# HITACHI

# **SERVICE MANUAL**

**TECHNICAL INFORMATION** 

FOR SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY

**OUTDOOR UNIT** 

**INDOOR UNIT** 













**SPECIFICATIONS** 

# HHAW | NO. 0093E

RAK-18PEC/RAC-18WEC RAK-25PEC/RAC-25WEC **RAK-35PEC/RAC-35WEC** RAK-50PEC/RAC-50WEC **RAK-25PECC/RAC-25WEC** RAK-35PECC/RAC-35WEC RAK-50PECC/RAC-50WEC **RAK-10PECI/RAC-10WECI** RAK-14PECI/RAC-14WECI **RAK-20PECI/RAC-20WECI** 

## REFER TO THE FOUNDATION MANUAL CONTENTS

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TYPE						DC INVER	RTER			
		INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT	INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT	INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT	INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT	
MODEL			RAK-18PEC	RAC-18WEC	RAK-25PEC RAK-25PECC RAK-10PECI	RAC-25WEC RAC-10WECI	RAK-35PEC RAK-35PECC RAK-14PECI	RAC-35WEC RAC-14WECI	RAK-50PEC RAK-50PECC RAK-20PECI	RAC-50WEC RAC-20WECI
POWER SO	URCE		1 PHASE,50	Hz,220-230V	1 PHASE,5	0Hz,220-230V	1 PHASE,50	Hz,220-230V	1 PHASE,50	)Hz, 220-230V
TOTAL INPUT		UT (W)	580 (250	) ~ 1,010)	700 (250~1,290)		1,090 (250~1,460)		1,560 (500~2,100)	
COOLING TOTAL AMP		PERES (A)	3.19	3.05 3.84-3.67		5.41	-5.18	7.29-6.85		
COOLING	CAPACITY	(KW)	2.00 (0.90~2.50) 6,820 (3,070~8,530)		2.50 (0.	00~3.10) 3.50 (0.9		90~4.00)	5.00 (1.90~5.20)	
		(B.T.U./h)			8,530 (3,070~10,580)		11,940 (3,070~13,650)		17,060 (6,480~17,740)	
	TOTAL INPUT (W)		620 (250~970)		880 (25	i0~1,250)	1,100 (25	0~1,700)	1,660 (50	00~2,750)
HEATING	TOTAL AMPERES (A)		3.62-3.46		4.5	6-4.36	5.36	-5.13	7.56	6-7.23
TILATING	CAPACITY (KW)		2.50 (0.9	90~3.20)	3.40 (0.	3.40 (0.90~4.40)		90~5.00)	6.00 (2.	20~7.30)
	OAI AOITT	(B.T.U./h)	8,530 (3,07	70~10,920)	11,600 (3,	070~15,010)	14,330 (3,0	70~17,060)	20,470 (7,5	510~24,910)
DIMENSIONS (mm)		W	780	660(+60) <sup>*</sup>	780	660(+60)*	780	660(+60)**	780	792(+91)**
		Н	280	530	280	530	280	530	280	600
, ,		D	218	278(+55)**	218	278(+55)**	218	278(+55)**	218	299(+47)**
NET WEIGH	т	(Ka)	7.5	24 5	7.5	24.5	7.5	27.5	8	40

\* After installation

SPECIFICATIONS AND PARTS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE FOR IMPROVEMENT

# **ROOM AIR CONDITIONER**

INDOOR UNIT + OUTDOOR UNIT

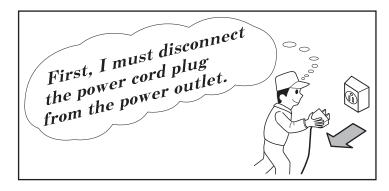
Hitachi Household Appliances(Wuhu) Co., Ltd.





## SAFETY DURING REPAIR WORK

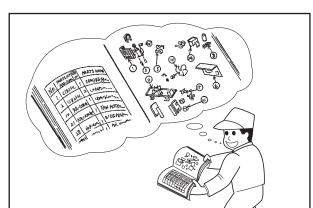
 In order to disassemble and repair the unit in question, be sure to disconnect the power cord plug from the power outlet before starting the work.



2. If it is necessary to replace any parts, they should be replaced with respective genuine parts for the unit, and the replacement must be effected in correct manner according to the instructions in the Service Manual of the unit.

If the contacts of electrical parts are defective, replace the electrical parts without trying to repair them

- 3. After completion of repairs, the initial state should be restored.
- Lead wires should be connected and laid as in the initial state.
- Modification of the unit by the user himself should absolutely be prohibited.



- 6. Tools and measuring instruments for use in repairs or inspection should be accurately calibrated in advance.
- 7. In installing the unit having been repaired, be careful to prevent the occurrence of any accident such as electrical shock, leak of current, or bodily injury due to the drop of any part.
- 8. To check the insulation of the unit, measure the insulation resistance between the power cord plug and grounding terminal of the unit.
  - The insulation resistance should be  $1M\Omega$  or more as measured by a 500V DC megger.
- The initial location of installation such as window, floor or the other should be checked for being safe enough to support the repaired unit again.
   If it is found not so strong and safe, the unit should be installed at the initial location after reinforced or
  - at a new location.
- 10. Any inflammable object must not be placed about the location of installation.
- 11. Check the grounding to see whether it is proper or not, and if it is found improper, connect the grounding terminal to the earth.



## WORKING STANDARDS FOR PREVENTING BREAKAGE OF SEMICONDUCTORS

## 1. Scope

The standards provide for items to be generally observed in carrying and handling semiconductors in relative manufactures during maintenance and handling thereof. (They apply the same to handling of abnormal goods such as rejected goods being returned.)

## 2. Object parts

- (1) Microcomputer
- (2) Integrated circuits (I.C.)
- (3) Field effective transistor (F.E.T.)
- (4) P.C. boards or the like to which the parts mentioned in (1) and (2) of this paragraph are equipped.

## 3. Items to be observed in handling

(1) Use a conductive container for carrying and storing of parts. (Even rejected goods should be handled in the same way.)

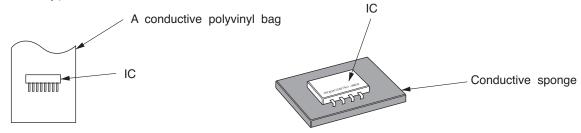
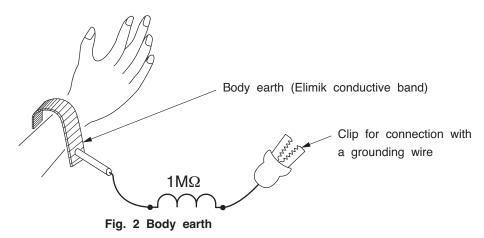


Fig. 1 Conductive container

- (2) When any part is handled uncovered (in counting, packing and the like), the handling person must always use himself as a body earth. (Make yourself a body earth by passing one M ohm earth resistance through a ring or bracelet.)
- (3) Be careful not to touch the parts with your clothing when you hold a part even if a body earth is being taken.
- (4) Be sure to place a part on a metal plate with grounding.
- (5) Be careful not to fail to turn off power when you repair the printed circuit board. At the same time, try to repair the printed circuit board on a grounded metal plate.



(6) Use a three wire type soldering iron including a grounding wire.

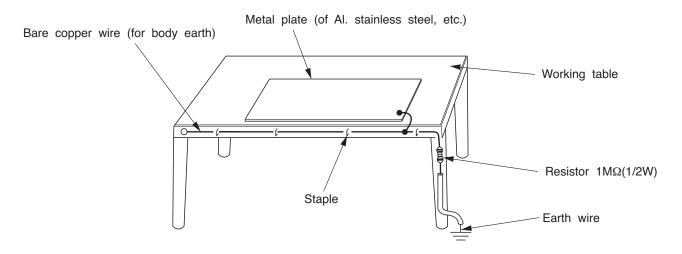


Fig.3 Grounding of the working table

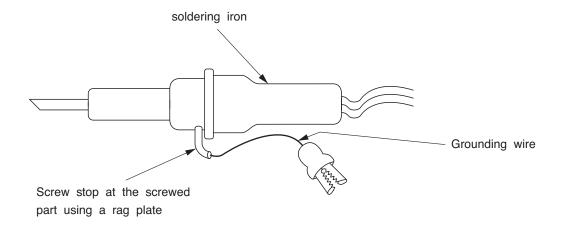


Fig.4 Grounding a solder iron

Use a high insulation mode (100V,  $10M\Omega$  or higher) when ordinary iron is to be used.

(7) In checking circuits for maintenance, inspection, or some others, be careful not to have the test probes of the measuring instrument short circuit a load circuit or the like.

# **A** CAUTION

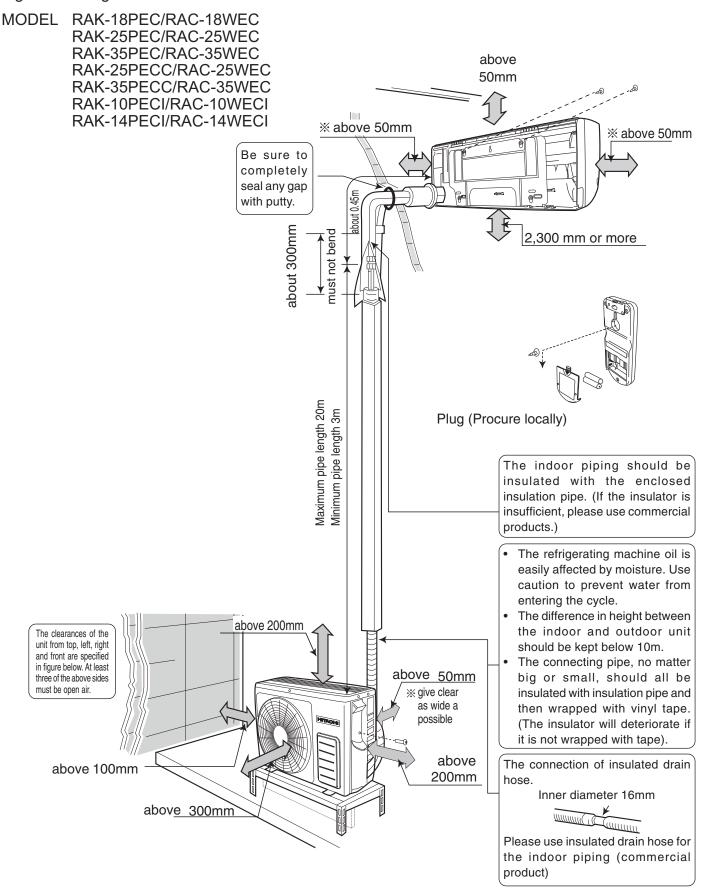
- 1. In quiet or stop operation, slight flowing noise of refrigerant in the refrigerating cycle is heard occasionally, but this noise is not abnormal for the operation.
- 2. When it thunders near by, it is recommend to stop the operation and turn off the circuit breaker for safety.
- 3. In the event of power failure, the room air conditioner will restare automatically in the previously selected mode once the power is restored. In the event of power failure during TIMER operation, the room air comditioner will not start automatically. Re-press ON/OFF button after 3 minutes from when the unit off or power recovery.
- 4. If the room air conditioner is stopped by adjusting thermostat, or missoperation, and re-start in a moment, there is occasion that the cooling and heating operation does not start for 3 minutes, it is not abnormal and this is the result of the operation of IC delay circuit. This IC delay circuit ensures that there is no danger of blowing fuse or damaging parts even if operation is restarted accidentally.
- 5. This room air conditioner should not be used at the cooling operation when the outside temperature is below -10°C (14°F).
- 6. This room air conditioner (the reverse cycle) should not be used when the outside temperature is below -15°C (5°F).

  If the reverse cycle is used under this condition, the outside heat exchanger is frosted and efficiency falls.
- 7. When the outside heat exchanger is frosted, the frost is melted by operating the hot gas system, it is not trouble that at this time fan stops and the vapour may rise from the outside heat exchanger.

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

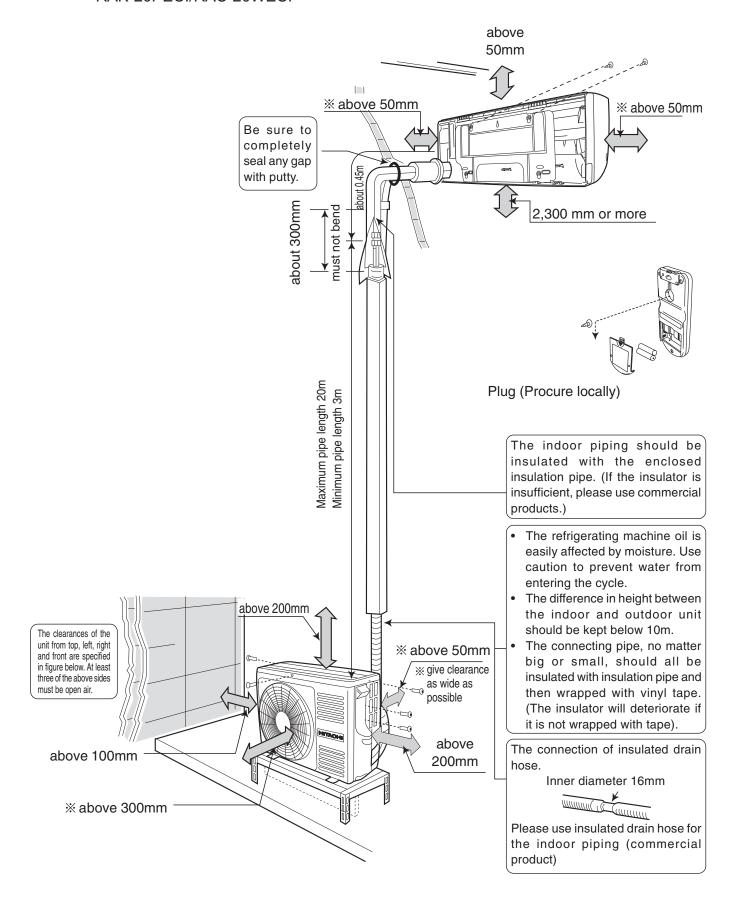
SPECIFICATIONS					
MODEL		RAK-18PEC RAK-25PEC RAK-35PEC RAK-50PEC RAK-25PECC RAK-35PECC RAK-50PECC RAK-10PECI RAK-14PECI RAK-20PECI	RAC-18WEC RAC-25WEC RAC-10WECI	RAC-35WEC RAC-14WECI	RAC-50WEC RAC-20WECI
FAN MOTOR		30W (DC325V)		45W (DC120~380	0V)
FAN MOTOR CAPACITOR		NO		NO	
FAN MOTOR PROTECTOR		NO		NO	
COMPRESSOR		-	ASD08	4SFNA7JK1	ASG133CDNB7AT
COMPRESSOR MOTOR CAP	ACITOR	NO	NO		
OVERLOAD PROTECTOR	NO		YES(INTERN	AL)	
OVERHEAT PROTECTOR	NO	YES			
FUSE (for MICROPROCESSO	DR)	3.15A	15A, 2A, 3A, 3.15A		25A, 2A, 3A, 3.15A
POWER RELAY		NO	G4A-1A		
POWER SWITCH		NO	NO		
TEMPORARY SWITCH	YES	NO			
SERVICE SWITCH	NO	YES			
TRANSFORMER	YES	YES			
VARISTOR	450NR	450NR, ERZVA431			
NOISE SUPPRESSOR	NO	YES			
THERMOSTAT	YES(IC)	YES(IC)			
REMOTE CONTROL SWITCH CRYSTAL)	YES	NO			
REFRIGERANT CHARGING	UNIT		720g 950g		1250g
VOLUME (Refrigerant R410A)	PIPES (MAX. 20m) (MIN. 3m)		WITHOUT REFRIGERANT BECAUSE COUPLING IS FLARE TYPE.		

## Figure showing the installation of Indoor and Outdoor unit



# Figure showing the installation of Indoor and Outdoor unit

# MODEL RAK-50PEC/RAC-50WEC RAK-20PECI/RAC-20WECI



# MANUAL OPERATION [Heating • Dehumidify • Cooling]

Please use under below condition when you want to set the function mode, room temperature and fan speed manually.

ЕИСГІЗН

■ This controls the operation function and timer setting of the room air conditioner. The range of control is about 7 meters. If indoor lighting is controlled electronically, the range of control may be shorter.

Signal Transmission

NAMES AND FUNCTIONS OF REMOTE CONTROLLER

HEATING	DEHUMIDIFYING	COOLING
Outdoor Temperature	Room Temperature	Outdoor Temperature
24°C below	16°C above	21°C above

# 1 OPERATION MODE SELECTION

Every time you press the button, the mode will change as the below.



DEHUMIDIFYING 0

: COOLING φ.

# ROOM TEMPERATURE SETTING 8



20~26°C 25~28°C

The cooling operation does not start if the temperature setting is higher than the current room temperature.

# 3 FAN SPEED SETTING

Every time you press the button, fan speed will change as below sequence.

AUTO  $\Rightarrow$  HIGH  $\Rightarrow$  MED  $\Rightarrow$  LOW  $\Rightarrow$  SILENT  $\{\!\!\{$ HEATING COOLING

[[1

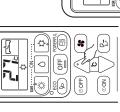
Jic.

→ SILENT DEHUMIDIFYING

4 Press the OFF (STOP) button

Operation stops with a beep.

Second Se



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## \* NER PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O [q<sub>7</sub>] ⇔ HITACHI È (⊕OFF) (NO⊕ Use this button to set the ECO mode. ( $_{\mbox{\scriptsize $\Gamma$P}}$ Page 6) Press this button to stop operation. Select the operation mode. **MODE Button** STOP Button **ECO Button**

(r Page 3)

powerful operation. (1727 Page 4)

Press this button to start

POWERFUL Button

The transmission sign blinks when a signal has been send.

**Transmission Sign** 

**OFF TIMER Button** 

Room temperature setting.
Value will change quicker when keep pressing.
(□ Page 3)

*TEMPERATURE Button* 

Select the fan speed for cooling

and heating mode. (☞ Page 3)

**FAN SPEED Button** 

**AUTO SWING Button** Control the angle of the horizontal air deflector. (

| Page 7)

Select the turn OFF time. **ON TIMER Button** (r Page 4)

Select the turn ON time. (127 Page 4)

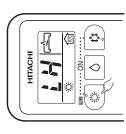
# Precautions for Use

- Do not put the remote controller under direct sunlight and high temperature. Do not drop to an the floor, and protect it from water. If you press the FUNCTION button during operation, the air conditioner may stop for about 3 minutes for protection before you can start it again.

-2-

# LEAVE HOME(LH) OPERATION

Prevent the room temperature from falling too much by setting temperature at 10 deg automatically when no one is at home.



Hold down the HEATING Button for 3-5 seconds to start Leave Home operation.

• "♣", "LH ", "♣", "♠", is displayed on the LCD. Room temperature is automatically set at 10 deg.







# NOTE

During Leave Home operation, fan speed and horizontal air deflector position cannot be changed.

# TIMER RESERVATION

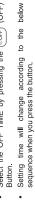
ON Timer and OFF Timer are available.

Operation stop at setting time

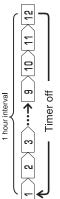
# Timer Reservation

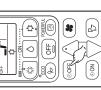






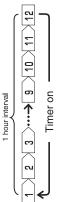
Button.

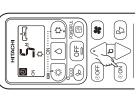




# 2 ON TIME setting

- Select the ON TIME by pressing the (⊕oN) (ON) Button.
- Setting time will change according to the below sequence when you press the button.





# POWERFUL OPERATION

 By pressing (FOWERFUL) button during HEATING, DEHUMIDIFYING, COOLING operation, the air conditioner performs at maximum power.
 During POWERFUL operation, cooler or warmer air will be blown out from indoor unit for COOLING or HEATING operation respectively. • "B" is displayed on the LCD. POWERFLU, operation ends in 20 minutes. Then the system automatically operates with the previous settings used before POWERFUL operation. Press the ( POWERFUL) button during operation. MATORIA STATE OF STAT



Press the (POWERFUL) button again. " 
 " disappears from the LCD. CANCEL)

- When ECO mode, or LEAVE HOME mode is selected, POWERFUL operation is cancelled. NOTE
- During POWERFUL operation, capacity of the air conditioner will not increase
   if the air conditioner is already running at maximum capacity.
   just before defrost operation (when the air conditioner is running in HEATING operation).
  - After auto restart, POWERFUL operation is cancelled and previous operation shall start.

# ADJUSTING THE AIRFLOW DIRECTION



Adjust the airflow upward and downward.

According to operation, the horizontal air deflector is automatically set to the proper angle suitable for each operation. The deflector can be swings up and down and also set to the desired angle using the "  $\left(\frac{1}{7^2}\right)$  (AUTO SWING)" button.

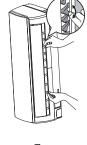


• If the " $\left( \overrightarrow{l_7} \right)$  (AUTO SWING) " button is pressed once, the horizontal air deflector swings up and down. If the button is pressed again, the deflector stops in its current position. Several seconde (about 6 seconds) may be required before the deflector starts to move.

When the operation is stopped, the horizontal air deflector moves and stops at the position where the air outlet closes.

# A CAUTION

In "Cooling" operation, do not keep the horizontal air deflector swinging for a long time. Some dew may form on the horizontal air deflector and some dew may drop from it.



# Adjust the airflow to left and right. Hold the vertical air deflector as shown on the right and adjust the airflow to left and right.

# HOW TO EXCHANGE THE BATTERIES IN THE REMOTE CONTROLLER



Remove the cover as shown in the figure and take out the old

Push and pull to the dirction of arrow

Install the new batteries.

The direction of the batteries should match the marks in the



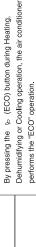
# ♠ CAUTION

1. Do not use new and old batteries, or different kinds of batteries together.

2. Take out the batteries when you do not use the remote controller for 2 or 3 months.

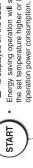
# **ECO OPERATION**

■ Energy saving operation by changing set temperature and by limiting the maximum power consumption





 Energy saving operation will start by changing the set temperature higher or lower and saving Press № (ECO) button during operation. " IS " is displayed on the LCD.



: :

**\$\$** 97

©OFF) NOO

Press of (START/STOP) button.



Press № (ECO) button again.
 "■ " disappears from the LCD.

NOTE

 In case the power consumption is already low, ECO operation will not reduce the power consumption.

- By pressing (POWERFUL) button, ECO operation is cancelled.
- After auto restart, ECO operation is cancelled and previous operation mode shall start.

- 9 -

(2)

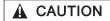
# ADJUSTING THE AIRFLOW DIRECTION



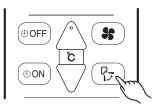
Adjust the airflow upward and downward.

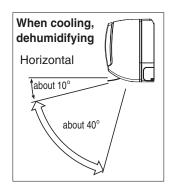
According to operation, the horizontal air deflector is automatically set to the proper angle suitable for each operation. The deflector can be swings up and down and also set to the desired angle using the " (RT) (AUTO SWING)" button.

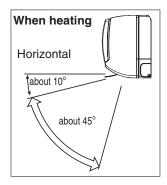
- If the " (AUTO SWING)" button is pressed once, the horizontal air deflector swings up and down. If the button is pressed again, the deflector stops in its current position. Several seconde (about 6 seconds) may be required before the deflector starts to move.
- The adjusting range of the horizontal air deflector is shown on the right.
- When the operation is stopped, the horizontal air deflector moves and stops at the position where the air outlet closes.



 In "Cooling" operation, do not keep the horizontal air deflector swinging for a long time. Some dew may form on the horizontal air deflector and some dew may drop from it.



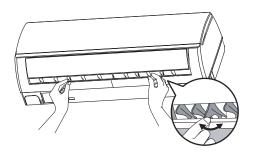






Adjust the airflow to left and right.

Hold the vertical air deflector as shown on the right and adjust the airflow to left and right.



# PRECAUTIONS DURING OPERATION

· The product shall be operated under the manufacturer specification and not for any other intended use.

ЕИСГІЗН



this could cause fatal Do not attempt to operate the unit with wet hands,



accident.



STRICTLY OBSERVE PRECAUTIONS · When operating the unit with burning equipments, regularly ventilate the room to avoid oxygen insufficiency.



Do not direct the cool air coming out from the air-conditioner panel to face household heating apparatus as this may affect the working of apparatus such as the electric kettle, owen etc.



Do not wash the unit with water or place a water container such as a vase on the indoor unit.



Electrical leakage could be present and cause electric shock.



Do not place plants directly under the airflow as it is bad for the plants.



Be sure to stop the operation by using the remote controller and turn off the circuit breaker during cleaning, the high-speed fan inside the unit may cause





















When operating the unit with the door and windows opened, (the room humidity is always above 80%) and with the air deflector facing down or moving automatically for a long period of time, water will condense on the air deflector and drips down occasionally. This will wet your furniture. Therefore, do not operate under such condition for a long time.

Do not climb on the outdoor unit or put objects on it.

WARNING

your sales agent.

Vogate automerically available detergent or similar can damage the plastic parts or Josg the drain pipe, causing water to drip with potential electric shock hazard.

· Indoor unit cleaning must be performed by authorized personnel only. Consult

If the amount of heat in the room is above the cooling or heating capability of the unit (for example, more people entering the room, using heating equipments and etc), the preset room temperature cannot be achieved.







Do not touch the air outlet, bottom surface and aluminium fin of the outdoor

unit. You may get hurt.

DON'T TOUCH







Do not touch the refrigerant pipe and connecting valve. Burns may result.

This appliance is not to be used by children or persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental
capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or
instruction. Children must be supervised not to play with the appliance.

- 2 -

# SAFETY PRECAUTION

- Please read the "Safety Precaution" carefully before operating the unit to ensure correct usage of the unit. Pay special attention to signs of "**& Warning**" and "**& Caution**". The "Warning" section contains matters which, if
  - not observed strictly, may cause death or serious injury. The "Caution" section contains matters which may result in serious consequences if not observed property. Please observe all instructions strictly to ensure safety.
    - The signs indicate the following meanings. (The following are examples of signs.

Indicates the instructions that must be followed. Make sure to connect earth line.

This sign in the figure indicates prohibition.

# Please keep this manual after reading

PRECAUTIONS DURING INSTALLATION

• Do not reconstruct the unit. Water leakage, fault, short circuit or fire may occur if you reconstruct the unit by yourself.



WARNING

Please use earth line.
 Do not place the earth line near water or gas pipes, lightning-conductor, or the earth line of telephone. Improper installation of earth line may cause electric shock or fire.







CAUTION

# Make sure that a single phase 220V-230V power source is used. The use of other power sources may cause electrical components to overheat and lead to fire.

# PRECAUTIONS DURING SHIFTING OR MAINTENANCE

Should abnormal situation arise (like burning small), please stop operating the
unit and turn off the circuit breaker. Contact, your agent. Fault, short circuit or
fire may occur if you continue to operate the unit under abnormal situation.

[ ] [ ]



# Please contact your agent if you need to remove and reinstall the unit. Electric shock or fire may occur if you remove and reinstall the unit yourself improperly.

PRECAUTIONS DURING OPERATION

Avoid an extended period of direct airflow for your health





WARNING

off the circuit During thunder storm, disconnect the plug top and turn breaker.

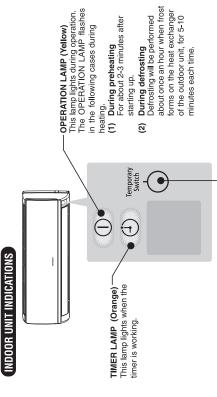


Do not use any conductor as fuse wire, this could cause fatal accident.



CAUTION 4

# NAMES AND FUNCTIONS OF EACH PART



# **TEMPORARY SWITCH**

Use this switch to start and stop when the remote controller does not work. By pressing the temporary switch, the operation is

switch after the power source is turned off and turn on again, the operation is done in automatic mode. When the operation is done using the temporary

# OPERATING RANGE

ЕИСТІЗН

Operation mode	Cooling / Dehumidifying	Heating
Outdoor temperature	-10 to 43°C	-15 to 21°C

# NAMES AND FUNCTIONS OF EACH PART

	Air filter To prevent dust from coming into the indoor unit. (Reder name 8)	Front panel (Refer page 7)	Indoor unit indicators Light indicator showing the operating condition. (Refer page 5)	<ul> <li>Horizontal deflector Vertical deflector</li> <li>(Air Outlet)</li> </ul>	Remote controller     Send out operation signal to the indoor unit. So as to operate the whole unit.
INDOOR UNIT					

# OUTDOOR UNIT

Air outlet
When "heating" operation is performed, cool air blows and when "cooling" or "dehumidifying" operation is performed, warm air blows. RAC-18WEC RAC-25WEC RAC-35WEC RAC-10WECI RAC-14WECI

Drain hose
Drains the dehumidified water from the indoor unit to the outdoor during "cooling" or "dehumidifying" operation.
Piping and Wiring
Air inlets (Rear and left sides)



Drain hose Drains the dehumidified water from the indoor unit to the outdoor during "cooling" or "dehumidifying" operation. Air inlets (Rear and left sides) Piping and Wiring Air outlet
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RAC-50WEC RAC-20WECI

About the outdoor unit:
 When "Stop' is selected during operation of the indoor unit, the fan of the outdoor unit confinues turning for 10 to 60 seconds to cool the electric parts down.
 In heating operation, condensate or water due to derivating will flow.

On to cover the drain port of the outdoor unit is burg on the chilly area.

When the outdoor unit is burg on the celling, install the bush and drain pipe on the drain port and drain pipe

Earth terminal

Drain port

(MODEL NAME AND DIMENSIONS)

MODEL	WIDTH (mm)	HEIGHT (mm)	DEPTH (mm)
RAK-18/25/35/50PEC,RAK-25/35/50PECC,RAK-10/14/20PECI	780	280	218
RAC-18/25/35WEC,RAC-10/14WECI	099	530	278
RAC-50WEC,RAC-20WECI	792	009	299

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Turn off the circuit breaker if the unit is not be operated

for a long period.

