In this case, surely check the inverter, fan motor and the continuity of the fuse on the circuit.

(Refer to the next page)

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- *1) In case that terminal resistance (DSW5-1P) is OFF when H-LINK II connection is performed.
- Set the terminal resistance to ON when CN8 is removed.
- Set the terminal resistance to OFF when CN8 is reconnected.

*2) Check item

Power supply	Faston terminal
1~ 230V 50Hz	Between 1 and 3 of PCN1 on OU PCB

Troubleshooting	procedure
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Phenomenon	Cause	Check item	Action (Turn OFF the main switch)
Power failure or power is not ON		Measure the voltage by means of the tester	Supply the power
	Short-circuit between the wires	Check the insulation material for breaks	Remove the short-circuit and replace the fuse
Blown out fuse for the power	Short-circuited wire to ground	Measure the insulation resistance	Remove short-circuit to ground and replace the fuse
source or activation of the outdoor unit breaker	Faulty compressor motor	Measure the resistance between the wires and the insulation resistance	Replace the compressor and the fuse
	Failure of outdoor unit fan motor	Measure resistance between wires and insulation resistance	Replace the outdoor unit fan motor and the fuse
	Short-circuit between the wires	Check the insulation material for breaks	Remove the short-circuit and replace the fuse
Blown out fuse for control circuit or activation of outdoor unit breaker	Short-circuit of the control circuit (to ground)	Measure the insulation resistance	Remove the short-circuit and replace the fuse
	Faulty solenoid coil for the magnetic switch for the compressor motor	Measure the resistance of coil	Replace the magnetic switch and the fuse
	Failure of outdoor unit fan motor	Measure the resistance between the wires and the insulation resistance	Replace the outdoor unit fan motor and fuse
PCB1 Power circuit failure		PCB1 Measure output voltage *1)	Replace PCB1
Disconnected wires insufficient	Between outdoor unit and indoor unit	Check the continuity of the wires	Replacing wires repairing and
contacting or incorrect connection	Power source wiring for the screws and the correct wiring outdoor unit	Check for looseness of the connection screws Check the terminal numbers	wiring for the screws and the correct wiring
Faulty PCB (outdoor unit,	Disconnected wires to PCB	Check the connections	Correctly connect the wires
indoor unit)	Faulty PCB	_	Replace PCB if faulty
Incorrect wiring	Disconnected wire; insufficient contacting	Check the continuity and the looseness of connection screws	Replacing wires, repairing and tightening the screws
	Incorrect wiring	Check the terminal numbers	Correctly connect the wires

i note

- *1) In the case that the end terminal resistance (DSW5-1) is set to OFF for H-LINK connection, set the end terminal resistance to ON when CN8 is disconnected. Set the end terminal resistance to OFF when CN8 is reconnected.
- *2) Transmission Setting (SW1)

• *3)

PCB1 output voltage	Voltage
Vcc 12 - GND2	12VDC
Vcc 05 - GND1	5 VDC
Vcc 12 - GND1	12 VDC
Vcc 15 - GND1	15 VDC
Vcc 24 - GND1	24 VDC
Vcc 12T - GND1	12 VDC

Alarm code	Abnormal transmission between control PCB and inverter PCB in outdoor unit

 This alarm is displayed when the abnormal operation is maintained for 30 seconds after the normal transmission between the outdoor unit PCB1 and inverter PCB2. Also, the abnormal operation is maintained for 30 seconds after the micro-computer is automatically reset. The alarm is displayed when the abnormal transmission is maintained for 30 seconds from the starting of the outdoor unit.



PCB1: Control PCB in outdoor unit

	Alarm code	8	Code abnormal operation of picking up phase signal
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- This alarm is displayed when the main power source phase is reversely connected or one phase is not connected.



Phenomenon	Cause	Check item	Action (Turn OFF the main switch)
Activation of reverse phase sensor in the outdoor unit	Reverse or single phase	Check it according to the electrical wiring	Replacing wires, repair, tightening screws or correct wiring
	Faulty outdoor unit PCB	-	Replace PCB if faulty

Alarm code

Excessively low voltage or excessively high voltage for the inverter (RAS-3HVRC2)

- This alarm code is displayed when the voltage between terminal "P" and "N" of Inverter is insufficient and the alarm has three occurrences in 30 minutes. If the number of occurrences is smaller than two, the retry operation is performed. The alarm code "06." Means fan controller Abnormal Operation.



Only replace electrical box when LED is OFF.

|--|

This alarm code is indicated as follows:

- The temperature on the top of the compressor is less than the target and also the IU expansion valve opening is under 300 pulses at cooling operation for 30 minutes.
- The temperature on the top of compressor is less than the target and also the OU expansion valve opening is under 70 pulses at heating operation for 30 minutes.
- The compressor is stopped and then the retry operation is performed after 30 minutes.



Troubleshooting procedure

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Phenomenon		Cause	Check item	Action (Turn OFF the main switch)
	Refrigerant cyc electr	le is different from the rical system	Check refrigerant cycle and the electrical system	Repair wiring
	Overcharged refrigerant		Measure pressure	Correctly charge refrigerant
	Faulty Expansion Valve		Check expansion valve. Refer to "8.3 Electronic expansion valve"	Replace expansion valve if faulty.
		Fault	Replace PCB and check operation	Replace PCB if faulty
Decrease of discharge gas superheat	Faulty PCB	Disconnected wires for expansion valve control	Check connections	Repair wiring connections
	Faulty discharge gas thermistor	Fault	Measure resistance	Replace thermistor if faulty
		Incorrect mounting	Check mounting state See Alarm Code 08 in section <i>"10.2.1.1</i> <i>Alarm codes for the outdoor</i> <i>units"</i>	Correctly mount thermistor
		Incorrect connection	Check connections	Remove looseness, replace connector or repair connections.

Alarm code Excessively high discharge gas temperature at the top of compressor
--

- The alarm appears during cooling operation when the compressor-top thermistor temperature remains at Tdc1 or above for 10 minutes, or at Tdc2 or above for 5 seconds.
- The alarm appears during heating operation when the compressor-top thermistor temperature remains at Tdh1 or above for 10 minutes, or at Tdh2 or above for 5 seconds.



Limits of temperature

Outdoor capacity	Tdc1	Tdc2	Tdh1	Tdh2
RAS-3HVRC2	115	125	115	125

Troubleshooting procedure	

Alarm code Abnormality of thermistor for discharge gas temperature (compressor thermistor)	r
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- This alarm code is indicated when the thermistor is short-circuited (less than 1 kΩ) or cut (higher than 640 kΩ) during the cooling or the heating process.
- This alarm forces all operations to stop (Outdoor & Indoor Units).
- The unit should be stopped to release the alarm.



Phenomenon	Cause	Check item	Action (Turn OFF the main switch)
Faulty top of compressor thermistor	Fault Check resistance		Replace thermistor if faulty
	Incorrect connection	Check wiring to PCB1	Repair wiring and connections
Faulty PCB1		Replace PCB1 and check operation	Replace PCB1 if faulty

Thermistor resistance characteristics



Alarm code		Abnormal operation of the thermistor for the outdoor temperature (outdoor unit ambient thermistor) (THM7)
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- This alarm code is displayed when the thermistor is short-circuited (less than 0.2 k Ω) or cut (greater than 500 k Ω) during the operation.
- This alarm forces all operations to stop (Outdoor & Indoor Units).
- The unit should be stopped to release the alarm.









Phenomenon	Cause	Check item	Action (Turn OFF the main switch)
Faulty thermistor for the outdoor unit ambient	Fault	Check resistance	Replace thermistor if faulty
	Incorrect connection	Check wiring to PCB	Repair wiring and connections
Faulty PCB		Replace PCB and check operation	Replace PCB if faulty

Alarm code	Abnormal operation of the thermistor for the evaporating temperature during the heating process (outdoor unit) (THM8/THM10)
	A

- The evaporating / condensing thermistor during the heating process is attached to the heat exchanger as shown in the figure below. If this thermistor is faulty, such as short-circuit (less than 0,2kΩ) or cut (more than 500kΩ) during eight minutes continuously, this alarm is displayed. The position is indicated below.
- This alarm forces all operations to stop (Outdoor & Indoor Units).
- The unit should be stopped to release the alarm.



	Phenomenon	Cause	Check item	Action (Turn OFF the main switch)
	Faulty thermistor for the	Fault	Check the resistance	Replace the thermistor if faulty
evaporating / condensing temperature during heating	Incorrect Connection	Check the wiring to PCB	Repair the wiring and the connections	
Faulty PCB		Replace PCB and check the operation	Replace PCB if faulty	



THM8 (Evaporating thermistor)

THM10 (Condensing thermistor)

Troubleshooting	procedure
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- This alarm code is indicated when the undefined setting is set to DSW3 on the outdoor unit PCB or to DSW2 on indoor unit PCB1.
- This alarm code is indicated when the total indoor unit capacity is not equal to the combined outdoor unit capacity. Outdoor unit capacity setting is not correct.
- Outdoor unit capacity setting is not correct
- This alarm forces all operations to stop (Outdoor & Indoor Units).
- The unit should be stopped to release the alarm.



Phenomenon	Cause	Check item	Action (Turn OFF the main switch)
Incorrect capacity setting of outdoor unit		Check capacity setting on outdoor unit PCB.	Correctly set the dip switch, DSW3.
Incorrect capacity setting of indoor unit		Check capacity setting on indoor unit PCB1.	Correctly set the dip switch, DSW2.

i note

- In case of H-LINK system, this alarm code is indicated when DSW4, RSW1 (for refrigerant system setting) on the outdoor unit PCB and DSW5, RSW2 (for refrigerant system setting) on the indoor unit PCB are incorrectly set.
- In this case, set correctly DSW4, RSW1, DSW5 and RSW2 after turning OFF main switch.
| Alarm code Incorrect capacity setting or combined capacity between indoor unit | unit and outdoor |
|--|------------------|
|--|------------------|

- The alarm code appears from 3 to 5 minutes after the outdoor unit power activation if any inconsistency according to capacity is detected between indoor unit and outdoor unit. This applies when indoor unit capacity has no coincidence with outdoor unit capacity
- This alarm forces all operations to stop (Outdoor & Indoor Units).
- The unit should be stopped to release the alarm.

Alarm code	35	Indoor unit combination error
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- This alarm code is indicated in case that there is at least 1 indoor unit of a model other than GP (supporting R32 refrigerant) among the connected indoor units
- This alarm forces all operations to stop (Outdoor & Indoor Units).
- The unit should be stopped to release the alarm.



- · The alarm code appears in case that any of the following is fulfilled
 - In case that there is no PSC (63H) input signal for 5 continued seconds and more than 2 seconds have passed after switch OFF.
 - In case that "Abnormality of the detection circuit for protection (itc=19)" is received from the inverter microcontroller.

Place the tester as shown in the diagram below to check the connector of PCN401. The connector shall remain inserted. DC12V will constantly be detected and disturb the diagnosis if the connector of PCN401 is pulled out.

- This alarm forces all operations to stop (Outdoor & Indoor Units).
- The unit should be stopped to release the alarm.



i NOTE

- This alarm may appear if the Faston terminal of the high pressure switch (63H1) is improperly connected or damaged (open-circuit fault) when the operation is started. Besides this, check also Alarm Code: 02 Activation of Outdoor Unit Protection Device.
- This alarm code may appear at the beginning of the operation if high pressure switch (PSH) is incorrectly connected or fail (open fault). See also alarm 02.

Alarm code Activation to Protect System from Excessively Low Suction Pres (Protection from Vacuum Operation)	sure
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- In the case that the evaporating temperature (Cooling: Liquid Refrigerant Piping Temperature of Indoor Unit, Heating: Evaporating Temperature of Outdoor Unit) is lower than -37 °C (250~350 kΩ) and the thermistor on top of compressor is higher than 90 °C for 10 minutes, retry operation is performed 3 minutes after compressor stoppage. However, when the state occurs more than 3 times including 3 in one hour, this alarm code is indicated.
- This alarm forces all operations to stop (Outdoor & Indoor Units).
- The unit should be stopped to release the alarm.



Phenomenon	Cause	Check item	Action (Turn OFF Main Switch)
 Faulty indoor unit liquid 	Fault	Check resistance.	Replace thermistor if faulty.
 refrigerant temperature thermistor Faulty outdoor unit evaporating temperature thermistor 	Incorrect Connection	Check wiring to PCB.	Repair wiring and connections.
Faulty PCB (Outdoor Unit, Indoor Unit)		Replace PCB and check the operation.	Replace PCB if faulty.
	Liquid line stop valve is not open before operation	Check stop valve.	Fully open stop valve.
		Check for clogging.	Remove clogging.
		Check connecting wiring and connectors.	Replace connector.
Excessively low suction	Faulty or malfunction of expansion Valve	Check operating sound from coil.	Replace coil.
pressure (in vacuum)		Check discharge gas thermistor.	Replace thermistor.
		Check attaching state of discharge gas thermistor.	Reattach thermistor.
	Refrigerant Leakage	Check each temperature and pressure.	Charge refrigerant after vacuum pumping.
		Check gas leakage part.	Correctly charge refrigerant after repairing gas leakage.
Faulty outdoor fan at heating operation	Faulty outdoor fan motor	Measure coil resistance and insulating resistance.	Replace outdoor fan motor if faulty.

Troubleshooting procedure







- This alarm code is displayed when the current transformer is abnormal (0 A detection or 3 A alarm condition) and the alarm has more than three occurrences in 30 minutes.
- Condition of activation:
 - When the frequency of compressor is maintained at 6 to 10Hz (3HP) after compressor is started, one of the absolute value of running current at each phase is ≤ 1.5A.
 - Before the compressor is operated (at the end of control position) the current wave value is less than 3.0 A.
- This alarm forces all operations to stop (Outdoor & Indoor Units).
- The unit should be stopped to release the alarm.



i NOTE

- (*1): Make sure LED1 is OFF.
- (*2): P7 is shown at 7-segment on the outdoor unit PCB1.

Alarm code Activation of transistor module	
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- ISPM has a detection function of the abnormal operation. This alarm is displayed when the ISPM module detects the abnormal operation 7 times or more than 7 times in 30 minutes. The retry operation is performed six times.
- Condition of activation:
 - The abnormal current to the ISPM, such as short-circuited, grounded, overcurrent or control voltage decrease.
- This alarm forces all operations to stop (Outdoor & Indoor Units).
- The unit should be stopped to release the alarm.



i NOTE

- *1) Ensure that the LED1 of inverter PCB (PCB2) is OFF. Then, set the DSW1 pin #1 on inverter PCB (PCB2) to ON when you are restarting with the terminals of the compressor disconnected. After the troubleshooting, set the DSW1 pin #1 to OFF.
- When the alarm code "53" is indicated, the outdoor fan motor (DC motor) ensure that DC fan motor is checked according to the item "10.4 Checking procedure for main parts". Check other main parts in all cases. If there is a malfunction in DC fan motor, it may cause damage to the inverter PCB.

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- This alarm code is indicated after the operation is stopped when the following conditions occur three times within 30 minutes. The retry operation is performed twice.
- Conditions of activation:
 - When the temperature of the thermistor for inverter fin exceeds 80 °C.
- This alarm forces all operations to stop (Outdoor & Indoor Units).
- The unit should be stopped to release the alarm.



i note

1*): Perform the high voltage discharge work by referring to the item "10.4.1.4 Checking procedure for other parts", before checking and replacing the inverter components.

Alarm code	55	Abnormality of inverter module
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- Actual frequency from Inverter PCB is less than 10 Hz (after inverter frequency output form PCB1 to Inverter PCB).
- This alarm is displayed when it occurs 3 times in 30 minutes. Retry operation is performed up to the occurrence of 2 times.
- Condition of Activation:
 - This alarm is indicated when Inverter PCB is not performed normally.
- This alarm forces all operations to stop (Outdoor & Indoor Units).
- The unit should be stopped to release the alarm.



When the excessive surge current is applied to the unit due to lighting or other causes, this alarm code or the cause code of inverter stoppage (Itc=11) will be indicated on the 7-segment display on OU PCB1 and the unit can not be operated. In this case, check to ensure the surge absorber (SA) on the PCB1. The surge absorber may be damaged if the inner surface of the surge absorber is changed to black. If the surge absorber is damaged, replace the noise filter. If the surge absorber does not have abnormality, turn OFF the power source once and wait until turning OFF all LEDS on inverter PCB for approx. 5 min. Then, turn ON again.

|--|

This alarm is indicated when the revolution pulse output from the fan motor is lower than 20min-1 during 30 seconds and it stops. Regarding stops, when less than 35 seconds have passed since fan start up, after the first abnormality is detected, if its occurs 4 times more within 5 minutes, it stops and alarm is displayed.



Alarm code		"Momentary power interruption" or "Low voltage detected"
------------	--	--

 This alarm is displayed to indicate a momentary power interruption or a low voltage detected during compressor operation.

A brief power interruption (which may not cause the reset of the microcomputer), may cause, instead, the relay Y52C or the CMC (Contactor for Compressor Motor) to release. Abnormal conditions kept for more than 60 seconds is considered a "Critical power supply problem", since no power is detected but microprocessor is still operating. In this case, Alarm 81 is recorded.

- A power interruption shorter than 2 seconds is considered a "Momentary Power Interruption. In this case, a Control for recovery from "Momentary power interruption is performed.
- A power interruption longer than 3 seconds is considered a "Power failure" and the unit is stopped as a normal stop. In this case no alarm is displayed.
- This alarm forces all operations to stop and force all digital outputs to an OFF state.
- The alarm is released when anomaly conditions are not detected for more than 10 seconds (power restored).



• This alarm code is displayed when one of the following alarms occurs three times within six hours. If the outdoor unit operates continuously without removing the cause of the alarm, the compressor may be seriously damaged.

Alarm code	Content of abnormality	
02	Tripping of protection device in outdoor unit	
<u>0</u> 7	Decrease in discharge gas superheat	
08	Increase in discharge gas temperature	
41	High pressure switch overload	
42	Heating overload	
47	Low pressure decrease protection activating	

i note

These alarms can be checked using the check mode 1. The action indicated in each alarm chart must be followed. These alarms have to be cleared by turning OFF the main switch of the system. Pay special attention before starting. There is a possibility of causing serious damages to the compressor.

Alarm code	<u> </u>	Incorrect setting of unit model
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• This alarm code is indicated in the following condition. Check the unit model code setting (DSW4) of IU PCB after turning OFF the power source.

Condition	Action
The unit model code setting (DSW4) is not set (all pins are "OFF"), or is set for the incorrect indoor unit type.	Set DSW4 correctly according to the dip switch setting in "Installation and Operation Manual".

10.2.2 RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E

10.2.2.1 Alarm codes of wired controller

- The RUN indicator (red) flashes on the remote control switch.
- The unit number, the alarm code and the unit model code and the number of connected indoor units are alternatively displayed on the LCD, and the indoor unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the 7-segment display of outdoor unit PCB1.
- Possible causes are:
 - The remote cable is broken.
 - Contact failure in remote control cable.
 - IC or microcomputer defective.
 - In all cases, contact your service provider.

PC-ARFP1E



If RUN lamp flashes 5 times (5 seconds) with unit number and alarm code displayed, note the alarm code (see table Alarm codes) and contact your service provider.

i note

Depends on models some alarms or causes are not applicable.

Code	Category	Content of Abnormality	Leading Cause
01	Indoor Unit	Activation of Protection Device (Float Switch)	Activation of Float Switch (High Water Level in Drain Pan, Abnormality of Drain Pipe, Float Switch, or Drain Pan)
02	Outdoor Unit	Activation of Protection Device (High Pressure Cut) or Clixon (compressor thermostat) activation (high temperature cut)	Activation of PSH (Pipe Clogging, Excessive Refrigerant, Inert Gas Mixing). Activation of Compressor thermostat due to abnormality on discharge temperature.
03	Communication	Abnormal Communication between Indoor Units and Outdoor Units	Incorrect Wiring, Loose Terminals, Disconnected Communication Cable, Blowout of Fuse, Indoor Unit Power OFF
04		Abnormal Communication between Inverter PCB and Outdoor PCB	Inverter PCB -Outdoor PCB Communication Failure (Loose Connector, Wire Breaking, Blowout of Fuse)
05	Supply Phase	Abnormality of Power Supply Phases	Incorrect Power Supply or Open-Phase
06	6 Voltage	Abnormal Inverter Voltage	Outdoor Voltage Decrease, Insufficient Power Capacity
07		Decrease in Discharge Gas Superheat	Excessive Refrigerant Charge, Failure of Thermistor, Incorrect Wiring, Incorrect Piping Connection, Expansion Valve Locking at Opened Position (Disconnect Connector)
08	Cycle	Increase in Discharge Gas Temperature	Insufficient Refrigerant Charge, Pipe Clogging, Failure of Thermistor, Incorrect Wiring, Incorrect Piping Connection, Expansion Valve Locking at Closed Position (Disconnect Connector)
11		Abnormality of Inlet Air Thermistor	
12		Abnormality of Outlet Air Thermistor	
13		Abnormality of Freeze Protection Thermistor	Incorrect Wiring, Disconnecting Wiring, Breaking Wire, Short Circuit
14	Sensor on	Abnormality of Gas Piping Thermistor	
15	Indoor Unit	Abnormality of Outdoor Air Thermistor (EconoFresh)	
16		Abnormality of Remote Sensor (DOAS)	
17		Abnormality of Thermistor Built-in Remote Controller (DOAS)	

10

Code	Category	Content of Abnormality	Leading Cause
18	Indoor Fan	Abnormality of Indoor Fan System	Abnormality of Indoor Fan Motor (Step-Out), Indoor Fan Controller Failure
19	Motor	Activation of Protection Device for Indoor Fan	Fan Motor Overheat, Lockup
1A		Abnormality of Fan Controller Fin Temperature	Abnormality of Fin Thermistor or Fan Controller, Heat Exchanger Clogging, Abnormality of Fan Motor
1b		Activation of Overcurrent Protection	Abnormality of Fan Motor
1C	Indoor Fan	Problem with Current Sensor	Abnormality of Fan Controller Current Sensor
1d	Controller	Activation Fan Controller Protection	Driver IC Error Signal Detection, Instantaneous Overcurrent
1E		Abnormality of Indoor Fan Controller Voltage	Indoor Voltage Decrease, Insufficient Capacity of Power Supply Wiring
20		Abnormality of compressor thermistor	
21		Abnormality of High Pressure Sensor	
22		Abnormality of Outdoor Air Thermistor	
23	Sensor on	Abnormality of Discharge Gas Thermistor on Top of Compressor	Incorrect Wiring Disconnecting Wiring Preaking Wire Short
24	Outdoor Unit	Abnormality of Heat Exchanger Liquid Pipe Thermistor	Circuit
25		Abnormality of Heat Exchanger Gas Pipe Thermistor	
29		Abnormality of Low Pressure Sensor	
30		Incorrect DSW Settings of Outdoor Unit for CH-Box	Connection of CH-Box to Heat Pump System, Disconnection of CH-Box to Heat Recover System. CH-Unit (Generation 1 mode) and CH-BOx (Generation 2 model) are used in the same system together.
31		Incorrect Capacity Setting of Outdoor Unit and Indoor Unit	Incorrect Capacity Setting of Outdoor Unit and Indoor Unit, Excessive or Insufficient Indoor Unit Total Capacity Code
35	System	Incorrect Setting of Indoor Unit No.	Duplication of Indoor Unit Number In same Refrigerant Cycle Number
36		Incorrect of Indoor Unit Combination	Alarm triggered in case Outdoor Unit es R32 and Indoor Unit is not designed for R32.
38		Abnormality of Picking up Circuit for Protection in Outdoor Unit	Failure of Protection Detecting Device (Incorrect Wiring of Outdoor PCB) Compressor thermostat (clixon) is already activated when compressor is OFF
3E	Outdoor Unit	Abnormal Combination between Inverter PCB and Outdoor PCB	Incorrect Combination between Inverter PCB and Outdoor PCB
43		Activation of Pressure Ratio Decrease Protection	Defective Compression (Failure of Compressor or Inverter, Loose Power Supply Connection)
44		Activation of Low Pressure Increase Protection	Overload at Cooling, High Temperature at Heating, Expansion Valve Locking at Open Position (Loose Connector)
45	Protection Device	Activation of High Pressure Increase Protection	Overload Operation (Heat Exchanger Clogging, Short Circuit of Airflow), Pipe Clogging, Excessive Refrigerant, Inert Gas Mixing
47		Activation of Low Pressure Decrease Protection	Insufficient Refrigerant, Piping Clogging, Expansion Valve Locking at Close Position (Loosen Connector)
48		Activation of Inverter Overcurrent Protection	Overload Operation, Compressor Failure
49	Outdoor Lipit	Shortage of energy transfer at IDU and ODU side	Shortage of refrigerant due to gas leakage
50		Compressor continuously in operation under very low discharge pressure	Abnormality operation at a low ambient temperature
51	Sensor	Abnormal Inverter Current Sensor	Current Sensor Failure
53		Inverter Error Signal Detection	Driver IC Error Signal Detection (Protection for Overcurrent, Voltage Decrease, Short Circuit), Instantaneous Overcurrent
54	Inverter	Abnormality of Inverter Fin Temperature	Abnormal Inverter Fin Thermistor, Heat Exchanger Clogging, Fan Motor Failure
55		Inverter Failure	Inverter PCB Failure

Code	Category	Content of Abnormality	Leading Cause
57		Activation of Fan Controller Protection	Driver IC Error Signal Detection (Protection for Overcurrent, Voltage Decrease, Short Circuit), Instantaneous Overcurrent
5A		Abnormality of Fan Controller Fin Temperature	Fin Thermistor Failure, Heat Exchanger Clogging, Fan Motor Failure
5b	Fan Controller	Activation of Overcurrent Protection	Fan Motor Failure
5C		Abnormality of Fan Controller Sensor	Failure of Current Sensor (Instantaneous Overcurrent, Increase of Fin Temperature, Voltage Decrease, Grand Fault, Step-Out)
88	Outdoor unit	Alarm of abnormality of fan or compressor unit	The fan or compressor driver do not transfer and identification code
A1	1 External Input	Detection of External Abnormality	Input Signal by External Abnormality Detection Setting
b0		Incorrect Setting of Unit Model Code	Incorrect Setting of Indoor Unit Model
b1		Incorrect Setting of Unit and Refrigerant Cycle Number	64 or More Number is Set for Address or Refrigerant Cycle
b2		Abnormality of EEPROM	EEPROM failure, Incorrect Data of EEPROM
b3		Wrong combination of indoor unit and remote control switches	Wrong combination of indoor unit and remote control switches
b5	Indoor Unit	Incorrect Indoor Unit Number Setting	There are 17 or More Non-Corresponding to H-LINK II Units are Connected to One System.
b6		Abnormal Communication between Indoor PCB and Indoor Fan Controller	Communication Failure, Disconnected Communication Cable, Abnormal Connection
b7		Transmission abnormality between the indoor and the PCB for 2 fans	Transmission abnormality between the indoor and the PCB for 2 fans
bF		Abnormality in the number of connectedsub-PCB	Abnormality in the number of connected sub-PCB
EE	Compressor	Compressor Protection Alarm (It can not be reset from Wired Controller)	This alarm code appears when the following alarms* occurs three times within 6 hours. *02, 07, 08, 39, 43 to 45, 47

10.2.2.2 Troubleshooting by alarm code



- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

Example of 4-way Cassette Type

This alarm code is displayed when the contact between #1 and #2 of CN14 on the I.U. PCB is opened for more than 120 seconds during the cooling, dry, fan, or heating operation.