**▲** CAUTION

# MAINTENANCE

# **▲** CAUTION

Cleaning and maintenance must be carried out only by qualified service personal. Before cleaning, stop operation and switch off the power supply.

# 1. AIR FILTER

Please clean the filter once about every two weeks. By doing so, the power rates are saved. In case the air filter is full of dust, the air flow will decrease and the cooling capacity will be reduced. Further, noise may occur. Be sure to clean the filter following the procedure below.

# PROCEDURE

Open the front panel carefully and remove the filter.

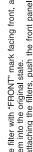


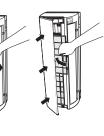




) • Set the filter with "FRONT" mark facing front, and slot them into the original state.

After attaching the filters, push the front panel at three arrow portions as shown in figure and dose (m)





# **▲** CAUTION

- Do not wash with hot water at more than 40°C. The filter may shrink.
  When washing it, shake off moisture completely and dry it in the shade; do not expose it directly to the sun. The filter may shrink.
  Don't operate the unit without filter. Fault may occur if you continue.

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Remove the front panel and wash with clean water. Wash it with a soft sponge.
After using neutral detergent, wash thoroughly with clean water.

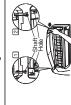
2. CLEANING OF FRONT PANEL

When front panel is not removed, wipe it with a soft dry cloth. Wipe the remote controller thoroughly with a soft dry cloth.

Wipe the water thoroughly. If water remains at indicators or signal receiver of indoor unit, it causes trouble. Method of removing the front panel. Be sure to hold the front panel with both hands to detach and attach it.

Removing the Front Panel

Attaching the Front Panel



 Move the shafts of the left and right arms into the steps in the unit and securely insert them into the holes. When the front panel is fully opened with both hands, usuh the right arm to the inside to release it, and wile closing the front panel slightly, put it out forward.

# **▲** CAUTION

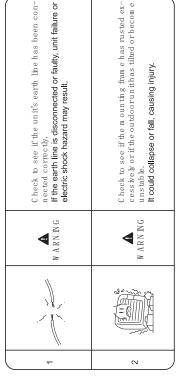
- Do not splash or direct water to the body of the unit when cleaning it as this may cause short circuit.

  Never use hot water (above 40°C), benzine, gasoline, acid, thinner or a brush, because they will damage the plastic surface and the coating.

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# REGULAR INSPECTION

PLEASE CHECK THE FOLLOWING POINTS EVERY EITHER HALF YEARLY OR YEARLY. CONTACT YOUR SALES AGENT SHOULD YOU NEED ANY HELP.



# **AFTER SALES SERVICE AND WARRANTY**

# W HEN ASK NG FOR SERVICE, CHECK THE FOLLOW NG POINTS.

CONDITION	CHECK THE FOLLOW NG POINTS
If the remote controller is not transmitting a signal. (Remote controller display is dim or blank.)	Do the batteries need replacement?     Is the polarity of the inserted batteries correct?
When it does not operate.	Is the fuse all right?     Is the voltage extremely high or low?     Is the circuit breaker "ON"?     Is the promit breaker "ON"?     Is the power plug inserted?     Do you have any power cut?
When it does not cool well.	Is the air filter blocked with dust? Is the set temperature suitable? Have horizontal air deflectors been adjusted to their correct positions according to the operation mode selected? Are the air inlets or air outlets of indoor and outdoor units blocked? Is the fan speed "LOW"or "SILENT"?

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	<operation start=""></operation>
During heating, the operation	The unit is preparing to blow warm air. Please wait.
indicator blinks and air blow stops	<in operation=""></in>
	The outdoor unit is defrosting. Please wait.
Hissipa or fizzy sounds	Refrigerant flow noise in the pipe or valve sound generated when flow rate is
opinos (TTI) lo Billooni	adjusted.
Squeaking noise	Noise generated when the unit expands or contracts due to temperature changes.
Bustling noise	Noise generated with the indoor unit fan's rpm changing such as operation start
922	times.
Clicking noise	Noise of the motorized valve when the unit is switched on.

# INFORMATION

# CAPABILITIES

ЕИСТІЗН

# Heating Capability

This room air conditioner utilizes a heat pump system that absorbs exterior heat and brings it into a room to be heated. As the ambient temperature gats lower, heating capability will also lower. In such a situation, the inverter work to increase compressor room to keep the unit's heating capability from decreasing. If the unit's heating performance is still unsatisfactory, other heating appliances should be used to augment this unit's performance.

Do not use a stove or any other high temperature devices in proximity to the indoor unit.

. The air conditioner is designed to heat an entire room so that it may take some time before you feel warm. Timer operation is recommended for effective preheating ahead of the desired time.

Cooling and Dehumidifying Capabilities

• If the heat present in a room exceeds the unit's cooling capacity (for example, if there are many people in the room or other heating appliances are used), the preset room temperature may not be reached.

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Perking noise	Noise of the ventilation fan sucking in air present in the drain hose and blowing out dehumidifying water that had accumulated in the condensed water collector. For details, consult your sales agent.
Changing operation noise	Operation noise changes due to power variations according to room temperature changes.
Mist emission	Mist is generated as the air within the room is suddenly cooled by conditioned air.
Steam emitted from the outdoor unit	Water generated during defrosting operation evaporates and steam is emitted.
Odors	Caused as the smells and particles of smoke, food, cosmetics, etc. present in room air become attached the unit and blown off into the room again.
The outdoor unit continues to operate even if operation is stopped.	Defrosting is underway (as the heating operation is stopped, the microcomputer checks frost accumulated in the outdoor unit and instructs the unit to perform automatic defrosting if necessary).
The OPERATION lamp is blinking.	Shows preheating or defrosting operation is underway.  As the protective circuit or preheat sensor operates when unit operation is stopped during preheating and then restarted, or when operation mode is switched from cooling to heating, the lamp continues to blink.
Does not reach the temperature setting	Actual room temperature may deviate slightly from the remote controller's temperature setting depending on the number of people in the room, indoor or cutfloor conditions.

If the unit still fails to operate normally after performing the above inspections, turn the circuit breaker off and contact your sales agent immediately.



- Contactyoursales agent im mediately if the fibwing phenomena should occur:

  The circuit breaker switches off or the fuse blows frequently.

  The switch operation is not stable.

  Foreign matter or water accidentally enters the unit interior.

  The power cord gets excessively not or its insulation is torn or stripped.

  TIMER lamp on the indoor unit display blinks.
- As the nature of the failure can be identified by the blinking cycle, check the blinking cycle before turning off the circuit breaker.



- Notes

  In quiet operation or stopping the running, the following phenomena may occasionally occur, but they are not abnormal for the operation.

  (1) Slight flowing noise of refrigerant in the refrigerating cycle.

  (2) Slight rubbing noise from the fan casing which is cooled and then
- gradually warmed as operation stops.

  The odor will possibly be emitted from the room air conditioner because the various odor, emitted by smoke, foodstuffs, cosmetics and so on, sitcks to it. So please clean the air filter and the evaporator regularly to reduce the odor.
- Please contact your sales agent immediately if the air conditioner still fails to operate normally after the above inspections. Inform your agent of the model of your unit, production number, date of installation. Please also inform him regarding the fault.

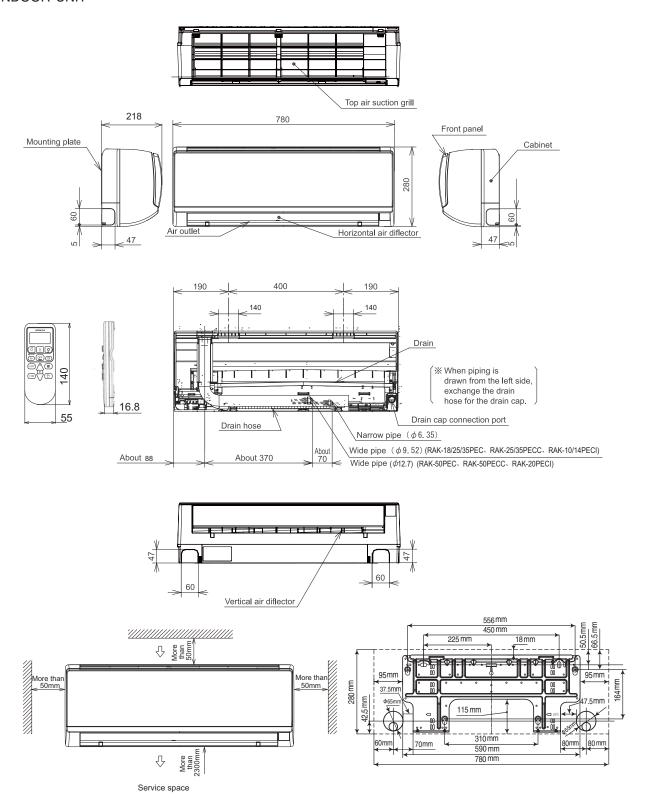
Please note:

On switching on the equipment, particularly when the room light is dimmed, a slight brightness fluctuation may occur. This is of no consequence. The conditions of the local Power Supply Companies are to be observed.

## CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSIONAL DIAGRAM

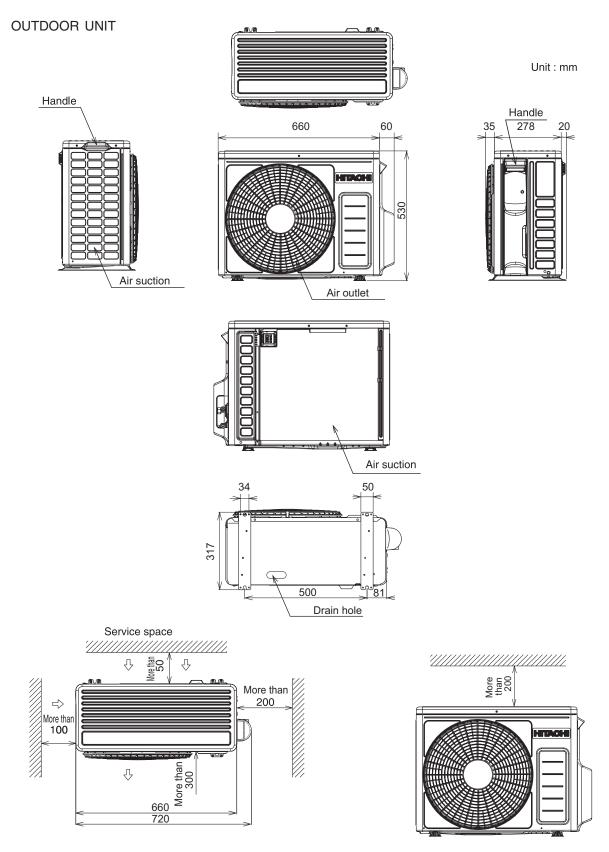
MODEL RAK-18PEC,RAK-25PEC,RAK-35PEC,RAK-50PEC RAK-25PECC,RAK-35PECC,RAK-50PECC RAK-10PECI,RAK-14PECI,RAK-20PECI

INDOOR UNIT



## CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSIONAL DIAGRAM

MODEL RAC-18WEC,RAC-25WEC,RAC-35WEC RAC-10WECI,RAC-14WECI

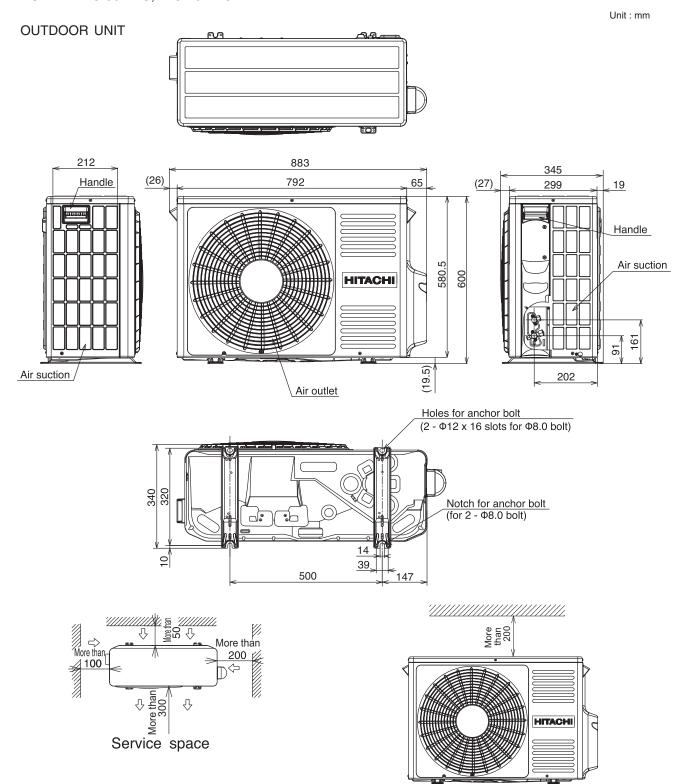


## NOTE:

- 1. For outdoor unit installation, allow at least 2 sides of space around the unit ensure ventilation flue.
- 2. The connecting pipe, should all the insulated with insulation pipe.
- 3. Piping length is within 20m.
- 4. Height different of the piping between the indoor unit and outdoor unit should be within 10m.

## **CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSIONAL DIAGRAM**

MODEL RAC-50WEC, RAC-20WECI



## NOTE:

- 1.For outdoor unit installation, allow at least 2 sides of space around the unit ensure ventilation flue.
- 2. The connecting pipe, should all the insulated with insulation pipe.
- 3. Piping length is within 20m.
- 4. Height different of the piping between the indoor unit and outdoor unit should be within 10m.

# MAIN PARTS COMPONENT

THERMOSTAT (Room temperature Thermistor)

## Thermostat Specifications

MODEL	RAK-18PEC,RAK-25PEC,RAK-35PEC,RAK-50PEC RAK-25PECC,RAK-35PECC,RAK-50PECC RAK-10PECI,RAK-14PECI,RAK-20PECI					
THERMOSTAT MODE	L		IC			
OPERATION MODE			COOL HEAT		AT	
	INDICATION	ON	15.3	(59.54)	16.7	(62.06)
	16	OFF	15.0	(59.00)	16.7	(62.06)
TEMPERATURE	INDICATION 24	ON	23.3	(73.94)	24.7	(76.46)
°C (°F)		OFF	23.0	(73.40)	24.7	(76.46)
	INDICATION	ON	31.3	(88.34)	32.7	(90.86)
	32	OFF	31.0	(87.80)	32.7	(90.86)

## **FAN MOTOR**

## Fan Motor Specifications

	Tan motor openioanone						
MODEL	RAK-18/25/35/50PEC RAK-25/35/50PECC RAK-10/14/20PECI	RAC-18/25/35/50WEC RAC-10/14/20WECI					
POWER SOURCE	DC : 325V	DC : 120 - 380V					
OUTPUT	30W	45W					
CONNECTION	325V RED  15V WHT  0-6.5V YEL  0V BLU  0V BLK  (Control circuit built in)	M M M M BLK(W)					

BLU : BLUE YEL : YELLOW BRN : BROWN WHT : WHITE GRY : GRAY ORN : ORANGE GRN : GREEN RED : RED

BLK: BLACK PNK: PINK VIO: VIOLET

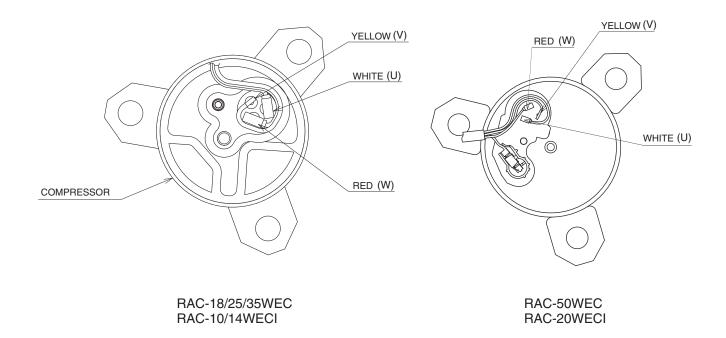
## MAIN ELECTRIC COMPONENTS FOR OUTDOOR UNIT

PARTS NAME	RESISTANCE VALUE( $\Omega$ )	APPLICABLE MODELS	
COIL(REVERSING VALVE)	1350 Ω (25 °C)	RAC-18/25/35/50WEC、RAC-10/14/20WEC	
COIL(EXPANSION VALVE)	49 Ω/PHASE (AT 20 °C )	RAC-18/25WEC、RAC-10WECI	
COIE(EXT ANSION VALVE)	46 Ω/PHASE (AT 20 °C)	RAC-35/50WEC、RAC-14/20WECI	
REACTOR	15 (mH) 250 mΩ MAX (20 °C)	RAC-18/25/35WEC、RAC-10/14WECI	
	5.3 (mH), 67m Ω	RAC-50WEC、RAC-20WECI	

## **COMPRESSOR MOTOR**

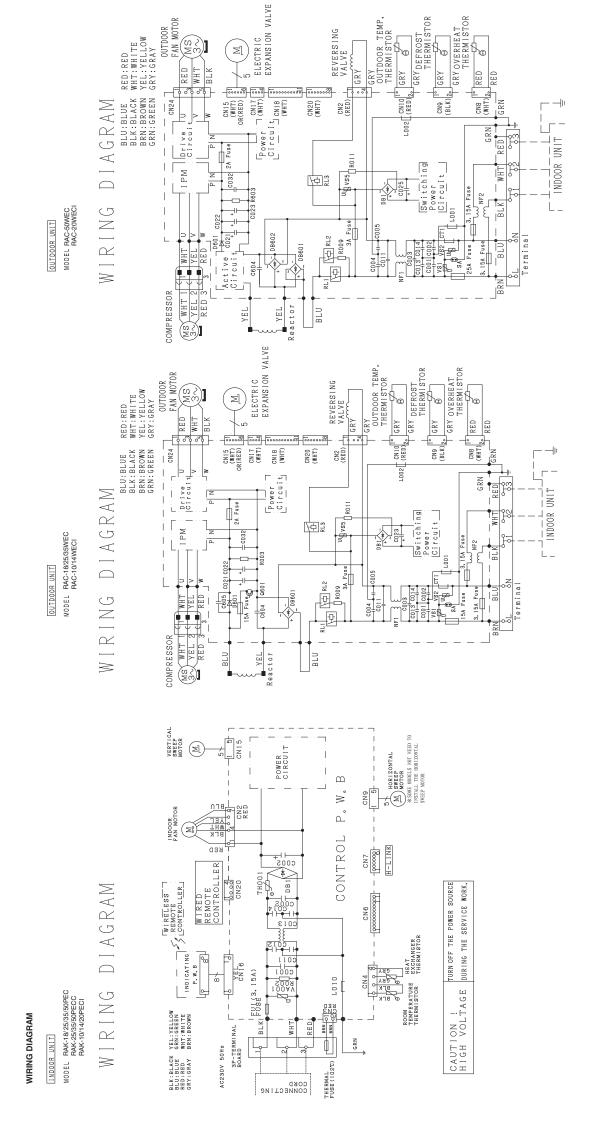
## Compressor Motor Specifications

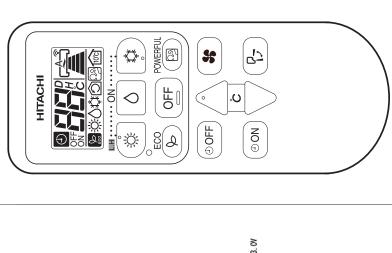
MODEL		RAC-18/25/35WEC RAC-10/14WECI	RAC-50WEC RAC-20WECI
COMPRESSOR TYPE		ASD084SFNA7JK1	ASG133CDNB7AT
POWER SOURCE		220 - 350 V	220 - 350 V
OUTPUT		681W	1080W
CONNECTION		(U) O WHITE  M  M  (W)  (V) O YELLOW  O RED	
RESISTANCE VALUE (Ω)	20°C	2M= 0.74	2M= 2.4
	75°C	2M= 0.88	2M= 2.0

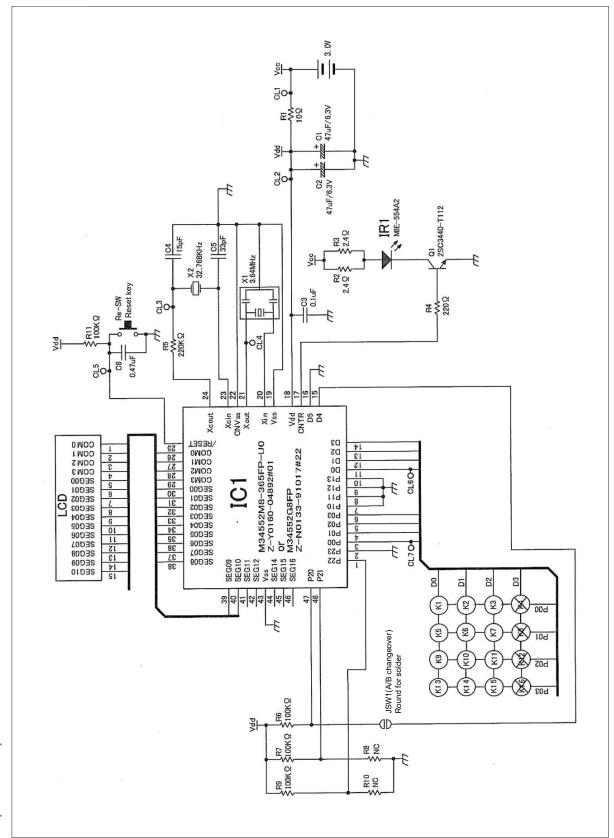


# **ACAUTION**

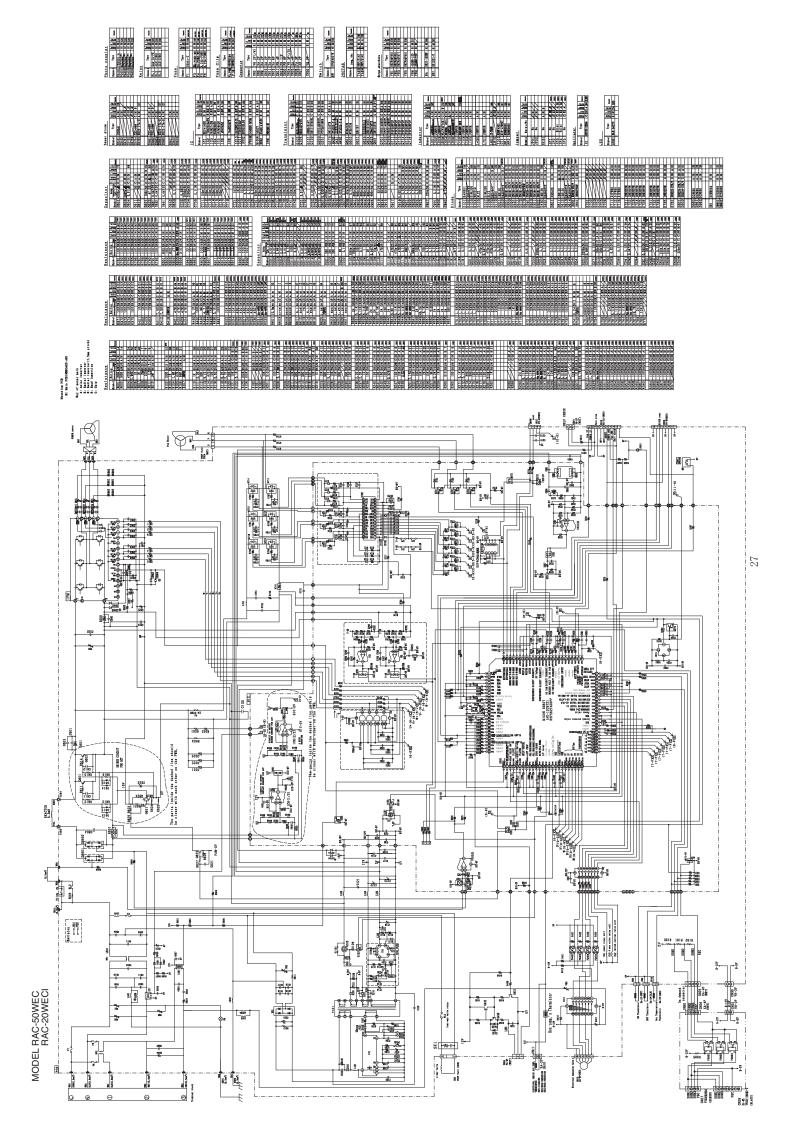
When the refrigerating cycle has been operated for a long time with the capillary tubes clogged or crushed or with too little refrigerant, check the color of the refrigerating machine oil inside the compressor. If the color has been changed conspicuously, replace the compressor.



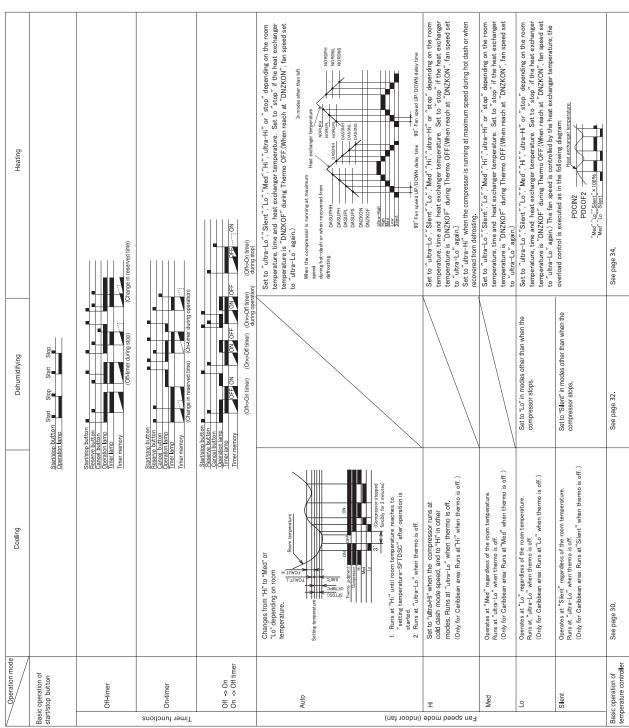




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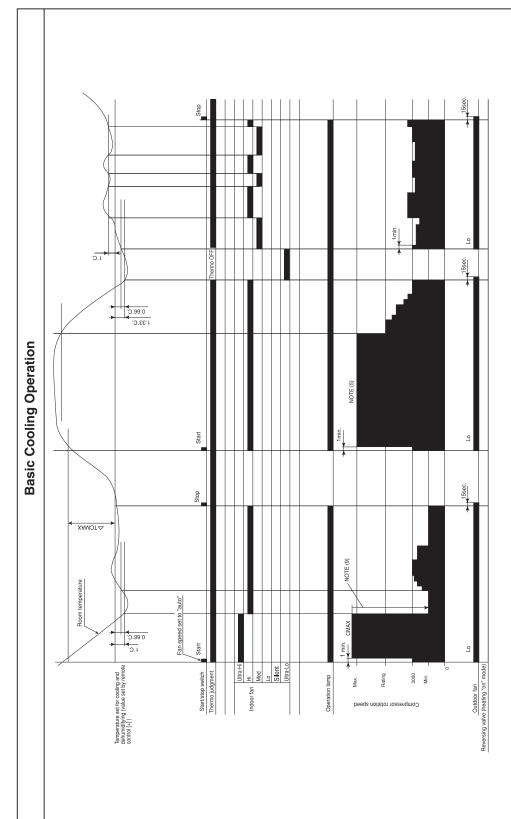
MODEL RAK-18/25/35/50PEC RAK-25/35/50PECC RAK-10/14/20PECI



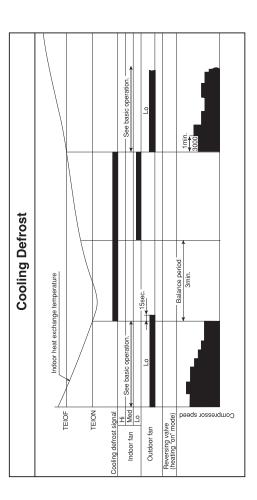
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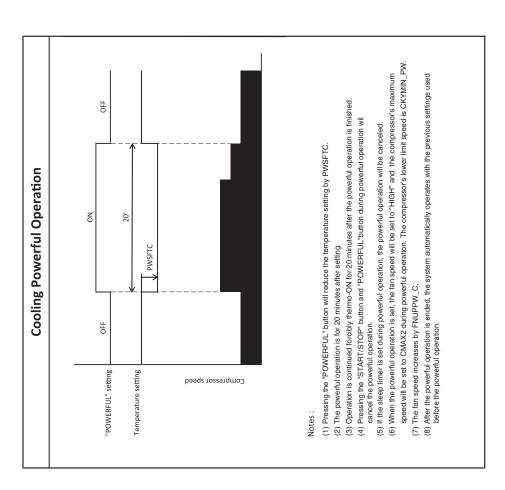
Table 1 Mode data file