(*) Refer to the chapter "10.4.2 RSW, DSWs and LEDs functions RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E" or "10.4.3 RSW, DSWs and LEDs functions RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E".



- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.



Alarm code	EI	Abnormal Communication between Indoor Units and Outdoor Units
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- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

When fuses are blown, or the circuit breakers are activated, check the cause of overcurrent and take necessary action.

This alarm code is displayed when an abnormal condition continues for three minutes after normal communication between indoor units and outdoor units, and also the abnormal condition continues for 30 seconds even after the microcomputer is automatically reset. If communication failure occurs from the beginning, the alarm code is displayed after 30 seconds from start up.



- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

This alarm code is displayed after the operation is stopped when an abnormal communication occurs between the inverter PCB (Driver Board) and the outdoor unit PCB (Main Board).



Alarm code Abnormal Inverter voltage (Insufficient inverter voltage or over voltage)	
--	--

- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

If either insufficient voltage or overvoltage is detected between the terminal R-S on the inverter PCB (Driver Board) three times in 30 minutes, the operation stops and this alarm code is displayed. If this occurs less than three times in 30 minutes, the operation is automatically retried.





- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

If either insufficient voltage or overvoltage is detected between the terminal R-S on the inverter PCB (Driver Board) three times in 30 minutes, the operation stops and this alarm code is displayed. If this occurs less than three times in 30 minutes, the operation is automatically retried.





- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

This alarm code is displayed when the discharge temperature is too high during cooling/heating operation.



Thermistor Characteristics

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Alarm code	11	Abnormality of Thermistor for Indoor Unit Inlet Air Temperatures (Inlet Air Thermistor)
Admitteduc		

- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.



Alarm code	1,21	Abnormality of Thermistor for Indoor Unit Outlet Air Temperatures (Outlet Air Thermistor)
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- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.



Alarm code	E	Abnormality of Thermistor for Liquid Refrigerant Pipe Temperature at Indoor Unit Heat Exchanger (Freeze Protection Thermistor)
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- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.



Alarm code	{}-{	Abnormality of Thermistor for Gas Refrigerant Pipe Temperature at Indoor Unit Heat Exchanger (Gas Pipe Thermistor)
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- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.



Alarm code Abnormality of Thermistor for Outside Air Temperature (for Econofresh)

- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.





- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

This alarm code is displayed when a short circuit ($0.9k\Omega$ or less) or disconnection ($5946k\Omega$ or more) of the thermistor is detected during a heating or cooling operation.



Alarm code	21	Abnormality of High Pressure Sensor
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- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

This alarm code is displayed when output voltage of the high pressure sensor decreases to 0.1V or less, or increases to 4.9V or more during operation.



Alarm code Abnormality of Outdoor Air Thermistor (Outdoor Unit Ambient Thermistor)
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- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

This alarm code is displayed when a short circuit ($0.2k\Omega$ or less) or disconnection ($500k\Omega$ or more) of the thermistor is detected during heating or cooling operation.



Thermistor Characteristics

Alarm code		Abnormality of Thermistor for Evaporating Temperature during Heating Operation (Outdoor Unit Evaporating Thermistor)
------------	--	--

- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

This alarm code is displayed when a short circuit ($0.2k\Omega$ or less) or disconnection ($500k\Omega$ or more) of the thermistor is detected during heating or cooling operation.



Thermistor Characteristics



- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

This alarm code is displayed when output voltage of the high pressure sensor decreases to 0.1V or less, or increases to 4.9V or more during operation.



Alarm code	3	Incorrect Capacity Setting of Outdoor Unit and Indoor Unit
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- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

This alarm code is displayed when an undefined setting is set to DSW3 (for capacity and power supply setting) on the service board or O.U.PCB (4~6HP).

This alarm code is displayed when the total indoor unit capacity is outside the range of connectable indoor unit capacity ratio.

Connectable Indoor Unit Capacity

Outdoor Unit Model	Connectable Indoor Unit Capacity Ratio		
	Minimum	Maximum	
4HP ~ 6HP	45%	150%	



Alarm code	35	Incorrect Setting of Indoor Unit Number
------------	----	---

- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

This alarm code is displayed in 3 to 5 minutes after power-on of outdoor unit, when the indoor unit No. set by DSW6 and RSW1 on I.U. PCB in the same refrigerant system No. duplicates.

This alarm code is displayed when the refrigerant system No. and the address setting value are 64 or more. (The alarm code "b1" is displayed on the wired controller.)

This alarm code is displayed when refrigerant system No. set by DSW4 and RSW1 on service board or outdoor unit PCB (4~6HP) in the same H-LINK II system duplicates.

i NOTE

In the case of H-LINK II system, this alarm code may be displayed when DSW4 and RSW1 (for refrigerant system No. setting) on the outdoor unit and DSW5 and RSW2 (for refrigerant system No. setting) on the indoor unit PCB are not set correctly. In this case, turn OFF the power supply and set them correctly, and turn ON the power supply again. (The rotary switch RSW2 is not available depending on the indoor unit model.)



- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

This alarm code is indicated in case that there is at least 1 indoor unit of a model other than GP (supporting R32 refrigerant) among the connected indoor units.

This alarm forces all operations to stop (Outdoor & Indoor Units).

The unit should be stopped to release the alarm.

Alarm code Problem with Picking Up Circuit for Protection in Outdoor Unit	Problem with Picking Up Circuit for Protection in Outdoor Unit
---	--

- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

This alarm code is displayed when the outdoor unit PCB detects that the protection device (PSH) is activated.



i NOTE

This alarm code may be displayed at starting the operation when the high pressure switch (PSH) is connected incorrectly or fails (open fault). The item for alarm code 02 should be checked as well.



- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

If the pressure ratio ϵ^{*1} is less than 1.5 for a minute, the compressor stops. It automatically restarts after three minutes. If this occurs again twice in the next 30 minutes, this alarm code is displayed.

*1) Pressure Ratio ε= (Pd[MPa] + 0.1)/(Ps[MPa] + 0.1)

Pd: high pressure (discharge pressure) Ps: low pressure (suction pressure)



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- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

If the pressure (Ps) of the compressor is more than 1.4 MPa for a minute, the compressor stops. The operation automatically restarts after three minutes. If this occurs again twice in the next 30 minutes, this alarm code is displayed.

O.U. PCB: Outdoor Unit PCB



Alarm code Activation of High Pressure Increase Protection
--

- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

If the high pressure (Pd) of the compressor is more than 3.8 MPa for a minute, the compressor stops. The operation automatically restarts after three minutes. If this occurs again twice in the next 30 minutes, this alarm code is displayed.





- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

If the low pressure (Ps) of the compressor is less than 0.09 MPa for 12 minutes, the compressor stops. The operation automatically restarts after three minutes. If this occurs again twice in the next 60 minutes, this alarm code is displayed.

O.U: outdoor unit; I.U. PCB: indoor unit PCB




- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

If instantaneous overcurrent or electronic thermal protection occurs on inverter as follows, the compressor stops. The operation automatically restarts after three minutes. If this occurs again five times in the next 30 minutes, this alarm code is displayed.

Condition of Activation:

- Instantaneous overcurrent Main causes: Compressor damage, output U, V, W are connected in reverse.
- 2 Electronic thermal Main causes: Heavy compressor load, and so on.
- 3 PFC_A hardware overcurrent Main causes: Short circuited PFC electric reactor L1, driver hardware is abnormal.
- 4 PFC_B hardware overcurrent Main causes: Short circuited PFC electric reactor L2, driver hardware is abnormal.
- 5 AC input overcurrent Main causes: AC input voltage under voltage, higher compressor load, and so on.
- 6 AC input overload Main causes: AC input voltage overload, higher compressor load, and so on.



Alarm code	49	Shortage of energy transfer at IDU and ODU side
------------	----	---

- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

If any of the following operating conditions occur during compressor operation, the compressor will stop and retry after 3 minutes.

If the alarm is detected 3 times within 1 hour, this alarm code is displayed.

- 1 In cooling operation, when "indoor suction temperature is equal to or less than indoor outlet temperature and outdoor piping temperature is equal to or less than outdoor air temperature" is maintained for 4 minutes.
- 2 In heating operation, when "indoor outlet temperature is below the indoor suction temperature and outdoor air temperature is below the outdoor piping temperature" is continued for 4 minutes.



Alarm code	50	Compressor continuously in operation under very low discharge pressure
------------	----	--

- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

High pressure decrease abnormality control in Cooling mode and Low Ta.

Stop code 25 is triggered when Pd is not able to increase above 0.6 MPa when working in cooling mode and ambient temperature is below 5°C.

If abnormal detection occurs 2 more times within 30 minutes, this alarm code is displayed.

Alarm code	5 (Abnormality of Current Sensor for Inverter	
------------	-----	--	--

- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

If abnormal current detection occurs, the compressor stops. The operation automatically restarts after three minutes. If this occurs again twice in the next 30 minutes, this alarm code is displayed.

Condition of Activation:

- 1 Picking up circuit for inverter current is not central value before the compressor starts operation.
- 2 Inverter secondary current es excessively low when the compressor starts operation.





- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

If IPM (transistor module) error, ground fault detection or step-out detection occurs, the compressor stops. The operation automatically restarts after three minutes. If this occurs again six times in the next 30 minutes, this alarm code is displayed.

Condition of Activation:

1 IPM (Fault) signal error

Main causes: Abnormal compressor current, abnormal IPM control voltage, short circuited IPM, and so on.

- 2 Speed abnormality Main causes: Compressor phase loss, output U, V, W are open.
- **3** FOC output phase loss Main causes: Compressor phase loss and so on.

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Alarm code	54	Abnormality of Inverter Fin Temperature
------------	----	---

- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

When the following condition occurs three times in 30 minutes, the operation stops and this alarm code is displayed. If this occurs less than three times in 30 minutes, the operation automatically restarts.

Condition of Activation:

- 1 Fin temperature increases Main causes: Increased temperature of the fins of the heat dissipation module
- 2 Thermistor failure

Main causes: Abnormality of driver temperature sampling circuit, and so on.





- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

When the following condition occurs three times in 30 minutes, the operation stops and this alarm code is displayed. If this occurs less than three times in 30 minutes, the operation automatically restarts.

Condition of Activation:

- 1 Pre-charge failure Main causes: AC input is under voltage, driver hardware abnormality, and so on.
- 2 MCU RAM abnormality Main causes: MCU RAM abnormality, driver MCU abnormality.
- 3 MCU Register abnormality Main causes: Driver MCU abnormality.
- 4 MCU clock abnormality Main causes: Driver MCU abnormality, driver crystal oscillator circuit abnormality.
- 5 MCU FLASH abnormality Main causes: Driver MCU abnormality.
- 6 Reference voltage abnormality Main causes: Driver MCU abnormality, driver reference voltage circuit abnormality.
- 7 Software protection module abnormality Main causes: Driver MCU abnormality.



Alarm code	57	Abnormality of Fan Motor

- The alarm code is flashed on the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.
- The alarm code is displayed on the wired controller of the indoor unit.

If the revolution of the fan motor is less than 10rpm in 10 seconds after the fan motor starts operation, the fan motor stops. The fan motor restarts operation automatically after 10 seconds (During this, the compressor continues to operate). If this occurs again nine times in the next five minutes, this alarm code is displayed. This alarm is caused by locking or electrical abnormality of the fan motor.



10.3 Troubleshooting in check mode

10.3.1 RAS-3HVRC2

10.3.1.1 Check mode display by Unit controller

10.3.1.2 Troubleshooting using the 7 segment display (Outdoor unit)

• Simple checking by 7-segment display



Checking method by 7-segment display

Operating conditions and each part of refrigeration cycle can be checked by 7-segment and push switches (PSW) on the PCB in the outdoor unit. During checking data, do not touch the electric parts except for the indicated switches because 220-240V is applied to them. Pay attention not to contact the tools with electrical parts. If contacted, electrical parts will be damaged.



- To start checking, press PSW2 switch for more than three seconds.
- To proceed checking, press the PSW2 switch.
- To back to the previous item, press the PSW3 switch.
- To cancel this checking, press the PSW2 switch for more than 3 seconds.

Check mode items

i NOTE

For figures consisting of more than 2 digits, the upper 2 digits and lower 2 digits of the figures are indicated alternatively every 0.5 sec In the 7-segments display, as shown below (the lower 2 digits are shown together with a dot at the lower right corner) Example: 1253



Troubleshooting in check mode

	lter	n		Indication data	
Item	Check number	Indic.	Indic.	Contents	
Input/output state of outdoor micro-computer	01	50	Э	Indicates only for the segments corresponding to the equipment in the figure. (See figure above)	
Capacity of operating indoor unit	02	oP	36	00~199 In case that capacity is higher than 100, the last two digits flash	
Control software number	03	5P	12↔34.	Control Software No. in use is indicated. Alternately upper 2 digits and lower 2 digits are indicated every 0.5 sec.	
Inverter software number	04	ď	12↔34.	Inverter Software No. in use is indicated. Alternately upper 2 digits and lower 2 digits are indicated every 0.5 sec.	
Inverter order frequency to compressor	05	HI	74	0~115 (Hz) In case that frequency is higher than 100Hz, the last two digits flash.	
Air flow step	06	Fo	15	00~15 step	
Outdoor unit expansion valve opening	07	Εο	30	00~100 (%) In case that expansion valve opening is 100%, "DD" flashes	
Temperature at the top of compressor	10	Гd	94	00~142 (°C) In case that temperature is higher than 100°C, the last two digits flash	
Evaporating temperature at heating	11	ΓЕ	ЭЧ	-19~80°C	
Ambient air temperature	12	Γo	44	-19~80°C	
Condenser Pipe Temperature	13	ΓΕ	22	-19~80°C	
Control information	14	ΓF	20	Internal information of the PCB	
Inverter Firstly Current	15	R (12	00~199 (A) In case that current is higher than 100°C, the last two digits flash	
Inverter secondary current	16	R2	20	00~199 (A) In case that current is higher than 100°C, the last two digits flash	
Indoor unit address	17	nЯ	00	00~63	
Indoor unit expansion valve opening	18	ER	20	00~100 (%) In case that opening is 100%. "♫♫" flashes	
Liquid pipe temperature of indoor unit (freeze protection)	19	LR	05	-19~127 (°C) When Temp. is higher than 100, the last two digite flash.	
Gas Pipe Temperature of Indoor Unit	20	ыR	26	-19~127 (°C) When Temp. is higher than 100, the last two digite flash.	
Indoor unit inlet air temperature	21	R,	28	-19~127 (°C) When Temp. is higher than 100, the last two digite flash.	
Indoor unit outlet air temperature	22	οR	20	-19~127 (°C) When Temp. is higher than 100, the last two digite flash.	
Cause of indoor unit stoppage	23	dЯ	01	00~99 Indicated Cause of Stoppage Code	
Total accumulated operation time of Compressor	24	ប្រា	00↔00	0 to 9999 (x 10 hours) Alternately upper 2 digits and lower 2 digits are indicated every 0.5 sec.	
Accumulated operation time of compressor (can be reset to zero for instance when compressor is replaced)	25	сU	00↔00	0 to 9999 (x 10 hours) Alternately upper 2 digits and lower 2 digits are indicated every 0.5 sec.	
Outdoor unit alarm code	26	RE	08	00~99 Indicated Alarm Code	
Cause of stoppage at inverter	27	ď	ł	00~99 Indicated Cause of Stoppage Code	
Cause of FAN stoppage	28	FΓ	D	00~99 Indicated Cause of Stoppage Code	
Abnormal data record	29	nl	00	One of the abnormal data record from latest (n1) to oldest (n9) is indicated. Alarm code or cause code is indicated.	
Total capacity of indoor unit connected	30	EP	35	00~199 In case that capacity is higher than 100, the last two digits flash	
Quantity of connected indoor units	31	RR	2	00~64	
Refrigerant address	32	6 <i>R</i>	Ω	00~63	

• Cause of indoor unit stoppage $(\underline{r}_{i}^{\prime})^{\overline{i}}$

Indication	Contents
00	Operation OFF, Power OFF
01	Thermo-OFF
02	Alarm
03	Freeze protection overheating protection
05	Instantaneous power failure at outdoor unit
05	Instantaneous power failure at indoor unit
הח	Stoppage of Cooling Operation due to Low Outdoor Air Temperature
	Stoppage of Heating Operation due to High Outdoor Air Temperature
10	Demand
11	Retry due to compression ratio decrease
12	Retry due to low pressure increase
13	Retry for Pd increase prevention
15	Vacuum/discharge gas temperature increase retry
15	Retry due to discharge gas SUPERHEAT decrease
ריו	IPM error retry, instantaneous over current of inverter retry, electronic thermal activation of inverter retry, abnormal current sensor of inverter retry
18	Retry due to inverter voltage decrease Retry due to Inverter Overvoltage Retry due to inverter transmission abnormality
19	Retry due to Expansion Valve Control
21	Forced Thermo-OFF
22	Outdoor hot start control
24	Thermo-OFF during energy saving operation mode
26	Retry due to high pressure decrease
28	Cooling air discharge temperature decrease
33	Forced Thermo-OFF (example: due to Air Filter Cleaning)
34	Forced Thermo-OFF (example: due to Motion Sensor
35	Retry due to abnormal operating mode (Reversing valve switching failure)
39	Forced Thermo-OFF due to Power Saving Control)

- The cause code for indoor unit stoppage is not always "[]?" (Alarm) during stoppage by the abnormality. If the unit is under Thermo-OFF by other cause of stoppage before "[]?" (Alarm) occurs, the previous cause code for indoor unit stoppage remains.
- When the transmitting between the inverter PCB and the outdoor unit PCB1 is disconnected for 30 seconds, the outdoor micro-computer will be reset. Accordingly when the alarm code ""," (Abnormal Transmitting between Inverter PCB and Outdoor Unit PCB1) occurs, the cause code for indoor unit stoppage may be indicated ""," 5".
- When the transmitting between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit is disconnected for 3 minutes, the indoor micro-computer will be reset. Accordingly when the alarm code "🛛 🗄" (Abnormal Transmitting between Indoor Unit and Outdoor Unit) occurs, the cause code for indoor unit stoppage may be indicated "🖧 ".

• Cause of inverter stoppage (ψ

		Cause of stoppage	Remark		
Code	Cause	for corresponding unit	Indication during retry	Alarm Code	
1	Automatic Stoppage of Transistor Module (DIP-IPM Error) (Overcurrent, Undercurrent, Temperature increase)	ריו	Ρŋ	53	
2	Instantaneous Over Current	ריו	РЛ	48	
З	Abnormal Inverter Fin Thermistor	ריו	Ρ'n	54	
Ч	Electronic Thermal Activation (Inverter overcurrent)	ריו	Ρŋ	48	
5	Inverter Voltage Decrease (Undervoltage)	18	P8	06	
5	Over Voltage	18	P8	06	
ר	Abnormal Inverter Transmission	18	-	04	
8	Abnormal Current Detection	רו	РЛ	51	
9	Instantaneous Power Failure Detection	18	-	-	
11	Reset of Micro-Computer for Inverter	18	-	-	
12	Earth Fault Detection from Compressor (Only Starting)	ריו	Ρ'n	53	
13	Phase detection abnormality	(8	P8	-	
14	Inverter Non-Operation	18	-	55	
15	Inverter Non-Operation	18	-	55	
15	Inverter Non-Operation	(8	P8	55	
ריו	Communication Abnormality	18	P8	55	
18	Protection Device Activation (PSH)	-	-	92	
19	Protection Detection Device Abnormality	-	-	38	
20	Early Return Protection Device	18	P7	53	
21	Loss of synchronism	ריו	-	3 I	

◆ Table of capacity codes of indoor unit

Code	Equivalent horsepower	Code	Equivalent horsepower
05	0.8	14	2.0
08	1.0	15	2.3
(D	1.3	18	2.5
11	1.5	22	3.0
13	1.8	32	4.0

Code	Equivalent horsepower
ЧД	5.0
48	6.0

0

Protection control code on 7-segment display

- 1 Protection control code is displayed on 7-segment when a protection control is activated.
- 2 Protection control code is displayed while function is working, and goes out when released.
- 3 When several protection control are activated, code number with higher priority will be indicated (see below for the priority order).
 - a. Higher priority is given to protection control related to frequency control than the other. Priority order:
 - High-pressure increase protection
 - Over current protection
 - Cold draft protection
 - **b.** In relation to retry control, the latest retrial will b indicated unless a protection control related to frequency control is indicated.

RAS-3HVRC2

Priority	Protection control	Code
1	Low-Pressure Ratio Control at Cooling Operation	PO
2	High-pressure ratio control at heating operation	P (
3	High-pressure rise protection	P2
4	Current protection	PB
5	Inverter fin temperature rise prevention	РЧ
6	Discharge gas temperature rise protection	P5
7	Unbalance Power Source Detecting	Pq
8	Demand current control	PA

i NOTE

The protection control code being indicated on 7-segment display is changed to an alarm code when the abnormal operation occurs. Also, the same alarm code is indicated on the remote control switch.

Activating condition of protection control code

To monitor the conditions such as the temperature change and others, the control of the frequency and other controls are performed by the protection control in order to prevent the abnormal operations. The activating conditions of protection control are shown in the table below:

Code	Protection Control	Activating Condition	Remarks	
рп	Low-Pressure Ratio Control at	If Compression Ratio $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ exceeds a threshold value		
, 0	Cooling Operation	=> Frequency Increase		
0,	High-Pressure Ratio Control at	If Compression Ratio $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ is lower than a threshold value		
	Heating Operation	=> Frequency Decrease	—	
	Lligh Drassura Increase Drataction	High Pressure Switch for Control is activated		
re	High-Pressure increase Protection	=> Frequency Decrease	_	
60	Over Current Bratestian	Inverter Output Current > (*1)A		
		=> Frequency Decrease	_	
		Inverter Fin Temperature		
РЧ	Inverter Temperature Increase	RAS-3HVRC2 ≥ 70 °C	_	
		=> Frequency Decrease		
	Discharge Gas Temperature	Temperature at the top of compressor is high		
P5	Increase Protection	=> Frequency Decrease		
		Inverter Output Current exceeds a threshold value		
P9	Unbalance Power Source Detecting	=> Frequency Decrease	_	
		Inverter Output Current exceeds a threshold value	In case of Demand	
PR	Current Demand Control	=> Frequency Decrease	Control Setting	

(1*)

Connection	220-240V			
HP	2 2.5 3			
Current (A)	10.5	10.5	10.5	

10.3.2 RAS-(4-6)H(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E

10.3.2.1 Troubleshooting by using the 7-segment display

i NOTE

Only the authorized person can carry out checks using this method.

The operating conditions and each part of the refrigerant cycle can be checked with the 7-segment display and push switches on the PCB1 (models RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E and PCB2 (models RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E) in the outdoor unit.

Before carrying out checks

- 1 Turn ON the main power supply switch. Wait more than 20 seconds before starting the checks.
- 2 Check items:
 - Information of the outdoor unit.
 - Information of the indoor unit and ombined indoor units number.
 - Expansion valve opening.
 - Temperature at each part, etc.
 - Information of the cause of the alarm code.
 - Alarm code historical information.
- 3 Check the location of the 7-segment display and the push switches.

A DANGER

AC220-240V is applied to the PCB and electrical parts. Never touch the electrical parts and the cables when carrying out the checks.

♦ Location of the pushswitches and the 7-segment display

The push-switches and the 7-segment display are located on PCB2 (RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E) and PCB1 (RAS-(4-6) H(R/N)(C/P)2E).



Protection control code on the 7-segment display

- A protection control code is displayed on the 7-segment display during the operation when the protection control has been activated.
- A protection control code is displayed while the function is operating, and it is cancelled when it is released.
- When several protection controls are activated, the code number with the highest priority is displayed (see below for the order of priority).
- 1 Higher priority will be given to the protection control related with the frequency control.

<1> Pressure ratio control	<6> Low pressure decrease protection
<2> High pressure increase protection	<7> Demand current control (running current limit control)
<3> Current protection	<8> Low pressure increase protection
<4> Inverter fin temperature increase protection	<9> High pressure decrease protection

- <5> Discharge gas temperature increase protection
- 2 Regarding the retry control, the lastest retry code will be indicated unless the protection control related with the frequency control is indicated.

Code		Protection control	
Ρ	1	Pressure ratio protection control	
Ρ	2	High pressure increase protection	
Ρ	3	Inverter current protection	
Ρ	Ч	Inverter fin temperature increase protection	
P	5	Discharge gas temperature increase protection at the upper part of the compressor	
Ρ	5	_ow pressure decrease protection	
Ρ	9	ligh pressure decrease protection	
Ρ	R	Demand current protection control	
Ρ	đ	Low pressure increase protection	

Code Retry control		Retry control		
P	,	7	Inverter trip retry control	
P	,	8	Inverter voltage drop. Overvoltage retry control	

i NOTE

- The retry indication is prolonged for 30 minutes unless a protection control is indicated.
- The retry indication disappears if the stop signal comes from all rooms.
- The protection control code indicated on the 7 segment display changes to an alarm code when the abnormal operation occurs. Also, the same alarm code is indicated on the remote control.

♦ Activation condition of the protection retry control code

The protection control or the retry control is carried out to prevent abnormal operation. The activation conditions are listed in the following table.