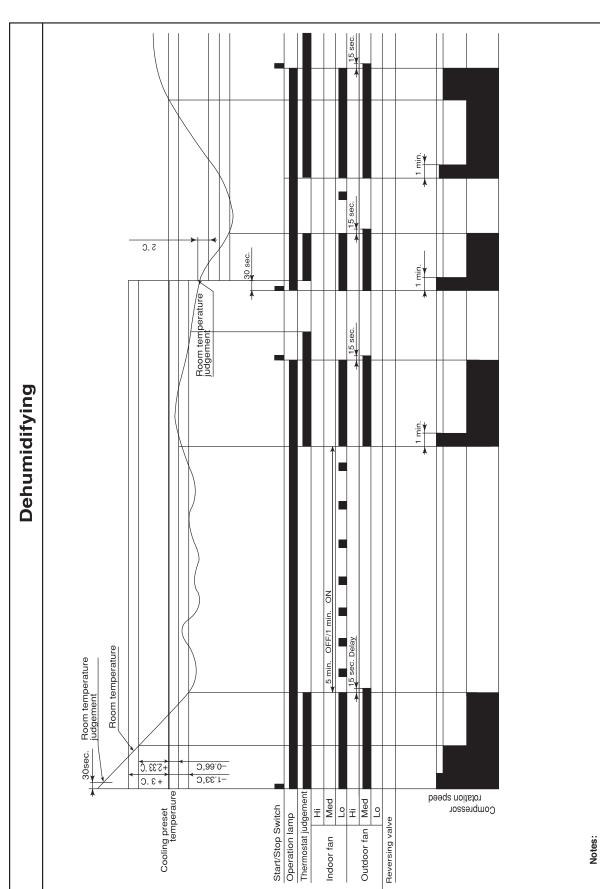
MODEL	RAK-18PEC	RAK-25PEC RAK-25PECC RAK-10PECI	RAK-35PEC RAK-35PECC RAK-14PECI	RAK-50PEC RAK-50PECC RAK-20PECI	
LABEL NAME	VALUE				
WMAX	4200 min <sup>-1</sup>	6200 min <sup>-1</sup>	6700 min <sup>-1</sup>	6000 min <sup>-1</sup>	
WMAX2	4200 min <sup>-1</sup>	6200 min <sup>-1</sup>	6700 min <sup>-1</sup>	6000 min <sup>-1</sup>	
WSTD	3100 min <sup>-1</sup>	4500 min <sup>-1</sup>	5700 min <sup>-1</sup>	4700 min <sup>-1</sup>	
WJKMAX	2800 min <sup>-1</sup>	4200 min <sup>-1</sup>	5500 min <sup>-1</sup>	4100 min <sup>-1</sup>	
WBEMAX	2800 min <sup>-1</sup>	3800 min <sup>-1</sup>	5000 min <sup>-1</sup>	3500 min <sup>-1</sup>	
WSZMAX	2800 min <sup>-1</sup>	3700 min <sup>-1</sup>	4000 min <sup>-1</sup>	3000 min <sup>-1</sup>	
CMAX	4600 min <sup>-1</sup>	4600 min <sup>-1</sup>	6000 min <sup>-1</sup>	5500 min <sup>-1</sup>	
CMAX2	4600 min <sup>-1</sup>	4600 min <sup>-1</sup>	6000 min <sup>-1</sup>	6000 min <sup>-1</sup>	
CSTD	3200 min <sup>-1</sup>	3200 min <sup>-1</sup>	4600 min <sup>-1</sup>	4750 min <sup>-1</sup>	
CJKMAX	3000 min <sup>-1</sup>	3000 min <sup>-1</sup>	4400 min <sup>-1</sup>	4100 min <sup>-1</sup>	
CBEMAX	2800 min <sup>-1</sup>	2800 min <sup>-1</sup>	3800 min <sup>-1</sup>	3000 min <sup>-1</sup>	
CSZMAX	2200 min <sup>-1</sup>	2200 min <sup>-1</sup>	3500 min <sup>-1</sup>	2700 min <sup>-1</sup>	
WIN-CMPH	2000 min <sup>-1</sup>	2000 min <sup>-1</sup>	2000 min <sup>-1</sup>	2300 min <sup>-1</sup>	
WIN-CMPL	2000 min <sup>-1</sup>	2000 min <sup>-1</sup>	2000 min <sup>-1</sup>	2300 min <sup>-1</sup>	
CMIN	2000 min <sup>-1</sup>	2000 min <sup>-1</sup>	2000 min <sup>-1</sup>	1800 min <sup>-1</sup>	
STARTMC	90 Seconds	90 Seconds	90 Seconds	90 Seconds	
DWNRATEW	80%	80%	80%	80%	
DWNRATEC	60%	60%	60%	70%	
SHIFTW	0.00℃	0.00℃	0.00℃	0.00℃	
SHIFTC	0.00℃	0.00℃	0.00℃	0.00℃	
CLMXTP	30.00℃	30.00℃	30.00℃	30.00℃	
TEION	2.00℃	2.00℃	2.00℃	2.00℃	
TEIOF	6.00℃	6.00℃	6.00℃	9.00℃	
SFTDSW	1.00℃	1.00℃	0.66℃	0.66℃	
DFTIM-OTP0	43 Minutes	43 Minutes	43 Minutes	43 Minutes	
DFTIM-OTP5	43 Minutes	43 Minutes	43 Minutes	43 Minutes	
DFTIM-OTP10	43 Minutes	43 Minutes	43 Minutes	43 Minutes	
FCAUT-L	0.66 ℃	0.66℃	0.66 ℃	0.66 ℃	
FCAUT-H	2.00 ℃	2.00℃	2.00℃	2.00 ℃	
SFTDSC	0.66 ℃	0.66℃	0.66℃	0.66 ℃	
OFTMPC	1.00 ℃	1.00℃	1.00 ℃	1.00 ℃	
DASUPHH	43.00	45.00	45.00	39.00	
DASDNHH	39.00	41.00	41.00	36.00	
DASUPH	38.00	40.00	40.00	35.00	
DASDNH	33.33	35.33	35.33	32.00	
DASUPL	33.00	35.00	35.00	31.00	
DASDNL	28.00	28.00	28.00	29.00	
DASUPS	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	
DASDNS	27.00	27.00	27.00	26.00	
NORUPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	
NORDNH	36.00	40.00	40.00	38.00	
NORUPL	36.00	37.00	37.00	37.00	
NORDNL	33.00	33.00	33.00	33.66	
NORUPS	33.00	33.00	33.00	33.00	
NORDNS	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	
PDCIN2	50.00	50.00	54.00	50.00	
PDCOF2	45.00	45.00	48.00	48.00	
DNZKON	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	
DNZKOF	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	
FNUPPW-C	30 min <sup>-1</sup>	30 min <sup>-1</sup>	30 min <sup>-1</sup>	30 min <sup>-1</sup>	
DFMAX-STD	5500 min <sup>-1</sup>	5500 min <sup>-1</sup>	5500 min <sup>-1</sup>	4500 min <sup>-1</sup>	
DFMAX-ATF	5500 min <sup>-1</sup>	5500 min <sup>-1</sup>	5500 min <sup>-1</sup>	4000 min <sup>-1</sup>	
-: WAA A []	0000 111111	5500 11111	0000 111111	1000 11111	



- (1) Condition for entering into Cool Dashed mode. When fan set to "Hi" or "Auto and when the compressor speed (P section) due to temperature difference between setting
  - temperature (including the correction shift only) and room temperature is CMAX or higher. Cool Dashed will release when i) a maximum 25 minutes is lapsed and ii) room temperature is lower than set temperature -3°C (thermo off) and iii) when room temperature has achieved setting temperature -1°C then maximum Cool Dashed time will be revised to 20 minutes. And iv) indoor fan is set to Lo and Med fan mode and v) change operation mode. (5)
    - During Cool Dashed operation, thermo off temperature is set temperature (with shift value) -3°C. After thermo off, operation continue in Fuzzy control mode.
      - Compressor minimum "ON" time and "OFF" time is 3 minutes.
    - During normal cooling mode, compressor maximum rpm CMAX will maintain for 60 minutes if indoor temperature is lower than CLMXTP. No time constrain if indoor tem-(5 (3)
      - perature is higher than CLMXTP.
        When fan is set to "H", compressor rpm will be limited to CSTD.
        When fan is set to "Med", compressor rpm will be limited to CJKMAX.
        When fan is set to "Lo", compressor rpm will be limited to CBEMAX.
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- During Cool Dashed, when room temperature reaches set temperature -1°C compressor rpm is actual rpm x DWNRATEC

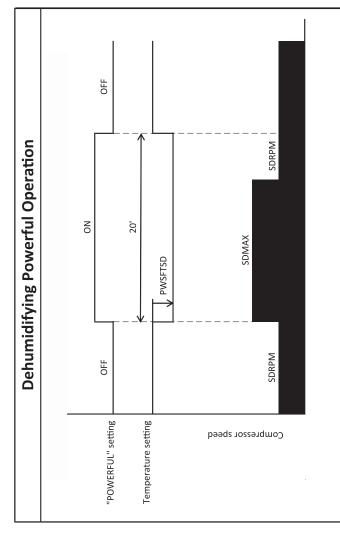






(1) If the room temperature is (cooling preset temperature) - (1.33°C) or less after 30 seconds from starting the operation, the operation is done assuming as the preset temperature = (room temperature at the time) - (2°C).

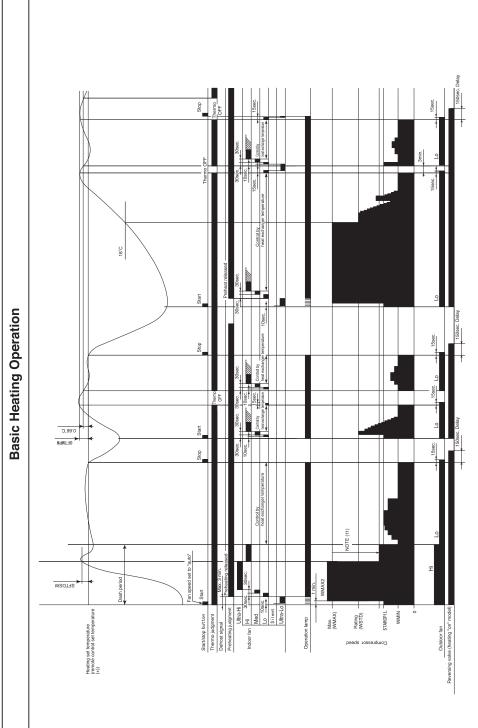
- (2) The indoor fan is operated in the "Lo" mode. During thermo OFF indoor fan will be OFF for 5 minutes and ON for 1 minute.
  (3) When the operation is started by the themostat turning ON, the start of the indoor fan is delayed 32 seconds after the start of compressor operation.
  (4) The compressor is operated forcedly for 3 minutes after operation is started.
  (5) The minimum ON time and OFF time of the compressor are 3 minutes.



# Notes:

- (1) Pressing the "POWERFUL" button will reduce the temperature setting by PWSFTSD.

- (2) The powerful operation is for 20 minutes after setting.
  (3) Operation is continued forcibly thermo-ON for 20 minutes after the powerful operation is finished.
  (4) Pressing the "START/STOP" button and "POWERFUL"button during powerful operation wil cancel the powerful operation.
  (5) If the sleep timer is set during powerful operation, the powerful operation will be canceled.
  (6) If the differential (the room temperature the temperature setting) is "the differential ≥3 "C" after powerful setting , the compressor's maximum speed during powerful operation will be set to SDMAX. Then the differential reduce "the differential ≤2.33 "C" during powerful operation, the compressor's speed will be set to SDRPM.
  - If the differential (the room temperature the temperature setting) is "the differential < 3  $^\circ$ C" after powerful setting , the compressor's minimum speed during powerful operation will be set to SDRPM.
- (7) After the powerful operation is ended, the system automatically operates with the previous settings used before the powerful operation.



- (1) Condition for entering into hot dashed mode. When fan set to "Hi" or "Auto" and i) room temperature is 18 or less, and ii) outdoor temperature is 10 or less, and iii) compressor speed (P section) due to temperature difference between setting temperature(including shift value only) and room temperature is WMAX or more.
  - (2) The maximum compressor speed period during hot dash is finished when i) room temperature has reached the setting temperature + SFTDSW. ii ) thermo off.

    (3) During hot dashed operation, thermo off temperature is setting temperature (with shift value) +3. After thermo off, operation continue inn Fuzzy control mode.

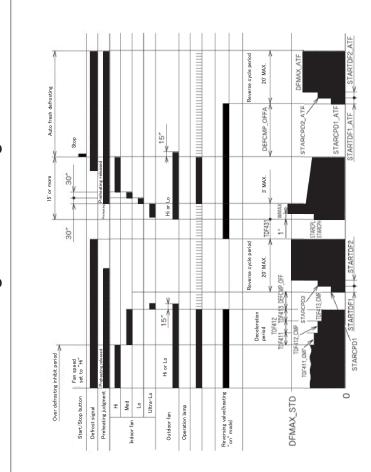
    (4) Minimum "ON" time and minimum "OFF" time of compressor operation is 3 minutes.

    (5) During normal heating mode, compressor maximum rpm WMAX will maintain for 120 minutes. No time limit constrain if room temperature is 18 or less and

outdoor temperature is 2 or less.

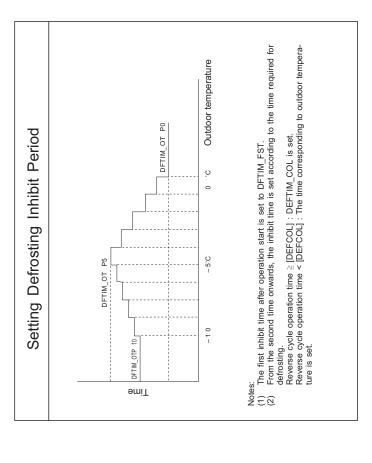
- (6) During preheating or defrosting or auto fresh defrosting mode, indoor unit operation lamp will blink at interval of 2 seconds "ON" and 1 second "OFF".
  (7) When heating mode starts, it will enter into preheating mode if indoor heat exchanger temperature is less than YNEOF + 0.33.
  (8) When fan is set to "Med" or "Silent", compressor rpm will be limited to "WJKMAX" or "WSZMAX".
  (9) During "Ultra-Lo" mode, if room temperature is 18 or less, indoor fan will stop. If room temperature is 18 + 0.33 or more, fan will continue in "Ultra-Lo" mode.
- However, "Ulrta-Lo" mode during preheating or preheating after defrosting does not stop if room temperature is 18 or less. (10) During hot dashed or outdoor temperature is -5 or less, compressor rpm is WMAX2. (11) During hot dashed, when room temperature reaches setting temperature + SFTDSW compressor rpm is actual rpm x DWNRATEW.

# Reversing valve defrosting

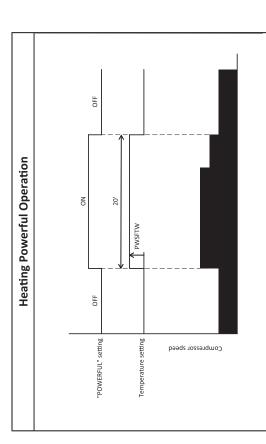


# Notes:

- (1) The defrosting inhibit period is set as shown in the diagram below. When defrosting has finished once, the inhibit period is newly set, based on the outdoor temperature when the compressor was started. During this period, the defrost signal is not accepted.
  - (2) If the difference between the room and outdoor temperature is large when defrosting is finished, the maximum compressor speed (WMAX) or (WMAX2) can be continued for 120 minutes maximum.
    - (3) The defrosting period is 12 minutes maximum.
- (4) When operation is stopped during defrosting, it is switched to auto refresh defrosting.
- (5) Auto refresh defrosting cannot be engaged within 15 minutes after operation is started or defrosting is finished.

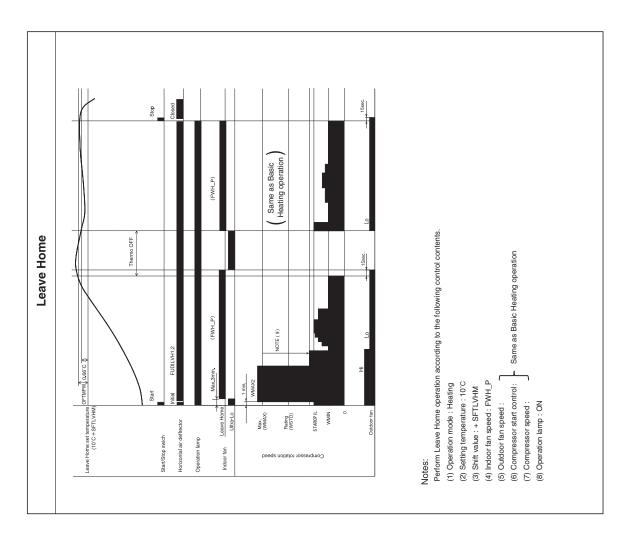


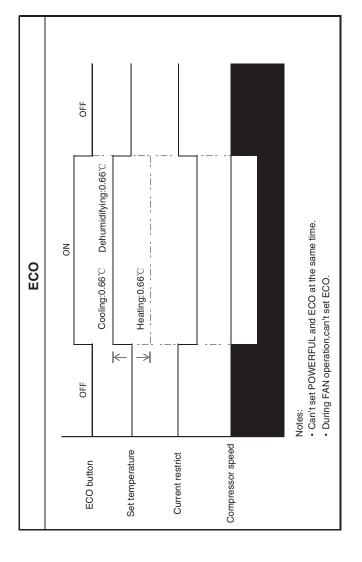
36



- (1) Pressing the "POWERFUL" button will increase the temperature setting by PWSFTW.
  - (2) The powerful operation is for 20 minutes after setting.
- (3) Operation is continued forcibly thermo-ON for 20 minutes after the powerful operation is finished.
  (4) Defrost is inhibited for 20 minutes after the start of the powerful operation.
  (5) Pressing the "START/STOP" button and "POWERFUL"button during powerful operation will cancel
  - the powerful operation.
- (7) When the powerful operation is set, the fan speed will be set to "HIGH" and the compressor's (6) If the sleep timer is set during powerful operation, the powerful operation will be canceled.
- maximum speed will be set to WMAX2 during powerful operation. The compressor's lower limit
- speed is WKYMIN\_PW.

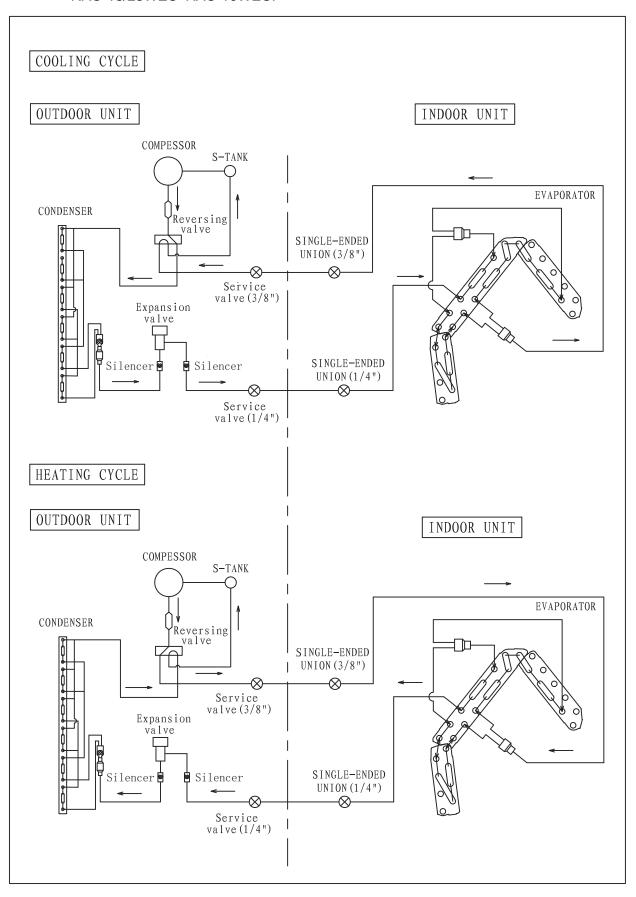
  (8) After the powerful operation is ended, the system automatically operates with the previous settings used before the powerful operation.





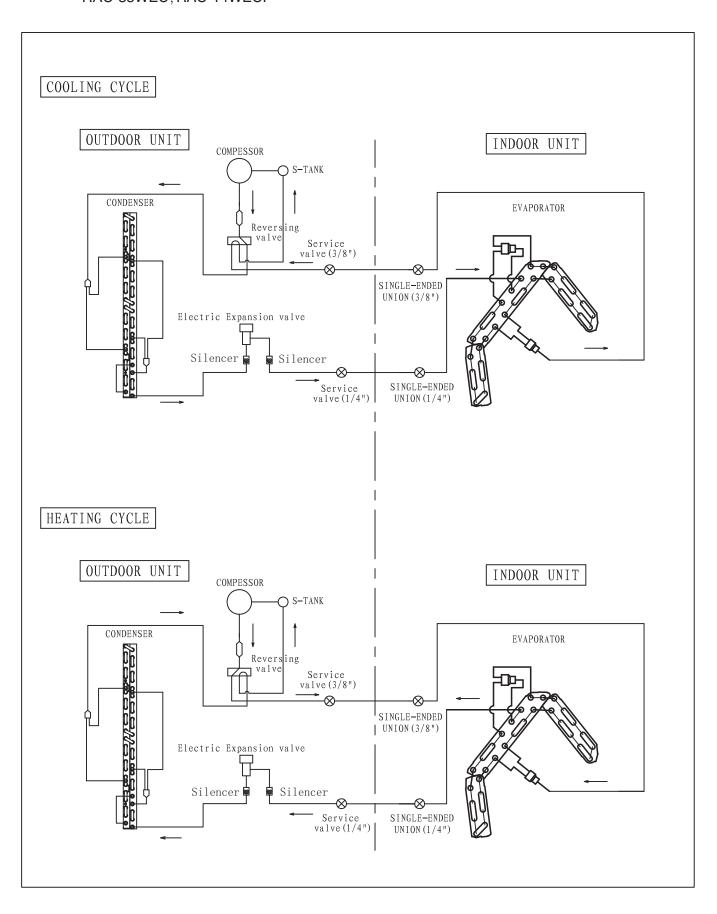
## REFRIGERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM

MODEL RAK-18/25PEC, RAK-25PECC, RAK-10PECI RAC-18/25WEC RAC-10WECI



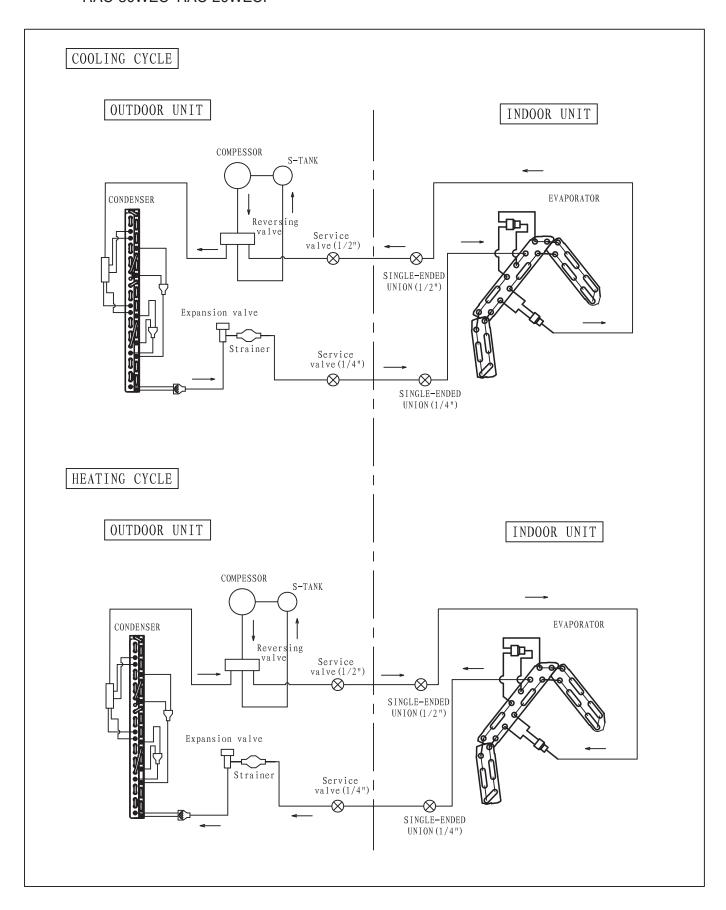
## REFRIGERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM

MODEL RAK-35PEC, RAK-35PECC, RAK-14PECI RAC-35WEC, RAC-14WECI



## REFRIGERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM

MODEL RAK-50PEC, RAK-50PECC, RAK-20PECI RAC-50WEC RAC-20WECI



## **Procedure for Disassembly and Reassembly**

INDOOR UNIT RAK-18/25/35/50PEC RAK-25/35/50PECC RAK-10/14/20PECI

#### 1. Front Panel

Be sure to hold the front panel with both hands to detach and attach it.

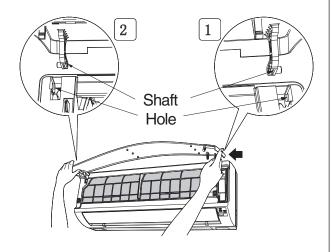


Fig. 1

When the front panel is fully opened with both hands, push the right arm to the inside to release it, and while closing the front panel slightly, put it out forward.

## 2. Front cover

- (1) After removing the screw of fixing the terminal cover, hold the handle of terminal cover and remove it.
- (2) After removing two screws, pull the center of the front cover forward and release the claws
- (3) Hold the front cover at both lower sides and pull them forward to remove.

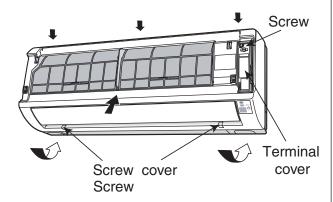


Fig. 2

## 3. Control P.W.B. and Indicating P.W.B.

- (1) Remove each connector from the lead wire.
- (2) Remove the four P.W.B. supports from the control P.W.B.
- (3) Pull the support hook at the upper side of the indication lamp of the indicating P.W.B. and pull out the P.W.B. forward.

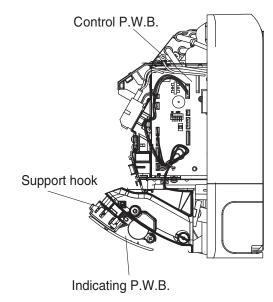


Fig. 3

### 4. Tangential air flow fan and fan motor

(1) Press to lower the hook at the center of the unit a little and pull the claw forward to remove the drain pan.

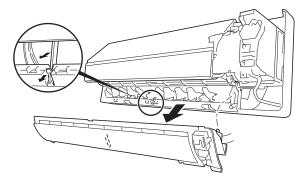
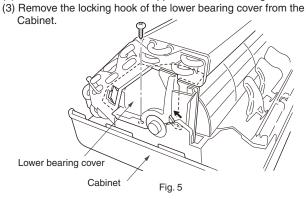


Fig. 4

(2) Remove the screw from the upper and lower bearing covers.



- (4) Remove two lock screws from the fan motor holder
- (5) Pull up the evaporator by holding it at the lower side. Insert a screw driver through the space between the evaporator and drain chute and loosen the fan lock screw to remove the fan motor.

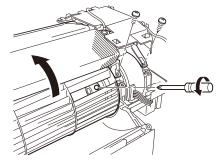
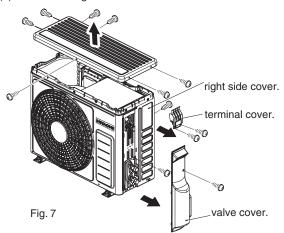


Fig. 6

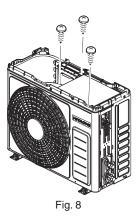
## <OUTDOOR UNIT> MODEL RAC-18/25/35WEC RAC-10/14WECI

## 1. Electrical Parts

- (1) Remove the upper cover fixing screws and lift the cover to remove it.
- (2) Remove the service valve cover.
- (3) Remove the terminal plate cover.
- (4) Remove the right side cover.



(5) Remove the electrical box fixing screws and GND wire fixing



- (6) Remove P lock which binds lead wires.
- (7) Set the electrical box upside down.

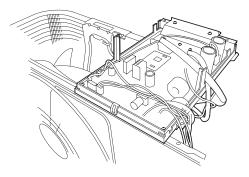


Fig. 9

(8) Remove P.W.B. fixing screws (2 locations) and radiation fin fixing screws (7 locations), and remove the P.W.B. from the support.

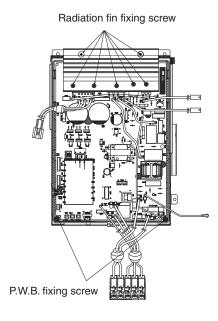


Fig. 10

# OUTDOOR UNIT MODEL RAC-50WEC 1. Electrical parts RAC-20WECI

- (1) Remove the service value cover lock screws and lower the cover to remove it.
- (2) Remove the top cover lock screw and raise the cover to remove it.

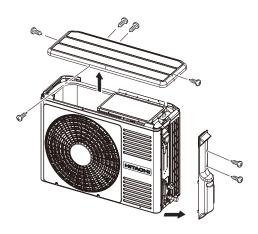


Fig. 11

- (3) Remove the front cover lock screw.
- (4) Lower the right side of the front cover and pull it forward. Then, remove the cover from the hook
- (5) Pull the right side of the front cover a little and pull up the left side to remove it from the hook.

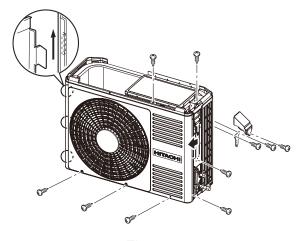


Fig. 12

(6) Remove each connector and earth cable from the lead wire. Then, remove the electrical box.