Code	Protection control	Activation conditions		Notes			
P01	Pressure ratio protection control	Compression ratio $\mathcal{E} \ge 7.0$ or comp	Compression ratio $\mathcal{E} \ge 7.0$ or compression ratio $\mathcal{E} \le 1.8$		-		
DOD	Llich processo increase protectio	Discharge pressure	Discharge pressure				
FU2		Pd ≥ 3.5	Pd ≥ 3.5				
		Inverter output current \geq (a) A	Inverter output current ≥ (a) A				
P03	Inverter current protection	Inv. Compressor (a)			-		
		ATH356	18.5				
P04	Inverter fin temperature increase	Inverter fin temperature ≥ 81 °C for	Inverter fin temperature ≥ 81 °C for 1ph		_		
	protection	Inverter fin temperature ≥ 89 °C for	r 3ph				
P05	Discharge gas temperature increase protection	Temperature of the upper part of th Td ≥ 92 °C	e compressor		-		
P06	Low pressure decrease protection	Suction pressure Ps ≤ 0.1 MPa			-		
P09	High pressure decrease protection	Discharge pressure Pd ≤ 1.2 MPa			-		
P0A	Demand current protection Compressor running current ≥ Demand current se value		ting	Demand current setting value: the Upper limit of the total running current is set to 100%, 80%, 70%, 60% and 40% in normal operation.			
P0d	Low pressure increase protectio	n Suction pressure ≥ 1.3 MPa			-		
P11	Pressure ratio decrease retry	Pressure ratio 8 < 1.5	/ 1	Vhen activating three times in thirty ninutes, alarm code "43" is indicated.			
P12	Low pressure increase retry	Ps > 1.7 MPa	\ ۲	When ac minutes,	Vhen activating three times in thirty ninutes, alarm code "44" is indicated.		
P13	High pressure increase retry	Pd ≥ 3.8 MPa	l ≥ 3.8 MPa		When activating three times in thirty minutes, alarm code "45" is indicated.		
		ooling					
		ischarge gas temperature ≥ 112 °C for more than 0 minutes, or					
	Discharge gas temperature	Discharge gas temperature ≥ 120 °C for more than 5 seconds When active minutes als		tivating three times in sixty alarm code "08" is indicated.			
P15		Realing	for more than				
		10 minutes, or					
		Discharge gas temperature ≥ 120 °C f 5 seconds	for more than				
	Low pressure decrease retry	Ps < 0.09 MPa more than 12 minutes	۲ ۲	When ac minutes,	tivating three times in sixty alarm code "47" is indicated.		
D16	Discharge gas super-heating	Discharge gas superheat ≤ Tc + 10 °C 30 minutes	more than	When activating three times in one hundred and twenty minutes, alarm code "07" is indicated.			
FIU	decrease retry	Tc: Saturation temperature					
		Instantaneous overcurrent	/	When ac minutes,	tivating six times in thirty alarm code "48" is indicated.		
D47		Abnormal current sensor	/	When activating three times in thirty minutes, alarm code "51" is indicated.			
P17	inverter anomaly retry	IPM error	\ r	When activating seven times in thirty minutes, alarm code "53" is indicated.			
	F	n temperature ≥ 100 °C		When ac minutes,	tivating three times in thirty alarm code "54" is indicated.		

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P18	Inverter voltage anomaly retry	Insufficient voltage in the Inverter circuit	When activating three times in thirty minutes, alarm code "06" is indicated.		
		Excessive voltage in the Inverter circuit	When activating three times in thirty minutes, alarm code "06" is indicated.		
	Inverter failure retry	The actual Inverter frequency is 0 Hz more than 3 seconds after the Inverter frequency is outputted	When activating three times in thirty minutes, alarm code "55" is indicated.		
P26 High pressure decrease retry Pd < Ta / 130 + 0.1 MPa more Pd < 1.0 MPa more than 60 m Ta: Ambient temperature		Pd < Ta / 130 + 0.1 MPa more than 4 minutes, or Pd < 1.0 MPa more than 60 minutes Ta: Ambient temperature	No alarm.		
Ps: Compressor suction pressure; Pd: compressor discharge pressure.					

Check method by checking mode

Operating conditions and each part of a system can be checked using the 7-segment display on the PCB1 in the outdoor unit.



i NOTE

Ensure the check mode is cancelled after the checks have been carried out.

• Information for the outdoor unit

Press PSW2 (▼) for forward of PSW3 (▲) to backward. The information will be alternately indicated as "Item" → "Details"

	Itom	7-Segment Display	Dotails
	item	SEG	Details
1	Output State of Outdoor Micro-Computer	55	Output State of Outdoor Micro-Computer Indication Refer to "Arrangement of Push Switches and 7-Segment Display
2	Total Capacity of Operated Indoor Unit	٥P	Total Capacity of Operated Indoor Units. Refer to "Indoor Unit Capacity Table"
3	Number of Control Software	5 <i>P</i>	Control Software Number in use is indicated
4	Number of Compressor Inverter Software	, P	Compressor Inverter Software Number In use Is Indicated
5	Running Frequency of Inverter Compressor MC1	н	Running Frequency of Number1 Compressor Indication [Hz]
6	Outdoor Fan Step	Fa	Outdoor Fan Step Indication (0 to 27 [Step])
7	Speed of Outdoor Fan 1	F5.	0~1000 (rpm)
8	Outdoor Electronic Expansion Valve Opening	Eo	0~100 (%)
9	High (Discharge) Pressure (Pd)	Pd.	0.1~4.9 (MPa)
10	Discharge Gas Temperature on Top of Compressor MC1	Гd	1~142 (°C)
11	Outdoor Heat Exchanger Liquid Temperature (Te1)	ΓΕ	-19~80 (°C)
12	Ambient Air Temperature (Ta)	Γ <u>ρ</u>	-19~80 (°C)
13	Liquid Stop Valve Temperature (Tchg)	ГЕ	-19~80 (°C)
14	Inverter Fin Temperature	ΓF	-19~127 (°C)
15	Inverter Primary Current	R (0~199 (A)
16	Inverter Secondary Current	R2	0~199 (A)
17	Indoor Unit Address	nЯ	0~63 (Indoor Unit Number) *4
18	Indoor Electronic Expansion Valve Opening	ER	0-100 (%) *4
19	Liquid Pipe Temperature of Indoor Unit	LĦ	-19~127 (°C) *4
20	Gas Pipe Temperature of Indoor Unit	цЯ	-19~127 (°C) *4
21	Indoor Unit Inlet Air Temperature	, A	-19~127 (°C) *4
22	Indoor Unit Outlet Air Temperature	ρR	-19~127 (°C) *4
23	Cause Code of Indoor Unit Stoppage	dR	0~99 *4
24	Accumulated Operation Time of Compressor MC1	비미	[10 Hours]
25	Accumulated Operation Time of Compressor MC1 (Resetable)	сЦ	[10 Hours] Accumulated operation time can be reset *2
26	Outdoor Unit Alarm Code	RE	o~FF
27	Cause Code of Inverter Stoppage 1	, Γ	Cause of INV Compressor MC1 Stoppage Refer to "Cause Code of Inverter Stoppage"
28	Abnormal Data Record (Number1)	n l	Accumulated Operating Time
29			Alarm Code or Cause Cicle of Indoor Unit Stoppage, Cause Code
30	Abnormal Data Record (Number9)	n9	
31	Capacity of Outdoor Unit	۵Ľ	Capacity Code of Outdoor Unit. For example, 40 represent that 40/8[5]HP.
32	Total Capacity of Connected Indoor Units	EP	Total Capacity of Connected Indoor Units
33	Connected Indoor Unit Number	RR	Connected Indoor Unit Number
34	Refrigerant Cycle Number	5R	Refrigerant Cycle Number

• Capacity table for the outdoor units

Indication	Capacity (kW)	Horsepower (HP)
32	12.1	4.0
40	14.0	5.0
48	15.5	6.0

• Capacity table for the indoor units

Indication	Capacity (kW)	Horsepower (HP)	Indication	Capacity (kW)	Horsepower (HP)
3	1.1	0.4	16	5.6	2.3
5	1.8	0.6	18	6.3	2.5
6	2.2	0.8	20	7.1	2.8
8	2.8	1.0	22	8.0	3.0
10	3.6	1.3	26	9.0	3.3
11	4.0	1.5	32	11.2	4.0
13	4.5	1.8	40	14.0	5.0
14	5.0	2.0	48	16.0	6.0

♦ Cause of indoor unit stoppage

i NOTE

Depends on models some causes are not applicable.

Code	Cause	Code	Cause
D	Operation OFF, Power OFF	15	Retry due to Decrease of Discharge Gas Superheat
1	Thermo-OFF	ריו	Retry due to inverter tripping
2	Alarm (Not always indicated)	18	Retry due to voltage decrease / Increase, other retry of inverter
З	Freeze Protection, Overheating Protection	19	Expansion Valve Opening Difference Protection
5	Instantaneous Power Failure at Outdoor Unit	21	Forced Thermo-OFF for Oil Return
5	Instantaneous Power Failure at Indoor Unit	22	Enforced Thermo-OFF for Hot Start Control at Crankcase Heater Preheating
רי	Stoppage of Cooling Operation due to High/LowOutdoor Air Temperature Stoppage of HeatingOperation due to High Outdoor Air Temperature		Retry due to High Pressure Decrease
			Stoppage due to Outlet Temperature Decrease in Cooling
10	Demand Enforced Stoppage	33-34	Stoppage of Thermo-OFF by Motion Sensor
11	Retry due to Pressure Ratio Decrease	35	Retry due to abnormal operating mode (4-way valve switching failure)
12	Retry due to Low Pressure Increase	35	Retry after Defrosting Operation
EI	Retry due to High Pressure Increase	39	Stoppage of Thermo-OFF due to Power Saving Control
15	Retry due to Discharge Gas Temperature Increase, Retry due to Low Pressure Decrease	41	Stoppage of Thermo-OFF due to Outdoor unit Control

• Cause of inverter stoppage (check the item $\sqrt{}$)

Code	Cause	Code	Cause
1	Driver IC Error Signal Detection	21	Abnormal compressor motor (Step-out)
2	Instantaneous Overcurrent	22	Abnormal combination of PCB
3	Inverter fin temperature increase	23	EPROM error
	Electronic Thermal Protection (Inverter	24	Abnormal compressor frequency
4	Overcurrent)	25	Beyond frequency scope
5	Inverter voltage decrease	26	DC BUS Pre-charge malfunction
5	Inverter voltage increase	30	Phase default of compressor inverter output
ר	Abnormal Inverter transmission	32	Overcurrent of L1 reactor
B	Abnormal current sensor	33	Overcurrent of L2 reactor
9	Instantaneous Power Failure Detection	34	Overcurrent of compressor inverter input
11	Microcomputer reset	35	Overload of compressor inverter input
12	Earth fault detection	38	Error of IPM temperature sensor
13	Open-Phase Detection	ЧД	Abnormal MCU RAM
15	Inverter failure	41	Abnormal MCU register
ריו	Abnormal Control	42	Abnormal MCU timer
18	Forced stoppage by high pressure detection	43	Abnormal MCU flash
19	Abnormality of picking up circuit for protection	44	Abnormal reference voltage
20	Early returns protective device	45	Abnormal software protection module

Normal Operation Condition

Discharge pressure	3.6 Mpa or less
Suctions pressure	0.15 to 1.3MPa
Discharge temperature	110°C or Less
Heat exchanger liquid piping temperature at heating mode	-12 to +15°C

10.4 Checking procedure for main parts

10.4.1 RAS-3HVRC2

10.4.1.1 Checking procedure for the PCB



i NOTE

- *1) The following table shows the check points and the normal range of voltage in the case that the voltage on the outdoor unit PCB is measured with a circuit tester. The setting of the circuit tester shall be set within the DC voltage measurement range when the following voltages are measured.
- *2) If 230V / 400V is present in DIP-IPM terminals R-S / R-S-T, DIP-IPM may be faulty. Alarm 03 may be shown in this case.

Check Point		Normal Pango (V)	
(+) Side of Tester	(-) Side of Tester	Normai Kange (V)	
P1	VDC-2	Approx. 311VDC	
VCC15-1		13.5VDC ~ 16.5VDC	
VCC05		4.5VDC ~ 5.5VDC	
VCC12	GNDT	11.9VDC ~14.3VDC	

- Do not apply the test lead to unspecified check points when measuring the voltage with a circuit tester. Otherwise, it may cause a failure of the outdoor unit PCB and the circuit tester.
- When measuring the voltage with a circuit tester, the setting of the circuit tester shall be set within the DC voltage measurement range. If the setting is not correct, it may cause a failure of the outdoor unit PCB and circuit tester

10.4.1.2 Checking procedeure for the DC fan motor

When ISPM/DIP-IPM is faulty and Alarm 03, 04 or 53 appears, the fan motor may also be damaged. To prevent ISPM/ DIP-IPM damage which may result from operation combined with a faulty fan motor, check also if the fan motor is not damaged when ISPM/DIP-IPM is replaced

- Turn OFF main power before start working.
- Working and checking with the power ON may disturb correct diagnosis and may result in failure.

Procedure in case of error diagnosis

1 Remove fan motor connectors for DC fan motor from the control PCB, ISPM or DIP-IPM and turn the fan motor shaft by hand.

Normal	Fan motor shaft turns smoothly
Normal	The fan motor shaft turns smoothly.
Faulty	No continuous rotary torque movement felt when turning the motor by hand. This occurs because the internal magnet of the fan motor breaks the movement when the internal electronic circuit of the fan motor has a short-circuit fault.

2 Measure the fan motor resistance:

Measurement procedure			
Remove the fan motor connector from the control PCB, ISPM or DIP-IPM.			
Connect the black test lead of the tester to the black wire pin of the fan motor connector.			
Connect the red test lead to the wire connector pin to be checked.			
Results			
Normal	Observed values will be close to the normal values in the table below.		
Faulty	Obbserved values will be deviated from the normal values in the table below. (Generally, an open-circuit fault shows ∞, and a short-circuit fault shows several Ω - kΩ).Internal electronic circuit fault of the fan motor including short-circuit and breakage can be checked.		