## DESCRIPTION OF MAIN CIRCUIT OPERATION

MODEL RAK-18/25/35/50PEC RAK-25/35/50PECC RAK-10/14/20PECI

## 1. Control power circuit

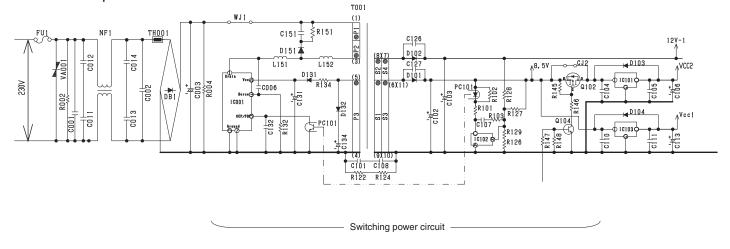


Fig. 1-1

- · An AC power supply from outdoor unit passes through the 3.15 A fuse, varistor (VA001), and noise filter circuit and rectified and smoothed by DB1 and C003 to become a DC current 325 V. It is then supplied to indoor fan motor drive circuit, and switching power circuit.
- The switching power circuit, as controlled by IC001, drives the primary winding of the transformer (T001) to produce a specified voltage at the output winding. [The output terminal (pin ① ) of IC001 has a switching voltage. But it changes in voltage peak and oscillation period depending on the power load. usually,the oscillation frequency when the air condition operation is about 67 kHz. In the standby state, the oscillation frequency is lowered to a level as low as 20 kHz or so to reduce the standby power.]
- The outputs of the output windings of the transformer is rectified and smoothed to become DC voltages at primary 18.5 V, 12 V, and 8.5 V respectively. The primary 18.5 V is supplied to the drive circuit of the indoor fan motor, the 12 V is supplied to each vane motor and to the drive circuits of the cleaning unit driving motor and other equipment, and the 8.5 V is adjusted to a stable 5 V by the 3-terminal regulator IC (IC101,IC103) and supplied to the microcomputer peripheral circuit.

#### Check

If a failure in a part or circuit has produced an abnormal current in the power supply, the 3.15 A fuse will melt down to prevent further damage. If the 3.15 A fuse melts down, check the indoor fan motor, switching electrical circuit, and other components and replace any defective part.

#### Check

If an abnormally high voltage is applied to the power supply, the 3.15 A fuse and varistor (VA001) will prevent further damage. If a high voltage results in the 3.15 A fuse melted down, the varistor (VA001) should have deteriorated and destroyed. Therefore replace it at the same time.

#### Caution

The primary circuit of the transformer (T001) has a voltage to ground. Guard against electric shocks.

## 2. Reset Circuit

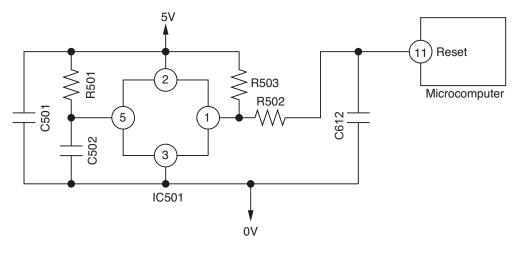
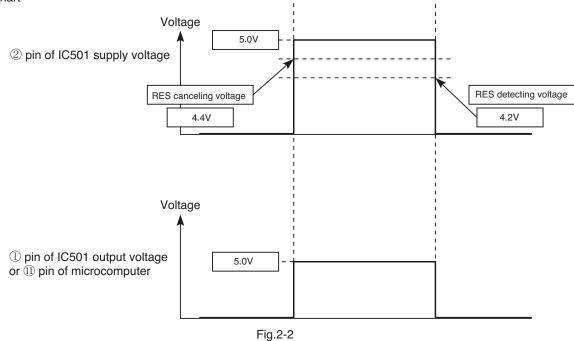


Fig.2-1





- Reset circuit is to initialize the indoor unit microcomputer when switching ON the power or after recovering from power failure.
- Microcomputer operates when ① pin of the indoor unit microcomputer (reset input) is "Lo" for resetting and "Hi" for heating.
- Waveform of each part when switching ON the power and when shutting down is shown in the Fig. 2-2.
- After switching ON the power, ① pin of IC501 supply voltage and ① pin of microcomputer becomes Hi when DC5V line rises and reaches approximately 4.4V or higher.
  - Then, resetting will be cancelled and microcomputer starts operating.
- After shutting down the power, ① pin of IC501 supply voltage and ① pin of microcomputer becomes Lo when DC5V line falls and reaches approximately 4.2V or lower.
  - Then, the microcomputer will be in reset condition.

#### 3. Drive circuit of the indoor fan motor

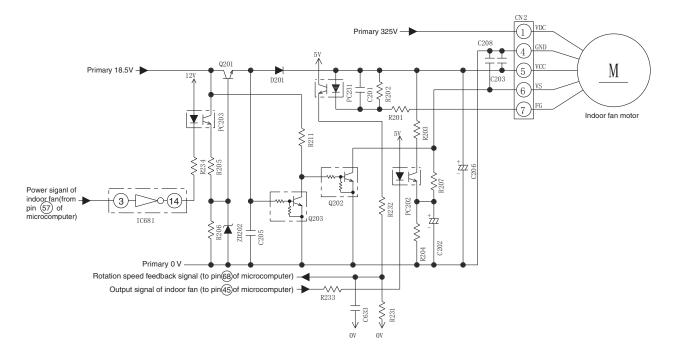


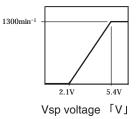
Fig. 3-1

#### < The circuit check (For test) >

Name	Test point	Test voltage
Motor drive power	CN2 ① pin- ④ pin	About 325V
Motor contorl power	CN2 ⑤ pin- ④ pin	About 15V
Motor speed signal	CN2 6 pin- 4 pin	About 2-6V
Motor rotation speed debug	CN2 ⑦ pin- ④ pin	About 7.5V

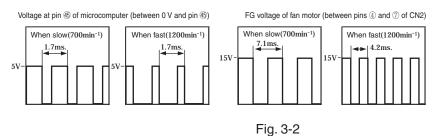
- \* The voltage above is all motor operation vol. when yon start the test, take care of your connector, do not touch the different pin together.
- \* The voltage of pin 6 pin 4 , pin 7 4 maybe diffierent from above.

< Pin 6 - Pin 4 voltage one example >



\* The different mode maybe have different FAN rotation speed.

## < Typical circuit waveform >



- The indoor fan motor receives VDC (motor drive power supply), VCC (power supply for the control circuit inside the motor), and VS (speed command voltage) from CN2. The indoor fan motor returns an FG signal of a frequency that matches the rotation speed.
- VCC stabilizes the primary 18.5 V power supply into 15 V by using Q201 and supplies it.
- · While on standby for a remote control signal, the Q201 shuts down the VCC and reduces the standby power.
- The VS receives a command voltage from the microcomputer (IC601). The VS terminal undergoes an analog voltage that matches the Lo level time ratio of the pulse signal from pin (5) of the microcomputer. (See Fig. 3-2.)
- The FG terminal undergoes a signal of 12 pulses per revolution of the motor shaft. By counting the pulse rate, the microcomputer (IC601) recognizes the motor speed, thereby performing feedback control.

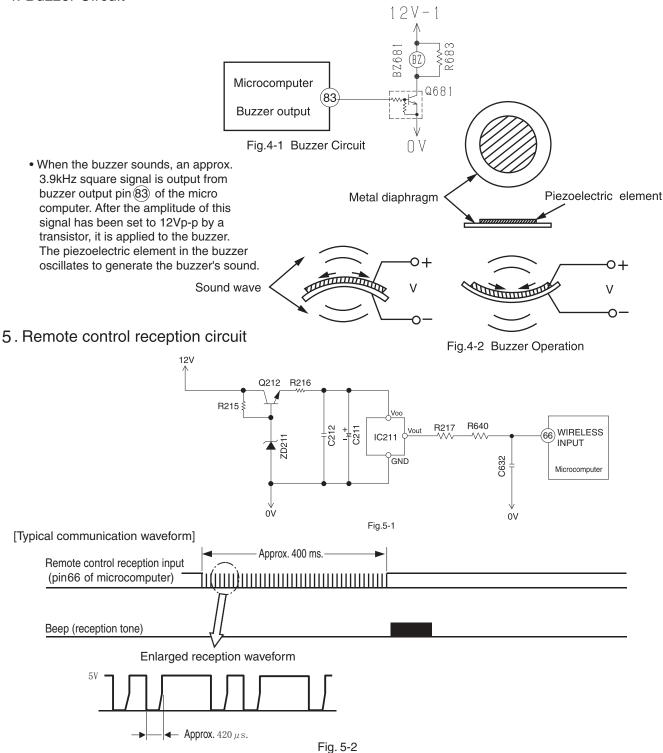
#### Caution

The indoor fan motor and drive circuit are connected to the primary power supply. They therefore have voltage to ground. Guard against electric shocks.

### Caution

While the product is energized, do not under any circumstances detach or reattach a connector. Any such practice would cause a high voltage to run, resulting in the indoor fan motor and board circuit being destroyed. (Check the discharge of the C003 before detaching or reattaching the connectors.)

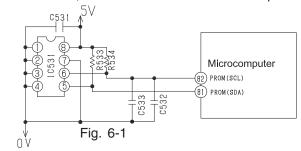
## 4. Buzzer Circuit



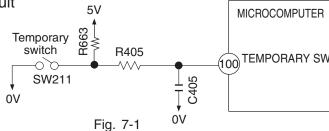
 An infrared signal from the remote control unit is converted to an electrical signal by the remote control light-receiving unit (IC821) and is received by the microcomputer. Data is transmitted as digital data 0 and 1 by changing the interval of the basic pulses at about 420µs.

## 6. Initial Setting Circuit (IC531)

- When power is supplied, the microcomputer reads the data in IC531 (E<sup>2</sup>PROM) and sets the preheating activation value and the rating and maximum speed of the compressor, etc. to their initial values.
- Data of self-diagnosis mode is stored in IC531; data will not be erased even when power is turned off.



## 7. Temporary Switch Circuit



- The temporary switch is used to operate the air conditioner temporarily when the wireless remote control is lost or faulty.
- The air conditioner operates in the previous mode at the previously set temperature. However, when the power switch is set to OFF, it starts automatic operation.

## 8. Room Temperature Thermistor Circuit

A room temperature thermistor circuit is shown in Fig. 8-1.

According to room temperature, the voltage of point (A) becomes as it is shown in Fig.8-2.

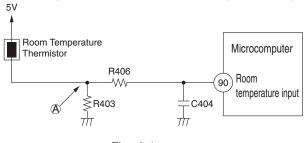
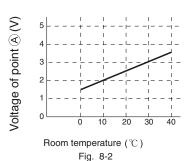


Fig. 8-1



## 9. Heat Exchanger Thermistor Circuit

Heat exchanger temperature is noticed inside the room

- (1) Preheating
- (2) Low-temperature defrosts at cooling and dehumidification operation time.
- (3) Not working of reversing valve or detection of opening of heat exchange thermistor is controlled.

According to heat exchange temperature, the voltage of point (A) becomes as it is shown in Fig. 9-2.

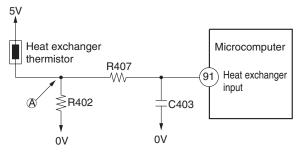
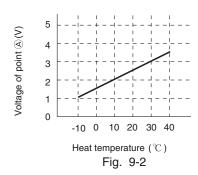


Fig. 9-1



## 10. Dip-switch

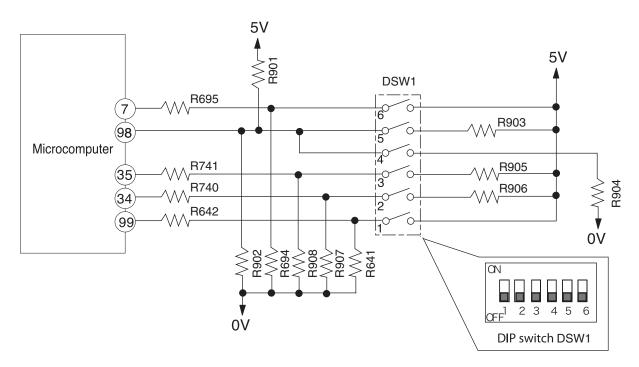


Fig.10-1Dip switch Circuit

Fig. 10-1 shows the dip switch circuit; the table shown in Fig. 10-2 are function and setting position from 1-6 of the switch no.

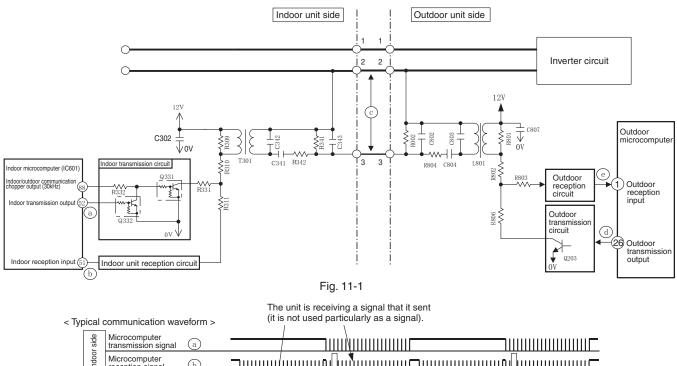
SW No.	ITEM		F U N C T I O N					
1	AUTO RESTART		ENABLE	ON	DISABLE			
2	CARD KEY MODE	OFF*	DISABLE	ON	ENABLE			
3	CARD KEY LOGIC SELECT	OFF*	INPUT HIGH ACTIVE	ON	INPUT LOW ACTIVE			
4	HEATING/COOLING ONLY MODE SELECT	OFF*	HEATING	OFF	HEATING ONLY	ON COOLING ONLY ON HEATING &		
5	HEATING/COOLING ONLY MODE SELECT	OFF*	COOLING	ON		OFF ON COOLING		
6	REMOCON ID SELECT	OFF*	SELECT ID : A	ON	SELECT ID : B			

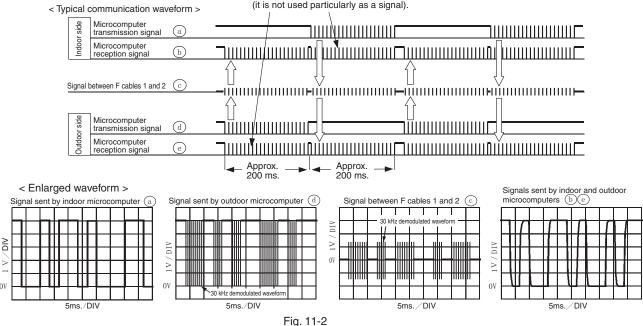
Fig.10-2 Functions of Dip switch

## NOTE:

\* Marking is position of shipping [FACTORY default setting]

## 11. Indoor/outdoor communication circuits





- · Indoor and outdoor communications are conducted by using lines 2 and 3 of F cable. Line 2 of F cable is shared with a transmission channel that powers the outdoor unit.
- Data communicated between the indoor and outdoor units are outputted from the microcomputer as serial signals and are transmitted as demodulated by a 30 kHz carrier wave. (Both the indoor and outdoor microcomputers directly output a signal demodulated at 30 kHz.)

## Check

ΟV

If a cable poorly inserted in the indoor terminal board or some other failure overheats the terminal board and the temperature fuse of the terminal board blows out, the power to the indoor communication circuit will be shut down to stop the communications function. (In that case, the failure will be displayed by the timer lamp blinking 3 times.)

## Check

If communication fails between the indoor and outdoor units for some reason, the product will give a self-diagnosis display either by "the timer lamp blinking 3 times" or "the timer lamp blinking 12 times" depending on the cause.

## 12. Stepping motor drive circuit

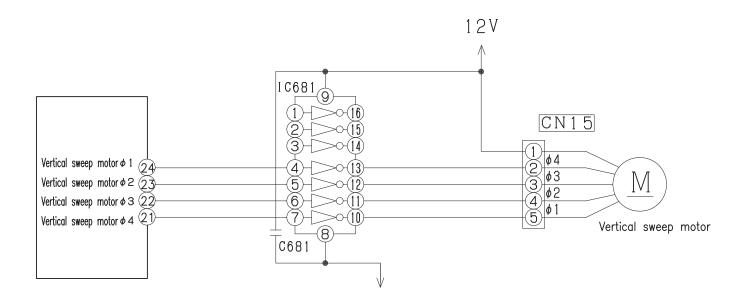
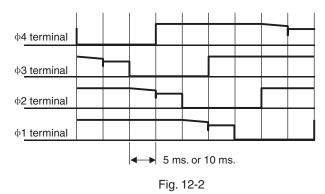


Fig. 12-1

[Connector circuit waveform while the motor runs]
Voltage waveforms of different phases as viewed from
the OV line while the motor rotor is turning counterclockwise
as viewed from the shaft side



- · Each stepping motor runs as excited in 1 or 2 phases at 100 PPS or 200 PPS.
- · The excitation pattern passes the microcomputer (IC601) and then the driver IC and excites the coil of each stepping motor.

## MODEL RAC-18/25/35WEC RAC-10/14WECI

## 1. Power Circuit

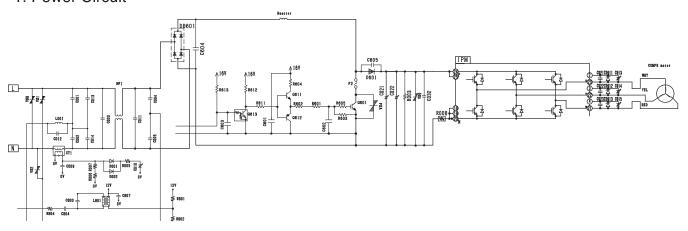


Fig 1-1

\* This circuit full-wave rectifies 230VAC applied between terminals L and N and boosts it to a required voltage with the IPM to create a DC voltage.

## The voltage become 300-330V when the compressor is operated.

- Main parts
- (1) Intelligence Power Module (IPM)A module that constitute by an inverter part.
- (2) Diode Stack (DB601) These rectify the 230VAC from terminal L and N to a DC power supply.
- (3) Smoothing capacitors (C021-C022,375 $\mu$ F,420V)
- (4) IGBT to improve efficiency (Q601)

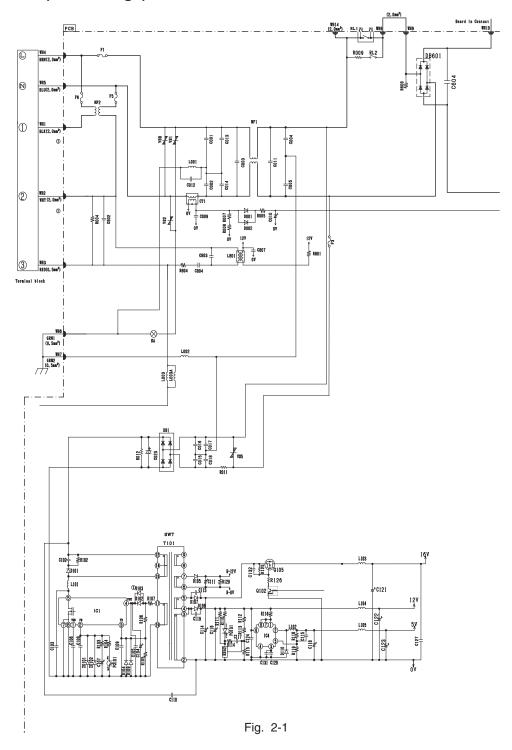
## <Reference>

In case of Intelligence Power Module malfunction or connection failure immediately after compressor starts, its may stop due to error of [abnormal low speed], [switching failure],[Ip stop] and others.

#### <Reference>

- If diode stack (DB601) are faulty, DC voltage may not be generated and the compressor may not operate at all. Also be aware that the 15A fuse might have blown.
- X This smoothes (averages) the voltage rectified by the diode stack.
- It will improve the efficiency during compressor load become heavy when current flow thru the chopper period of Q601.

## 2. Power circuit (Low voltage)



- The 230V AC voltage is rectified to DC voltage (B-12V,16V,12V,5V) pass through switching control IC (ICI), switching transformer.
  - (1) B-12V Power supply for electrical expansion valve.
  - (2) 16V Power supply for IPM driver circuit of compressor and fan motor, IGBT action.
  - (3) 12V Power supply for 4 way valve relay, power relay, inrush current relay, motor current amplification,
  - (4) 5V Power supply for microcomputer, peripheral circuits.

## Main parts

(1) C001,C002,C003,C004,C005,C011,C013,C014, NF1

These absorb electrical noise generated during operation of compressor and also absorb external noise entering from power line to protect electronic parts.

- (2) Surge Absorber, Varistor1,2,5,8.
  These absorbs external power surge.
- (2) IC4 DC/DC convertor IC (DC12V → DC5V).

## 3. P.W.B. for power circuit

Voltage specification of power circuit as shown in below table.  $\langle \text{Checking point} \rangle$ 

Output	Spec	Main load	Measuring point	Example of possible failure mode.
5V 0/P	5 ±0. 4V	Micon, Thermistor	Tester⊕ : L105 (JUMPER) Tester⊖ : D110 (EARTH)	Outdoor not operate, no blinking indication
12V 0/P	12 ±0.5V	Micon, IC2,3,4 Relay circuit	Tester⊕ : L104 (JUMPER) Tester⊖ : D110 (EARTH)	Outdoor not operate, no blinking indication
16V 0/P	15.5 <sup>+</sup> 1.5V - 1.0V	IPM for Comp IPM for DC fan	Tester⊕ : L103 (JUMPER) Tester⊖ : D110 (EARTH)	Stop: LD301 3,4 or 12 times blinking
B-12V O/P	13 + 2.5V - 1.0V	Expansion valve	Tester⊕ : R120(B-12V) Tester⊖ : R120(B-0V)	Stop: LD301 5 times blinking

<sup>\*\*</sup> Power circuit for P.W.B can consider normal if the result is satisfied with above specification.

## 4. Reversing valve control circuit

This model reversing valve control used to control the relay ON/OFF of the revesing valve, and also control the coil of the reversing valve ON/OFF.

The relay ON/OFF has different type when in the different operation mode.

You can see each operation mode as fllows. If the reaversing valve not connected or all the condition not the same as follow, it may be something wrong with the reversing valve circuit.

operatio	Point n mode	micon 28pin - 0V	HIC 34 pin - 0V	CN2①- CN2④
Cooling	Usual cooling	Hi	0V	AC230V
Heating	Usual heating	Lo	12V	OV
	Defrost	Hi	0V	AC230V

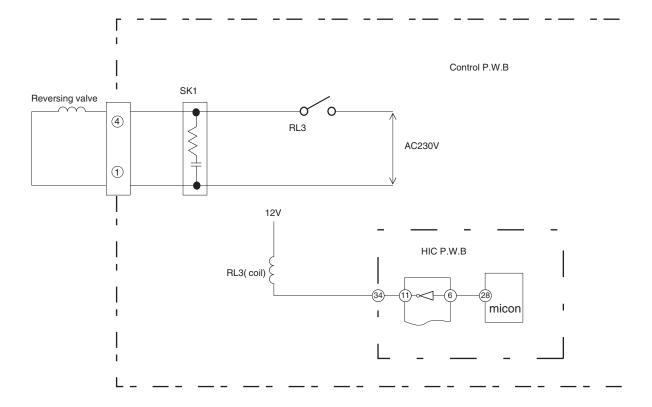


Fig.4-1

## 5. Temperature Detection Circuit

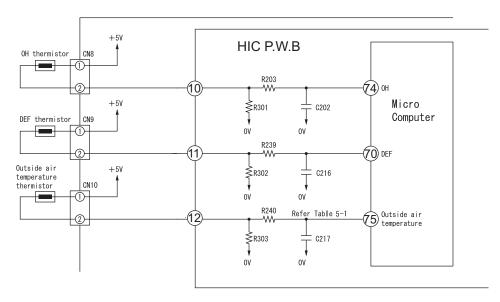


Fig. 5-1

- OH thermistor circuit detect the temperature at the surface of compressor head, DEF thermistor circuit detect the defrosting operation temperature.
- A thermistor is a negative resistor element which has characteristics that the higher (lower) the temperature, the lower (higher) the resistance.
- When the compressor is heated, the resistance of the OH thermistor becomes low and  $\oplus$  5V is divided by OH thermistor and R301 and the voltage at pin 74 of microcomputer.
- Compare the voltage at microcomputer pin (74) and setting value stored inside. If the value exceed the set value, microcomputer will judge that the compressor is overheated and stop the operation.
- When frost is formed on the outdoor heat exchanger, the temperature at the exchanger drops abruptly. Therefore the resistance of the DEF thermistor becomes high and the voltage at pin of micro computer drops. If this voltage becomes lower than the set value stored inside, microcomputer will enter the defrost control.
- During defrost operation, the microcomputer will transfer the defrosting condition command to indoor unit via SDO pin of interface of IF transmission output.
- The microcomputer read the outdoor temperature by Outside Air thermistor and transfer it to the indoor unit, thus controlling the compressor rotation speed according to the set value in the EEPROM of indoor unit and switching the operation mode (outdoor fan on/off etc.) to DRY mode.

Below table show the typical values of outdoor temperature in relation to the voltage.

Table 5-1

Outside Air Temperature (°C)	-10	0	10	20	30	40
Voltage at both side of R303 (V)	1. 19	1. 69	2. 23	2. 75	3. 22	3. 62

## <Reference>

When the thermistor is open condition or disconnect, microcomputer pin707475 are approx. 0V; When thermistor is shorted, they are approx. 5V and LD301 will blink 7 times.

However, an error is detected when only the OH thermistor is shorted and will enter blinking mode after 12 minutes start the compressor operation.

## 6. Electric expansion valve circuit

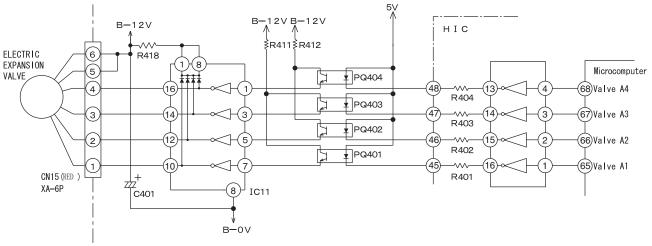


Fig. 6-1

- The electric expansion valve is driven by DC12V. Power is supplied to 1 or 2 phases of 4-phase winding to switch magnetic pole of winding in order to control the opening degree.
- Relationship between power switching direction of phase and open/close direction is shown below. When power is supplied, voltages at pins 4 to 1 of CN15 are about 0.9V and 12V when no power is supplied. When power is reset, initial operation is performed for 10 or 20 seconds. During initial operation, measure all voltages at pin 4 to 1 of CN15 by using a multimeter. If there is any pin with voltage that has not changed from 0.9V or 12V, expansion valve or microcomputer is broken.
- Fig. 6-2 shows logic waveform when expansion valve is operating.

Table 6-1 Drive status CN15 Wire pin no. 2 7 8 1 3 4 6 0FF 0FF 1 WHT ON ON 0FF 0FF 0FF ON YEL (2) 0FF ON ON ON 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF ON 0FF 0FF 3 ORG 0FF 0FF ON ON BLU 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF ON 4 ON ON Operation mode  $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 8$  VALVE CLOSE  $8 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1$  VALVE OPEN

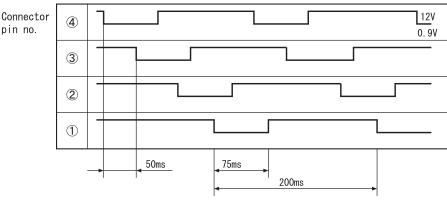


Fig. 6-2

With expansion valve control, opening degree is adjusted to stabilize target temperature by detecting compressor head temperature. The period of control is about once per 20 seconds and output a few pulse.

#### 7. Outdoor DC fan motor control circuit

• This model is built with DC fan motor control circuit inside outdoor electrical unit.

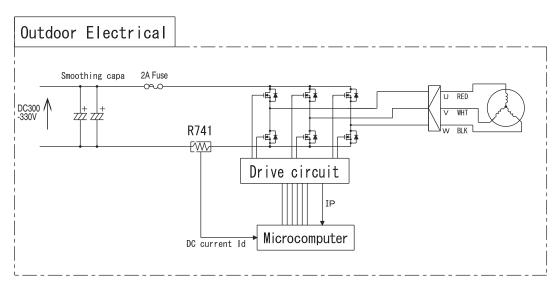


Fig 7-1

This DC fan motor is control by outdoor microcomputer that follow the operating instruction received from indoor microcomputer. The DC current that flow from R741 will presume actual operation speed and control the rotation to follow the operating instruction. Based on this DC current it will detect a over current and other fan motor failure.

## (1) Fan motor speed controller during starting

Due to the interference of strong wind etc., operation movement is changed based on fan direction and rotation speed as shown below during starting of operation.

In addition, the fair wind is define as wind that blow to outside direction using Mouth Ring part.

At strong and contrary wind ... The rotational speed is not controlled as to protect the equipment

and fan will rotate reversely depend on the wind. Automatically

start when wind condition become weak.

At contrary wind .... The rotational speed is controlled in fair wind direction after it

slowly reduce the speed and finally stop.

At fair wind ... The rotational speed is controlled as it is.

At strong fair wind .... The rotational speed is not controlled as to protect the equipment

and fan will rotate reversely depend on the wind. Automatically

start when wind condition become weak.

## (2) Fan motor speed controller during unit operating

There is a case where fan rpm is reducing during rotating caused by interference of strong wind If this condition continue in long period, fan will stop rotating. (LD301 : 11 times blinking)

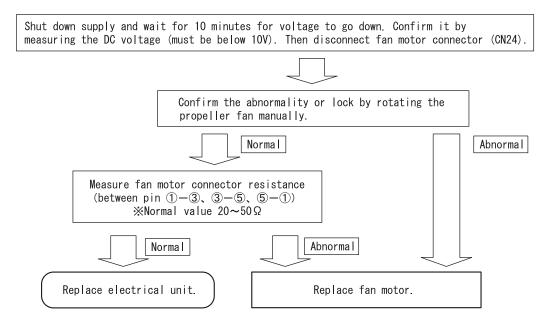
The unit will restart according to control as per during start (1).

- (3) Method of confirming self diagnosis LD301 lamp: 12 times blinking

  If the unit stop and LD301 on the pwb blinking 12 times [fan lock stop is detected], follow below steps to confirm it.
  - 1. Fan lock stop is detected when something has disturb the fan rotation by inserting material into propeller fan or ice has growing inside outdoor unit caused by snow.