Wire color for checking (Normal value)				
Red-black White-black Yellow-black Blue-black				
- 1MΩ or greater		-	1MΩ or greater	

ΙΝΟΤΕ

Values are shown for referential purpose. While actual values may vary depending on the type of the tester, any tester can be used to determine any short-circuit or breakage based on ∞ or several Ω or 0Ω or ∞ .

10.4.1.3 Checking procedure for the electronic expansion valve for indoor and outdoor units

	Indoor unit electronic expansion valve	Outdoor unit electronic expansion valve
Locked with fully closed	Check the liquid pipe temperature during the heating process. It is abnormal if the temperature does not increase.	It is abnormal if the liquid pipe pressure does not increase during the pump down process.
Locked with slightly open	It is abnormal under the following condition: The temperature of the freeze protection thermistor becomes lower than the suction air temperature when the unit which is under chechink stops and the other units are under the nume down process	It is abnormal if the liquid pipe pressure does not increase and the outlet temperature of the expansion valve decreases after the pump down process starts.
Locked with fully open	Electronic expansion valve	It is abnormal under the following conditions: after the heating process for more than 30 minutes, the discharge gas temperature of the compressor is not 10°C higher than the condensing temperature and there is no other faults, such as an excessive charge of refrigerant and others.

10.4.1.4 Checking procedure for other parts

Resistance (Ω)

Part name	Model code	Resistance (Ω)
	VHV-01AP552B1	1473 (at 20°C)
Reversing Valve Coil (4-way solenoid valve)	STF-G01AG579A1	950 (at 75°C)
	STF-H01AI1870A1	1800 (at 20°C)
	EU1114D9	1.138 (at 75°C)
	EU140XA2	1.138 (at 75°C)
	EU180XA1	1.138 (at 75°C)
	2YC45KXD	0.644 at 20 °C
Compressor	EU260X(C1/D2)	0.490/1.650 (at 20 °C)
	E402HHD-36(A/D)2	0.460/1.839 (at 75 °C)
	HB36PHD-(A1/D1)S2	0.434/1.763 (at 75 °C)
	DA50PHD-D1SE2	0.396 (at 75 °C)
	DA65PHD-D1SE2	0.320 (at 75 °C)
Magnet Contactor	FC-0/SP	1150 (at 20°C)

• Checking procedure for the reversing valve

Troubleshooting



Output voltage

	Reversing valve ON	Reversing valve OFF	
Test lead (+side)	pin 1	pin 3	The values may differ depending on testers. Appro-
Test lead (-side)	pin 3	pin 1	priate output voltage is 70~339VDC
Range of voltaje	325 VDC	163 VDC	

Bistable solenoid operation type (pulse-activated)



10.4.1.5 Checking procedure for the inverter PCB

• Fault diagnosis of DC fan motor

When Alarm 04 or 53 is indicated and some PCB is faulty, it may have been caused due to faulty fan motor. If PCB operates with a faulty fan motor, it can be damaged. Therefore, check the fan motor as explained below when replacing the faulty PCB.

- Turn OFF main power before start working.
- Working and checking with the power ON may disturb correct diagnosis and may result in failure.

Procedure in case of error diagnosis

1 Disconnect the fan motor connectors from its respective PCB and remove the propeller fan. Then, turn the fan motor shaft by hand.

Normal	Fan motor shaft turns smoothly
Faulty	No continuous rotary torque movement felt when turning the motor by hand. This occurs because the internal magnet of the fan motor breaks the movement when the internal electronic circuit of the fan motor has a short-circuit fault.

2 Measure the fan motor resistance:

	Measurement procedure			
1	Ensure that the fan motor connectors have been correctly disconnected as explained above.			
2	Connect the	black test lead of the tester to the black wire pin of the fan motor connector.		
3	Connect the red test lead to the wire connector pin to be checked.			
	Results			
No	ormal	Observed values will be close to the normal values in the table below.		
Faulty		Observed values will be deviated from the normal values in the table below. (Generally, an open- circuit fault shows ∞ , and a short-circuit fault shows several $\Omega - k\Omega$).		
		Internal electronic circuit fault of the fan motor including short-circuit and breakage can be checked.		

Matanmadal	Wire colour for checking (Normal value)			
wotor model	Red-black	White-black	Yellow-black	Blue-black
RRMB4415	13.5 - 14.4kΩ	1MΩ or greater	225-226kΩ	1MΩ or greater
SIC-68FV-D851-18	1MΩ or greater	26-50kΩ	168-312kΩ	1MΩ or greater
SIC-68FV-D851-17	1MO or greater	40.7040	169 21240	1MO or greater
SIC-81FV-D8138-1	TIMIZE OF Greater	42-70K12	100-312812	TIME2 OF Greater

Values are shown for referential purpose. While actual values may vary depending on the type of the tester, any tester can be used to determine any short-circuit or breakage based on ∞ or several Ω or 0Ω or ∞ .

10.4.1.6 Checking procedure for the compressor

• Check list on compressor

Check list on compressor				
Client:	Model:	Date:		
Serial Nº:	Production date:	Checker:		

No.	Check item	Check method	Result	Remarks
1	Is THM9 correctly connected? THM9: discharge gas thermistor	 Is wire of thermistor correctly connected by viewing? Check to ensure the 7-segment indication of Td when compressor is operating. Td: temperature of THM9 		
2	Is thermistor THM9 disconnected?	 Check to ensure that thermistor on the top of compressor is correctly mounted by viewing? Check to ensure that actually measured temperature is the same as the indication during check mode. 		
3	Is current sensor faulty?	1. Check to ensure that indication A1 and A2 are 0		
4	Is current sensing part on PCB2 faulty?	 Check to ensure that indication A1 and A2 are not 0 during compressor running. 		
5	Is the direction of current sensor (CTU, CTV) reverse?	Check the direction => by viewing.		
6	Are power source wires, U and V inserted correctly into current sensor?	Check to ensure that wires are correctly inserted		
7	Is expansion valve (MV1) correctly connected?	Check to ensure that MV1 to CN5A is correctly connected		
8	Is exp. valve coil (MV1) correctly connected?	Check to ensure that each coil is correctly mounted on the valve.		
9	Are the refrigeration cycle and electrical wiring system incorrectly connected?	Check to ensure that refrigerant is flowing into indoor units by operating one refrigerating cycle only from the outdoor unit.		
10	Is opening of expansion valve completely closed (locked)?	 Check the following by the check mode of outdoor units. 1. Liquid pipe temperature (TL) < Control information B2 during cooling operation 2. Liquid pipe temperature (TL) > Control information B2 during heating operation 		
12	Are the contacts for compressor magnetic switch CMC1 faulty?	Check the surface of each contact (L1, L2 and L3) by viewing.		
13	Is there any voltage abnormality among L1-L2, L2-L3 and L3-L1?	Check to ensure that voltage imbalance is smaller than 3%. Please note that power source voltage must be within 380V or 220V+10%.		
14	Is the compressor oil acidified during compressor motor burning?	Check to ensure that the oil color is not black.		

◆ Additional Information for "Check list on compressor"

Check item	Additional information (mechanism of the compressor failure)		
1 & 2	The liquid refrigerant return volume to the compressor is controlled by the discharge gas temperature Td when compressor is operating. If Td thermistor is disconnected, the liquid refrigerant return volume will become small by detecting the temperature even if the actual discharge gas temperature is high. Therefore, this abnormal overheating by detecting the temperature operation will result in insulation failure of the motor winding.		
3 & 4	Overcurrent control (operating frequency control) is performed by detecting current by the PCB2. In this case, winding insulation failure will occur, since control is not available in spite of actually high current.		
5 & 6	The current sensor checks phase and adjusts output electrical wave in addition to the above mentioned items. If fault occurs, the output electrical wave becomes unstable giving stress to the motor winding, resulting in winding insulation failure.		
7 &8	During a cooling operation, SH is controlled by MV of each indoor units. During a heating operation, Td is controlled by MV1. If expansion valves are incorrectly connected, correct control is not available, resulting in compressor seizure depending on liquid refrigerant returning conditions or motor winding insulation failure depending on overheating conditions.		
9	If the refrigeration cycle and electrical system are incorrectly connected, abnormally low suction pressure operation is maintained or abnormally high discharge pressure operation is maintained, resulting in giving stress to the compressor, since their correct control is not available.		
10	If the expansion valve and electrical system are incorrectly connected, abnormally low suction pressure operation is maintained or abnormally high discharge pressure operation is maintained, resulting in giving stress to the compressor, since their correct control is not available.		
11	The compressor may be locked due to the liquid return operation during the cooling operation.		
12	In the case that the contacting resistance becomes big, voltage imbalance among each phase will cause abnormal overcurrent.		
13	In this case, overcurrent will occur, efficiency will decrease or the motor winding will be excessively heated.		
14	In the case, it will result in motor burning or compressor seizure.		

10.4.2 RSW, DSWs and LEDs functions RAS-(4-6)HV(R/N)(C/P)2E

10.4.2.1 Location of print circuit boards (PCBs)



10.4.2.2 Purpose

Symbol	РСВ	Purpose	
PCB1	Control PCB	 Transmission between the indoor and outdoor units. Processing for sensor input. Processing for dip switch input. Operation control for parts 1 to 3. Compressor operating control, control of the bypass valve, fan control and overcurrent control. Processing of the safety device input. Processing of the relay output. Detection of reverse phase for power source. 	
PCB2	DSW PCB	 7-segment display indication. 2. Transmission dip switch input to PCB1. 	
PCB3	Fan PCB	Drive Fan1 Motor.	
DCL	Reactor	Used for the Power Factor Correction.	

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Printed circuit board for control: PCB1



Part name	Contents of functions		
LED1 (Red)	Power source indicator for main control of the PCB1 (5V).		
	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
LED2 (Red)	It indicates: "Alarm".		
LED3 (Yellow)	It indicates: "Alarm".		
LED4 (Green)	It indicates: "Alarm".		
	Indicator for DC Bus Voltage		
LED5 (Red)	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
	Power source indicator for Precharge Relay.		
LED6 (Red)	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
	Power source indicator for inverter control of the PCB1 (3.3V).		
LED7 (Gleen)	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
	Power source indicator for Main Relay.		
LEDo (Red)	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
LED9 (Orange)	It indicates: "Alarm".		
	It indicates the communication state between the indoor unit and outdoor unit.		
LED IU (TellOW)	Normal condition: Activated / Flash. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
LED11 (Green)	It indicates the communication state between the main control and inverter control of PCB1.		
	Normal condition: Activated / Flash. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		

Inverter printed circuit board for control: PCB2



No.	DIP Switch Code	Definition	No.	DIP Switch Code	Definition
1	1 DSW1 Test Run		7	PSW1	Manual Defrosting
2	DSW2	Function Setting	8	PSW2	Decrease (▼)
3	DSW3	Model Setting	9	PSW3	Increase (▲)
4	DSW4	System Address Setting: Double Digit	10	RDW1	System Address Setting: Single Digit
5	DSW6	Function Setting	11	SEG1	7-segment Display
6	DSW7	Function Setting	12	TP1	Test Port for Factory

Printed Circuit Board for Fan Control: PCB3



Part name	Contents of functions		
	Communication Indicator.		
LEDT (Tellow)	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
LED2 (Red)	Communication Indicator.		
	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
LED3 (Green)	Power source indicator for Fan PCB (3.3V).		
	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
LED4 (Green)	Power source indicator for Fan (15V).		
	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		

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10.4.3 RSW, DSWs and LEDs functions RAS-(4-6)H(R/N)(C/P)2E

10.4.3.1 Location of print circuit boards (PCBs)



10.4.3.2 Purpose

Symbol	PCB	Purpose	
PCB1	Control PCB	 Transmission between the indoor and outdoor units. Processing for sensor input. Processing for dip switch input. Operation control for parts 1 to 3. Compressor operating control, control of the bypass valve, fan control and overcurrent control. Processing of the safety device input. Processing of the relay output. Detection of reverse phase for power source. 	
PCB2	PCB2 Inverter PCB 1. 7-segment display indication. 2. Transmission dip switch input to PCB1.		
PCB3	Fan PCB	Drive Fan1 Motor.	

Printed circuit board for control: PCB1



Part name	Contents of functions		
	Power source indicator for main board (Low Voltage).		
LEDT (Red)	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
	It indicates the communication state between the Main Board and Driven Board.		
LEDZ (Gleen)	Normal condition: Flashing. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
	It indicates the communication state between the indoor unit and outdoor unit.		
LEDS (Tellow)	Normal condition: Flashing. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
	Power source indicator for Outdoor Unit PCB (280VDC).		
LED4 (Red)	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
	Power source indicator for Outdoor Unit PCB (from PCB2).		
LEDO (Red)	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
SEG1	It indicates: "Alarm", "Protective Safety Device has Tripped" or "Checking Items".		

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Inverter printed circuit board for control: PCB2



Part name	Contents of functions		
	Communication Indicator.		
LEDT (Green)	Normal condition: Flashing. Abnormal condition: ON / OFF.		
LED7 (Red)	Power Source Indicator for Driver Board		
	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
LED5 (Green)	Power Source Indicator for Control Part.		
LED3 (Green)	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
LED6 (Red)	Power source indicator for Precharge Relay.		
LED0 (Ned)	Normal condition: Activated / ON. Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.		
	Compressor is Working		
	ON OFF OFF		
	Frequency Decrease for Overcurrent		
	ON ON OFF		
LED4 (Green)	Frequency Limit for Overcurrent		
LED3 (Yellow)	ON ON ON		
	Frequency Limit for Overheat		
LLDZ (Red)	ON Flash OFF		
	Frequency Decrease for Overheat		
	ON Flash Flash		
	Compressor is Ready to Operate. (The Main Relay is Activated)		
	Flash OFF OFF		
	No Setting is Required		
DSW1	ON OFF		
	1 2 3 4		

i NOTE

Flash represent that the LED is ON for 0.5 second and then it is OFF for 0.5 second repeatedly.