    Remove it if found something is bloking the fan.
  - 2. Confirmed that CN24 connector is securely inserted. Fan lock stop is detected also when connector is not properly inserted. Please securely insert if found any disconnection.
  - 3. Fan lock stop also can be detected where strong wind blown surrounding the unit. Please confirm after restart the unit. (It may take few minutes to operate the compressor) It is not a malfunction of electrical unit or fan motor if the unit run continuesly after restart the unit.
  - 4. Check fan motor condition as below procedure.

### [Checking Fan Motor] procedure



- 5. Reconnect again fan motor connector (CN24).
  - \*\*Please confirm above checking procedure if found 2A fuse blown.

If fan motor is broken, replace both electrical unit and fan motor.

#### Caution

\*\*Beware of electric shock due to high voltage when conducting an operation check. Power supply for DC fan motor and compressor is common (DC300-330V).

# MODEL RAC-50WEC RAC-20WECI

## 1. Power Circuit

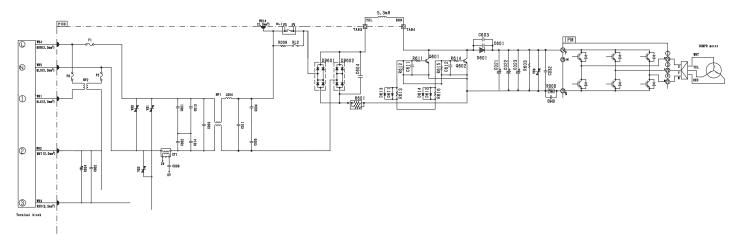


Fig 1-1

\* This circuit full-wave rectifies 230VAC applied between terminals L and N and boosts it to a required voltage with the IPM to create a DC voltage.

## The voltage become 300-330V when the compressor is operated.

- **X** Importance component
- (1) Intelligence Power Module (IPM)A module that constitute by an inverter part.
- (2) Diode Stack (DB601, DB602)These rectify the 230VAC from terminal L and N to a DC power supply.

## <Reference>

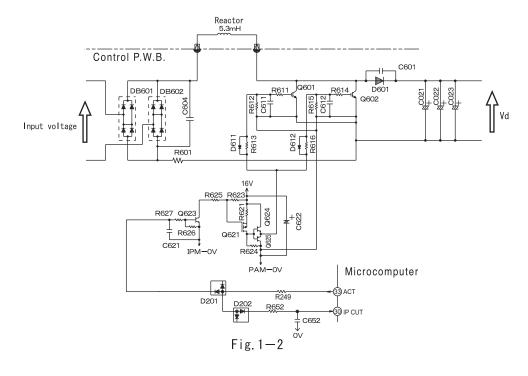
In case of Intelligence Power Module malfunction or connection failure immediately after compressor starts, its may stop due to error of [abnormal low speed], [switching failure],[Ip stop] and others.

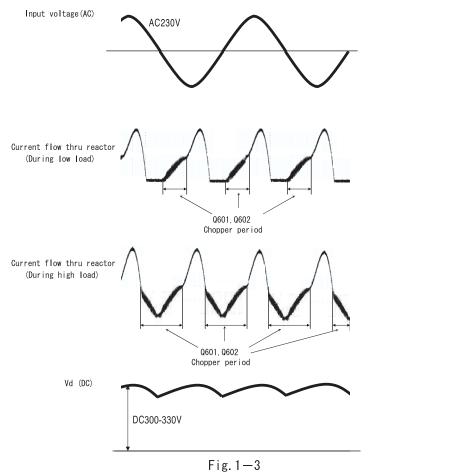
## <Reference>

If diode stack (DB601,DB602) are faulty, DC voltage may not be generated and the compressor may not operate at all. Also be aware that the 25A fuse might have blown.

## (3) Smoothing capacitors (CO21-CO23,500 $\mu$ F,450V)

This smoothes (averages) the voltage rectified by the diode stack.

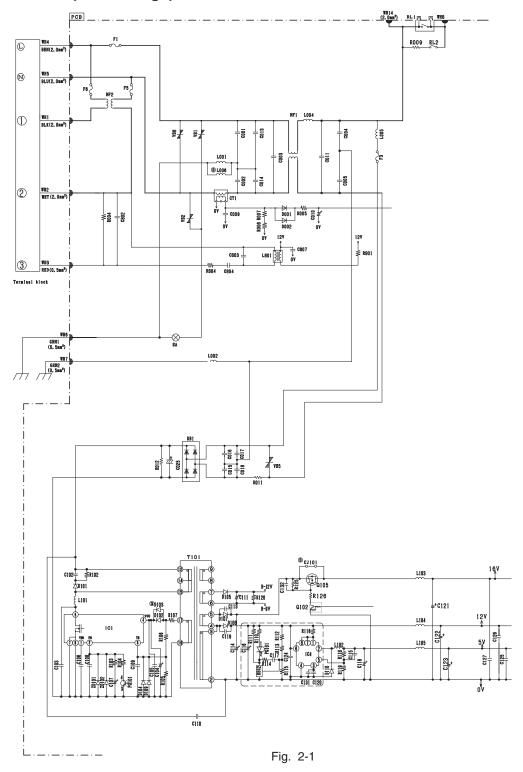




(4) IGBT to improve efficiency (Q601, Q602)

It will improve the efficiency during compressor load become heavy when current flow thru the chopper period of Q601, Q602.

## 2. Power circuit (Low voltage)



- The 230V AC voltage is rectified to DC voltage (B-12V,16V,12V,5V) pass through switching control IC (ICI), switching transformer.
  - (1) B-12V Power supply for electrical expansion valve.
  - (2) 16V Power supply for IPM driver circuit of compressor and fan motor, IGBT action.
  - (3) 12V Power supply for 4 way valve relay, power relay, inrush current relay, motor current amplification,
  - (4) 5V Power supply for microcomputer, peripheral circuits.

## Main parts

(1) C001,C002,C003,C004,C005,C011,C013,C014, NF1

These absorb electrical noise generated during operation of compressor and also absorb external noise entering from power line to protect electronic parts.

(2) Surge Absorber, Varistor1,2,5,8.

These absorbs external power surge.

(2) IC4 DC/DC convertor IC (DC12V → DC5V).

## 3. P.W.B. for power circuit

Voltage specification of power circuit as shown in below table. (Checking point)

Output	Spec	Main Ioad	Measuring point	Example of possible failure mode.
5V 0/P	5 ±0. 4 <b>V</b>	Micon, Thermistor	Tester⊕ : L105 (JUMPER) Tester⊖ : D110 (EARTH)	Outdoor not operate, no blinking indication
12V 0/P	12 ±0.5V	Micon, IC2,3,4 Relay circuit	Tester⊕ : L104 (JUMPER) Tester⊖ : D110 (EARTH)	Outdoor not operate, no blinking indication
16V 0/P	15.5 <sup>+</sup> 1.5V - 1.0V	IPM for Comp IPM for DC fan	Tester⊕ : L103 (JUMPER) Tester⊖ : D110 (EARTH)	Stop: LD301 3,4 or 12 times blinking
B-12V O/P	13 + 2.5V - 1.0V	Expansion valve	Tester⊕ : R418(B-12V) Tester⊖ : C401("-")	Stop: LD301 5 times blinking

<sup>\*\*</sup> Power circuit for P.W.B can consider normal if the result is satisfied with above specification.

## 4. Reversing valve control circuit

This model reversing valve control used to control the relay ON/OFF of the revesing valve, and also control the coil of the reversing valve ON/OFF.

The relay ON/OFF has different type when in the different operation mode.

You can see each operation mode as fllows. If the reaversing valve not connected or all the condition not the same as follow, it may be something wrong with the reversing valve circuit.

operatio	Point n mode	micon 28pin - 0V	HIC 28 pin - 0V	CN2①- CN2④
Cooling	Usual cooling	Hi	0V	AC230V
Heating	Usual heating	Lo	12V	0V
	Defrost	Hi	0V	AC230V

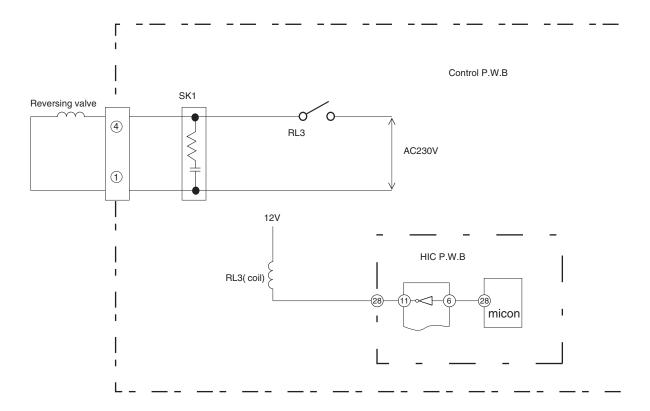


Fig.4-1

## 5. Temperature Detection Circuit

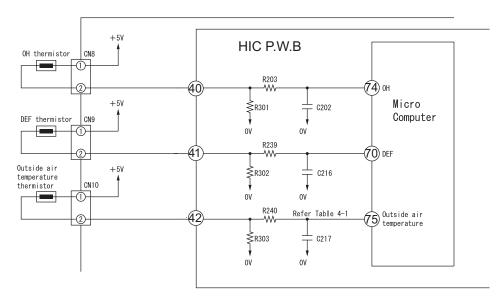


Fig. 5-1

- OH thermistor circuit detect the temperature at the surface of compressor head, DEF thermistor circuit detect the defrosting operation temperature.
- A thermistor is a negative resistor element which has characteristics that the higher (lower) the temperature, the lower (higher) the resistance.
- When the compressor is heated, the resistance of the OH thermistor becomes low and  $\oplus$  5V is divided by OH thermistor and R301 and the voltage at pin 74 of microcomputer.
- Compare the voltage at microcomputer pin (74) and setting value stored inside. If the value exceed the set value, microcomputer will judge that the compressor is overheated and stop the operation.
- When frost is formed on the outdoor heat exchanger, the temperature at the exchanger drops abruptly. Therefore the resistance of the DEF thermistor becomes high and the voltage at pin of micro computer drops. If this voltage becomes lower than the set value stored inside, microcomputer will enter the defrost control.
- During defrost operation, the microcomputer will transfer the defrosting condition command to indoor unit via SDO pin of interface of IF transmission output.
- The microcomputer read the outdoor temperature by Outside Air thermistor and transfer it to the indoor unit, thus controlling the compressor rotation speed according to the set value in the EEPROM of indoor unit and switching the operation mode (outdoor fan on/off etc.) to DRY mode.

Below table show the typical values of outdoor temperature in relation to the voltage.

Table 5-1

Outside Air Temperature (°C)	-10	0	10	20	30	40
Voltage at both side of R303 (V)	1. 19	1. 69	2. 23	2. 75	3. 22	3. 62

## <Reference>

When the thermistor is open, open condition or disconnect, microcomputer pin 70/74/75 are approx. OV; When thermistor is shorted, they are approx. 5V and LD301 will blink 7 times.

However, an error is detected when only the OH thermistor is shorted and will enter blinking mode after 12 minutes start the compressor operation.

## 6. Electric expansion valve circuit

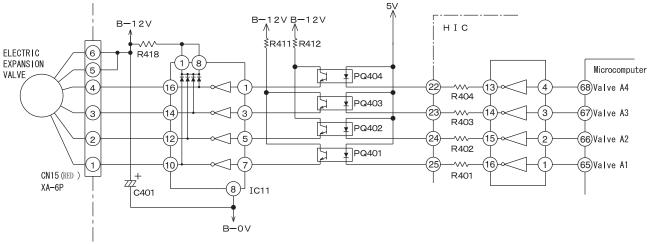


Fig. 6-1

- The electric expansion valve is driven by DC12V. Power is supplied to 1 or 2 phases of 4-phase winding to switch magnetic pole of winding in order to control the opening degree.
- Relationship between power switching direction of phase and open/close direction is shown below. When power is supplied, voltages at pins 4 to 1 of CN15 are about 0.9V and 12V when no power is supplied. When power is reset, initial operation is performed for 10 or 20 seconds. During initial operation, measure all voltages at pin 4 to 1 of CN15 by using a multimeter. If there is any pin with voltage that has not changed from 0.9V or 12V, expansion valve or microcomputer is broken.
- Fig. 6-2 shows logic waveform when expansion valve is operating.

Table 6-1									
CN15	Wire			D	rive st	atus			
pin no.	wire	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	WHT	ON	ON	0FF	0FF	0FF	0FF	0FF	ON
2	YEL	0FF	ON	ON	ON	0FF	0FF	0FF	0FF
3	ORG	0FF	0FF	0FF	ON	ON	ON	0FF	0FF
4	BLU	BLU OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON							
Operation mode $1\rightarrow2\rightarrow3\rightarrow4\rightarrow5\rightarrow6\rightarrow7\rightarrow8$ VALVE CLOSE									
8→7→6	5→5→4	.→3→2-	→1 VA	LVE OPE	.N				

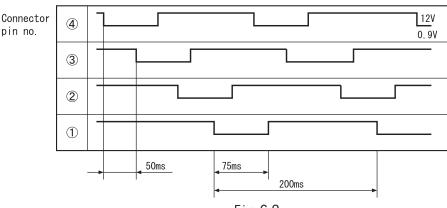


Fig. 6-2

With expansion valve control, opening degree is adjusted to stabilize target temperature by detecting compressor head temperature. The period of control is about once per 20 seconds and output a few pulse.

### 7. Outdoor DC fan motor control circuit

• This model is built with DC fan motor control circuit inside outdoor electrical unit.

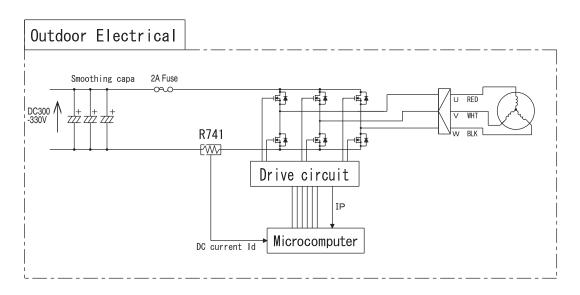


Fig 7-1

This DC fan motor is control by outdoor microcomputer that follow the operating instruction received from indoor microcomputer. The DC current that flow from R741 will presume actual operation speed and control the rotation to follow the operating instruction. Based on this DC current it will detect a over current and other fan motor failure.

#### (1) Fan motor speed controller during starting

Due to the interference of strong wind etc., operation movement is changed based on fan direction and rotation speed as shown below during starting of operation.

In addition, the fair wind is define as wind that blow to outside direction using Mouth Ring part.

At strong and contrary wind ... The rotational speed is not controlled as to protect the equipment and fan will rotate reversely depend on the wind. Automatically

start when wind condition become weak.

At contrary wind .... The rotational speed is controlled in fair wind direction after it

slowly reduce the speed and finally stop.

At fair wind .... The rotational speed is controlled as it is.

At strong fair wind .... The rotational speed is not controlled as to protect the equipment

and fan will rotate reversely depend on the wind. Automatically

start when wind condition become weak.

## (2) Fan motor speed controller during unit operating

There is a case where fan rpm is reducing during rotating caused by interference of strong wind If this condition continue in long period, fan will stop rotating. (LD301 : 11 times blinking) The unit will restart according to control as per during start (1).

- (3) Method of confirming self diagnosis LD301 lamp: 12 times blinking

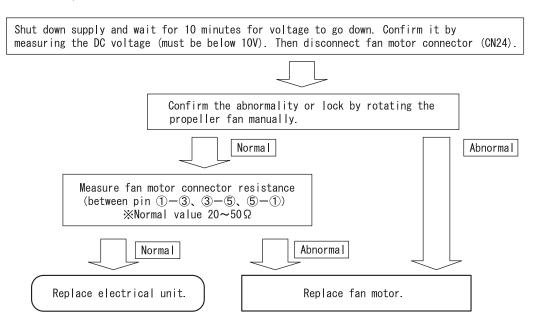
  If the unit stop and LD301 on the pwb blinking 12 times [fan lock stop is detected], follow below steps to confirm it.
  - 1. Fan lock stop is detected when something has disturb the fan rotation by inserting material into propeller fan or ice has growing inside outdoor unit caused by snow.

    Remove it if found something is bloking the fan.
  - 2. Confirmed that CN24 connector is securely inserted. Fan lock stop is detected also when connector is not properly inserted. Please securely insert if found any disconnection.
  - 3. Fan lock stop also can be detected where strong wind blown surrounding the unit.

    Please confirm after restart the unit. (It may take few minutes to operate the compressor)

    It is not a malfunction of electrical unit or fan motor if the unit run continuesly after restart the unit.
  - 4. Check fan motor condition as below procedure.

## [Checking Fan Motor] procedure



- 5. Reconnect again fan motor connector (CN24).
  - $\ensuremath{\mathscr{R}}\xspace{0.05em}$  Please confirm above checking procedure if found 2A fuse blown.

If fan motor is broken, replace both electrical unit and fan motor.

#### Caution

\*\*Beware of electric shock due to high voltage when conducting an operation check. Power supply for DC fan motor and compressor is common (DC300-330V).

## SERVICE CALL Q&A

#### Cooling operation The compressor sometimes Q1 Cooling when the room Check if the heat stops during cooling. temperature is low may exchanger of the indoor cause the heat exchanger unit is covered with frost. of the indoor unit to gather Wait for 3 to 4 minutes frost. until the frost disappears. Dehumidification The indoor unit produces a noise that Q1 Α1 That is a noise produced by refrigerant flowing through goes "shaaahhh" during the pipe. dehumidification. Q2 Cold air comes out during a To improve the dehumidification efficiency performs dehumidifying operation. quiet fan operation. Therefore the air is cold and it is not a malfunction. Q3The operation does not stop even by It sets to perform dehumidifying operation by setting setting the temperature higher than the temperature slightly lower than remote controller room temperature on the remote setting. controller. Heating operation Q1 Defrosting is in progress. Wait 5 to 10 minutes until The product sometimes fails to produce a wind during heating. the frost on the outdoor unit disappears. At the first of the heating, the product will run for 30 seconds with a slight fan speed. When set to strong fan speed, the The product begins with a slight fan Q2 speed during heating even though set product will begin with a slight fan speed operation, producing to "Hi fan" or "Med fan" or "Low fan" or a weak fan speed for 30 seconds, and then switch to strong "silent fan". fan speed. Q3 АЗ When heating is conducted despite the high outdoor The product stops during heating temperature, the product may stop to protect its even though it is set to "30 °C." equipment. Auto-fresh defrost Q1 During heating, I turned off the The "auto-fresh defrost" should be working. When product by using the START/STOP stopped, the product will check its outdoor unit for frost button. But the "operation lamp" is and, if there is any frost, conduct defrosting and then blinking and the outdoor unit is stop operating. running.

Common, etc.	
In "automatic fan speed" mode, the indoor fan changes from strong fan speed to weak fan speed to slight fan speed.	This does not abnormal. It is because the cold fan speed prevention is working.  In fan speed "automatic" mode, the product will sense the heat exchange temperature and, when the temperature goes down, the product will automatically switch to strong wind to weak fan speed to slight fan speed.
At operation startup, the outdoor unit becomes noisy.	At operation startup, the product will set the rotation speed of the compressor to full power and increase its heating and cooling capacity, resulting in a slightly higher noise level. This is not a sign of a breakdown.
The outdoor unit sometimes changes in its noise.	The difference between the thermometer temperature setting and room temperature will change the rotation speed of the compressor. This is not a sign of a breakdown.
There is a difference between the temperature setting and room temperature in room temperature control.	The room structure, air stream, or other factor may cause a gap between the room temperature setting and actual room temperature. If there is any difference between the setting and the room temperature, adjust the temperature setting to match the living space to a comfortable temperature.
The product will not produce wind right after startup.	After turning ON the power switch or breaker, setting the product to heating or dehumidification will activate a preliminary operation for 1 minute. At that time, heating will cause the operation lamp to blink. This is not a sign of a breakdown.
I performed internal cleaning, but didn't succeed in controlling the mold in the room.	Internal cleaning will clean the inside of the indoor unit of the air-conditioner, thereby controlling mold generation. This will not control the mold in the room.

#### Wireless remote control Q1 The timer will not become set. Have you set the product to the current time? The timer cannot be set unless it is set to the current time. The current time When set to the current Q2 The current time display will disappears 10 seconds time setting, the reading disappear at once. blinks for about 3 minutes. later. The timer set display is given priority. Q3 А3 I made a timer "reservation". But Is the time not past the reserved time? the time setting has disappeared. The set time disappears when the current time reaches the reserved time. Q4 I tried to set the "sleep" timer The time set in the "sleep" timer can be set with a while the ON timer is reserved. time up to the time set with the ON timer. If the end But it will not set itself to a desired time of the "sleep" timer is past the time set with the ON timer, you cannot make that setting. **A5** Q5 I set the "sleep" timer during 1)This occurs when the room temperature and humidity have reached their settings during dehumidification and operation.But the air-conditioner is in a pause. The product will begin 1) the indoor fan will not run (it will again to run within about 3 minutes. not produce wind) 2The product will run with the wind speed set to a "quiet" (2) wind intensity will not change. state. Q6 I tried to change the setting with You cannot make this setting when the product is in "air the "room temperature" button of purification" mode. Moreover, you cannot set the product the remote control unit in vain. to a desired setting when quick laundry or dew control is being performed with the "auto" or "quick dehumidification" button. The temperature setting field on the The product will give a display when you operate the product remote control unit displays in "auto" using the operation switch button. This can be $+ \int^{\infty} \text{ or } - \int^{\infty} .$ controlled within the range of $\pm 3$ °C. The product will display + $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}$ if the temperature is $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}$ higher than the room temperature in automatic setting. The product will display - $\int^{\infty}$ if the temperature is $\int^{\infty}$ lower than the room temperature in automatic setting. Q8 **A8** The remote control unit will give no The remote control unit displays nothing.

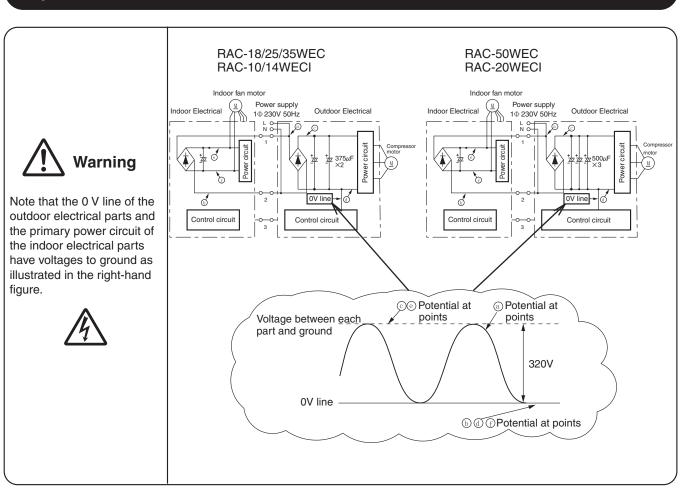
display in response to a push of the

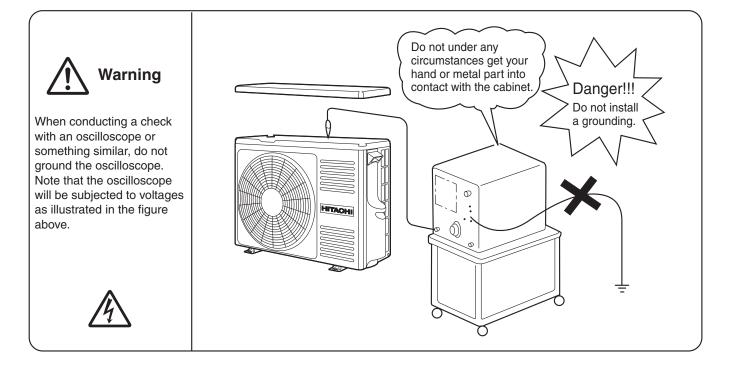
"vertical vane" button.

# **TROUBLE SHOOTING**

MODEL RAC-18/25/35/50WEC RAC-10/14/20WECI

# Inspection instructions





# DISCHARGE, PROCEDURE AND POWER SHUT OFF METHOD FOR **POWER CIRCUIT**



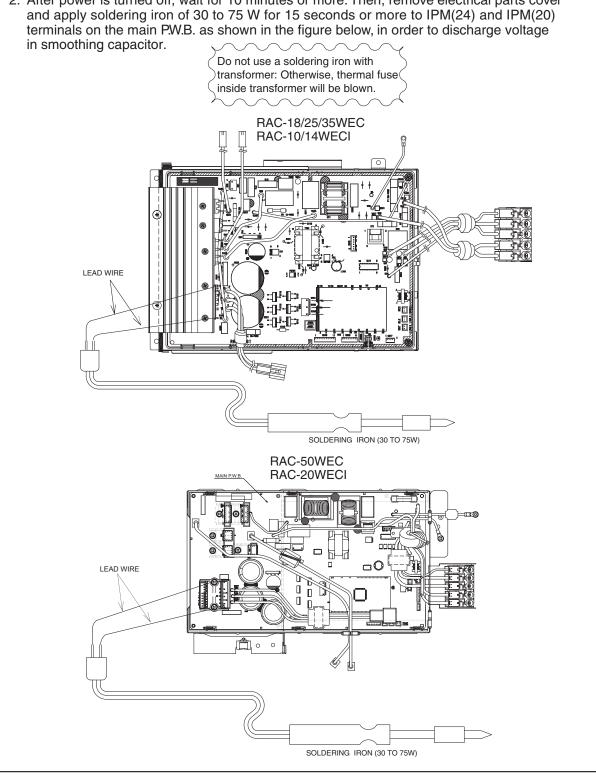


### Caution

- Voltage of about 350 V is charged between the terminal of smoothing capacitors.
- During continuity check for each circuit part of the outdoor unit, be sure to discharge the smoothing capacitors.

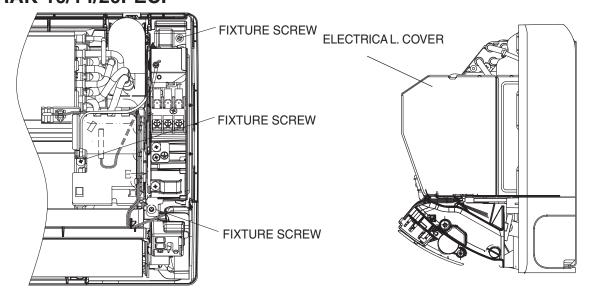
# **Discharge Procedure**

- 1. Turn off the power.
- 2. After power is turned off, wait for 10 minutes or more. Then, remove electrical parts cover and apply soldering iron of 30 to 75 W for 15 seconds or more to IPM(24) and IPM(20) terminals on the main PW.B. as shown in the figure below, in order to discharge voltage



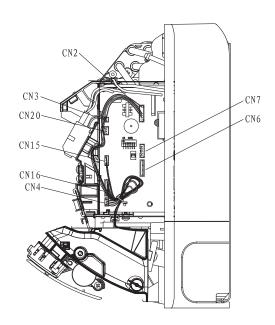
# STRUCTURE OF AN INDOOR UNIT ELECTRIC PARTS

RAK-18/25/35/50PEC RAK-25/35/50PECC RAK-10/14/20PECI



# Removing electrical parts

- 1. Remove the electrical parts cover.
- 2. Remove the connectors from the CN4 (heat exchange thermistor), CN15 (stepping motor) and CN2 (fan motor).
- 3. Remove three lock screws.



# Removing control P.W.B.

- 1. Remove the connectors from the CN3.
- 2. Remove the P.W.B. from the P.W.B. support.

# Removing the indicating P.W.B.

- 1. Remove the connector from the CN16 on the control P.W.B.
- 2. Remove the upper hook from the indicating P.W.B. lock resin, pull the P.W.B. forward a little and remove it.

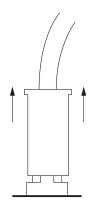
# Other instructions

# (1) Detaching and reattaching the receptacles for tab terminal

All the receptacles for connecting tab terminals are with a locking mechanism. Forcibly pulling any such receptacle without unlocking it will destroy it. Be on guard.

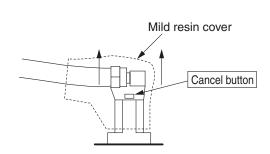
When reconnecting it, insert it securely all the way home.

# · Receptacle types and how to unlock them



Vertical (with a resin case)

Hold the resin case and pull it out.



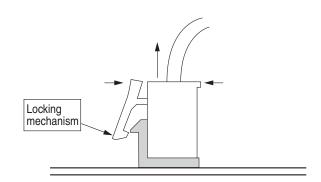
Horizontal (with a mild resin cover)

Hold the cancel button down on the mild resin cover while pulling it out.

### (2) Detaching and reattaching the board connector

The product comes equipped with many board connectors provided with lock mechanism. Forcibly pulling any such part without unlocking it will destroy it. Be on guard. When reconnecting it, insert it securely all the way home.

Pinch the locking mechanism with your fingers and pull it out unlocked.



## (3) Do not detach or reattach the connectors while energized

Do not under any circumstances detach or reattach the connectors while energized. That would destroy the board components and fan motor. For both the indoor and outdoor boards, ensure that the smoothing capacitor has discharged its electricity fully before you do your work.