Printed Circuit Board for Fan Control: PCB3



Part name	Contents of functions		
LED1 (Red)	PCB1 power indication		
	Normal condition: Activated / ON.	Abnormal condition: Deactivated / OFF.	

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1. Maintenance notes

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11.1 General notes

11.1.1 Checking the power source and the wiring connection

Check the following items in the case of abnormal operation:

No.	Check item	Procedure				
1	Is the breaker of the fuse cut out?	Check the secondary voltage of the breaker and the fuse by means of a tester.				
2	Is the wiring loosened or incorrectly connected?	 Check the wiring connection on the PCB. Thermistor connectors Connector of the Unit controller cable Each connector in a high-voltage circuit Check the connectors according to the electrical wiring diagram. 				

11.1.2 Burnt-out compressor due to an insufficient refrigerant charge

Question and answer for the field work

Example 1: Burnt-out compressor due to an insufficient refrigerant charge								
Phenomenon	After commissioning the alarm code "08" sometimes occurred and the compressors were burnt out after operating							
	tor two months.							
Cause	sufficiently charged from the discharge gas side.							
oduše	This insufficient refrigerant charge resulted in the overheating of the discharge gas and the oil deterioration which was finally due to the separated operation despite the alarm code "08".							
Countermeasure	1 The compressor was replaced with a new compressor.							
Countermedoure	2 The correct refrigerant amount was charged according to the refrigerant piping length.							
Remarks	Additional refrigerant charge: Open the liquid stop valves slightly when you charge the additional refrigerant from the check joint of the liquid stop valves (the discharge gas side) during the cooling process. If the liquid stop valve is fully open it is difficult to charge the additional refrigerant. Do not charge the refrigerant from the gas stop valve.							

11.1.3 Insufficient cooling performance when a long piping is applied

Question and answer for the field work

Example 2: Insufficient cooling performance when a long piping is applied								
Phenomenon	Sufficient cooling was not available for an indoor unit that was located at the farthest position.							
Cause If the location of an outdoor unit is 20 meters lower than the location of the indoor units resetting or switch DSW2 is required. However no setting was performed. Therefore the largest discharge pressure was not increased. The indoor units Indoor units Insufficient cooling performance for the indoor units Insufficient cooling Insufficient								
Countermeasure	sure The setting of the DSW2 was changed.							
Remarks	Pay special attention to the size of liquid pipe. Refer to "3. Piping work and refrigerant charge" chapter for details.							

11.1.4 Abnormally high operation sound (in the ceiling type indoor unit)

Question and answer for the field work

Example 3: Abnormally high operation sound (in-the-ceiling type indoor unit)									
Phenomenon	The operation sound at the "HIGH" speed was abnormally high.								
	The indoor units were installed without the ducts. Since there was any external static pressure a big air volume was supplied. This resulted in a higher air speed through the heat exchanger.								
	Damper Indoor unit								
Cause	← ← Air filter								
Countermeasure	In order to reduce the airflow set the indoor unit at "Low static pressure" setting.								

11.1.5 Alarm code "31"

Question and answer for the field work



11.1.6 Not cooling well due to insufficient installation space for the outdoor unit

Question and answer for the field work

	Example 5: Not cooling well due to insufficient installation space for outdoor unit								
Phenomenon	Cooling operation was well performed through the intermediate season. However the cooling operation was not well available when the outdoor temperature was higher than 35 $^{\circ}$ C.								
	As the outdoor units were installed without a sufficient installation space the hot discharge air from other outdoor units was circulated.								
Cause	In this case though the outdoor temperature was 35 °C the actual suction air temperature was nearly 50 °C and protection system from excessively high suction pressure was activated the frequency of the compressor was decreased and the cooling capacity was also decreased accordingly.								
	As the outdoor units in-line were installed back to back with a certain distance between each outdoor unit's back the hot discharged air from other outdoor units was circulated.								
Countermeasure	Ensure that sufficient space should be secured for multi-row and multiple-installation.								

11.2 Maintenance work

- All inspections and checks of the outdoor unit and indoor unit have to be carried out by a licensed technician and never by the user itself.
- Before any inspection and check the unit main power supply has to be switched OFF.
- Wait minimum 10 minutes or more from all power supply have been turned OFF.
- Take care with the crankcase heater. It could operate even when compressor is OFF.
- Take care with the electrical box components. Some of them could remain hot after switch OFF the unit.

i note

All these maintenance operations must be done with appropriate materials and following this manual.

Outdoor unit

- 1 Fan and fan motor
 - Lubrication: All the fan motors are pre-lubricated and sealed at the factory. Therefore no lubrication maintenance is required.
 - Sound and vibration: Check for abnormal sounds and vibrations.
 - Rotation: Check the counter clockwise rotation and the rotating speed.
 - Insulation: Check the electrical insulation resistance.
 - Activation: Check for any abnormal activation sound.
- 2 Heat exchanger
 - Clog: Inspect the heat exchanger at regular intervals and remove any accumulated dirt and any accumulated dust from the heat exchanger. You should also remove other obstacles such as the growing grass and the pieces of paper which might restrict the airflow.
- 3 Refrigerant piping connection
 - Leakage: Check for the refrigerant leakage at the piping connection between the outdoor and the indoor unit.
 - · Pressure: Check the R32 refrigerant pressure using the check joints of the outdoor unit.
- 4 Cabinet
 - Stain and lubrication: Check for any stain and any lubrication. Remove the stain and the lubrication.
 - Fixing screw: Check for any loosened screw or any lost screw. Fix the loosened screws and the lost screws.
 - Insulation material: Check for any peeled thermal insulator on the cabinet. Repair the thermal insulator.
- 5 Electrical equipment
 - Activation: Check for an abnormal activation of the magnetic contactor, the auxiliary relay, the PCB and others.
 - Line condition: Pay attention to the working voltage, the working amperage and the working phase balance. Check for any faulty contact that is caused by the loosened terminal connections, the oxidized contacts, the foreign matter and other items. Check the electrical insulation resistance.
- 6 Control device and protection device
 - Setting: Do not readjust the setting in the field unless the setting is maintained at a point that is different from the point listed in the Installation and operation manual.
- 7 R32 compressor
 - Sound and vibration: Check for abnormal sounds and vibrations.
 - Activation: Check that the voltage drop of the power supply line is within 15% at the start and within 2% during the operation.
- 8 Reversing valve
 - · Activation: Check for any abnormal activation sound.
- 9 Strainer
 - Clog: Check that there is no temperature difference between both ends.
- 10 Ground wire
 - Ground line: Check for the continuity to earth.
- **11** Oil heater (Crankcase heater of the R32 compressor)
 - Activation: You should activate the oil heater at least 12 hours before the start-up by turning ON the main switch.

11

11.3 Service and maintenance record

No.	Check item	Action	Judç	gement
1	Is the service area sufficient?		Yes	No
2	Is there a short circuit of the discharged air?	_	Yes	No
3	Any heat influence?	_	Yes	No
4	Is the earth wire connected?		Yes	No
5	Refrigerant piping.	_	Good	Not Good
6	Fixing the units.	_	Good	Not Good
7	Are the internal and external surfaces damaged?	_	Yes	No
8	Are the screws and bolts tightened?	Tighten if loosened.	Tightened	Not Tightened
9	Are the terminal screws tightened?	Tighten all the terminal screws with a Phillips screwdriver.	Tightened	Not Tightened
10	Are the compressor terminals tightened?	Push all the terminals.	Pushed	Not Pushed
11	Insulation resistance.	Measure the insulation resistance with an insulation resistance meter. Compressor and fan.	Good	Not Good
		Motor: > 3MΩ (3HP) / 100MΩ (4-6HP).		
		Others: > 3MΩ (3HP) / 1MΩ (4-6HP).		
12	Does the drain water flow smoothly?	Check the smooth flow by pouring some water.	Good	Not Good
13	Check for a leakage in the compressor.	Check for any leakage.	Good	Not Good
14	Check for a leakage in the outdoor heat exchanger.	Check for any leakage.	Good	Not Good
15	Check for a leakage in the 4-way valve.	Check for any leakage.	Good	Not Good
16	Check for a leakage in the check valve.	Check for any leakage.	Good	No Good
17	Check for a leakage in the accumulator.	Check for any leakage.	Good	Not Good
18	Check for a leakage in the strainer.	Check for any leakage.	Good	Not Good
19	Check for a leakage in the electronic expansion valve.	Check for any leakage.	Good	Not Good
20	Check for a leakage in the piping.	Check for any leakage.	Good	Not Good
21	Check the direction of the fans.	By viewing the airflow volume.	Good	Not Good
22	Voltage among each phase.	Higher than AC220V.	Good	Not Good
23	Vibration and noise.	Check the fan the compressor the piping and others.	Good	Not Good
24	Activation of each operation mode.	Check the activation of the COOL switch the HEAT switch the STOP switch and the TEMP switch.	Good	Not Good
25	High-pressure cut-out switch.	Check the actual activation value.	Good	Not Good
26	Check the activation of the drain-up mechanism.	Check the activation during the cooling process.	Good	Not Good
27	Air inlet temperature of the outdoor unit DB/WB.	—	(°C)DB	(°C)WB
28	Air outlet temperature of the outdoor unit DB/WB.	—	(°C)DB	(°C)WB
29	High-pressure switch.		ps	i (G)
30	Low-pressure switch.	_	ps	i (G)
31	Operating voltage.			V
32	Operating current.	_		A
33	Instructions to the customer for cleaning the air filter.	_	Done	Not yet
34	Instructions to the customer about the cleaning method.	_	Done	Not yet
35	Instructions to the customer about the operation.	_	Done	Not yet

11.4 Service and maintenance record using the 7-segment display

RAS-3HVRC2

Customer's name:			Date:		
Outdoor unit model (serial No.)		RAS-			
1. Operation mode					
2. Test run start time					
3. Data collect start time					
4. Read out data from 7-segment in outdoor unit					
4.1 Protection control code					
4.2 Total capacity of connected IU *	EP				
		Y52C	FAN1	Y21	YCH
4.3 Input/output state of outdoor micro computer	E F				
	36	Y20A			
4.4 Alarm code for abnormal stoppage of compressor	RE				
4.5 Inverter order frequency to compressor	HI				
4.6 Air flow ratio	Fo				
4.7 OU expansion valve opening	Eο				
4.8 Temperature at the top of compressor	Гd				
4.9 Evaporating temperature at heating	ΓE				
4.10 Ambient air temperature	Γo				
4.11 Cause of stoppage at inverter	ď				
4.12 Inverter secondary current					
4.13 IU address	лЯ				
4.14 IU expansion valve opening	ER				
4.15 Liquid pipe temperature of IU (Freeze protection)	LR				
4.16 Cause of IU stoppage	dЯ				

i note

- OU: Outdoor Unit.
- IU: Indoor unit.
- FAN1: Constant speed fan.
- Y52C: Compressor operation.
- Y21: Reversing valve (RVR).
- YCH: Oil heater.
- Y20A: Gas Bypass Circuit for Startup
- *: Multiply 1/8 by the code on the 7-segment.

RAS-(4-6)(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E

Customer's name:									Date:				
Ou (Se	Outdoor unit model (Serial number:)			RAS- (Serial number:)				RAS- (Serial number:)					
. 1. (Operat	tion mode											
2. '	Test R	un Start Time											
3. I	Data C	Collect Start Time											
4. I	Read (Out Data from 7-Segment in Outdoor Unit											
5. I	Protec	tion Control Code											
			55	Y20A (SVA)	Y21 (RVR)	Y52C (CMC)	Fan	YCH (CH)	Y20A (SVA)	Y21 (RVR)	Y52C (CMC)	Fan	YCH (CH)
	Input	Output State of Outdoor Micro-Computer											
	Total	Capacity of Operating Indoor Unit	٥P										
	Contr	ol Software No	SP										
	Inver	ter Software No.	P										
	Inver	ter Order Frequency to Compressor	нт										
	Outdo	oor Fan Step	Fo										
	Outdoor Fan Speed												
	Outdoor Expansion Valve Opening		Eο										
	High Pressure (Discharge Pressure)		Рдж										
	Low Pressure (Suction Pressure)		<i>P</i> 5×										
	Discharge Temperature		Гd										
	Evaporating Temperature		ΓЕ										
ode	Ambi	ent Air Temperature	Γo										
Б	Outdo	oor Condensing Temperature	ΓЕ										
ckin	Inver	ter Fin Temperature	ΓF										
Che	Inver	ter Primary Current	R (
	Inver	ter Secondary Current	R2										
	lit	Indoor Unit Address	n-										
	r U	Indoor Expansion Valve Opening	Ε-										
	рорг	Liquid Pipe Temperature of Indoor Unit	L-										
	orl	Gas Pipe Temperature of Indoor Unit	u-										
	ing f	Indoor Unit Inlet Air Temperature	ı-										
	leck	Indoor Unit Outlet Air Temperature	0-										
	ъ	Cause Code of Indoor Unit Stoppage	d -										
	Accu	mulated operation time of the unit	បា										
	Accur (After	mulated operation time of Compressor · Reset)	리										
	Outdo	oor Unit Alarm Code	RE										
	Caus	e Code of Inverter Stoppage	ď										
	Capa	city of Indoor Unit(capacity DIP)	οĽ										
	Total	connection capacity of the indoor unit*	EP										
	Quan	tity of indoor units connected	88										
	Refrig	geration system address	5R										

i NOTE

- O.U.: Outdoor Unit.
- I.U.: Indoor unit.
- FAN: Constant speed fan.
- 52C: CMC.
- PSH: High pressure switch.