# **Troubleshooting support**

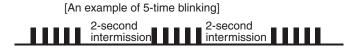
Nº	Function	Description
1	Self-diagnosis display [Display on the indoor unit side]	<ul> <li>The failure mode detected on the indoor unit side is displayed by blinking the "timer lamp". And a failure detected on the outdoor unit side will be indicated by the "time lamp" blinking 4 times.</li> <li>If the outdoor unit side detects a failure, the product will first conduct several operation retrials.</li> <li>There are some failure modes with no lamp display while retrials are continued.</li> <li>[Failure mode where retrials are continued and the indoor unit lamp does not end up giving a display]</li> <li>OH thermistor heat-up</li> <li>Overload lower limit cut</li> <li>Low-frequency things</li> </ul>
	[Display on the outdoor unit side]	The failure mode detected on the outdoor unit side is displayed by blinking the "LD301". Detecting a failure will stop the outdoor unit and keep blinking the LD301 until it is restarted.  (The communication error will persist until the communication is reestablished.)
2	Self-diagnosis memory	<ul> <li>The failure modes detected on the indoor and outdoor unit sides are stored in the nonvolatile memory of the indoor unit and can be read later on.</li> <li>(The memory will remain even after power-off.)</li> <li>The failure modes detected on the outdoor unit side are written in memory every time any such mode occurs. The failure mode can therefore be detected on the indoor unit side without waiting for the retry frequency to reach the display of the indoor unit lamp. Moreover, the normal self-diagnosis display function which rarely occurs will store and display failure modes that do not end up displaying the indoor unit lamp.</li> <li>(Any such mode may be unable to be stored if indoor or outdoor communications is in a failure.)</li> <li>The product stores 5 last-stored failure modes.</li> <li>There is a function for deleting memory. Once you clear the memory and run the product for several days, you can read the failure modes and check them, thereby detecting the less frequent failure phenomena.</li> <li>Failure modes can be checked by both the blinking of the lamp of the indoor unit and the display of the remote control liquid crystal display.</li> </ul>

<sup>\*</sup>The "self-diagnosis function of the communication circuit" available in our conventional models is now incorporated as part of the normal self-diagnosis function. In the case of a failure in the communication circuit, you do not have to conduct a special operation and the operations can be automatically divided into 3 blinking operations and 12 blinking operations of the timer lamp. However, a strong external noise may have resulted in 12 times of blinking.

# Self-diagnosis display function (indoor side display)

While the "timer lamp" (orange), of the indoor unit is blinking, troubleshoot the product while referring to the table below.

- 1. How to count the lamp blinking frequency
  - The product will repeat blinking with 2-second intermissions.
  - The blinking speed is as follows: on for 0.35 seconds and off for 0.35 seconds.



2. If you wish to try another operation while the lamp is blinking, operate the START/STOP button on the remote control unit twice. The first push will reset the indoor microcomputer, while the second will activate the product

# DESCRIPTION OF THE SELF-DIAGNOSIS INDICATION

REFER TO THE TABLE BELOW IF THE TIMER INDICATOR (ORANGE) IS BLINKING.

LAMP BLINKING	MODE	MAIN DEFECTIVE
2 sec	ONCE	REFRIGERANT CYCLE DEFECTIVE
2 sec	2 TIMES	FORCED COOLING OPERATION
2 sec — — —	3 TIMES	INTERFACE DEFECTIVE (INDOOR)
2 sec — — —	4 TIMES	OUTDOOR UNIT DEFECTIVE
2 sec	9 TIMES	INDOOR THERMISTOR DEFECTIVE
	10 TIMES	ABNORMAL ROTATING NUMBERS OF DC FAN MOTOR
	12 TIMES	INTERFACE DEFECTIVE (OUTDOOR)
	13 TIMES	IC531 DEFECTIVE

# ( \_\_\_\_- - LIGHTS FOR 0.35 SEC AT )

 $\ensuremath{\boldsymbol{\ast}}$  if the interface circuit is defective when the power is turned on.

THE SELF-DIAGNOSIS INDICATION WILL NOT WORK.

\*IF THE INDOOR UNIT CAN NOT BE OPERATED AT ALL,

REFER TO THE TABLE BELOW IF THE INDOOR UNIT DOSE NOT WORK AT ALL.

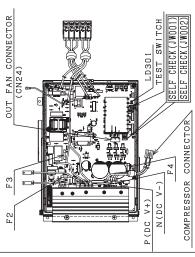
CHECK POINT	ACTION/REPLACEMENT PARTS, etc
FU1(3.15A) FUSE BLOWN	REPLACE THE PART WHICH CAUSED BLOWING /DISCONNECTION OF FU1(3.15A) FUSE
COME OFF OR DISCONNECTION OF THE CONNECTOR FOR INDICATING P.W.B	FIX CN16 CONNECTOR
FAILURE OF CONTROL P.W.B	REFER TO THE SERVICE GUIDE FOR HOW TO DETERMINE THE FAILED PART

# **SELF-DIAGNOSIS LIGHTING MODE**

MODEL RAC-18/25/35WEC **RAC-10/14WECI** 



CONFIRM THE DC VOLTAGE AT THE MEASUR NG POINT SHOWN IN BELOW FIGURE MUST BE LESS THAN 10V.



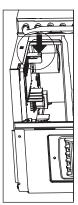
POINTS **\*OTHERS CHECK**  1. DIAGNOSIS FOR FREVERSING VALVE OPERATION ERROR];

⇒CHECK REVERSING VALVE WIRE CONNECTION EITHER WIRE BROKEN OR NOT, IF OK CHECK 3, 15A FUSE, IF BROKEN REPLACE FUSE.

2. FWHEN DISPLAY THE COMMUNICATION ERROR OR THE OUTDOOR DO NOT RIN AT ALLI,

⇒PLEASE CHECK THE CONTINUITY OF THE INDOOR ⇔OUTDOOR CONNECTING CORD (F CABLE).

COUTDOOR FAN MOTOR CHECKIDIAGNOSIS METHOD	, AN	MOTOR	СН	ECKJ	D I 4	161	1081	20	ET	HOD
1. PUT THE PC	WER.	THE POWER OFF VE THE OUTDOOK FAN MOTOR'S CONNECTOR FROM"	FAN	MOTOF	8	8	NNEC	TOR	꿈	.w
3. ROTATE THE	FA	N MOTOR BY	R BY	HANI	A A	5	CHEC	×⊦		
4. MEASURE TH		ESISTANC	NCE.	NCE BETWEEN EACH	ZEZ	E		<u>.</u>		
NORMAL RES	SIST	.,=	2≥	EN E	35	三三	RMIN.	AL:	20~	500
*INSERT THE AFTER FINI	EFAN	N MOTOR'S NG STEPS		CONNE	CTC	S.				



			OPERATION)
			(NORMAL
DURING STOP	CONTENTS	NORMAL OPERATION	18 SEC LIGHTING AND 0.3 SEC OVERLOAD OPERATION (NORMAL OPERATION)
nd	LD301	LIGHT	SEC LIGHTING AND 0.3 SEC

IN CASE OF DIFFICULT TO JUDGE THE ABNORMAL WITH ODU CONTROLLER OR THE COMP. BILLNIKING IN 2, 3.4 ON 5 TIMES AT SELF-DIAGNOSIS IN THE STOPPING STATUS, PLEASE PERFORM THE MEGA CHECK AND CONFIRM THE INSLATION WITH THE COMPRESSOR. AS THERE IS NOT ABNORMAL FOR THE INSULATION WITH COMPRESSOR.

[SELF-CHECK] DIAGNOSIS RESULT	NG MODE SIBLINK	HOW TO REPIAR	GOSSEGONOS TUT TOWNERS	CHANGE THE COMINESSON	CHANCE ONL CONTROLLED	*CHANGE UDU CONINCLEEK	GHECK THE COMPRESSOR	CONNECTOR AND	IF ABOVE ARE OK, CHANGE	THE ODU CONTROLLER	· REACTOR IS DISCONNECTION.	- CONNECT IT FROMERLY - IF AC VOLTAGE INPIT ARNORMAL	(OVER STANDARD VOLTAGE+10%)	→ FOLLOW STANDARD AC VOLTAGE	• IF AC VOLTAGE INPUT IS NORMAL (WITHIN±10%) → CHANGE P, W, B	CHANCE ONL CONTROLLED	· CHANGE UDU CONIROLLER
[SELF-CHECK] D	SELF-DIAGNOSIS BLINKING MODE	SELF-DIAGNOSIS CONTENTS	NOT CONTROLLER	DEFECTIVE	FOUND PEAK	CURRENT ERROR	COMPRESSOR	CURRENT	ABNORMAL		O 7	VOLTAGE				EEPROM READING	ERROR
	SEL	LD301 (RED)	<b>ZZ</b>	ONCE	<u> </u>	2 TIMES	<b>Z</b>		/ TIMES		Ø			10 TIMES		<b>22</b> 3	13TIMES ERROR

RIGHT SIDE ARROW INDICATE THE POSSITION
OF TEST SWITCH LEVER ON THE SIDE PANEL
(SHOWN IN LEFT FIGURE,)



	-	DURING ST	
တြ	ELF.	SIS BLINKING MODE	Z:BLINK D:OFF
01 D)	SELF DIAGNOSIS CONTENTS	MAIN CHECK POINT	HOW TO REPAIR
·	NORMAL STOP (STOPPED BY INDOOR THERMO- STAT OR MAIN OPERATION OFF)	I, NO NEED TO CHECK─────	1.NOT ANY MALFUNCTION
[12	FAN MODE OPERATION,		1. NOT ANY MALFUNCTION
N	PEAK CURRENT	ODU CONTOROLLER DEFECTIVE COMPRESSOR ABNORMAL LOAD	1. CHANGE ODU 2. CHECK THE C
TIMES	ABNORMAL LOW SPEED ROTATION	1. ODU CONTROLLER DEFECTIVE 2. COMPRESSOR ABNORMAL LOAD	1. CHANGE ODU CONTROLLER 2. CHECK THE COMPRESSOR
TIMES	SWITCHING FAILURE	R OPEN—	1. INSERT THE CONNECTOR 2. CHECK THE COMPRESSOR 3. CHANGE ODU CONTROLLER
TIMES	OVERLOAD LOWER LIMIT CUT	1. OBSTACLE SURROUND THE ODU MAY CAUSE 2. OTHER CAUSE	1. REMOVE 2. CHECK
TIMES	OH THERMISTOR TEMPERATURE RISE	DUE TO OPEN CONNECTOR————————————————————————————————————	1. INSERT THE CONNECTOR 2. CHECK THE CYCLE PIPE AND RECHARGE THE REFRIGERANT 3. CHANGE ONLI CONTROLLED
TIMES	THERMISTOR ABNORMAL	CONNECTOR INSERT MISS OPEN CIRCUIT/SHORT CIR- CUIT OF THERMISTOR WIRE ODU CONTROLLER DEFECTIVE	CHANGE
TIMES	COMMUNICATIONS ERROR	F CABLE MISS CONNECTION FOR CONTROLLER DEFECTIVE	1. F CABLE CON 2. CHANGE THE 3. CHANGE ODU
TIMES	ABNORMAL POWER SOURCE	REACTOR IS UNCONNECTED ——> ABNORMAL AC INPUT: ——— OUT OF THE RANGE (230±10%) AC INPUT IS NORMAL ——— AC INPUT IS NORMAL ————————————————————————————————————	1. CONNECT REA 2. CONNECT TO AC POWER SO 3. CHANGE ODU
MES	ODU FAN STOP BY STRONG REVERSE WIND	OUTDOOR FAN STOP BY	1. IT WILL RE-START AFTER THE WIND BECOME WEAK
TIMES	OUTDOOR LOCK ER	I. OUTDOOR FAN STOP BY STRONG REVERSE WIND 2. PROPELLER FAN LOCK 3. OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR LOCK	1. AUTOMATICALLY RE-START AFTER WIND BECOME WEAK 2. REMOVE THE OBSTRUCTION 3. CHANGE THE FAN MOTOR
TIMES	EEPROM READ ERROR	OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR OK COUTBOOK HANGE OUTDOOR UNIT CONTROLLE	4. CHANGE ODU CONTROLLER
TIMES	ACTIVE VOLTAGE ABNORMAL		1. CHANGE ODU CONTROLLER 2. CHECK THE COMPRESSOR
TIMES	HIGH LORD STOP	SERVICE VALVE CLOSE SERVICE SURROUND SERVICE SURROUND SERVICE COUSE SERVICE OB FILTER IN INDOOR	1. CHECK SURVICE VALVE 2. REMOVE THE OBSTRUCTION 3. CHECK FILTER
		UNIT CAUSE.	

# SELF-DIAGNOSIS LIGHTING MODE

**MODEL RAC-50WEC RAC-20WECI** 

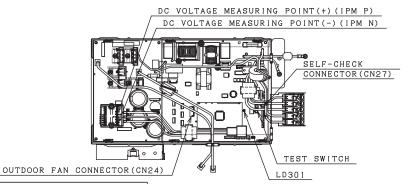
**\*EXAMPLE OF** 

(5TIMES)

2SEC \_\_\_



	DURING STOP
LD301	CONTENTS
LIGHT	NORMAL OPERATION
2 SEC LIGHTING AND 0.3 SEC LIGHTS OUT REPETITION	OVERLOAD OPERATION(NORMAL OPERATION)



		OUTDOOK FAN CONNECTOR (CF
		DURING STOP
S	ELF-DIAGNO	SIS BLINKING MODE
LD301 (RED)	SELF DIAGNOSIS CONTENTS	MAIN CHECK POINT HOW TO REPAIR
OFF	NORMAL STOP (STOPPED BY INDOOR THERMO- STAT OR MAIN OPERATION OFF)	1. NO NEED TO CHECK 1. NOT ANY MALFUNCTION
ONCE	FAN MODE OPERATION,	1. INDOOR AIR CLEAN OPERATION≎ 1. NOT ANY MALFUNCTION
2 TIMES	RESET STOP PEAK CURRENT GUT	2. OTHER CAUSE   1. ODU CONTROLLER  2. CHANGE ODU CONTROLLER  2. COMPRESSOR ABNORMAL LOAD  2. CHECK THE COMPRESSOR
3 TIMES		1. ODU CONTROLLER DEFECTIVE ⇒ 1. CHANGE ODU CONTROLLER 2. COMPRESSOR ABNORMAL LOAD ⇒ 2. CHECK THE COMPRESSOR
4 TIMES	SWITCHING FAILURE OVERLOAD LOWER	1. COMPRESSOR CONNECTOR OPEN⇒   1. INSERT THE CONNECTOR 2. COMPRESSOR ABNORMAL LOAD⇒ 2. CHECK THE COMPRESSOR 3. ODU CONTROLLER DEFECTIVE⇒ 3. CHANGE ODU CONTROLLER 1. OBSTACLE SURROUND ⇒ 1. REMOVE THE OBSTRUCTION
5 TIMES	LIMIT CUT	THE ODU MAY CAUSE 2. OTHER CAUSE 2. CHECK CYCLE PIPE
6 TIMES	OH THERMISTOR TEMPERATURE RISE	1. DUE TO OPEN CONNECTOR  2. LEAKAGE OF REFRIGERANT  2. CHECK THE CYCLE PIPE AND  RECHARGE THE REFRIGERANT
0	THERMISTOR ABNORMAL	3. OTHER CAUSE ⇒ 3. CHANGE ODU CONTROLLER  1. CONNECTOR INSERT MISS □ 1. INSERT PROPERLY  2. OPEN CIRCUIT/SHORT CIR-□ 2. CHANGE THE THERMISTOR
7 TIMES		CUIT OF THERMISTOR WIRE 3. ODU CONTROLLER DEFECTIVE ⇒ 3. CHANGE ODU CONTROLLER
9 TIMES	COMMUNICATIONS ERROR	1. F CABLE MISS CONNECTION ⇒   F CABLE CONNECT PROPERLY 2. F CABLE DISCONNECTION ⇒ 2. CHANGE THE F CABLE 3. ODU CONTROLLER DEFECTIVE ⇒ 3. CHANGE ODU CONTROLLER
10 TIMES	ABNORMAL POWER SOURCE	I. REACTOR IS UNCONNECTED   I. CONNECT REACTOR PROPERLY 2. ABNORMAL AC INPUT:   2. CONNECT TO NORMAL OUT OF THE RANGE (230±10%) AC POWER SOURCE
	ODU FAN STOP	3. AC INPUT IS NORMAL \$\implies 3. CHANGE ODU CONTROLLER  1. OUTDOOR FAN STOP BY \$\implies 1. IT WILL RE-START AFTER
11 TIMES	BY STRONG REVERSE WIND OUTDOOR FAN	STRONG REVERSE WIND  THE WIND BECOME WEAK  1. OUTDOOR FAN STOP BY
12 TIMES	LOCK ERROR	STRONG REVERSE WIND  2. PROPELLER FAN LOCK  2. REMOVE THE OBSTRUCTION  3. OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR LOCK  4. OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR OK  5. CHANGE THE FAN MOTOR  4. OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR OK  5. CHANGE ODU CONTROLLER
13 TIMES	EEPROM READ ERROR	·CHANGE OUTDOOR UNIT CONTROLLER
14 TIMES	ACTIVE VOLTAGE ABNORMAL	1. ABNORMAL OUTDOOR ☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐
15 TIMES	CIRCUIT ABNORMAL	• CHANGE OUTDOOR UNIT CONTROLLER
16 TIMES	HIGH LORD STOP	1. SERVICE VALVE CLOSE  2. OBSTACLE SURROUND  THE ODU UNIT MAY CAUSE 3. CLOGED FILTER IN INDOOR  3. CHECK FILTER
		UNIT CAUSE.

IN CASE OF DIFFICULT TO JUDGE THE ABNORMAL WITH ODU CONTROLLER OR THE COMP., BLINKING IN 2, 3, 4 OR 5 TIMES AT SELF-DIAGNOSIS IN THE STOPPING STATUS, PLEASE PERFORM THE MEGA CHECK AND CONFIRM THE INSULATION WITH THE COMPRESSOR, AS THERE IS NOT ABNORMAL FOR THE INSULATION WITH COMPRESSOR, PLEASE PERFORM [SELF-CHECK].

[SELF-CHECK]DIAGNOSIS METHOD ISELF-CHECK I DIAGNOSIS METHOD

1. PUT THE POWER OFF,
2. REMOVE THE SELF-CHECK CONNECTOR CN27",
3. PUT THE POWER ON,
(LD301:4 SEC LIGHTING AND 2 SEC LIGHTS OUT),
4. PUSH TTEST SWITCH DURING I SEC OR MORE,
5. ISELF-CHECK DIAGNOSIS RESULT WILL DISPLAY AT LD301,
SEE THE BELOW TABLE FOR THE DETAIL,
6. PUT THE POWER OFF AND CONNECT THE SELF-CHECK
CONNECTOR CR27". \*IF FORGET TO CONNECTING THE "CN27", THE TIMER LAMP OF THE INDOOR UNIT BLINKS 12 TIMES.

	[SELF-CHECK] D	IAGNOSIS RESULT
SEI	F-DIAGNOSIS BLINKIN	NG MODE ⊠:BLINK
LD301 (RED)	SELF-DIAGNOSIS CONTENTS	HOW TO REPIAR
ONCE	NOT CONTROLLER DEFECTIVE	· CHANGE THE COMPRESSOR
2 TIMES	FOUND PEAK CURRENT ERROR	·CHANGE ODU CONTROLLER
7 TIMES	COMPRESSOR CURRENT ABNORMAL	•CHECK THE COMPRESSOR •CONNECTOR AND CONNECT IT PROPERLY •IF ABOVE ARE OK, CHANGE THE ODU CONTROLLER
10 TIMES	ABNORMAL DC VOLTAGE	REACTOR IS DISCONNECTION,  CONNECT IT PROPERLY IF AC VOLTAGE INPUT ABNORMAL OVER STANDARD VOLTAGE!(DX)  FOLLOW STANDARD AC VOLTAGE INPUT IF AC VOLTAGE INPUT IS NORMAL (WITHINHIOX) CHANGE P. W. B
13 TIMES	EEPROM READING ERROR	·CHANGE ODU CONTROLLER

OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR CHECK! DIAGNOSIS METHOD | PUT THE POWER OFF | PUT THE POWER OFF | ROTATE HE FAN MOTOR S CONNECTOR FROM CN24". | ROTATE HE FAN MOTOR BY HAND AND CHECK | WHETHER THE FAN MOTOR IS LOCKED OR NOT. | MEASURE THE RESISTANCE BETWEEN EACH | TERMINAL OF THE FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR. | NORMAL RESISTANCE BETWEEN EACH TERMINAL:20~50Q \*INSERT THE FAN MOTOR'S CONNECTOR AFTER FINISHING STEPS 1 TO 4.

**\*OTHERS CHECK POINTS** 

- #OTHERS CHECK POINTS

  1. DIAGNOSIS FOR [REVERSING VALVE OPERATION ERROR];

  → CHECK REVERSING VALVE WIRE CONNECTION EITHER WIRE BROKEN
  OR NOT, IF OK CHECK 3, 15A FUSE, IF BROKEN REPLACE FUSE
  2. [WHEN DISPLAY THE COMMUNICATION ERROR OR
- THE OUTDOOR DO NOT RUN AT ALL!.

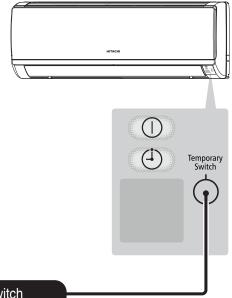
  ⇒PLEASE CHECK THE CONTINUITY OF THE INDOOR ⇔ OUTDOOR CONNECTING CORD (F CABLE).

( L: LIGHTS FOR 0.25 SEC AT INTERVAL ) ODU:OUTDOOR UNIT OF 0.25 SEC.

# Forced cooling operation

The cooling operation can be forcibly performed for collecting refrigerant and inspecting failures. Do not perform the forced cooling operation continuously for long hours, because the compressor continues to be in operational status, regardless of room temperature.

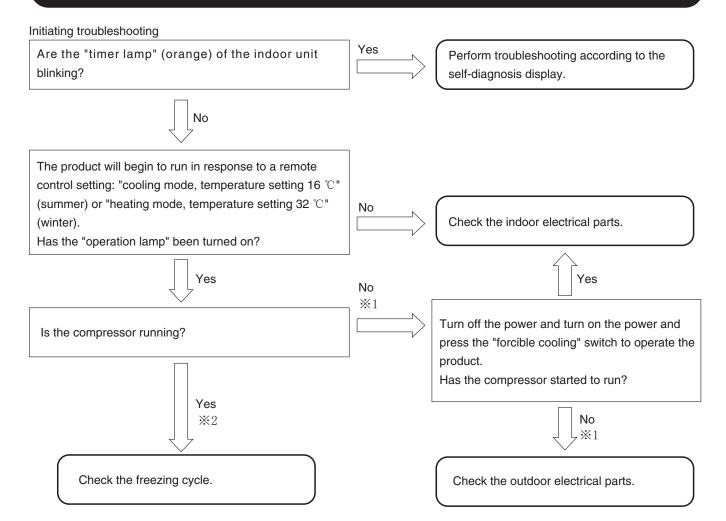
- <How to start the operation>
- The operation of the unit should be stopped.
- Press and hold the "Temporary operation SW" shown in the right figure for 5 sec.
- <How to stop the operation>
- Press and hold the "Temporary operation SW" again.
   Or stop the operation using the remote controller.
  - \*\*During the forced cooling operation, the "Timer indicator" blinks twice.



Temporary operation switch

When performing the forced cooling operation, turn the power off once. If you press and hold the switch for 5 sec or longer, the forced cooling operation starts. To stop the forced cooling operation, press the switch once again or stop the operation using the remote controller.

# Diagnosis and troubleshooting of indoor electric parts, outdoor electric parts and refrigerating cycle



- < Troubleshooting by using the self-diagnosis memory function>
- · By using the self-diagnosis memory function, you can check the failure mode (%1) occurring in the outdoor electrical parts on the indoor unit side.

Steps 1. Clear the troubleshooting data.

- 2. Run the product for several minutes under the conditions where the compressor runs.
- 3. Redisplay and check the data written in the self-diagnosis memory.
- $\cdot$  The self-diagnosis memory function can also be used to catch sporadic failure phenomena.

Steps

- 1. Clear the troubleshooting data.
- 2. Have the user use the product as usual until a failure phenomenon occurs. (The period depends on the incidence of the phenomenon.)
- 3. At a later date, redisplay and check the data written in the self-diagnosis memory.
- For the outdoor self-diagnosis display (OH thermistor heat-up, overload lower limit cut) stemming from the freezing cycle or operating condition, the time lag is long from operation startup to the emergence of the phenomenon. Moreover, it is affected by the temperature, sunshine, operating hours, and other factors of the day, so that the phenomenon may not be able to be identified at the time of a repair service visit. In that case too, use the self-diagnosis memory function (%2).
- The outdoor self-diagnosis display "overload lower limit cut" and "OH thermistor heat-up" can be identified only when you are using the self-diagnosis lamp of the outdoor unit and the self-diagnosis memory function of the indoor unit.

  Note that this will not be automatically displayed on the indoor unit side.

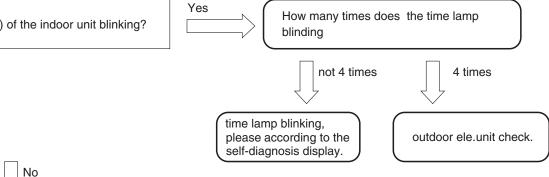
# Checking the indoor unit electrical parts

# Introduction

First check the failure phenomenon and status, and then move on to elaborate diagnosis.

### Initiating troubleshooting

Is the "timer lamp" (orange) of the indoor unit blinking?



Turn off the power, wait at least 5 seconds, turn it back on, and observe the way the horizontal vanes move for about 30 seconds.

Check 1: Have the horizontal vanes moved? (Yes/No)



Set the remote control unit to cooling mode, temperature setting 16℃ (summer), heating mode, temperature setting 32°C (winter) and operate the product.

Check 2: Has the product received the remote control signal and has the "operation lamp" gone on? (Yes/No)

If you responded "Yes" to Check 2:

Check 3: Is the compressor of the outdoor unit running? (Yes/No)

If you responded "No" to Check 2:

Check 4: Does the "emergency operation switch" work? (Yes/No)

# Check results and next check items

Check 1	Check 2	Check 3	Check 4	Next check item
No	No	_	No	Go on to "The power will not become turned on".
Yes	No	_	Yes	Go on to "The product will not receive the remote control signal".
Yes	Yes	No	_	Go on to "The compressor will not run".

# 1. Failure phenomenon: The power will not become turned on.

[Situation] Neither initialization, remote control, nor any other step works on the vane position at power-on.

[ Estimated failure locations ]

3.15 A fuse blown outControl power circuit

Estimated cause of fuse blowout · Abnormally high voltage applied to the power supply

Indoor fan motor out of order

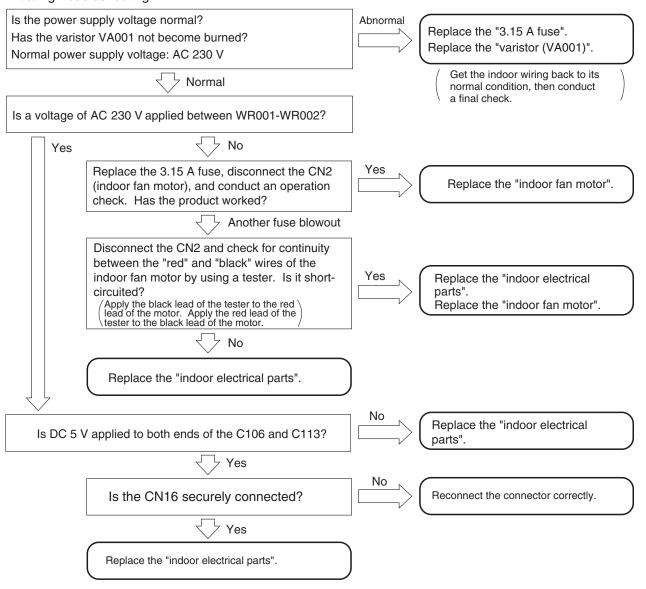
Power circuit out of order

· Connector loose, wire break

[Cautions]

- · Before work, check the power supply voltage. An abnormal voltage may be being supplied in some rare occasions due to a defect in the indoor wiring (a wire break in the neutral wire of the single-phase 3-wire power supply).
- If the 3.15 A fuse has blown out, eliminate the cause of the fuse blowout. Otherwise, there will occur another fuse blowout.
- · If the 3.15 A fuse has blown out due to an abnormally high voltage to the power supply, the varistor (VA001) will deteriorate and become destroyed as well.
- · On a repair service visit due to the failure phenomenon of "The power will not become turned on", take a "3.15 A fuse" and a "varistor" with you.

# [Diagnosis flow] Initiating troubleshooting



# 2. Failure phenomenon: The product will not receive a remote control signal.

[Situation ] The product does not receive a remote control signal. It is not very responsive.

(The product does run normally in response to the emergency operation switch.)

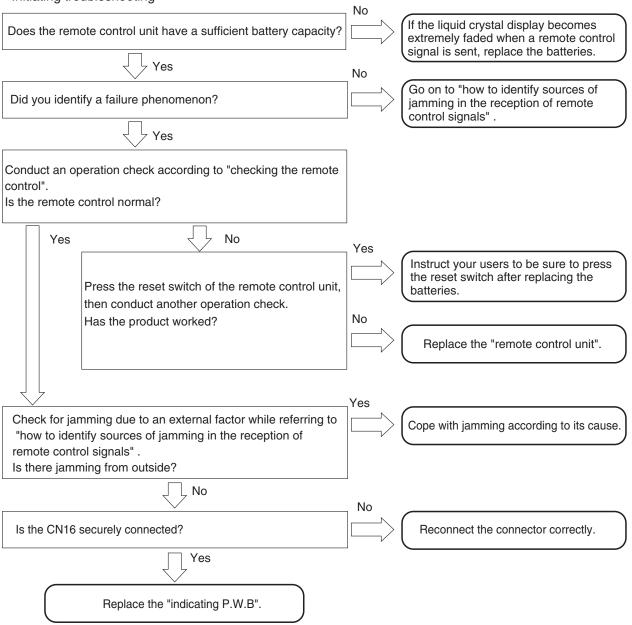
# [Estimated failure locations]

- · Remote control failure, remote control low battery level, remote control poorly set
- · Remote control light-receiving unit
- · Connector loose, wire break
- · Normal product (external factors: the remote control units for lighting equipment and other equipment, electrical noise, etc.)

### [Cautions]

- · Even if the product is trouble-free, a factor coming from outside the product may hamper the reception of signals from the remote control unit.
- · Batteries may decline in capacity at low temperatures. Old batteries decline particularly much in voltage in the morning and evening of winter, resulting in the poor arrival of remote control signals. Instruct your users to use new alkaline batteries.

# [Diagnosis flow] Initiating troubleshooting



[Cautions in replacing the indicating P.W.B.] Be sure to replace the indicating P.W.B. components.

# How to identify sources of jamming in the reception of remote control signals

The product may become poorly responsive to remote control signals due to external factors even though the product itself is trouble-free.

[ Estimating sources of jamming ] Identify the installation status of the air-conditioner and the indoor and outdoor environments to identify possible causes of the jamming.

- · Indoor lighting equipment (quantity, type, location)
- · Remote control units of other electrical products and equipment
- · Is the grounding for the air-conditioner shared with other equipment?
- · Are the surroundings of the air-conditioner clear of wireless antenna?
- · Is the remote control light-receiving unit protected from direct sunlight?

### Checking and actions ]

# Effects of lighting equipment (fluorescent lamps)

# Checking points

- Turn on and off the lighting equipment and check for its effects on the reception of remote control signals.
- When cold, the fluorescent lamp tends to emit infrared rays with wavelengths close to those used in remote control.

If you cannot detect the phenomenon about which your user is complaining at the time of your visit, such as "the product sometimes fails to receive remote control signals" and "the product fails to receive remote control signals in the morning alone", then turn off the lighting for about 20-30 minutes and wait for the fluorescent lamps to cool down before conducting another check.

There are even cases where the product fails to receive remote control signals for 1 to 2 minutes only after the lighting equipment is turned on.

- The noise status may vary with the dimming of the lighting equipment. In the case of lighting equipment with a dimmer, therefore, conduct a check with all the light intensities.
- · If the lighting equipment is the source of the jamming, the remote control light-receiving unit output usually shows a noise waveform as shown in the right-hand figure. In the case of slight jamming, this kind of waveform will not cause practical problems. However, intense degrees of jamming will disable the reception of remote control signals.
- · When the fluorescent lamp is old and is flickering, it may cause disorders in the reception of remote control signals.

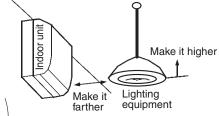
# remote control light-receiving unit 10 ms (or 8 ms) period

Output waveform of the

### Actions proposed

- 1. Make it hard for light of the lighting equipment to enter the remote control light-receiving unit.
- Separate the lighting equipment from the indoor unit.
- Raise the lighting equipment.
- Cover the upper half of the light-receiving panel from its rear side with aluminum tape or black vinyl tape.

This will also affect the reception of remote control signals. Therefore, set the range to be covered with tape to a range that is problem-free in practice, while checking the reception status.

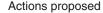


- 2. Add an interference filter to the front panel of the remote control light-receiving unit.
- ※ Lighting equipment that produces strong jamming exists although rarely. Some problems may therefore be unsolvable by managing the air-conditioner side alone.

# Effects of the remote control units of other equipment

### Checking points

- If, on the remote control unit of a TV or audio equipment, its sound volume key or something similar is left pressed, infrared signals become continuously sent. thereby iamming the reception of remote control signals.
- Check how the remote control unit and related components are stored, thereby checking if there is any possibility that a button may be inadvertently left pressed on the remote control unit of other equipment.



If there is any such possibility, give explanations to your users to that effect and instruct them to exercise caution.



# Effects of other electrical products

### Checking points

- · Check the effects of light and power noises coming from other electrical products.
- · Turn on and off the electrical products, turn off the power and turn on the power, and check their effects on the reception of remote control signals.
- · For products whose operating states change, check the effects of each state.

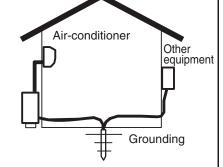
# Actions proposed

- · Change the location relationship between the air-conditioner and the target products.
- · Use a different wall outlet for the target products.

# Sharing a grounding

### Checking points

- · Check for effects of electrical noises coming into the airconditioner through grounding wires.
- Check if the grounding works is for the air-conditioner alone or shared with other equipment. If there is any equipment that shares it, turn on and off that equipment and detach and reattach the power plugs and examine their effects on the reception of remote control signals.



### Actions proposed

· Establish an independent grounding for the air-conditioner.

# Effects of radio waves

### Checking points

- Using a wireless transmitter near the air-conditioner may affect the reception of remote control signals.
- · Have your users try sending signals with a wireless transmitter and examine their effects on the reception of remote control signals.

# Actions proposed

- · Add a ferrite core to the power cord and F cable.
- · Add a ferrite core to the internal wiring of the indoor unit.
- · Move the wireless antenna.

# Effects of direct sunlight

### Checking points

- · Direct sunlight and other intense light make the remote control light-receiving unit less sensitive.
- · Check for any time zone where the remote control light-receiving unit of the indoor unit is affected by direct sunlight depending on the location of the sun and mirror reflection.

# Actions proposed

· Block the sunlight to protect against direct sunlight.

### 87

# 3. Failure phenomenon: The compressor will not run.

Replace the "indoor electrical parts".

[ Situation ] The compressor will not run (the same state as the thermometer turned off), the product receives remote control signals normally. The self-diagnosis lamp (LD301) of the outdoor unit blinks once or becomes turned off.

 $[\ Estimated\ failure\ locations\ ]\ \cdot\ Room\ temperature\ thermistor,\ heat\ exchanger\ thermistor$ 

· Microcomputer peripheral circuit

# [ Diagnosis flow ] Initiating troubleshooting Yes Check for failures according to the self-Is the "timer lamp" (orange) of the indoor unit diagnosis display. blinking? No No Did the self-diagnosis lamp (LD301) of the outdoor Check for failures according to the selfunit blink once or become turned off? diagnosis display. Yes No Remove the connector (CN4) of the room Replace the "room temperature and heat temperature thermistor and heat exchanger exchanger thermistors". thermistor and measure the thermistor resistance. Did the reading roughly agree with the resistance Thermistor characteristics (resistance) values indicated in the right-hand figure? Thermistor resistance (ka) Yes 10 0 10 20 30 Thermistor temperature ( °C )

# 4. Failure phenomenon: The fan motor will not stop.

[Situation ] have conducted the stop operation on the product by remote control, but the indoor fan motor will not stop. (It stopped about 10 minutes later.) [Estimated failure locations ] · Indoor fan motor · Fan motor drive circuit [Diagnosis flow ] Initiating troubleshooting Run the product by remote control and then stop it. Yes (Reproduce the failure phenomenon.) Replace the "indoor fan motor". Is the voltage between pins  $\ensuremath{\textcircled{4}}$  and  $\ensuremath{\textcircled{6}}$  of the fan motor connector (CN2) below 1.5 V? (Take measurements while the failure phenomenon is present.) No Replace the "indoor electrical parts".

# 5. Timer lamp blinking: blinking once

[Situation] The timer lamp blinks one time and the product will not operate. (This is not a sign of a breakdown.)

[Estimated failure locations] ·

- · Reversing valve defective.
- . The refrigerating cycle block gas leak.

# 6. Timer lamp blinking: blinking twice

[Situation] The product is giving a display to indicate that it is performing forcible cooling. (This is not a sign of a breakdown.)

# 7. Timer lamp blinking: blinking three times

[Situation] The timer lamp blinks three times and the product will not operate.

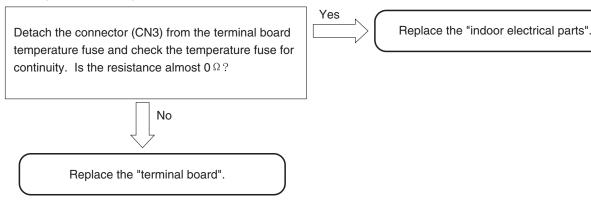
[Estimated failure locations]

- · Meltdown of the terminal board temperature fuse (the terminal board poorly inserted into the F cable)
- · Outdoor communication circuit out of order

[Cautions]

• If a terminal board is replaced to counter the meltdown of the terminal board temperature fuse, ensure that the F cable to be inserted into the terminal board has the appropriate dimension for peeling the insulation sheathing and that the insertion region is unbent before inserting it into the terminal board securely.

# [Diagnosis flow] Initiating troubleshooting



# 8. Timer lamp blinking: blinking four times

[Situation] The timer lamp blinks four times and the product will not operate.

[Estimated failure locations] · Outdoor unit error.

· Please confirm the times of the LD301 blinking, and then see the outdoor selfcheck lable.

# 9. Timer lamp blinking: blinking 9 times

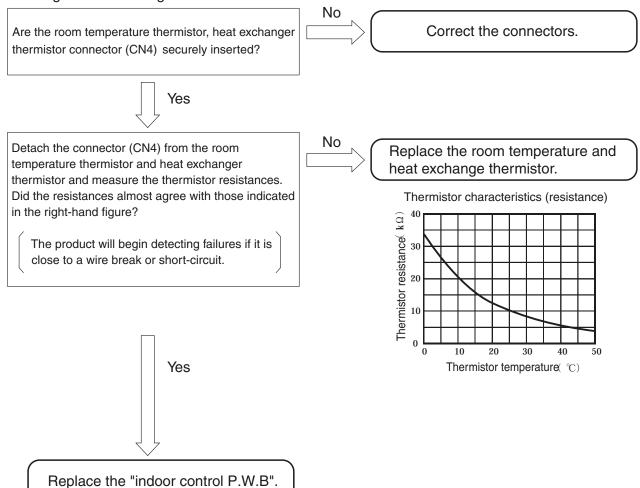
[Situation] The timer lamp blinks 9 times and the product will not run.

[Estimated failure location] • Loose connector, wire break, or short-circuit in the room temperature thermistor, heat exchanger thermistor.

[Cautions] • Starting the product by remote control will initiate failure detection.

(Merely turning on the power will not activate the failure detection function.)

# [Diagnosis flow] Initiating troubleshooting



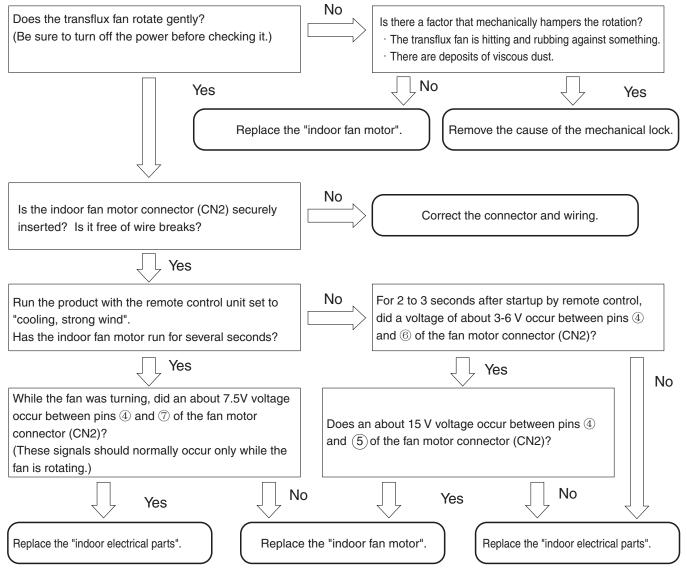
# 10. Timer lamp blinking: blinking 10 times

[Situation] The timer lamp blinks 10 times and the product will not run.

# [Estimated failure locations]

- · Loose connector or wire break in the indoor fan motor
- Indoor fan motor mechanically locked
- Indoor fan motor
- · Indoor fan motor drive circuit

# [Diagnosis flow] Initiating troubleshooting

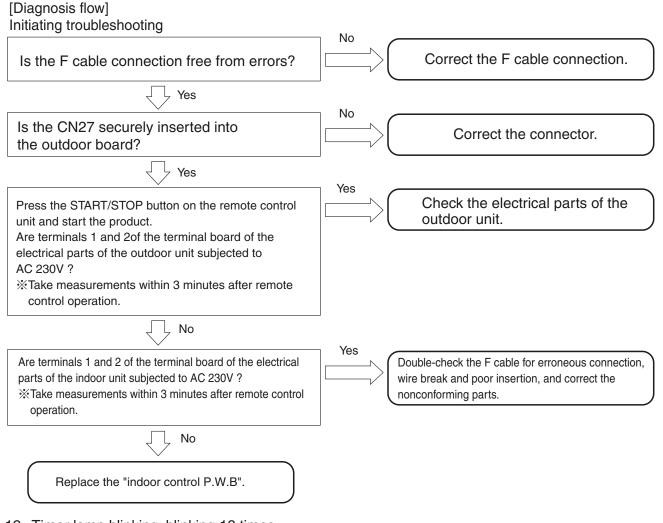


# 11. Timer lamp blinking: blinking 12 times

[Situation] The timer blinks 12 times and the product will not run.

- [Estimated failure locations] Erroneous connection in the indoor-outdoor connection line (F cable)
  - · Forget to connect CN27 of outdoor P.W.B
  - · Wire break or poor insertion of the indoor-outdoor connection line (F cable)
  - Electrical parts in the outdoor unit (communication circuit, power circuit error)
  - · Communication error due to noise in other home electronics
  - \*This does not constitute a failure in the air-conditioner

[Cautions] · When lines 1 and 2 of F cable are erroneously connected (crossed), the product may not enter self-diagnosis display mode. If the self-diagnosis memory stores data about "timer lamp blinked 12 times", then, just in case, check if the F cable is not erroneously connected.



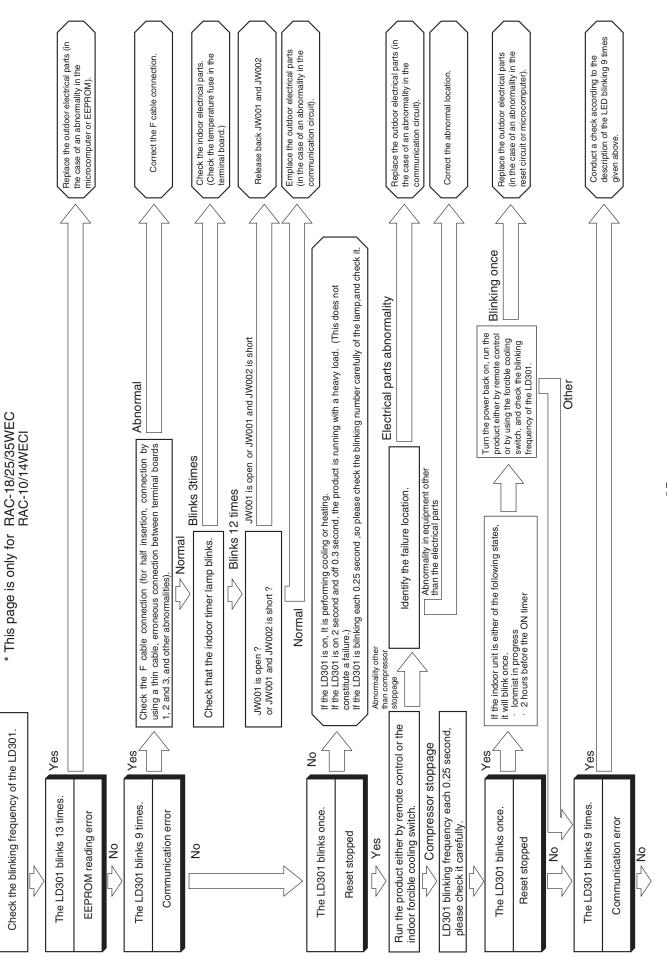
# 12. Timer lamp blinking: blinking 13 times

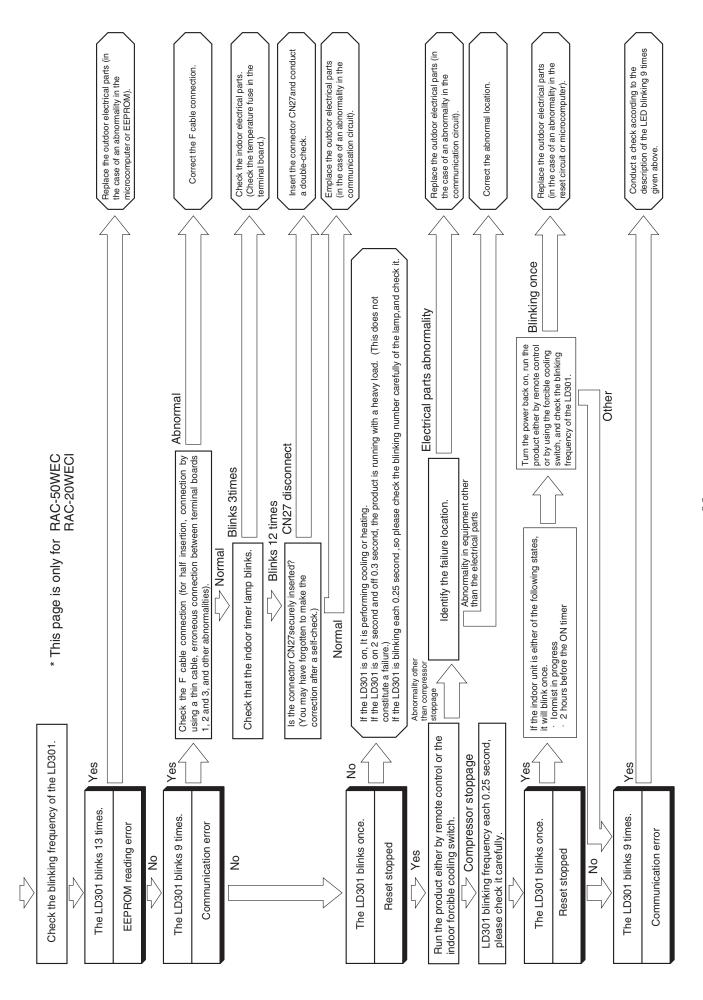
[Situation] The timer lamp blinks 13 times and the product will not run.

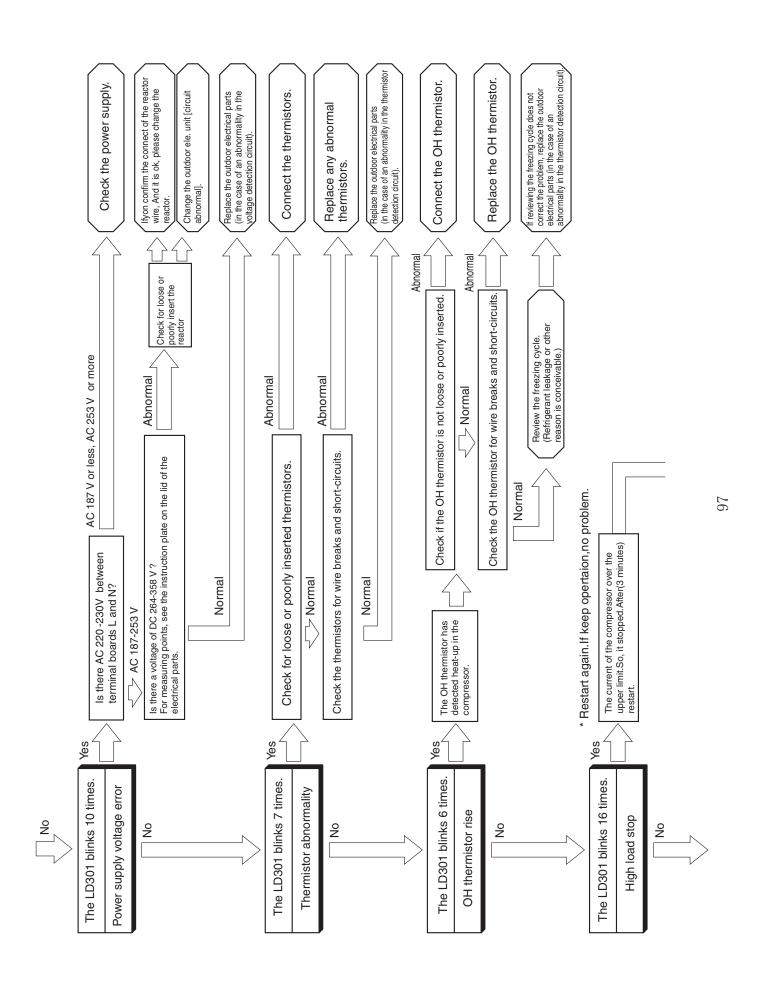
[Estimated failure location] • EEPROM, microcomputer

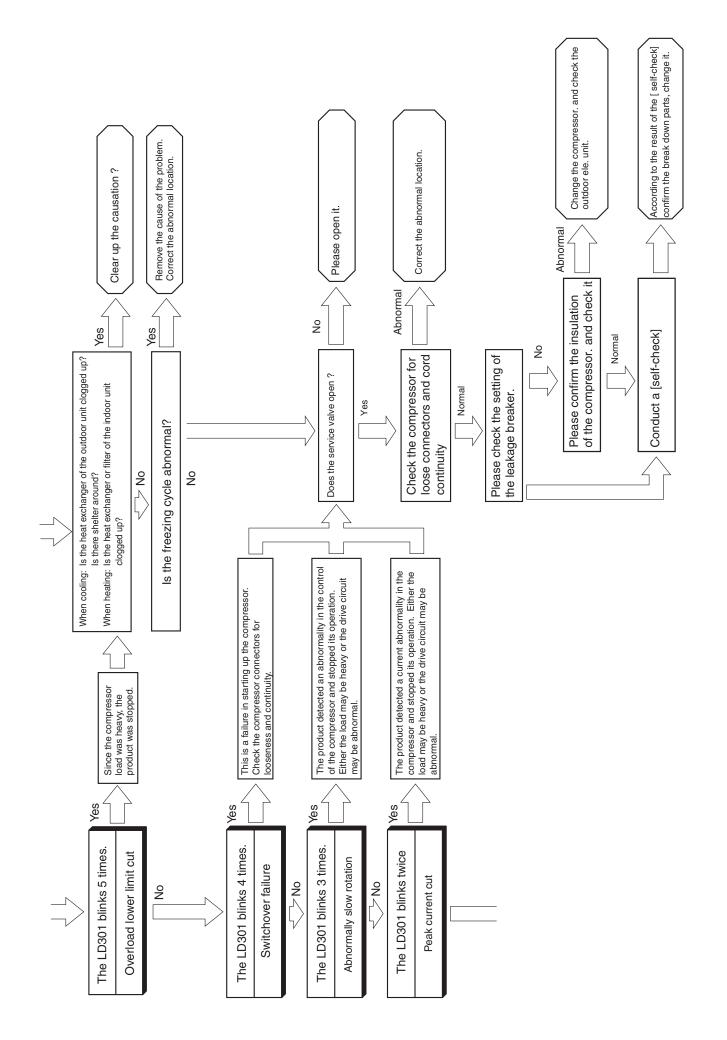
[Diagnosis flow]

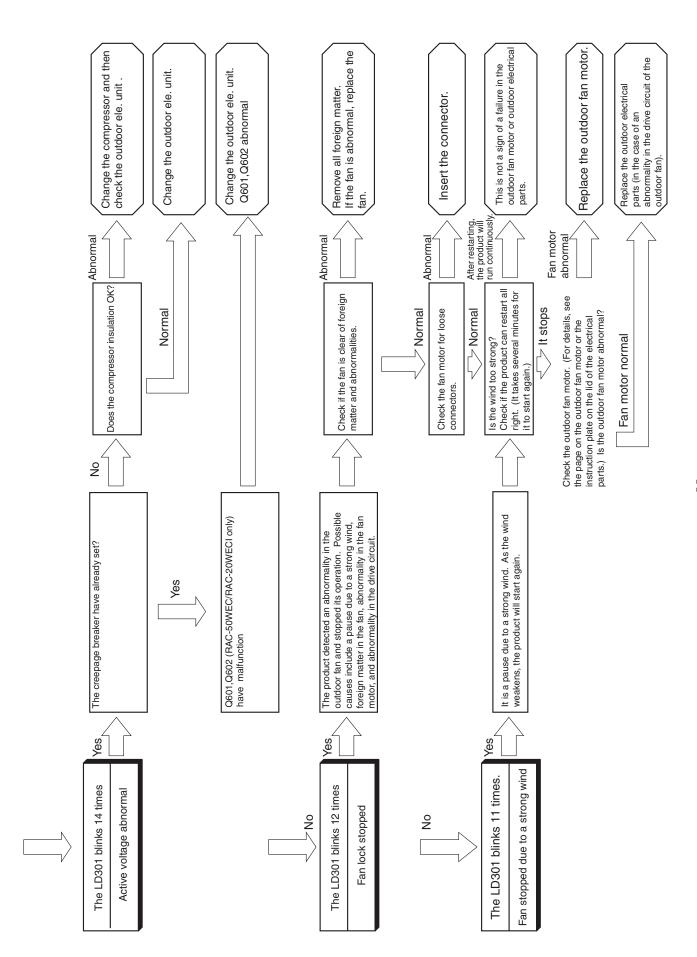
Replace the "indoor control P.W.B".











# SETTING THE PREVENTION OF MUTUAL INTERFERENCE FOR REMOTE CONTROLLER

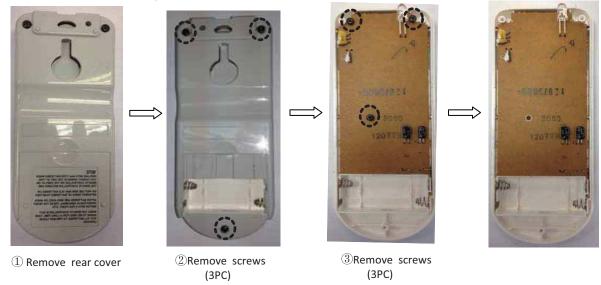
Case: 2 sets of indoor units installed near to each other.

If both indoor units can receive the same remote controller signal, please set the remote controller as below. (This setting will change the signal address of each remote controller.)

Initial remote controller signal address setting is  $\boldsymbol{A}$ 

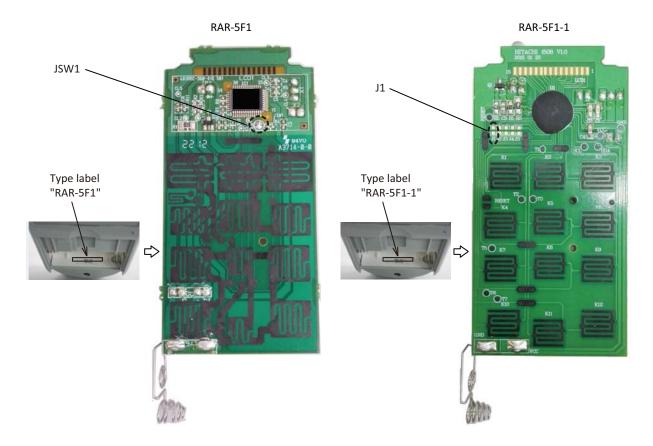
This procedure change the remote controller signal address from A to B.

1.Remove rear cover as shown in figure



2.Short the JSW1 or J1 ON PCB according to different supplier.

For distinguishing them, we attached different type label in the battery case as below.



NOTE: Please set the DIP switch No.6 to ON accordingly (Refer to page 50).

# HOW TO CHANGE THE SHIFT VALUE SETTING TEMPERATURE

The shift value setting temperature for Cooling and Heating mode operation can be change using remote controller. (This procedure shall be implemented strictly by service personnel only.)

### **PROCEDURES**

- 1. Press and hold OFF (OFF) button and OON (ON) button.
- 2. Press © [RESET] button on the same time. Release © [RESET] button only, then release ©FF (OFF) and ©ON (ON) button once Screen 1 appears.

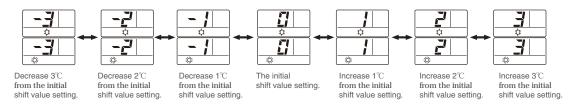


3. Press the 🐧 button to display 💲 fan mode (Screen 3).



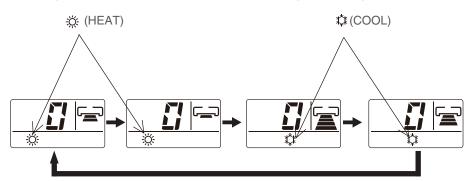
Screen 3

1. Press the Temperature button  $(\bigcap_{|c|} or \bigvee^{|c|})$  to change the shift value. (The shift value is changed with a beep.)



2. Select (FAN SPEED) button to choose Heating Shift or Cooling Shift Mode (Screen 4).

By setting fan speed to HIGH are or MED are, it will go to Cooling Shift mode. By setting fan speed to LOW are or SILENT, it will go to Heating Shift mode.

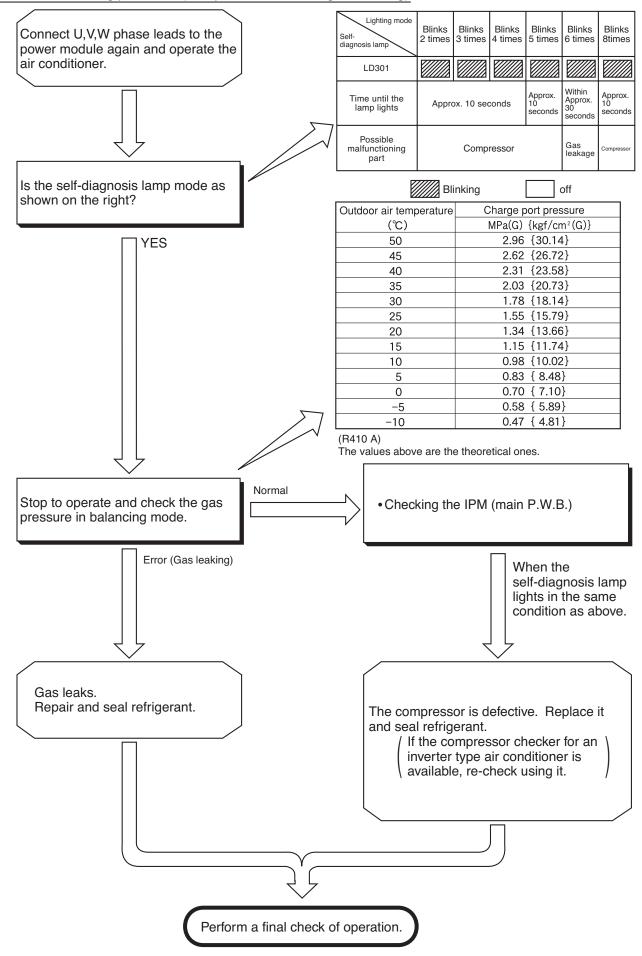


Screen 4

## NOTE:

- 1. There are total of 7 shift values ranging from -3 to 3.
- 2. The displayed shift value, ☼ (HEAT) and ☼ (COOL) symbol on the remote controller display will be disappear after 10 seconds
- 3. The changed shift value will remain unchanged after turned off the power.
- 4. If "0" is displayed on the remote controller display, it indicates the shift value is now at the initial setting.