- 20A: Solenoid valve (SVA).
- 20F: Solenoid valve (SFV).
- 21: Reversing valve (RVR).
- CH: Oil heater.
- *: Multiply 1/8 by the code on the 7-segment.

11.4.1 Information of Indoor unit

Indoor unit model			RAS- (Serial number:)	RAS- (Serial number:)
1. Test Run Start Time				
2. Data Collect Start Time				
	Indoor Unit Capacity	CA		
	Indoor Expansion Valve Opening	iE		
	Liquid Pipe Temperature of Indoor Unit	TL		
	Gas Pipe Temperature of Indoor Unit	ΤG		
	Indoor Unit Inlet Air Temperature	Ti		
	Indoor Unit Outlet Air Temperature	То		
	Cause Code of Indoor Unit Stoppage	d1		

11.4.2 Information of cause code of alarm

1.	Test Run Start Time			
2. Data Collect Start Time				
	Alarm Cause Code	AC		
	Degeneracy Control for Pressure Ratio Decrease Protection	c11		
	Degeneracy Control for High Pressure Increase Protection	c13		
	Degeneracy Control for Inverter Fin Temperature Increase protection	c14		
	Degeneracy Control for Discharge Gas Temperature Increase protection	c15		
	Degeneracy Control for TdSH Decrease Protection	c16		
	Degeneracy Control for Overcurrent Protection	c17		

11.4.3 Information of cause code of alarm record

	Nº1	Nº2	Nº3	Nº4
1. Test Run Start Time				
2. Data Collect Start Time				
3. Alarm code/ cause code of stoppage				
4. Abnormal Data Indication				

11.5 Service and maintenance table through the remote control switch

11.5.1 RAS-3HVRC2

Data sheet for the checks using the remote control switch:

Time			:	:	:	:	:
IU model							
IU serial number							
IU number / Alarm code							
	Check mode 1	Check mode 2	1 · 2	1 · 2	1 · 2	1 · 2	1 · 2

B Temperature indication

Temperature setting	b1				
Inlet air temperature	b2	q1			
Discharge air temperature	b3	q2			
Liquid pipe temperature	b4	q3			
Remote thermistor temperature	b5				
Outlet air temperature	b6	q4			
Gas pipe temperature	b7	q5			
Evaporating temperature in heating mode	b8	q6			
Control information	b9	q7			
Temperature of the upper part of the compressor	bA	q8			
Thermo temperature of remote control switch	bb				
Not prepared	bC				

C Indication of the microcomputer state

IU microcomputer	C1			
OU microcomputer	C2			

D Stoppage cause state indication

Cause code of Indoor Unit Stoppage	d1							
------------------------------------	----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

E Alarm fault

Times of Abnormality	E1			
Times of Power Failure	E2			
Times of Abnormal Communication	E3			
Times of Inverter Tripping	E4			

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F Automatic louver state

Louver sensor state F1	Louver sensor state	F1						
------------------------	---------------------	----	--	--	--	--	--	--

H Pressure and frequency state indication

Discharge pressure	H1	q9			
Suction pressure	H2	qA			
Control information	H3	qb			
Operating frequency	H4	qC			

J Indication of the IU capacity

IU capacity (x 1/8 HP)	J1			
OU code	J2			
Refrigerant cycle number	J3			
Refrigerant cycle number	J4			

L Expansion valve opening

IU expansion valve	L1	9d			
OU expansion valve 1	L2	9E			
OU expansion valve 2	L3				
OU expansion valve B	L4				

P Compressor condition indication (Reference)

Compressor current	P1	qF			
Accumulated Operation Time of Compressor	P2				

Customer:	Result
Installation date:	
System number:	
Inspection date:	
Inspection technician:	

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11.5.2 RAS-(4-6)(V)(R/N)(C/P)2E

Data sheet for checking by remote control switch

Time			:	:	:	:	:
IU model							
IU serial number							
IU number / alarm code							
	Check mode 1	Check mode 2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
B Temperature indication							
Set temperature	b1						
Inlet air temperature	b2	q1					
Discharge air temperature	b3	q2					
Liquid pipe temperature	b4	q3					
Remote thermistor temperature	b5						
Outdoor air temperature	b6	q4					
Gas pipe temperature	b7	q5					
Evaporating temperature at heating	b8	q6					
Condensing temperature at cooling	b9	q7					
Compressor top temperature	bA	q8					
Thermo temperature of remote control switch	bb						
Not prepared	bC						
C Micro-computer state indicat	ion						
IU micro-computer	C1						
OU micro-computer	C2						
D Stopping cause state indicat	ion	I					
Stopping cause state indication	d1						
E Alarm occurrence	1	I					
Times of abnormality	E1						
Times of power failure	E2						
Times of abnormal transmitting	E3						
Times of inverter tripping	E4						
F Automatic louver state	1	I			1		
Louver sensor state	F1						
H Pressure frequency state ind	ication	I					
Discharge pressure	H1	q9					
Suction pressure	H2	qA					
Control information	H3	dþ					
Operating frequency	H4	qC					
J IU capacity Indication		I					
IU capacity (1/8HP)	J1						
OU code	J2						
Refrigerant cycle number	J3						
Refrigerant cycle number	J4						
L Opening of expansion valve	1	I			1		
IU expansion valve	L1	qd					
OU expansion valve 1	L2	qE					
OU expansion valve 2	L3						
OU expansion valve B	L4						
P Running current indication (r	eference)	1					
Compressor current	P1	qF					
Q Motion Sensor Indication							
Motion Sensor Reaction Rate	q1						

11.6 Refrigerant collection method

11.6.1 Refrigerant collection method when replacing the parts of outdoor unit

Process No.	Procedure	Remarks
1	Turn OFF the main switch of the outdoor unit.	-
2	Remove the covers, the thermistor, the crankcase heater, the power wirings, and other items.	Make sure that the terminal part of the detached power supply wires is not exposed by the winding insulation tape and other items.
3	Attach the manifold to the check joint of the high pressure side and the low pressure side of the outdoor unit.	-
4	Turn ON the main switch of the outdoor unit.	-
	In case that compressor operates Perform pre-refrigerant collection during cooling test run.	
	Start the test run:	
	 Turn ON the dip switch of outdoor unit: 3HP 1ph = PCB - DSW301 pin1 4-6HP 1ph = PCB2 - DSW1 pin1 → ON 4-6HP 3ph = PCB1 - DSW1 pin1 → ON 	
5	 The test run should be performed for approx. 10 min, (until Ps>0.3 MPa, Td>75 °C) 	 After closing the gas stop valve, the decrease of Ps value is fast. To guarantee the reliability of the compressor., make sure that the decrease does not reach Ps<0.1 MPa when performing the forced stoppage. The operation may finished when any of the conditions 1) to 3) occus: Ten minutes have passed and STP is displayed in 7-segments. "08" is displayed in 7-segments. When Ps<0.1 MPa is continued for one minute in ten minutes STP is displayed in 7-segments and the operation finishes
	 Check the suction pressure "Ps" on 7-segments display of outdoor unit. 	
	 Close the gas valve inmediately. When Ps is ≤0.2 MPa perform the forced stoppage by turning on the dip switch: 3HP 1ph = PCB - DSW301 pin4 → ON 4-6HP 1ph = PCB2 - DSW1 pin4 → ON 4-6HP 3ph = PCB1 - DSW1 pin4 → ON 	
	 Cancel cooling operation: 3HP 1ph = PCB - DSW301 pin1 → OFF 4-6HP 1ph = PCB2 - DSW1 pin1 → OFF 4-6HP 3ph = PCB1 - DSW1 pin1 → OFF 	
	 Cancel the forced stoppage: 3HP 1ph = PCB - DSW301 pin4 → OFF 4-6HP 1ph = PCB2 - DSW1 pin4 → OFF 4-6HP 3ph = PCB1 - DSW1 pin4 → OFF 	
	In case that compressor does not operate	
	 Close all the gas stop valves (at low and high pressure sides). 	
6	Close the liquid stop valve completely.	To avoid the spillage of all the refrigerant if the check valve is broken.
7	 Check for a leakage of the check valve on the discharge gas side: Enforced stoppage of the compressor → ON so that the compressor will not run although the running command is sent from the remote control switch. Check that variation of Ps on the outdoor unit PCB is 17 seconds. Make sure that the Ps increase is within 0.03 MPa in two minutes after the Ps increase at the stoppage (during approximately five minutes). Also make sure that Pd > Ps. 	 When you stop the compressor for replacing: You can check the leakage of the check valve by means of the Ps variation because the SVA opens so that the discharge gas side of the inverter compressor can connect to the low pressure side. 0.03 MPa/2 minutes is within the permissible limits for the check valve on the discharge gas side. The leakage of the check valve may cause an incorrect brazing due to the gas pressure at the brazing of the discharge piping. If the compressor-replacing mode is performed again set the DSW4-4 to OFF and keep the DSW4-4 at the OFF side during ten minutes. Then start according to the procedure No. 6.
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Refrigerant collection method

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Process No.	Procedure	Remarks
8	Collect the refrigerant by means of the refrigerant collection: Perform either A or B depending on the process 7. A. The leak rate at the process 7 is within the specification \rightarrow Collect the refrigerant only at the low-pressure side. B. The leak rate at the process 9 is greater than the specification \rightarrow Collect all the refrigerant of the outdoor unit side by means of the machine.	 The discharge of the refrigerant in the atmosphere is strictly forbidden. Make sure that the refrigerant is collected by a refrigerant collector. Measure the quantity of the collected refrigerant and record it.
9	After collecting the refrigerant, remove the charge hose at the collector side of the low pressure side, so that the low pressure side of the refrigerant cycle will be the atmosphere pressure.	Make sure that there is no pressure increase of the low pressure sides after collecting the refrigerant.
10	Cancel the forced open valve mode.	Make sure that the refrigerant cycle is the atmosphere pressure. Otherwise, problems such as the blowing of gas and the suction of the cutting material may occur when you are removing the compressors.
11	Turn OFF the main switch of the outdoor unit.	-
12	Perform the replacement of the compressor and the change of the refrigerant oil according to the section "replacing the compressor".	 Make sure that you follow the instructions. Removing electrical box may be required. Measure the quantity of the refrigerant oil and record it.
13	Perform the vacuum from the check joint of the low pressure side.	• If you collect the refrigerant only on the low pressure side (A in 8). You cannot perform the vacuum of the refrigerant from the check joint of the high pressure side.
14	Open the liquid stop valve and the gas stop valve completely when you finish the vacuum.	-
15	Make sure that the power is turned OFF and attach the following items: the power supply wire, the thermistor, the crankcase heater, the 63H wiring, the panel and the nut.	-
16	Charge new refrigerant oil as the same quantity as the collected refrigerant oil. Perform the vacuuming from the check joint at a low and high pressure sides. Connect the charge hose to the charge port of return oil circuit and charge the refrigerant oil.	 When the refrigerant oil is collected from the accumulator or compressor, calculation for recharge amount is required. Use a clean charge hose. Use a container with a small opening so that the refrigerant oil does not absorb the moisture in the atmosphere and work in a short time (approx. within 20 minutes).
17	Disconnect the charge hose from the charger port of return oil circuit. Perform the vacuuming from the check joint at low and high pressure sides.	-
18	Recharge the collected refrigerant (process No.8) from the check joint at high pressure side. For the remainded quantity: Fully open the liquid and gas stop valve and set DSW4#1 to ON side of OU PCB1. Then recharge it from the liquid stop valve check joint during cooling operation.	If the replacement of the compressor takes more than two hours an additional charge of the refrigerant is necessary. Additional charge = (replacing time – 2 hours) x 0.5 kg.
19	Set the DSW back to the original setting. Make sure that all the wirings to the compressor are connected correctly.	-
20	Check the liquid and gas stop valves are fully opened.	-

Process No.	Procedure	Remarks
1	Turn OFF the main switch of OU and I.U.	-
2	Close all the gas stop valves (at low and high pressure side) of OU and the liquid and gas stop valve completely.	-
3	Collect the refrigerant by a refrigerant collector. Activate forced open valve mode. Collect the refrigerant from the gas stop valves (at low and high pressure sides) of OU and the check joint of the liquid stop valve. Collect all the refrigerant in the IU side by refrigerant collector.	 The discharge of the refrigerant in the atmosphere is strictly forbidden. Make sure that the refrigerant is collected by a refrigerant collector. Measure the quantity of the collected refrigerant and record it.
4	After collecting the refrigerant, remove the charge hose at the collector side, so that the inside of the refrigerant cycle will be the atmosphere pressure. Cancel the forced open valve mode.	 Make sure that there is no pressure increase after collecting the refrigerant and then remove the charge hose. Make sure that the refrigerant cycle is the atmosphere pressure. Otherwise, problems such as the blowing of gas and the suction of the cutting material may occur when removing the refrigerant cycle parts.
5	Perform replacing I.U.	-
6	Perform the vacuuming from the gas stop valves (at low and high pressure sides) of OU and the check joint of the liquid stop valve.	-
7	Recharge the collected refrigerant (Process No.3) from the liquid stop valve.	-
8	Check the liquid and gas stop valves are fully opened.	_

11.6.2 Refrigerant collection method when replacing indoor unit





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