# 1. Troubleshooting procedure (No operation, No heating, No cooling)



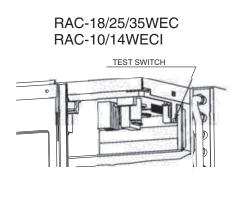
# How to run the product with the outdoor unit test switch

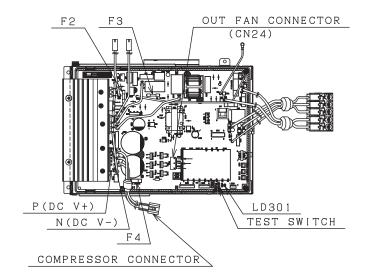
If the indoor electrical parts is out of order and if you wish to run the outdoor unit

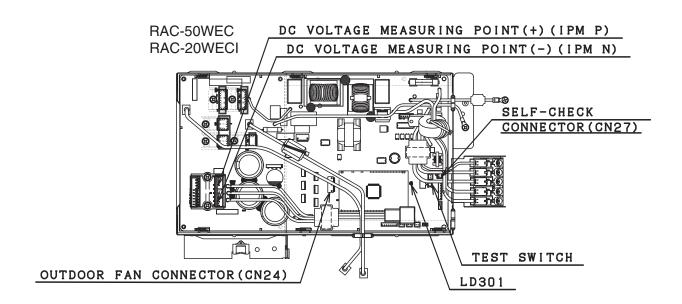
- 1. Turn on the outdoor terminal boards L and N (220-230 V AC).
- 2. Confirm that the "LD301" blinks once from the terminal side of the outdoor unit. Afterwards (when about 30 sec elapses after the power turns on), confirm that the "LD301" changes to blinking 9 times (communication error).
- 3. When the "LD301" is blinks 9 times, if you press the test switch, the "LD301" lights up.

If you release your finger from the test switch within 1 sec to 5 sec after pressing the switch, the forced cooling operation starts. %(If you press the test switch for 5 sec or longer, the self-check diagnosis starts. In this case, turn the power off and start the procedure from 1 again.)

- % (For the initialization of the expansion valve, it may take 1 min until the operation starts.)
- 4. When you press the test switch again for 1 sec or longer, the unit stops the operation.







### **%Cautions**

- 1. Applying power directly to the outdoor unit will cause a rush current to stress the outdoor unit. Therefore, if the indoor unit is not out of order, do not use the method descried in 2).
- 2. Before making the connections, be sure to turn off the breaker.
- 3. Do not under any circumstances run the product for more than 5 minutes.
- 4. Doing work with the compressor connector removed will cause the LD301 to blink 4 times. It will not start.
- 5. For another test run, turn off the breaker and turn it back on. (The test switch is accepted only once after power-on. After operation by remote control, it is not accepted.)
- 6. When the operation with the test switch is over, turn off the breaker and set the connectors back.

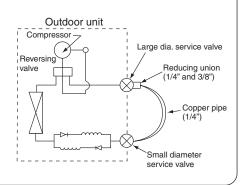
# HOW TO OPERATE THE OUTDOOR UNIT INDEPENDENTLY

RAC-18/25/35WEC RAC-10/14WECI

1. Connect the large dia. pipe side and small dia. pipe side service valve using a pipe.

Connect the small diameter service valve and the large diameter service valve using the reducing union and copper pipe as shown on the right.

Charge refrigerant of 300g after vacuuming (x1)



Parts to be prepared

- (1) Reducing union 1/4" (6.35 mm) 3/8" (9.52 mm)
- (2) Copper pipe (1/4" and 3/8")

Do not operate for more than 5 minutes

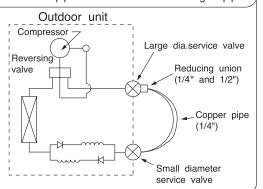
The operation method is the same as "How to operate using the connector to servicing the outdoor unit". X1 The charging amount of 300g is equivalent to the load in normal operation.

# RAC-50WECI

1. Connect the large dia. pipe side and small dia. pipe side service valves using a pipe.

Connect the small diameter service value and the large diameter service valve using the reducing union and copper pipe as shown on the right.

Charge refrigerant of 300g after vacuuming (%1)



Parts to be prepared

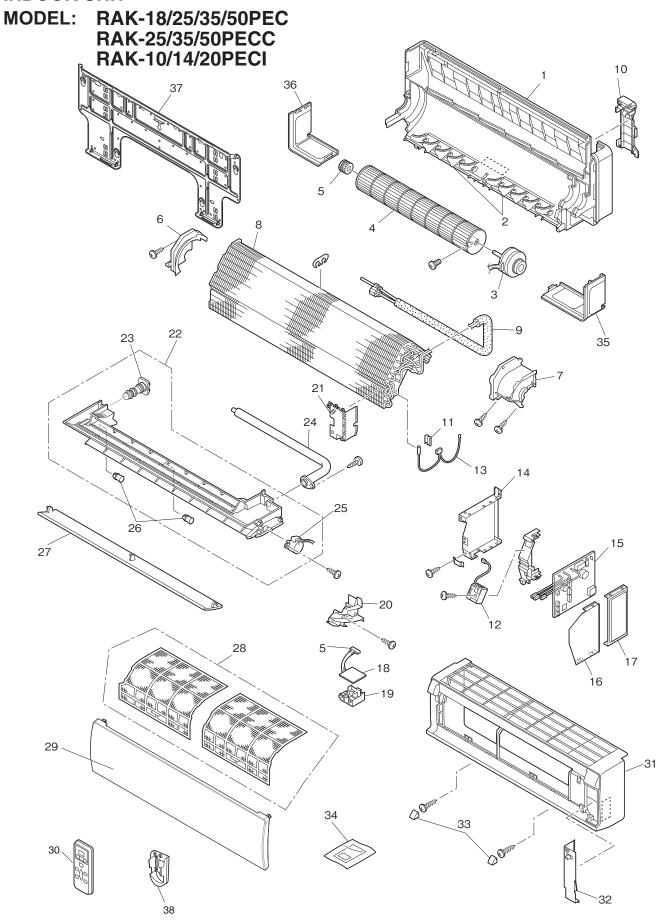
- (1) Reducing union 1/4" (6.35mm) 1/2" (12.7mm)
- (2) Copper pipe (1/4" and 1/2")
- (3) Shorting leads2 leads approx. 10 cm long with alligator clip or IC clip

Do not operate for 5 minutes or more.

The operation method is the same as "How to operate using the connector to servicing the outdoor unit". \*\*1 The charging amount of 300g is equivalent to the load in normal operation.

# PARTS LIST AND DIAGRAM

# **INDOOR UNIT**



# INDOOR UNIT

# MODEL: RAK-18/25/35/50PEC

NO		HHAW P	Q'TY/U	DADTO NAME			
NO	RAK-18PEC	RAK-25PEC	RAK-35PEC	RAK-50PEC	NIT	PARTS NAME	
1	NAN-TOFLO	HWRAK-18F		IVAIV_201_F0	1	CABINET ASS'Y	
2		HWRAS-K10			2	VERTICAL AIR DEFLECTOR	
3		HWRAS-K10			1	FAN MOTOR	
4		HWRAK-18F			1	TANGENTIAL AIR FLOW FAN	
5		HWRAS-25	/H4 908		1	FAN SUPPORT ASS'Y	
6		HWRAS-E10	)H3 905		1	FAN COVER	
7		HWRAS-K10	OHCG 904		1	FAN MOTOR SUPPORT	
8	HWRAS-K1	OHCG 905	HWRAS-K14HCG 90	1 HWRAK-50PEB	902 1	EVAPORATOR ASS'Y	
9	HWRAS-K1	OHCG 906	HWRAS-E10H3 90	8 HWRAS-X18CBK	A02 1	PIPING ASS'Y	
10		HWRAS-E10	H3 909		1	UPPER COVER	
11		HWRAS-25Y	H4 A15		1	SPRING	
12		HWRAS-K10	HCG 908		1	TERMINAL BOARD (3P)	
13		HWRAS-E10	H3 911		1	THERMISTOR ASS'Y	
14		HWRAK-35R	PB 903		1	COVER (ELECTRIC)	
15	HWRAK-18PEC 902	HWRAK-25PEC 901	HWRAK-35PEC 90	HWRAK-50PEC	901 1	P. W. B. (MAIN)	
16		HWRAK-18P	EB 907	· 	1	ELEC-COVER-L	
17		HWRAK-18P	EB 908		1	ELEC-COVER-R	
18		HWRAK-18P	EB 909		1	P.W.B. (INDICATION)	
19		HWRAS-E10	H3 917		1	LED-COVER	
20		HWRAS-K10	HCG 910		1	FC-GUIDE	
21	HWRAS-K1	OHCG 911	HWRAS-E	10H3 919	1	PIPE COVER	
22		HWRAS-K10			1	DRAIN PAN ASS'Y	
23		HWRAK-18P			1	DRAIN CAP	
24		HWRAS-E10			1	DRAINAGE PIPE	
25		HWRAK-18P			1	STEPPING MOTOR	
26		HWRAS-25Y			2	DEFLECTOR SUPPORT	
27		HWRAS-E10			1	HORIZONTAL AIR DEFLECTOR	
28		HWRAS-E10			1	AIR FILTER	
29		HWRAS-K10			1	FRONT PANEL AS	
30		HWRAS-K10			1	REMOTE CONTROL ASS'Y	
31		HWRAS-K10			1	FRONT COVER	
32		HWRAS-K10			1	T-COVER ASS' Y	
33		HWRAS-E10			2	CAP	
34		HWRAS-K10			1	H-LABEL	
35		HWRAS-E10			1 1	S-COVER-R	
36		HWRAS-E10			1 1	S-COVER-L	
37		HWRAK-18P			1 1	MOUNTING PLATE	
38		HWRAS-E10	CXK 014		[ 1	RE-HOLDER	

# INDOOR UNIT

# MODEL: RAK-25/35/50PECC

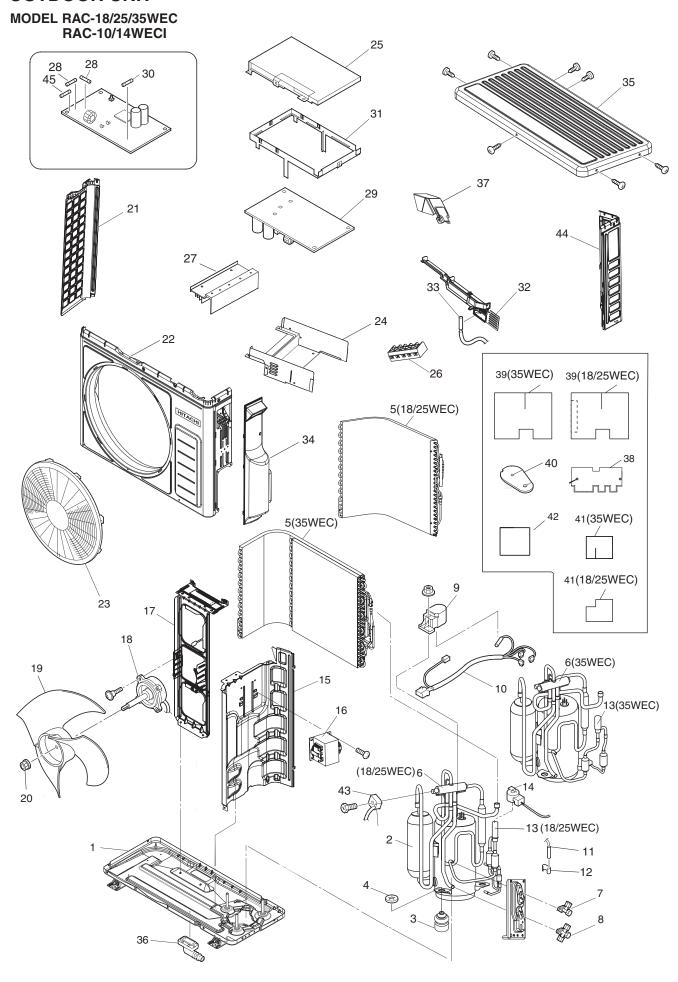
NO		HHAW PARTS	NO			Q'TY/U	DADTO NAME
NO	RAK-25PECC	RAK-35PECC	;	RAK-50PEC	С	NIT	PARTS NAME
1		HWRAK-18PEC	901			1	CABINET ASS'Y
2		HWRAS-K10HCG	902			2	VERTICAL AIR DEFLECTOR
3		HWRAS-K10HCG	903			1	FAN MOTOR
4		HWRAK-18PSPA	902			1	TANGENTIAL AIR FLOW FAN
5		HWRAS-25YH4	908			1	FAN SUPPORT ASS'Y
6		HWRAS-E10H3	905			1	FAN COVER
7		HWRAS-K10HCG	904			1	FAN MOTOR SUPPORT
8	HWRAS-K10HCG 905	HWRAS-K14HCG	901	HWRAK-50PEB	902	1	EVAPORATOR ASS'Y
9	HWRAS-K10HCG 906	HWRAS-E10H3	908	HWRAS-X18CBK	A02	1	PIPING ASS'Y
10		HWRAS-E10H3	909			1	UPPER COVER
11		HWRAS-25YH4	A15			1	SPRING
12		HWRAS-K10HCG	908			1	TERMINAL BOARD (3P)
13		HWRAS-E10H3	911			1	THERMISTOR ASS'Y
14		HWRAK-35RPB	903			1	COVER (ELECTRIC)
15	HWRAK-25PECC 901	HWRAK-35PECC	901	HWRAK-50PECC	901	1	P.W.B. (MAIN)
16		HWRAK-18PEB	907			1	ELEC-COVER-L
17		HWRAK-18PEB	908			1	ELEC-COVER-R
18		HWRAK-18PEB	909			1	P.W.B. (INDICATION)
19		HWRAS-E10H3	917			1	LED-COVER
20		HWRAS-K10HCG	910			1	FC-GUIDE
21	HWRAS-K10HCG 911	HWRA	S-E10	H3 919		1	PIPE COVER
22		HWRAS-K10HCG	912			1	DRAIN PAN ASS'Y
23		HWRAK-18PSPA	919			1	DRAIN CAP
24		HWRAS-E10H3	921			1	DRAINAGE PIPE
25		HWRAK-18PSPA	910			1	STEPPING MOTOR
26		HWRAS-25YH4	A28			2	DEFLECTOR SUPPORT
27		HWRAS-E10HA	901			1	HORIZONTAL AIR DEFLECTOR
28		HWRAS-E10H3	924			1	AIR FILTER
29		HWRAS-K10HCG	913			1	FRONT PANEL AS
30		HWRAS-K10HCG	919			1	REMOTE CONTROL ASS'Y
31		HWRAS-K10HCG	914			1	FRONT COVER
32		HWRAS-K10HCG	915			1	T-COVER ASS'Y
33		HWRAS-E10H3	928			2	CAP
34		HWRAS-K10HCG	916			1	H-LABEL
35		HWRAS-E10H3	930			1	S-COVER-R
36		HWRAS-E10H3	931			1	S-COVER-L
37		HWRAK-18PEC	903			1	MOUNTING PLATE
38		HWRAS-E10CXK	014			1	RE-HOLDER

# INDOOR UNIT

# MODEL: RAK-10/14/20PECI

NO		HHAW PARTS	NO			Q'TY/U	DADTO NAME
NO	RAK-10PECI	RAK-14PECI		RAK-20PEC		NIT	PARTS NAME
1	,	HWRAS-K10HCG	901			1	CABINET ASS'Y
2		HWRAS-K10HCG	902			2	VERTICAL AIR DEFLECTOR
3		HWRAS-K10HCG	903			1	FAN MOTOR
4		HWRAK-18PSPA	902			1	TANGENTIAL AIR FLOW FAN
5		HWRAS-25YH4	908			1	FAN SUPPORT ASS'Y
6		HWRAS-E10H3	905			1	FAN COVER
7		HWRAS-K10HCG	904			1	FAN MOTOR SUPPORT
8	HWRAS-K10HCG 905	HWRAS-K14HCG	901	HWRAK-50PEB	902	1	EVAPORATOR ASS'Y
9	HWRAS-K10HCG 906	HWRAS-E10H3	908	HWRAS-X18CBK	A02	1	PIPING ASS'Y
10		HWRAS-K10HCG	907			1	UPPER COVER
11		HWRAS-25YH4	A15			1	SPRING
12		HWRAS-K10HCG	908			1	TERMINAL BOARD (3P)
13		HWRAS-E10H3	911			1	THERMISTOR ASS'Y
14		HWRAK-35RPB	903			1	COVER (ELECTRIC)
15	HRAK-10PECI 901	HRAK-14PECI	901	HRAK-20PECI	901	1	P.W.B. (MAIN)
16		HWRAK-18PEB	907			1	ELEC-COVER-L
17		HWRAK-18PEB	908			1	ELEC-COVER-R
18		HWRAK-18PEB	909			1	P.W.B. (INDICATION)
19		HWRAS-E10H3	917			1	LED-COVER
20		HWRAS-K10HCG	910			1	FC-GUIDE
21	HWRAS-K10HCG 911	HWRAS	S-E10	H3 919		1	PIPE COVER
22		HWRAS-K10HCG	912			1	DRAIN PAN ASS'Y
23		HWRAK-18PSPA	919			1	DRAIN CAP
24		HWRAS-E10H3	921			1	DRAINAGE PIPE
25		HWRAK-18PSPA	910			1	STEPPING MOTOR
26		HWRAS-25YH4	A28			2	DEFLECTOR SUPPORT
27		HWRAS-E10HA	901			1	HORIZONTAL AIR DEFLECTOR
28		HWRAS-E10H3	924			1	AIR FILTER
29		HWRAS-K10HCG	913			1	FRONT PANEL AS
30		HWRAS-K10HCG	919			1	REMOTE CONTROL ASS'Y
31		HWRAS-K10HCG	914			1	FRONT COVER
32		HWRAS-K10HCG	915			1	T-COVER ASS'Y
33		HWRAS-E10H3	928			2	CAP
34		HWRAS-K10HCG	916			1	H-LABEL
35		HWRAS-K10HCG	917			1	S-COVER-R
36		HWRAS-K10HCG	918			1	S-COVER-L
37		HWRAK-18PEC	903			1	MOUNTING PLATE
38		HWRAS-E10CXK	014			1	RE-HOLDER

# **OUTDOOR UNIT**

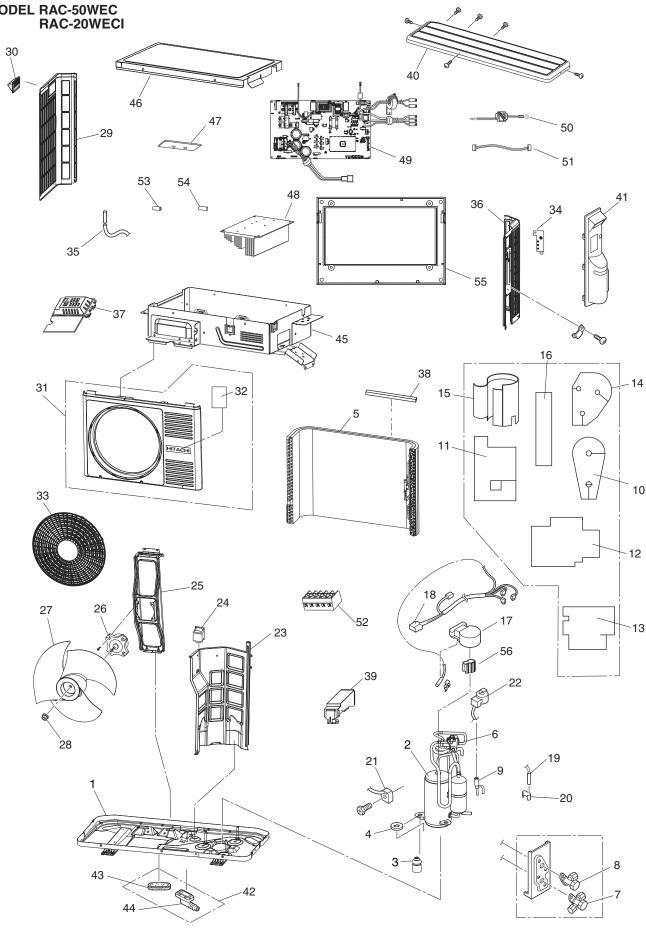


# OUTDOOR UNIT

MODEL: RAC-18/25/35WEC RAC-10/14WECI

	RAC-10/14W						
	HHAW PARTS NO					Q'TY/	
NO	DAC 10WEC	RAC-25WEC		RAC-35WEC		UNIT	PARTS NAME
	RAC-18WEC	RAC-10WECI		RAC-14WECI			
1	HW	/RAC-K10HCG	A01			1	BASE
2	HW	/RAC-18WEB	A02			1	COMPRESSOR
3		/RAC-18WEB	A03			3	COMPRESSOR RUBBER
4	HW	/RAC-18WEB	A04			3	PUSH NUT
5	HWRAC-K10HC				05	1	CONDENSER
6	HWRAC-18WEC			HWRAC-35WEC A	01	1	REVERSING VALVE
7		/RAC-50WEA	A06			11	2S-VALVE
8		/RAC-10GH5	A03			1	3S-VALVE
9		IRAC-18WEB	A07			1	O. L. R COVER
10		/RAC-18WSA	A11			1	CONNECTING CORD(COMP)
11		/RAC-E10H2	A09			1	THERMISTOR (DEFROST)
12		/RAC-D10EX	80A	I		1	THERMISTOR SUPPORT
13	HWRAC-18WEC				02	1	ELECTRIC EXPAN. VALVE
14	HWRAC-K10HC		100	HWRAC-E08H A	09	1	COIL (EXPAN. VALVE)
15		IRAC-18WEB	A33			1	PARTITION
16		/RAC-K10HCG	A06	LIMBAO AOMED A	4.4	1	REACTOR CURRENT
17	HWRAC-K10HC		400	HWRAC-18WEB A	11	1	FAN MOTOR SUPPORT
18		IRAC-K10HCG IRAC-K10HCG	A08		_	1	FAN MOTOR
19 20		IRAC-KTUNGG IRAC-25YH4	A24			1	PROPELLER FAN
21		/RAC-K10HCG	A24 A10			<u>'</u> 1	NUT (PROPELLER. FAN) SIDE COVER (L)
22		/RAC-K10HCG	A20		_	1	FRONT COVER
23		/RAC-18WEB	A16			1	DISCHARGE GRILL
24		RAC-K10HCG	A11		_	1	ELECTRIC PARTS PLATE
25		/RAC-18WEB	A18		_	1	ELECTRIC PARTS COVER
26		RAC-K10HCG	A12			1	TERMINAL BOARD (5P)
27	HWRAC-18WEB		7,12	1	01	1	HEAT SINK (REGURATOR 1)
28		/RAC-50NX2	A52	THINKNO OUNED A		2	FUSE (3. 15A)
				HWRAC-35WEC A	03		P. W. B. (MAIN)
30		/RAC-18WEB	A22			1	FUSE (15A)
31		/RAC-18WEB	A23			1	SUPPORT (P. W. B. )
32		/RAC-K10HCG	A14			1	COVER (OUTDOOR THERMISTOR)
33		/RAC-D10EX	A17			1	THERMISTOR (OUTDOOR TEMP.)
34	HW	/RAC-K10HCG	A15			1	EV-COV-ZU
35	HW	/RAC-18WEB	A26			1	T-COVERZU
36	HW	/RAC-25YHA4	A50			1	DRAIN PIPE
37	HW	/RAC-18WEB	A28			1	TERMINAL COVER
38	HW	/RAC-K10HCG	A16			1	SOUND PROOF COVER ASS'Y
39	HWRAC-K10HC	G A17		HWRAC-K14HCG A	03	1	SOUND PROOF COVER ASS'Y
40	HW	/RAC-K10HCG	A18			1	SOUND PROOF COVER ASS'Y
41	HWRAC-K10HC	G A19		HWRAC-18WEB A	31	1	SOUND PROOF COVER ASS'Y
42	HW	/RAC-18WEB	A30			1	SOUND PROOF COVER ASS'Y
43	HW	/RAC-SX10HAK	A20			1	COIL(REVERSING VALVE)
44	HW	/RAC-18WEB	A32			1	SIDE COVER (R)
45	HW	/RAC-K10HCG	A21			1	FUSE (15A)

# OUTDOOR UNIT MODEL RAC-50WEC RAC-20WECI



# OUTDOOR UNIT

MODEL: RAC-50WEC RAC-20WECI

NO RAC-50WEC RAC-20WECI Q'TY/U PARTS NAME	
NO RAC-50WEC NIT PARTS NAME	
INAU ZUNEUT	
1 HWRAC-50WEA A01 1 BASE	
2 HWRAC-50WEA A02 1 COMPRESSOR	
3 HWRAC-50WEA A03 3 COMPRESSOR RUBBER	
4 HWRAC-50NX2 A04 3 PUSH NUT	
5 HWRAC-50WEC A01 1 CONDENSER	
6 HWRAC-50WEC A02 1 REVERSING VALVE	
7 HWRAC-50WEA A05 1 SERVICE VALVE	
8 HWRAC-50WEA A06 1 SERVICE VALVE	
9 HWRAC-50WEC A03 1 ELECTRIC EXPANSION VALVE	
10 HWRAC-50WEB A19 1 SOUND PROOF	
11 HWRAC-50WEC A04 1 SOUND PROOF	
12 HWRAC-50WEC A05 1 SOUND PROOF	
13 HWRAC-50WEC A06 1 SOUND PROOF	
14 HWRAC-50WEC A07 1 SOUND PROOF	
15 HWRAC-50WEC A08 1 SOUND PROOF	
16 HWRAC-50WEC A09 1 SOUND PROOF	
17 HWRAC-50WEA A11 1 O.L.R COVER	
18 HWRAC-50WEA A12 1 CONNECTING CORD (COMP)	
19 HWRAC-50NX2 A16 1 THERMISTOR (DEFROST)	
20 HWRAC-50NX2 A17 1 THERMISTOR SUPPORT	
21 HWRAC-SX10HAK A20 1 COIL (REVERSING VALVE)	
22 HWRAC-50WEC A10 1 COIL(EXPANSION VALVE)	
23 HWRAC-50WEC A11 1 PARTITION	
24 HWRAC-18WSPA A06 1 REACTOR	
25 HWRAC-50WEB A02 1 FAN MOTOR SUPPORT	
26 HWRAC-K10HCG A08 1 FAN MOTOR	
27 HWRAC-50WEC A12 1 PROPELLER FAN	
28 HWRAC-50NX2 A25 1 NUT (PROPELLER FAN)	
29 HWRAC-50NX2 A26 1 SIDE COVER (L)	
30	
32 HWRAC-50WEB A20 1 BUTYL	
33 HWRAC-50WEC A14 1 DISCHARGE GRILL	
34 HWRAC-50WEA A14 1 EARTH-PLATE	
35 HWRAC-E14H3 914 1 THERMISTOR (OUTDOOR TEMPERAT	IIRE)
36 HWRAC-50NX2 A31 1 SIDE COVER (R)	OKL)
37 HWRAC-18WSPA A24 1 TC-COVER	
38 HWRAC-50WEC A15 1 H-SHEET	
39 HWRAC-50WEC A16 1 TERMINAL COVER	
40 HWRAC-SX18HAK A28 1 TOP COVER	
41 HWRAC-50NX2 A35 1 SERVICE VALVE COVER	
42 HWRAC-50NX2 A36 1 BUSH ASSEMBLY	
43 HWRAC-50NX2 A37 2 BUSH	
44 HWRAC-50NX2 A38 1 DRAIN PIPE	
45 HWRAC-50WEC A17 1 ELECTRIC PARTS PLATE	
46 HWRAC-50WEB A06 1 ELECTRIC PARTS COVER	
47 HWRAC-50WEB A07 1 SUPPORT (P. W. B.)	
48 HWRAC-50WEB A08 1 HEAT SINK	
49 HWRAC-50WEC A18 1 P. W. B. (MAIN)	
50 HWRAC-50WEB A10 1 12 CORD ASSEMBLY	
51 HWRAC-50WEB A11 1 CORD ASSEMBLY	
52 HWRAC-K10HCG A12 1 TERMINAL BOARD (5P)	
53 HWRAC-50NX2 A51 1 FUSE (25A)	
54 HWRAC-50NX2 A52 2 FUSE (3. 15A)	
55 HWRAC-50WEB A13 1 SUPPORT (P. W. B. )	
56 HWRAC-50WEB A14 1 O. L. R COVER	

# **HITACHI**

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RAK-25PEC/RAC-25WEC RAK-35PEC/RAC-35WEC RAK-50PEC/RAC-50WEC RAK-25PECC/RAC-25WEC RAK-35PECC/RAC-35WEC RAK-50PECC/RAC-50WEC RAK-10PECI/RAC-10WECI

**RAK-18PEC/RAC-18WEC** 

RAK-14PECI/RAC-14WECI

**RAK-20PECI/RAC-20WECI** 

HHAW NO. 0093E